

2014 Child Welfare Data Book

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Office of Business Intelligence
Department of Human Services

June 2015

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Fast Facts for FFY 2014

Child Protective Services

- During Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2014 (October 2013-September 2014), a total of 67,863 reports of abuse and neglect were received.
- A total of 29,382 of received reports were referred for investigation. A total of 26,674 investigations were completed, which includes reports that were referred in the previous year¹.
- Of all completed investigations, 6,485 were founded for abuse or neglect and involved 10,010 victims.
- Of all victims, 46.4 percent were younger than 6 years old.
- Of all types of maltreatment incidences, neglect was the most frequently identified type of maltreatment (44.2 percent), followed by threat of harm (40.8 percent).

Family Services

- At 46.1 percent, alcohol and drug issues represented the largest single family stress factor when child abuse/neglect was present.
- The next most common stressors were domestic violence (31.3 percent) and parent/caregiver involvement with law enforcement agencies (27.1 percent).
- During FFY 2014, a total of 6,453 children were served in their homes, exclusive of children in post-substitute care who were on a trial home visit.
- Of all children served with an in-home case during FFY 2014, 38.3 percent received services beyond case-management and safety assessment services while being served in-home.

¹ Reports referred for investigation can be combined with a currently open investigation, changing the count of assessments. Further, when this combination happens, it can impact the time period in which the now-linked report shows up in.

Foster Care

- A total of 11,443 children spent at least one day in some kind of foster care with an average of 7,811 children on a daily basis.
- A total of 5,526 children were in family foster care on an average daily basis, with 44.3 percent placed with relatives.
- Of the total children served in foster care, 69.7% were White, 5.6% were American Indian or Alaska Native, 16.2% were Hispanic, 6.7% were Black or African American, 1.2% were Asian or Pacific Islander, and 0.6% did not have race recorded.
- Of all children in care on September 30, 2014, over 55 percent (55.3) had two or fewer placements.
- A total of 373 children and young adults were served in either professional shelter programs or residential treatment settings on an average daily basis.
- A total of 1,484 youth received independent living program services.
- Of all children leaving foster care, 58.5 percent were reunited with their families.

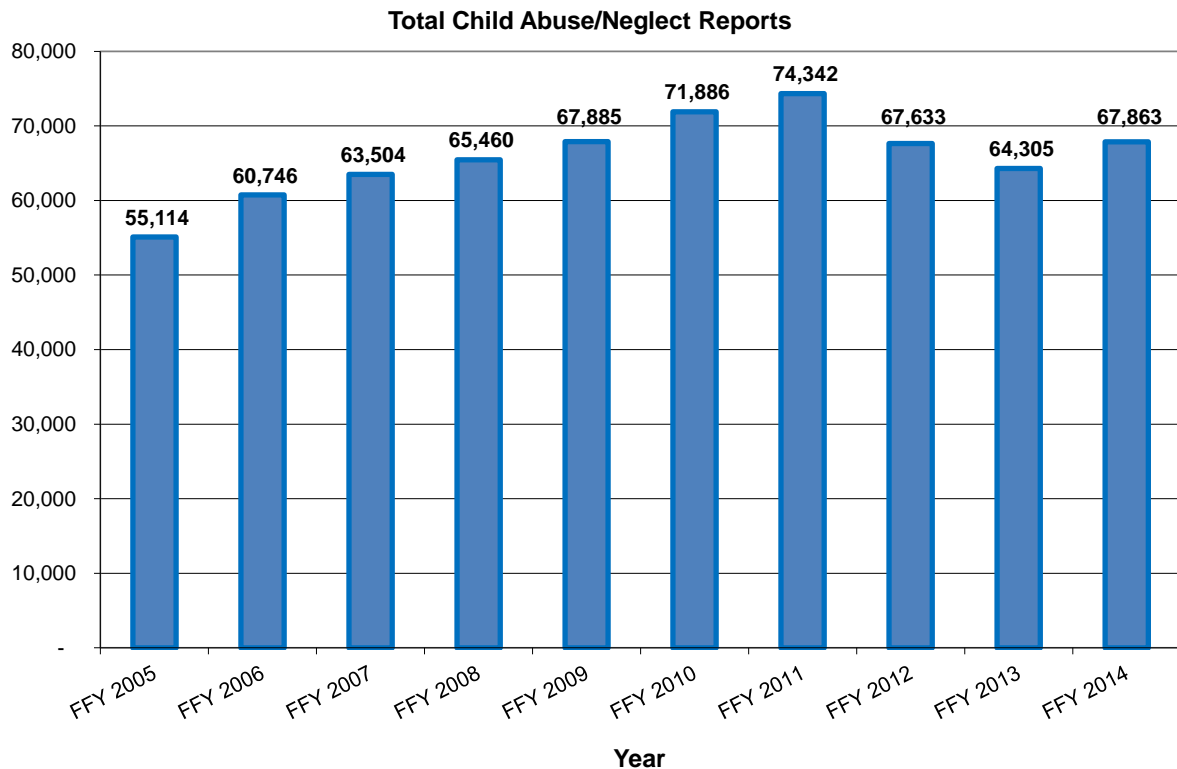
Adoption & Guardianship Program

- A total of 836 children had adoptions finalized, with 27.9 percent (233 children) belonging to ethnic minorities.
- A total of 374 children (92.1 percent) who were adopted and also had siblings were adopted by the same family as one or more of their siblings.
- A total of 293 children exited foster care to a guardianship.

Child Protective Services

Abuse/Neglect Reports and Investigations

During FFY 2014, DHS received 67,863 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect, an increase of 5.5 percent from the prior year. Of those, 29,382 reports were referred for investigation.



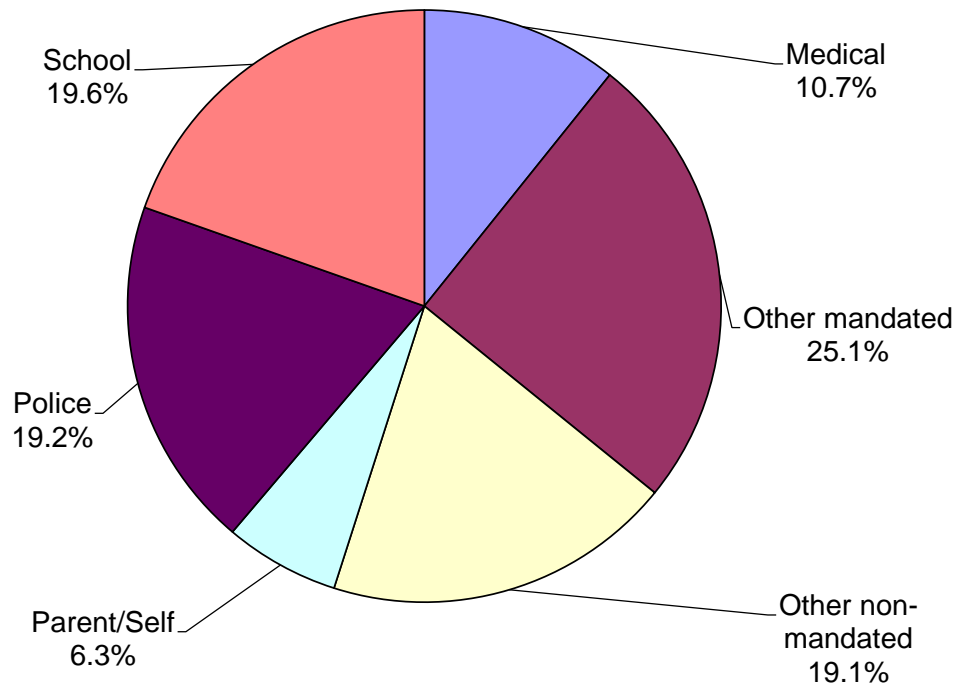
During the year, 26,674 investigations were completed. Of this total, 6,485 (24.3 percent) were founded for abuse or neglect. The 6,485 founded referrals represent 9.6 percent of the total abuse and neglect reports. Once there is a founded referral, children are considered victims of child abuse/neglect.

Reporters of Child Abuse/Neglect

During FFY 2014:

- Public and private officials required by law to report suspected child abuse and neglect made up 74.6 percent of the reports of abuse and neglect received by DHS.
- Of all reports, 38.8 percent came from schools and law enforcement agencies.

Source of Child Abuse/Neglect Reports



Response Time for Investigations

The response time for a worker to make contact is determined by the information collected from the reporter about access the alleged perpetrator has to the child. There are two types of response times; *within 24 hours* and *within 5 days*. Nearly three-quarters of investigations (74.8 percent) were assigned a response time of *within 24 hours*.

Victims of Abuse and Neglect

There were 10,010 unduplicated child abuse/neglect victims in FFY 2014.

During FFY 2014, most child victims remained in their own homes (70.9 percent), while 29.1 percent of child victims were removed from their homes.

Of the total victims, 11.7 percent remained home with an in-home safety plan and 59.2 percent remained in their homes but the Department determined that it was not necessary to open a case to keep the child(ren) safe.

The following data show the key demographics of children who were victims of child abuse/neglect during FFY 2014.

FFY 2014 Victims by Age and Gender

Age	Boys	Girls	Total	Percent of Total
<1	713	595	1,308	13.1%
1	368	338	706	7.1%
2	360	331	691	6.9%
3	314	297	611	6.1%
4	330	331	661	6.6%
5	353	335	688	6.9%
6	339	330	669	6.7%
7	316	303	619	6.2%
8	258	268	526	5.3%
9	256	268	524	5.2%
10	232	256	488	4.9%
11	217	217	434	4.3%
12	189	225	414	4.1%
13	169	236	405	4.0%
14	153	244	397	4.0%
15	146	223	369	3.7%
16	110	193	303	3.0%
17	77	120	197	2.0%
Total	4,900	5,110	10,010	100.0%

During FFY 2014, a total of 8.1 percent of victims were of more than one race. However, the following data for Oregon displays the child's first recorded race/ethnicity.

FFY 2014 Race Comparison: Children in Oregon to Child Abuse/Neglect Victims

Race	% of Oregon's children*	% of Victims of child abuse/neglect
Black or African American	3.3%	5.4%
Asian/Pac Islander	5.2%	1.4%
White	68.2%	62.1%
Hispanic (any race)	21.6%	13.4%
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.6%	3.2%
Unable to Determine	na	14.4%

*Population Data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>

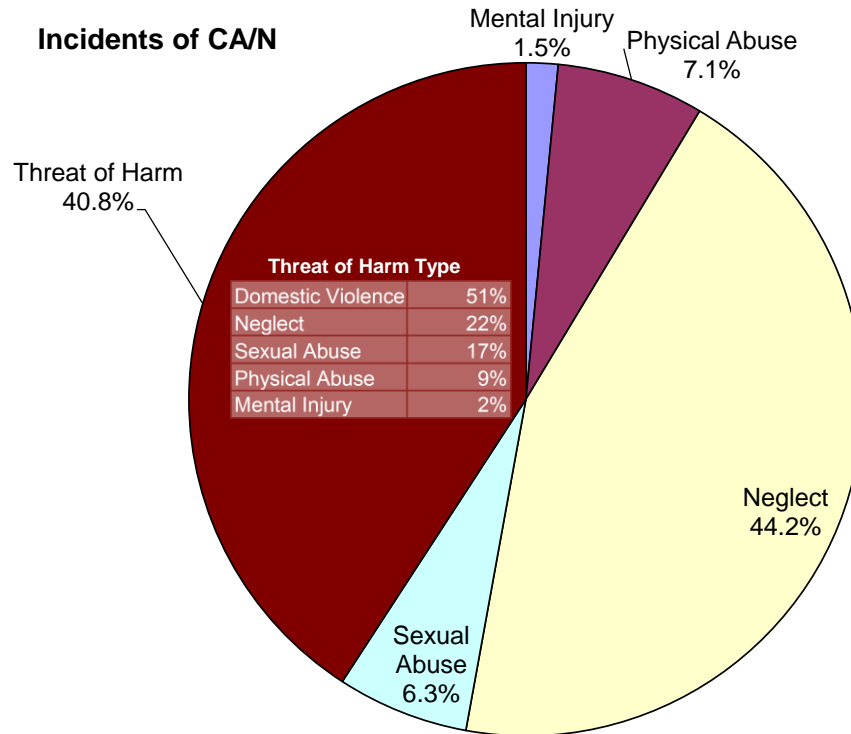
Victims of Child Abuse/Neglect FFY 2012 - FFY 2014

Race/Ethnicity	FFY 2012	FFY 2013	FFY 2014
Black or African American	5.1%	5.5%	5.4%
Asian/Pac Islander	1.1%	1.3%	1.4%
White	59.8%	60.7%	62.1%
Hispanic (any race)	16.1%	15.4%	13.4%
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.8%	2.8%	3.2%
Unable to Determine	15.1%	14.3%	14.4%

Types of Abuse and Neglect Incidents

Each type of maltreatment experienced by a victim in a founded referral counts as an incident of child abuse/neglect. The number of incidents is larger than the number of victims because victims may have suffered more than one type of maltreatment or may have been involved in more than one founded referral. Between FFY2013 and FFY2014, the total number of incidents of child abuse/neglect decreased by 5.4 percent.

Neglect is the largest category of child abuse/neglect at 44.2 percent, followed by threat of harm, at 40.8 percent of all incidents of abuse/neglect.



Mental injury and neglect increased from the previous year, whereas physical abuse, sexual abuse, and threat of harm all decreased from the previous year.

FFY 2013 - FFY 2014 Incidents of Child Abuse/Neglect

Abuse/Neglect type	FFY 2013	FFY 2014	Percent Change From Last Year
Mental Injury	179	191	6.7%
Physical Abuse	987	882	-10.6%
Neglect	5,330	5,502	3.2%
Sexual Abuse	860	786	-8.6%
Threat of Harm	5,788	5,079	-12.2%
Total Incidents	13,144	12,440	-5.4%

Fatalities Related to Familial Child Abuse and Neglect

There were 13 children who died from causes related to familial/caregiver abuse and/or neglect during FFY 2014.

- Twelve fatalities had at least one parent as a perpetrator. The relationships of the perpetrator(s) to the child in all 13 instances were:
 - The mother alone was the perpetrator in two fatalities.
 - The father alone was the perpetrator in five fatalities.
 - The mother and father were the perpetrators in two fatalities.
 - The step-parent was the perpetrator in one fatality.
 - The mother and live-in-companion were the perpetrators in two fatalities.
 - A relative was the perpetrator in one fatality.
- Eleven victims (85 percent) were age 5 and younger, demonstrating the vulnerability of this age group. Five victims were younger than one year old.
- One child had an open Assessment at the time of the fatality.
- One child had an open child welfare case at the time of the fatality. No child was in the Department's custody at the time of death.
- There were four children who were the subject of a child abuse/neglect referral within one year of the date of death.
- Two children's families received family preservation services in the five years preceding the fatality.
- No child had been reunited with the parent or principal caregiver in the previous five years.
- Seven fatalities were the result of neglect. Five fatalities were caused by abuse. One fatality was caused by both abuse and neglect.

FFY 2014 Child Fatalities Due to Child Abuse/Neglect

Period	Abuse	Neglect	Abuse & Neglect	Total
FFY 2014	5	7	1	13
FFY 2013	4	5	1	10
FFY 2012	8	6	3	17
FFY 2011	15	4	0	19
FFY 2010	7	12	3	22
FFY 2009	8	3	2	13

Perpetrators of Abuse and Neglect

The perpetrators of child abuse and neglect are most often family members, making up 93.9 percent of all child abuse and neglect perpetrators. Mothers and fathers are the most prevalent perpetrators of child abuse/neglect. They represent 78.2 percent of all perpetrators.

FFY 2014 Perpetrators of Founded Child Abuse/Neglect

Perpetrator Relationship to Victim	Number	Percent
Familial		
Mother	6,899	44.1%
Father	5,325	34.1%
Live-in Companion	1,389	8.9%
Relative	897	5.7%
Foster Parent/Home	127	0.8%
Guardian	39	0.3%
Total Familial	14,676	93.9%
Nonfamilial		
Other	321	2.1%
Neighbor/Friend	423	2.7%
Unknown Perpetrator	179	1.1%
Daycare Provider	33	0.2%
Total Nonfamilial	956	6.1%
Grand Total	15,632	100.0%

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Family Services

Problems Facing Families

The major problems facing families of abused and neglected children are drug and/or alcohol abuse, domestic violence, and parental involvement with law enforcement. Many families also have significant financial stress or unemployment issues. Some parents may have mental illness or were abused as children. There usually are several stress factors in families of child abuse/neglect victims.

Family Stress Factors as a Percent of Founded Abuse

Stress Factor	FFY 2013	FFY 2014
Parent/caregiver alcohol or drug use	44.7%	46.1%
Domestic Violence	31.8%	31.3%
Parent/caregiver involvement with LEA	25.8%	27.1%
Family Financial Distress	19.2%	19.7%
Parent/caregiver mental illness	13.3%	15.5%
Head of household unemployed	12.7%	13.3%
Parent/caregiver history of abuse as child	10.4%	12.7%
Child Mental/physical/behavior disability	9.4%	10.3%
New baby/pregnancy	8.9%	10.1%
Inadequate housing	6.4%	9.1%
Child Developmental Disability	2.5%	2.6%
Heavy child care	2.1%	2.5%
Parent Developmental Disability	1.8%	2.3%

Preserving Families

When it is safe, the victim of child abuse or neglect remains in the home. Child safety plans are developed for these families. A total of 1,315 children were being served in their homes on September 30, 2014, exclusive of children post-substitute care that were on a trial home visit.

The following data show the key demographics of children being served at home on September 30, 2014.

Race Comparison: Children in Oregon to Children With an In Home Case (Excluding when on Trial Home Visits) on 9/30/2014

Race/Ethnicity	% of Oregon's children*	% of Children Served In Home
Black or African American	3.3%	8.4%
Asian/Pac Islander	5.2%	0.8%
White	68.2%	65.5%
Hispanic (any race)	21.6%	15.7%
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.6%	6.8%
Unable to Determine	na	2.8%

*Population Data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>.

9/30/2014 Point in Time Children With an In Home Case (Excluding when on Trial Home Visits), by Age

Age Group	Number	Percent
Age 0 - 5	504	38.3%
Age 6 - 12	419	31.9%
Age 13 - 17	205	15.6%
Age 18+	187	14.2%
Total	1,315	100.0%

9/30/2014 Point in Time Children With an In Home Case (Excluding when on Trial Home Visits), by ICWA Status

ICWA	Number	Percent
ICWA Eligible	79	6.0%
ICWA Not Eligible	1,236	94.0%
Total	1,315	100.0%

During FFY 2014, a total of 6,453 children were served in their homes, either before or after any foster care experience. All children served in-home receive case management and safety assessment services. In addition, almost 2,500 children (2,472 or 38.3 percent) receive other services.

Two key family services available are In-Home Safety and Reunification Services (ISRS) and Strengthening, Preserving and Reunifying Families (SPRF) Program Services.

In-Home Safety and Reunification Services (ISRS) are services designed to provide for the immediate safety of children at risk of maltreatment by managing the safety threats within the family; or when children have been placed in protective custody to help them return home with intensive in-home safety services.

ISRS provides a combination of concrete safety and change services that lead to improved parent protective capacity. Services are designed to protect children, stabilize the family, and assist parents in establishing linkages to formal, informal, and natural supports and resources so that a child can remain safely with their family without further intervention of Child Welfare.

SPRF services were created by the Oregon legislature in June 2011 (ORS 418.575-418.598). This was to specifically address the needs of children and families who come to the attention of child welfare through a report of abuse or neglect. These services are designed to support a comprehensive service array in local communities --specifically, these services are aimed at maintaining children safely in the home, reducing the lengths of stay in foster care and addressing re-abuse of children.

The overall goals of the SPRF Program are to maintain children safely at home with their parents or caregivers, safely and equitably reduce the number of children in the foster care system, reduce child trauma, reduce the length of stay in foster care, and to reduce the referral or reentry rates of families into the Child Welfare system. Services provided are culturally-competent, trauma informed, client-centered, and family-focused.

SPRF services have an array of services to include but are not limited to; Navigators, Parent Training, Parent Mentoring, Relief Nursery, Alcohol and Drug Treatment, Housing, Front End Intervention, Reconnecting Families, Trauma and Therapeutic Services, Family Visitation, Transportation Services and Employment Related Services.

Differential Response (DR) is a child welfare system transformation that provides the route for families to connect to their community and needed services without the need for an open child welfare case. All families involved with child welfare receive a comprehensive child safety assessment by child welfare staff. However, just as every family is unique, the Department's approach needs to be flexible enough to serve the family's needs. Oregon's DR design includes the specific screening criteria to determine the best response to assess families and increase our success in keeping children safely parented at home while the family receives services. Families can more successfully resolve issues when they are viewed as part of the solution and where they partner with child welfare and their community in problem solving and the identification of services and supports needed. Differential Response is being implemented in staged phases with the initial counties of Lane, Klamath and Lake Counties, beginning in May 2014.

If a child cannot remain safely at home, he or she is placed in foster care and the family receives services to assist them in making changes that will allow their child to safely return home. Other services children and their families received included: Parent Training and Education, Counseling and Therapeutic Services, Basic Needs and Transportation Assistance.

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Foster Care

Children living in foster care may be infants, toddlers, preschoolers, grade school age, teenagers, or young adults. They range in age from birth to 21 years old. They also come from many types of backgrounds, cultures, and families from across the state. They are like other children, each with their own special personality, abilities, interests and potential.

Children are placed in foster care for different reasons. Sometimes their families cannot provide them with the basic safety and protection they need. Many have also faced difficult experiences including parental substance abuse, sexual or physical abuse, and abandonment.

Entering Foster Care

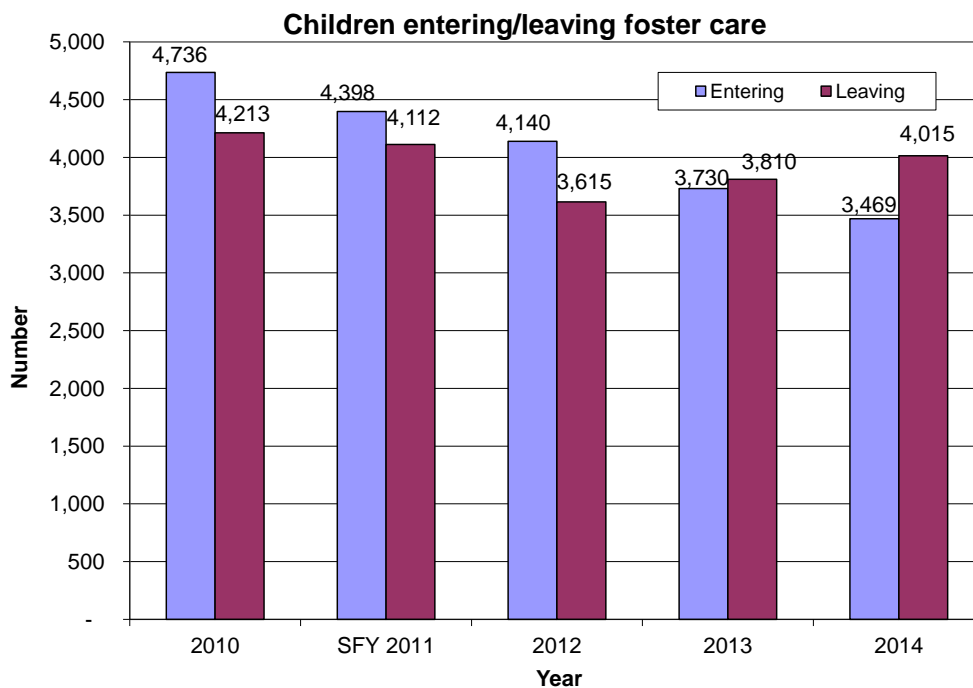
Children who cannot remain safely at home enter foster care for various reasons. These children most often enter foster care as a result of their parents' actions and not as a result of the child's behavior. Of all children who entered foster care during FFY 2014, over six percent (6.1) had four or more reasons for removal from their homes.

Reasons Children Enter Foster Care FFY 2012 to FFY 2014

(includes all types of foster care)

Removal Reason	FFY 2012		FFY 2013		FFY 2014	
	Number	% of Entrants	Number	% of Entrants	Number	% of Entrants
Neglect Abuse	2,608	63.0%	2,381	63.8%	2,229	64.3%
Parent Drug Abuse	1,818	43.9%	1,830	49.1%	1,587	45.7%
Inability To Cope	554	13.4%	475	12.7%	499	14.4%
Inadequate Housing	600	14.5%	447	12.0%	464	13.4%
Incarceration Of Parent	619	15.0%	471	12.6%	426	12.3%
Physical Abuse	489	11.8%	427	11.4%	402	11.6%
Parent Alcohol Abuse	506	12.2%	396	10.6%	312	9.0%
Child's Behavior	349	8.4%	269	7.2%	280	8.1%
Sexual Abuse	163	3.9%	126	3.4%	166	4.8%
Abandonment	142	3.4%	127	3.4%	114	3.3%
Child Drug Abuse	78	1.9%	45	1.2%	70	2.0%
Child's Disability	55	1.3%	37	1.0%	48	1.4%
Relinquishment	13	0.3%	8	0.2%	25	0.7%
Child Alcohol Abuse	44	1.1%	35	0.9%	23	0.7%
Death Of Parent	19	0.5%	30	0.8%	15	0.4%
Total Number of Foster Care Entrants	4,140		3,730		3,469	

The number of children entering foster care during FFY 2014 declined by 7 percent from the FFY 2013 level. The number of children leaving foster care has increased by 5.4 percent in the same time-frame. The number of children in foster care on September 30, 2014 decreased by 8.5 percent from the number of children in foster care on September 30, 2013.



A total of 411 children (or 10.2 percent of all exits) left foster care and custody within three months of entry. The median length of time in care for a child who exits is 19 months, up from the FFY 2013 median time in care of 18 months (5.6 percent increase). For children who reunify with parents, this includes up to six months on a trial home visit.

Children Served in Foster Care

During FFY 2014, a total of 11,443 children spent at least one day in some kind of foster care. Of those, 87.8 percent (10,043 children) were served in a family foster care setting. The following data show the key demographics of children served in foster care during FFY 2014.

FFY 2014 Age of Children Served in Foster Care

Age Group	Number	Percent
Age 0 - 5	4,279	37.4%
Age 6 - 12	3,817	33.4%
Age 13 - 17	2,419	21.1%
Age 18+	928	8.1%
Total	11,443	100.0%

FFY 2014 Gender of Children Served in Foster Care

Gender	Number	Percent
Boys	5,797	50.7%
Girls	5,646	49.3%
Total	11,443	100.0%

During FFY 2014, a total of 1,264 children (11 percent) served in foster care were of more than one race. However, the following data for Oregon displays the child's first recorded race/ethnicity.

FFY 2014 Race Comparison: Oregon Children to Children Served in Foster Care

Race	% of Oregon's children*	% of children served in foster care
Black or African American	3.3%	6.7%
Asian/Pac Islander	5.2%	1.2%
White	68.2%	69.7%
Hispanic (any race)	21.6%	16.2%
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.6%	5.6%
Unable to Determine	n/a	0.6%

*Population Data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>

**Children Served in Foster Care, by Race
FFY 2012, FFY 2013 and FFY2014**

Race	FFY2012	FFY2013	FFY2014
Black or African American	6.8%	7.0%	6.7%
Asian/Pac Islander	1.1%	1.2%	1.2%
White	66.5%	68.6%	69.7%
Hispanic (any race)	14.8%	16.4%	16.2%
American Indian or Alaska Native	3.8%	4.5%	5.6%
Unable to Determine	7.0%	2.2%	0.6%

In 1978, Congress enacted the Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) in response to a national crisis in which an alarmingly high percentage of Native American children were being removed from their families and tribal communities. ICWA assigns an enhanced responsibility to states to make Active Efforts to prevent removal of tribal children from their families. Oregon works closely with the federally recognized tribes to ensure ICWA standards are applied and tribes are involved in the decisions about these children. A total of 562 children served in foster care were ICWA eligible in FFY 2014.

Total Children Served in Foster Care, by Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) Status

ICWA Status	Number	Percent
ICWA Eligible	562	4.9%
ICWA Not Eligible	10,881	95.1%
Total	11,443	100.0%

Family and Sibling Connections

DHS helps maintain connections for children placed in foster care by working to place them in their home communities, with relatives, and by placing siblings together in out-of-home care.

There were 7,599 children in foster care as of September 30, 2014. At that time, 5,946 were in family foster care (a family-home setting). Of those in family foster care, 40.1% (2,387 children) were with relatives. The other settings for children in foster care include those in residential treatment, trial home visits and pre-adoptive settings.

As of the last day of FFY 2014, there were 3,817 children in out-of-home foster care who were part of a sibling group. Of these children, 3,137 (82.2 percent) were placed with the same family as one or more of their siblings. The percent of children with siblings being placed with siblings is down 0.6 percentage points from those in care a year earlier, when 82.8 percent of children were placed with siblings.

Stability While in Foster Care

For children in care as of September 30, 2014, more than 55 percent (55.3) had two or fewer placements. This is a decline from 2013 where 62.8 percent of children had two or fewer placements.

Number of Placements for Children in Foster Care on Last Day of Federal Fiscal Year

Number of Placements	9/30/2012		9/30/2013		9/30/2014	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
1	3,488	39.8%	3,113	37.5%	2,259	29.7%
2	2,152	24.5%	2,101	25.3%	1,942	25.6%
3	1,199	13.7%	1,098	13.2%	1,204	15.8%
4	640	7.3%	623	7.5%	689	9.1%
5	399	4.5%	385	4.6%	426	5.6%
6 or more	892	10.2%	983	11.8%	1,079	14.2%
Total	8,770	100.0%	8,303	100.0%	7,599	100.0%

Behavioral Rehabilitation Services

Behavioral Rehabilitation Services (BRS) is a higher level of care that provides the skill development necessary for children with debilitating emotional and behavioral challenges to return home or move to a less intensive level of care and to ultimately achieve permanence.

More than 370 children in care per day receive these important services, including behavioral intervention, counseling and skill-building services in professional assessment and stabilization facilities, therapeutic foster care, and residential placement models. These service programs are administered through contracts with licensed, private child-caring agencies.

On any given day during FFY 2014, BRS served:

- 201 children in professional shelter programs, and
- 172 children in residential treatment settings.

Psychiatric Residential Treatment

Children in the state's custody whose mental health needs exceed or differ from the level or type of services provided by the BRS system may be served within the mental health services system in psychiatric residential placements or other mental health supported placements.

On any given day, 71 children in care are served in psychiatric residential treatment settings. These children are directly served by the Oregon Health Authority's Addictions and Mental Health Division.

Teenagers in Foster Care

Oregon Revised Statutes allow for children to remain in out-of-home care placement beyond the age of 18, and with a court order up to age 21.

During FFY 2014:

- Teens (13 years and older) comprised 29.2 percent of the foster care population.
- A total of 3,347 teens spent at least one day in foster care.
- Teens exiting foster care were reunited with their families 43.8 percent of the time.
- A total of 238 current and former foster care youth received scholarships for higher education for the 2014-2015 school year through a federal grant awarded to DHS and implemented with the assistance of the Oregon Student Access Commission.

Independent Living Programs

Foster care youth are eligible for Independent Living Program (ILP) services. ILP services are provided by 19 contracted community-based partners throughout the state. The number of youths receiving paid ILP services increased from 1,452 in FFY 2013 to 1,484 in FFY 2014, an increase of 2.2 percent.

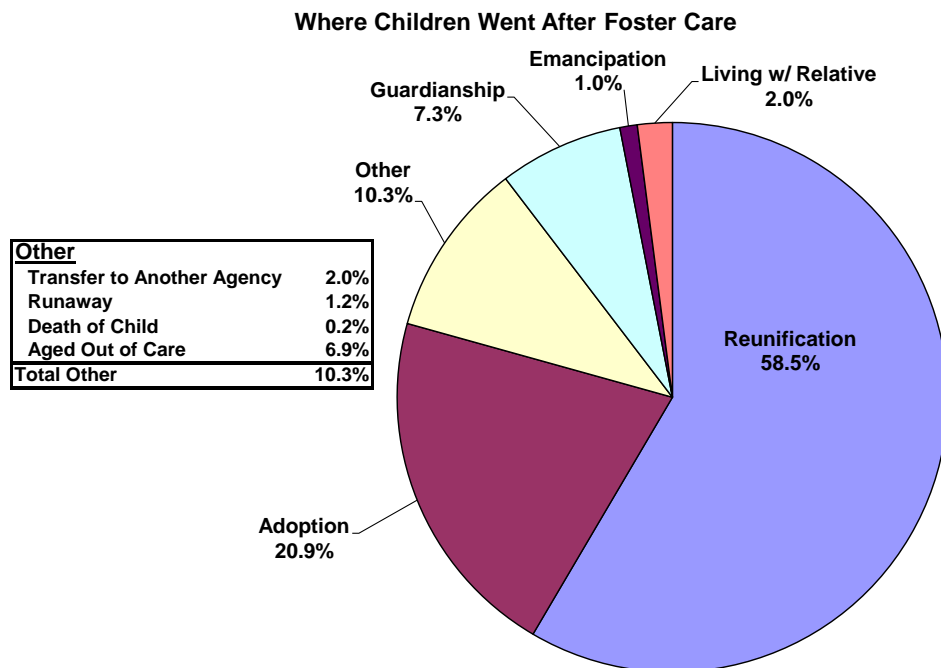
ILP services help youths in foster care:

- Make the transition to self-sufficiency as adults;
- Receive the education, training and services necessary to obtain employment;
- Attain academic and/or vocational education and prepare for post-secondary training and education; and
- Obtain personal and emotional support and promote healthy interactions with dedicated adults.

Exiting foster care

Most children leaving foster care are reunified with their parents. But for other children, a plan to reunify them with their parents does not occur for many reasons. These children who exit foster care may move on to various other living arrangements and permanent plans, such as adoption, guardianship or permanent relative care.

During FFY 2014, over 58 percent (58.5) of children who left foster care were reunified with their families. If a child cannot safely return home, the law requires that an alternative permanency plan quickly be put into place.



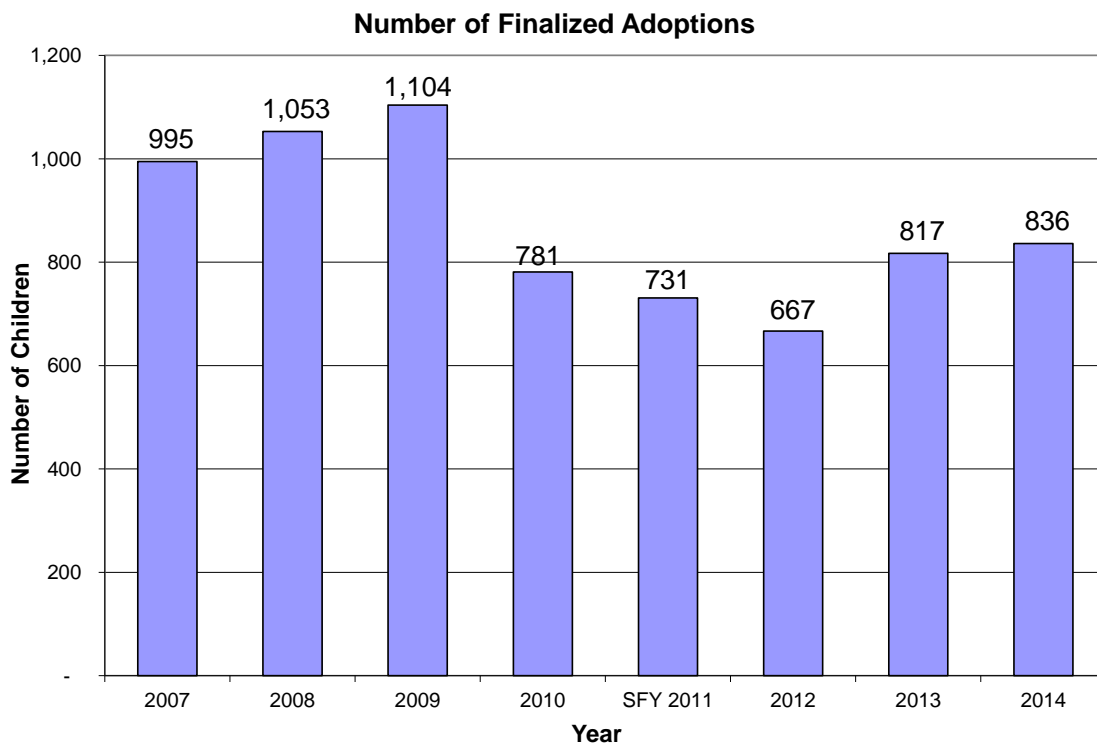
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Adoption and Guardianship Program

The DHS Adoption Program facilitates selection and finalization of adoption and guardianship as the preferred permanency options for children in foster care when it is no longer in their best interest to return to the care of their biological parents. DHS also facilitates finalization for Oregon children who are the subject of Oregon private adoptions.

Adoptions

Adoption Finalizations



FFY 2014 Children with Finalized Adoptions, by District

DHS DISTRICT	Children came from	Children went to
District 01	24	21
District 02	187	104
District 03	148	105
District 04	33	47
District 05	122	95
District 06	41	45
District 07	46	22
District 08	46	47
District 09	10	**
District 10	24	28
District 11	23	17
District 12	15	13
District 13	**	9
District 14	**	**
District 15	39	66
District 16	64	61
Children Placed By Agencies Other Than DHS	na	148

** Values masked to assure confidentiality.

Demographics

Of the 836 children adopted, 203 were younger than age 3 when their adoption became final.

FFY 2014 Children with Finalized Adoptions, by Age

Age	Number	Percent
less than 3	203	24.3%
3-4 years	220	26.3%
5-8 years	236	28.2%
9-10 years	77	9.2%
11-13 years	67	8.0%
14 and older	33	3.9%
Total	836	100%

Finalized adoptions in FFY 2014 show a slightly higher percentage of boys than of girls.

FFY 2014 Children with Finalized Adoptions, by Gender

Gender	Number	Percent
Female	415	49.6%
Male	421	50.4%
Total	836	100%

Of the children adopted during the year, 27.9 percent were members of an ethnic minority, down from 29.3 percent in the previous year. Adoptive homes for older children, children of color and sibling groups continue to be in high demand.

FFY 2014 Children with Finalized Adoptions, by Race

Race/Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Black or African American	69	8.3%
Asian/Pac Islander	16	1.9%
White	599	71.7%
Hispanic (any race)	125	15.0%
American Indian or Alaska Native	23	2.8%
Unable to Determine	4	0.5%
Total	836	100.0%

Special Needs and Adoption Assistance

Almost all of the children adopted during FFY 2014 had one or more primary basis for special needs (816 children or 97.6 percent) and received some sort of adoption assistance.

Adoption assistance can include an agreement to open a subsidy alone, a medical card alone, or a medical card and a subsidy payment together, or an agreement to open a subsidy or medical coverage in the future should the child's needs change.

Preserving Connections

DHS places a high value on preserving and promoting relationships between siblings and placing them together in the same adoptive family whenever it is safe and possible to do so. In FFY 2014, a total of 406 children who were adopted had siblings also adopted during the year. Of these children, 374 (92.1 percent) were adopted by the same family as one or more of their siblings.

Timeliness of Finalization

A primary goal of federal and state governments is to establish permanency for a child as soon as possible. The federal government has established parameters that guide states in this effort, which includes establishing a national standard for the median length of time to achieve adoption. Achieving timely adoptions continues to present challenges for Oregon. While the length of time to achieve adoption varies, the median time to adoption was 34.7 months for children whose adoptions were finalized in FFY 2014. This represents a decrease in the median months to adoption from the FFY 2013 level of 36 months.

Careful processes help ensure adoptions will be successful. Statistics show 97.3 percent of Oregon's adoptive placements continued to finalization without disruption in FFY 2014.

Guardianship

When a child cannot be returned home and adoption is not in the child's best interests, then guardianship is considered to be a more permanent plan for a child than long-term foster care since guardians have permanent legal custody of the child.

Guardianship Completion

During FFY 2014, a total of 293 children exited to a guardianship, down 6.4 percent from 313 children in FFY 2013. The majority of children go to guardianship with relatives.

Exits to Guardianship by Year

Period	Number	% Change
2008	316	-5.4%
2009	294	-7.0%
2010	201	-31.6%
SFY 2011	217	8.0%
2012	273	25.8%
2013	313	14.7%
2014	293	-6.4%

Demographics

The following data show the key demographics of children who exited to guardianship during FFY 2014. The majority of guardianships (72.7 percent) are for children ages 6 and older.

FFY 2014 Children Exiting to Guardianship, by Age

Age Group	Number	Percent
Age 0-5	80	27.3%
Age 6-12	129	44.0%
Age 13-17	83	28.3%
Age 18+	1	0.3%
Total	293	100.0%

Slightly more girls than boys left foster care to guardianship in FFY 2014.

FFY 2014 Children Exiting to Guardianship, by Gender

Gender	Number	Percent
Girls	159	54.3%
Boys	134	45.7%
Total	293	100%

Children of all different racial and ethnic backgrounds exit to guardianship; the following data for Oregon displays the child's first recorded race/ethnicity.

FFY 2014 Race of Children Exiting to Guardianship

Race/Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Black or African American	17	5.8%
Asian/Pac Islander	1	0.3%
White	184	62.8%
Hispanic (any race)	54	18.4%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	32	10.9%
Unable to Determine	5	1.7%
Total	293	100.0%

Special Needs and Guardianship Assistance

Children who go to guardianship have the same assistance available to them as adopted children to help sustain their placement. With respect to their background of child abuse/neglect and special emotional, medical, and physical needs, these children are statistically the same as adopted children.

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Appendix: County Data

FFY 2014 Assessments by Disposition and County

County	Founded	Unfounded	Unable to Determine	No Allegation of CA/N	Unable to Locate	Addressed in Open CPS Assessment	Alternative Response: No Disposition***	Total
Baker	46	69	6	**	**	-	-	122
Benton	63	176	39	24	**	**	-	312
Central Office	69	155	51	7	**	**	-	294
Clackamas	458	952	458	118	25	41	-	2,052
Clatsop	63	182	26	**	**	**	-	284
Columbia	209	244	67	35	**	**	-	569
Coos	139	279	47	44	**	**	-	515
Crook	53	77	23	12	**	**	-	167
Curry	19	83	8	**	**	-	-	112
Deschutes	229	476	95	169	30	48	-	1,047
Douglas	152	322	97	32	10	7	-	620
Gilliam	-	-	**	-	-	-	-	**
Grant	12	22	**	-	-	**	-	37
Harney	21	28	**	-	-	**	-	53
Hood River	36	57	13	**	**	-	-	111
Jackson	488	796	209	64	19	24	-	1,600
Jefferson	28	80	9	10	**	**	-	134
Josephine	205	485	100	41	12	14	-	857
Klamath	194	384	206	21	8	-	14	827
Lake	35	97	32	**	6	**	**	174
Lane	623	1,020	218	142	17	36	144	2,200
Lincoln	118	141	45	19	7	18	-	348
Linn	239	493	222	157	12	34	-	1,157
Malheur	104	192	19	**	7	**	-	323
Marion	514	1,610	197	81	47	22	-	2,471
Morrow	19	48	11	**	-	**	-	81
Multnomah	1,250	2,852	739	299	135	**	**	5,354
Polk	101	410	**	35	**	15	-	580
Tillamook	58	189	26	16	6	12	-	307
Umatilla	107	332	64	**	14	**	-	530
Union	65	132	12	-	**	**	-	213
Wallowa	8	19	-	-	-	**	-	**
Wasco	57	80	16	-	6	-	-	159
Washington	628	1,094	494	106	54	29	-	2,405
Yamhill	75	404	38	83	17	14	-	631
Statewide*	6,485	13,980	3,609	1,533	473	430	164	26,674

*State total includes investigations of child abuse in or by a Children's Care Provider, conducted by the Office of Adult Abuse Prevention & Investigations (OAAPI).

**Values masked to assure confidentiality.

***Applicable only to counties who have implemented Differential Response (DR), which began at the end of May 2014.

FFY 2014 Incidents of Abuse/Neglect

County	Mental Injury	Neglect	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Threat of Harm
Baker	**	33	8	**	23
Benton	**	71	6	15	35
Central Office	**	39	13	**	50
Clackamas	7	348	58	74	318
Clatsop	**	58	9	**	30
Columbia	**	212	36	29	143
Coos	-	127	19	6	91
Crook	-	43	12	**	52
Curry	**	10	**	**	10
Deschutes	**	172	35	44	146
Douglas	**	153	15	15	79
Gilliam	-	-	-	-	-
Grant	-	12	**	**	**
Harney	-	28	**	**	11
Hood River	**	50	**	**	18
Jackson	19	608	40	41	349
Jefferson	-	26	9	**	22
Josephine	7	242	31	13	144
Klamath	**	160	26	10	232
Lake	-	38	8	-	30
Lane	36	544	75	45	503
Lincoln	10	114	21	9	91
Linn	**	144	39	54	200
Malheur	**	124	15	**	89
Marion	7	482	69	58	381
Morrow	-	14	**	**	15
Multnomah	55	775	151	186	1,143
Polk	-	107	11	14	72
Sherman	-	-	-	-	-
Tillamook	**	49	7	8	41
Umatilla	**	107	16	14	72
Union	**	74	9	7	37
Wallowa	-	11	**	-	**
Wasco	**	77	12	6	24
Washington	16	382	100	97	567
Yamhill	-	68	14	12	50
Statewide	191	5,502	882	786	5,079

**Values masked to assure confidentiality.

Victim Rate per 1,000 Children, by County - FFY 2012-FFY 2014

County	Population under 18***			Victims			Rate per 1,000		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Baker	3,252	3,206	3,098	70	67	57	21.5	20.9	18.4
Benton	15,233	14,848	14,715	98	126	97	6.4	8.5	6.6
Clackamas	88,403	88,015	87,318	630	746	686	7.1	8.5	7.9
Clatsop	7,595	7,514	7,344	93	80	80	12.2	10.6	10.9
Columbia	11,419	11,455	11,198	161	262	304	14.1	22.9	27.1
Coos	11,991	11,820	11,533	208	193	195	17.3	16.3	16.9
Crook	4,370	4,321	4,053	91	66	84	20.8	15.3	20.7
Curry	3,412	3,532	3,512	28	36	27	8.2	10.2	7.7
Deschutes	36,463	36,190	36,256	260	292	345	7.1	8.1	9.5
Douglas	21,787	21,526	20,904	266	244	217	12.2	11.3	10.4
Gilliam	351	360	368	28	26	-	79.8	72.2	-
Grant	1,362	1,401	1,361	12	33	13	8.8	23.6	9.6
Harney	1,601	1,633	1,465	27	31	31	16.9	19.0	21.2
Hood River	5,819	5,716	5,684	29	30	56	5.0	5.2	9.9
Jackson	44,042	44,156	44,294	845	707	801	19.2	16.0	18.1
Jefferson	5,396	5,402	5,312	60	76	51	11.1	14.1	9.6
Josephine	16,597	16,675	16,420	317	253	322	19.1	15.2	19.6
Klamath	14,610	14,640	14,251	345	423	322	23.6	28.9	22.6
Lake	1,473	1,449	1,407	16	31	58	10.9	21.4	41.2
Lane	69,063	68,782	68,159	1,057	992	971	15.3	14.4	14.2
Lincoln	7,964	7,954	7,954	192	178	177	24.1	22.4	22.3
Linn	28,210	28,202	27,907	489	487	363	17.3	17.3	13.0
Malheur	7,927	7,789	7,687	191	212	191	24.1	27.2	24.8
Marion	83,964	83,223	82,894	1,099	832	813	13.1	10.0	9.8
Morrow	3,125	3,171	3,169	40	20	29	12.8	6.3	9.2
Multnomah	151,069	152,189	152,725	1,812	2,068	1,897	12.0	13.6	12.4
Polk	18,637	18,172	18,075	160	165	157	8.6	9.1	8.7
Sherman	348	336	329	**	**	-	**	**	-
Tillamook	5,057	5,005	4,853	89	99	87	17.6	19.8	17.9
Umatilla	20,397	20,350	19,925	141	189	180	6.9	9.3	9.0
Union	5,956	5,764	5,653	93	96	102	15.6	16.7	18.0
Wallowa	1,356	1,314	1,251	21	**	17	15.5	**	13.6
Wasco	5,900	5,753	5,678	66	53	98	11.2	9.2	17.3
Washington	136,365	136,145	136,795	860	1,262	959	6.3	9.3	7.0
Wheeler	260	248	243	**	-	-	**	-	-
Yamhill	24,735	24,554	23,816	155	160	126	6.3	6.5	5.3
Statewide*	865,508	862,810	857,606	10,054	10,630	10,010	11.6	12.3	11.7

*State total includes investigations of child abuse in or by a Children's Care Provider, conducted by the Office of Adult Abuse Prevention & Investigations (OAAPI)

**Values masked to assure confidentiality; rates not reported

*** The 2012 data is from the PSU Population Research Center. Starting in 2013, the population data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzanchara, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/> . Data source change may affect comparability to prior years of rate per 1,000.

Children Served In Home Rate per 1,000 Children, by County (point-in-time on 9/30)

County	Population under 18***			Number Served In Home			Rate Per 1,000 Children		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Baker	3,252	3,206	3,098	**	7	**	**	2.2	**
Benton	15,233	14,848	14,715	14	11	14	0.9	0.7	1.0
Clackamas	88,403	88,015	87,318	98	64	38	1.1	0.7	0.4
Clatsop	7,595	7,514	7,344	13	12	6	1.7	1.6	0.8
Columbia	11,419	11,455	11,198	64	62	33	5.6	5.4	2.9
Coos	11,991	11,820	11,533	29	23	40	2.4	1.9	3.5
Crook	4,370	4,321	4,053	-	**	7	-	**	1.7
Curry	3,412	3,532	3,512	**	**	**	**	**	**
Deschutes	36,463	36,190	36,256	39	37	8	1.1	1.0	0.2
Douglas	21,787	21,526	20,904	58	49	28	2.7	2.3	1.3
Gilliam	351	360	368	**	**	-	**	**	-
Grant	1,362	1,401	1,361	**	11	11	**	7.9	8.1
Harney	1,601	1,633	1,465	**	**	**	**	**	**
Hood River	5,819	5,716	5,684	12	6	9	2.1	1.0	1.6
Jackson	44,042	44,156	44,294	174	169	142	4.0	3.8	3.2
Jefferson	5,396	5,402	5,312	6	12	**	1.1	2.2	**
Josephine	16,597	16,675	16,420	84	43	41	5.1	2.6	2.5
Klamath	14,610	14,640	14,251	66	37	40	4.5	2.5	2.8
Lake	1,473	1,449	1,407	7	15	6	4.8	10.4	4.3
Lane	69,063	68,782	68,159	278	216	235	4.0	3.1	3.4
Lincoln	7,964	7,954	7,954	14	8	11	1.8	1.0	1.4
Linn	28,210	28,202	27,907	80	57	26	2.8	2.0	0.9
Malheur	7,927	7,789	7,687	41	31	35	5.2	4.0	4.6
Marion	83,964	83,223	82,894	202	102	109	2.4	1.2	1.3
Morrow	3,125	3,171	3,169	24	11	-	7.7	3.5	-
Multnomah	151,069	152,189	152,725	406	384	294	2.7	2.5	1.9
Polk	18,637	18,172	18,075	25	18	8	1.3	1.0	0.4
Sherman	348	336	329	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tillamook	5,057	5,005	4,853	12	14	**	2.4	2.8	**
Umatilla	20,397	20,350	19,925	11	**	23	0.5	**	1.2
Union	5,956	5,764	5,653	6	16	**	1.0	2.8	**
Wallowa	1,356	1,314	1,251	9	-	-	6.6	-	-
Wasco	5,900	5,753	5,678	31	15	15	5.3	2.6	2.6
Washington	136,365	136,145	136,795	169	116	85	1.2	0.9	0.6
Wheeler	260	248	243	-	-	-	-	-	-
Yamhill	24,735	24,554	23,816	52	22	12	2.1	0.9	0.5
Statewide*	865,508	862,810	857,606	2,110	1,608	1,315	2.4	1.9	1.5

*State total does not include Title IV-E eligible children served by Tribes but does include children served out of the Central Office.

**Values masked to assure confidentiality; rates not reported.

*** The 2012 data is from the PSU Population Research Center. Starting in 2013, the population data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>. Data source change may affect comparability to prior years of rate per 1,000.

Starting in 2012, system changes limit comparability for 2012 counts to historically reported data for children served in-home.

Children in Foster Care per 1,000 Children, by County (Point-in-time on 9/30)

County	Population under 18***			Number in Foster Care			Rate per 1,000		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Baker	3,252	3,206	3,098	38	46	42	11.7	14.3	13.6
Benton	15,233	14,848	14,715	72	57	39	4.7	3.8	2.7
Clackamas	88,403	88,015	87,318	494	541	442	5.6	6.1	5.1
Clatsop	7,595	7,514	7,344	87	75	88	11.5	10.0	12.0
Columbia	11,419	11,455	11,198	205	193	222	18.0	16.8	19.8
Coos	11,991	11,820	11,533	211	214	184	17.6	18.1	16.0
Crook	4,370	4,321	4,053	38	45	54	8.7	10.4	13.3
Curry	3,412	3,532	3,512	43	41	31	12.6	11.6	8.8
Deschutes	36,463	36,190	36,256	170	170	161	4.7	4.7	4.4
Douglas	21,787	21,526	20,904	362	309	313	16.6	14.4	15.0
Gilliam	351	360	368	7	14	23	19.9	38.9	62.5
Grant	1,362	1,401	1,361	9	12	7	6.6	8.6	5.1
Harney	1,601	1,633	1,465	11	14	19	6.9	8.6	13.0
Hood River	5,819	5,716	5,684	21	22	16	3.6	3.8	2.8
Jackson	44,042	44,156	44,294	419	421	429	9.5	9.5	9.7
Jefferson	5,396	5,402	5,312	27	50	34	5.0	9.3	6.4
Josephine	16,597	16,675	16,420	265	270	273	16.0	16.2	16.6
Klamath	14,610	14,640	14,251	246	231	248	16.8	15.8	17.4
Lake	1,473	1,449	1,407	42	22	18	28.5	15.2	12.8
Lane	69,063	68,782	68,159	1,158	1,103	1,060	16.8	16.0	15.6
Lincoln	7,964	7,954	7,954	137	154	145	17.2	19.4	18.2
Linn	28,210	28,202	27,907	308	314	246	10.9	11.1	8.8
Malheur	7,927	7,789	7,687	124	136	138	15.6	17.5	18.0
Marion	83,964	83,223	82,894	929	822	633	11.1	9.9	7.6
Morrow	3,125	3,171	3,169	23	22	15	7.4	6.9	4.7
Multnomah	151,069	152,189	152,725	1,935	1,759	1,641	12.8	11.6	10.7
Polk	18,637	18,172	18,075	148	148	109	7.9	8.1	6.0
Sherman	348	336	329	8	9	**	23.0	26.8	**
Tillamook	5,057	5,005	4,853	47	51	48	9.3	10.2	9.9
Umatilla	20,397	20,350	19,925	150	131	129	7.4	6.4	6.5
Union	5,956	5,764	5,653	43	24	36	7.2	4.2	6.4
Wallowa	1,356	1,314	1,251	8	8	7	5.9	6.1	5.6
Wasco	5,900	5,753	5,678	86	101	102	14.6	17.6	18.0
Washington	136,365	136,145	136,795	714	590	498	5.2	4.3	3.6
Wheeler	260	248	243	9	10	**	34.6	40.3	**
Yamhill	24,735	24,554	23,816	176	174	145	7.1	7.1	6.1
Statewide*	865,508	862,810	857,606	8,770	8,303	7,599	10.1	9.6	8.9

*State total does not include Title IV-E eligible children served by Tribes.

**Values masked to assure confidentiality; rates not reported

*** The 2012 data is from the PSU Population Research Center. Starting in 2013, the population data is one year behind the year shown and is from Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2014). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2013." Online. Available: <http://www.ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/> . Data source change may affect comparability to prior years of rate per 1,000.

**FFY 2014 Number of Children Experiencing at Least 1 day in Foster Care
(All Types), By County and Age on 9/30/2014**

County	Age 0-5	Age 6-12	Age 13-17	Age 18+	Total
Baker	25	26	**	**	64
Benton	29	25	**	**	75
Clackamas	268	232	155	51	706
Clatsop	65	39	22	10	136
Columbia	104	113	60	13	290
Coos	143	102	48	16	309
Crook	29	34	**	**	83
Curry	25	**	14	**	53
Deschutes	92	81	46	12	231
Douglas	217	131	83	16	447
Gilliam	11	24	**	**	48
Grant	8	**	**	**	14
Harney	9	**	8	**	25
Hood River	**	15	10	**	39
Jackson	298	279	126	27	730
Jefferson	26	25	**	**	72
Josephine	133	122	87	33	375
Klamath	178	111	65	11	365
Lake	13	11	**	**	37
Lane	553	496	329	119	1,497
Lincoln	77	73	43	17	210
Linn	136	150	97	26	409
Malheur	82	85	33	10	210
Marion	395	317	206	85	1,003
Morrow	9	**	9	**	23
Multnomah	767	697	489	300	2,253
Polk	76	61	50	13	200
Sherman	0	**	**	**	5
Tillamook	27	25	17	12	81
Umatilla	75	59	49	13	196
Union	17	20	**	**	54
Wallowa	**	6	**	**	15
Wasco	72	48	**	**	144
Washington	252	290	186	85	813
Wheeler	0	0	0	0	0
Yamhill	55	94	69	13	231
Statewide*	4,279	3,817	2,419	928	11,443

*State total does not include Title IV-E eligible children served by Tribes.

**Values masked to assure confidentiality.

FFY 2014 Foster Care Entrants and Exits

County	Entries	Exits
Baker	24	24
Benton	19	37
Clackamas	201	271
Clatsop	59	48
Columbia	108	76
Coos	105	129
Crook	25	30
Curry	15	23
Deschutes	79	72
Douglas	134	137
Gilliam	14	25
Grant	**	7
Harney	11	6
Hood River	12	23
Jackson	345	326
Jefferson	22	39
Josephine	116	106
Klamath	137	124
Lake	12	19
Lane	435	458
Lincoln	72	68
Linn	94	169
Malheur	83	75
Marion	239	382
Morrow	7	8
Multnomah	555	645
Polk	64	95
Sherman	**	**
Tillamook	28	37
Umatilla	58	71
Union	31	20
Wallowa	7	8
Wasco	60	42
Washington	244	326
Wheeler	-	**
Yamhill	51	88
Statewide*	3,469	4,015

*State total does not include Title IV-E eligible children served by Tribes.

**Values masked to assure confidentiality

Median Months in Care 2013 and 2014, All Exit Types, by County

County	FFY 2013		FFY 2014	
	Median Months	Total Exits	Median Months	Total Exits
Baker	7.2	24	21.9	24
Benton	12.8	31	20.6	37
Clackamas	12.2	237	16.6	271
Clatsop	19.3	40	19.7	48
Columbia	16.5	66	22.4	76
Coos	15.5	109	15.7	129
Crook	9.4	23	17.6	30
Curry	10.4	24	26.1	23
Deschutes	14.0	72	21.1	72
Douglas	27.5	133	21.2	137
Gilliam	0.5	**	9.7	25
Grant	4.3	**	9.5	7
Harney	5.9	12	23.9	**
Hood River	25.5	12	7.1	23
Jackson	18.2	235	12.7	326
Jefferson	13.8	21	15.7	39
Josephine	19.1	101	21.0	106
Klamath	15.2	172	16.8	124
Lake	17.2	21	10.8	19
Lane	25.3	429	21.4	458
Lincoln	19.6	39	12.4	68
Linn	12.2	121	20.5	169
Malheur	10.4	66	11.4	75
Marion	16.5	430	20.3	382
Morrow	6.2	21	26.7	8
Multnomah	26.0	657	28.2	645
Polk	14.5	82	15.6	95
Sherman	56.0	**	71.5	**
Tillamook	9.2	37	7.7	37
Umatilla	21.2	74	18.6	71
Union	21.3	30	10.5	20
Wallowa	5.2	**	2.6	8
Wasco	20.9	29	18.2	42
Washington	16.0	368	19.0	326
Wheeler	12.6	6	0.0	0
Yamhill	17.7	77	23.0	88
Statewide*	17.9	3,810	19.0	4,015

*State total does not include Title IV-E eligible children served by tribes.

**Values masked to assure confidentiality.

Number of Certified Foster Homes on 9/30/2014 by Certification Type

County	Regular Certification	Special Certification	Total Homes
Baker	32	7	39
Benton	28	12	40
Clackamas	147	153	300
Clatsop	19	20	39
Columbia	36	41	77
Coos	64	41	105
Crook	9	6	15
Curry	6	7	13
Deschutes	45	47	92
Douglas	96	71	167
Gilliam	-	-	-
Grant	-	-	-
Harney	-	-	-
Hood River	-	-	-
Jackson	83	117	200
Jefferson	11	10	21
Josephine	89	53	142
Klamath	40	41	81
Lake	8	12	20
Lane	242	299	541
Lincoln	29	31	60
Linn	83	35	118
Malheur	48	26	74
Marion	135	117	252
Morrow	**	**	14
Multnomah	370	404	774
Polk	38	35	73
Sherman	-	-	-
Tillamook	17	16	33
Umatilla	38	42	80
Union	**	**	23
Unknown*	119	80	199
Wallowa	-	-	-
Wasco	42	36	78
Washington	116	109	225
Wheeler	-	-	-
Yamhill	60	51	111
Statewide	2,079	1,927	4,006

* County is not identified

**Values masked to assure confidentiality

In the counties where “-” is reported certified homes may be captured in the data for another county within that same District. Certified Foster Homes are counted by primary assigned certifier.

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For additional supplemental data at the County level, please contact the Office of Business Intelligence at:
CW.Research-Reporting@state.or.us.

Oregon also has quarterly data available online at:
https://rom.socwel.ku.edu/Oregon_Public/MyHome.aspx