

## Background

In January of 2025, the State Board of Forestry made a formal motion to request that the State Forester provide to the Board of Forestry the headcount and percentages of employees by job category (permanent and seasonal) and self-reported protected class identity for each year from 2015-2024 in order to understand trends in diversifying the ODF workforce.



## **Contextual Dates**

2015-2018 – This data comes from a legacy recruitment system

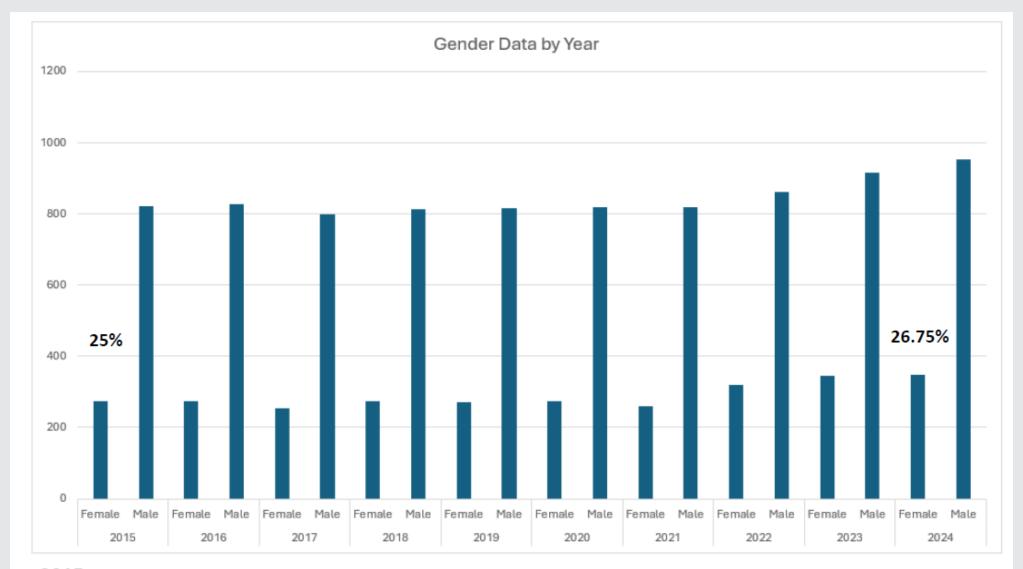
2019 – The State of Oregon moves to Workday for recruitment

2020 – Labor Day fires cause record-breaking devastation

2021 – Senate Bill 762 (2021) is adopted to support wildfire suppression

2022 – Recruitment increases from SB 762, Pulsely Survey offered to ODF staff





Female: 274 (25%)

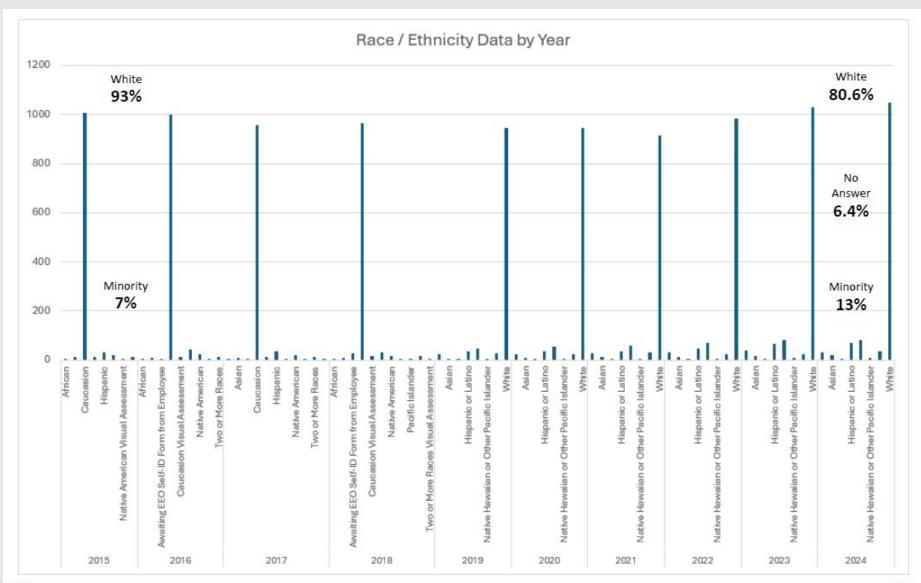
Male: **821** (75%)

**2024** Female: **348** (26.75%)

(20.7570)

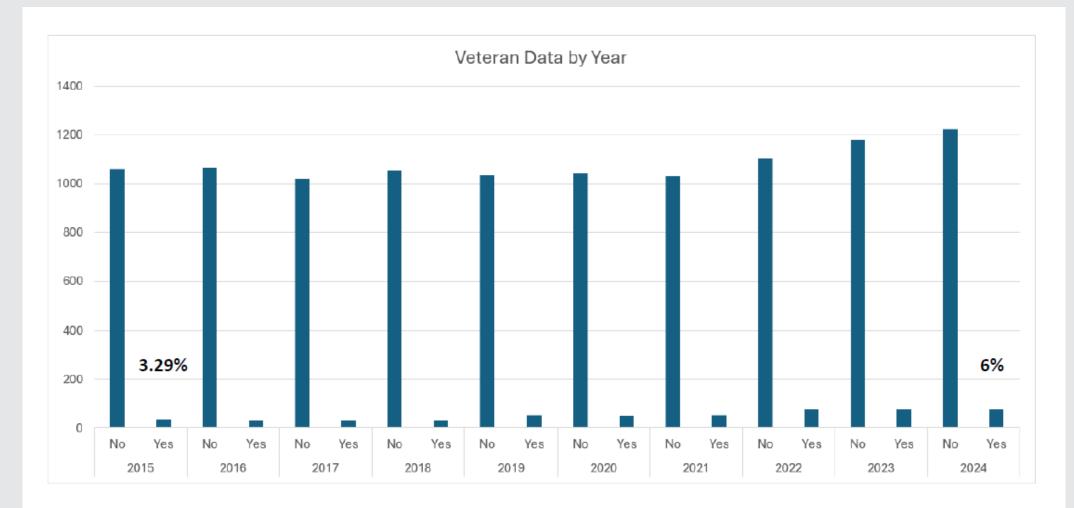
Male: 953 (73.25%)





White: 1005 self identified, 13 assumed (93%) Minority: 63 self identified, 1 assumed (7%) 2024 White: 1049 (80.63%) Did not wish to answer: 83 (6.42% Minority: 169 (12.99%)





Veteran: 36 (3.29%)

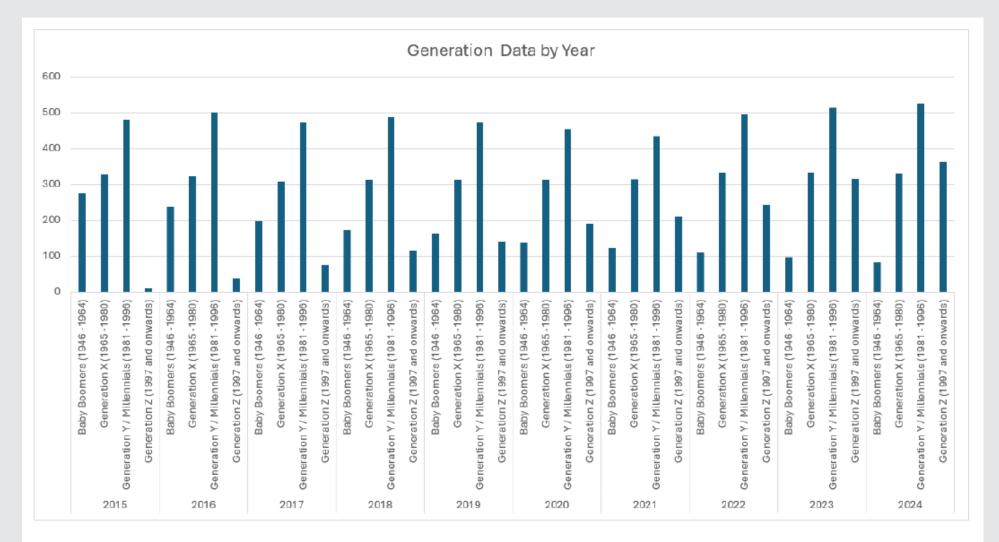
Non-Veteran: 1059 (96.71)

2024

Veteran: 78 (6%)

Non-Veteran: 1223 (94%)





Baby Boomers: 275 (25.11%) Generation X: 328 (29.95%) Millenials: 481 (43.93%) Generation Z: 11 (1%)

## 2024

Baby Boomers: 84 (6.46%) Generation X: 329 (25.29%) Millenials: 525 (40.35%) Generation Z: 363 (27.90%)

