

Objectives

- What are load ratings?
- Why emergency vehicles?
- What does this mean for me?











- What is a load rating? Engineering analysis/safe carrying capacity
- Federal mandate for SHVs by Feb. 2023
 - Innovative work with FHWA
- Federal mandate for EVs by Dec. 2021
- Federally mandated short window: 30 days to post



This is about safety!

Why do load ratings?

- Compliance with federal law
- Bigger, heavier vehicles
 - Specialized Hauling Vehicles (SHVs)
 - FAST Act Emergency Vehicles
- More traffic
- Older bridge design and natural deterioration





Weight Restriction

- If a bridge can't safely carry legal vehicles, a weight restriction is necessary.
- If necessary, 30 days to post.
- ODOT is trying to get ahead of that window.



Are the bridges safe?

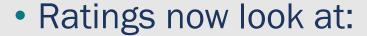
Yes!!

For vehicles in compliance with the posted weight limit.



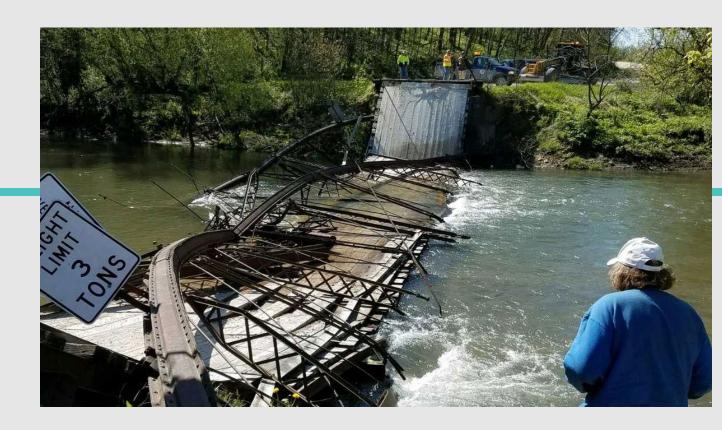
Safety

 History does not guarantee future performance.



- More and heavier vehicles.
- New design and load rating philosophies.
- More extensive analysis of parts and areas of bridges.
- A better understanding of bridge failures.







Emergency Vehicles

The FAST Act federal mandate:

 Evaluate all 1,175 bridges within one mile of an Oregon Interstate.



- Note: FAST Act emergency vehicle load ratings only affect emergency vehicles that exceed current legal axle weights.
 - Most emergency vehicles are within legal axle weights.

Why Emergency Vehicles?

Truck/Vehicle Design
Standards Used in Most
Existing Bridges

Modern Vehicles on the Roads Today

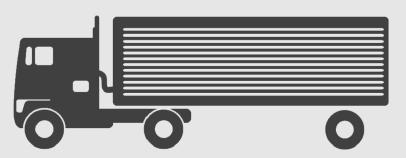
1930's - 1940's: H 15 (15 tons)



Emergency Vehicle (EV) (43 tons)



1940's - 1990's: HS 20 (36 tons)

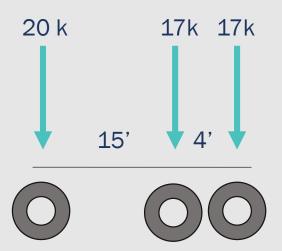


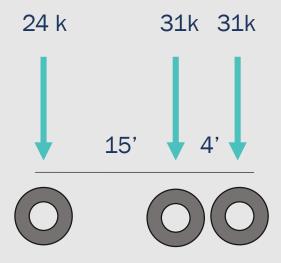


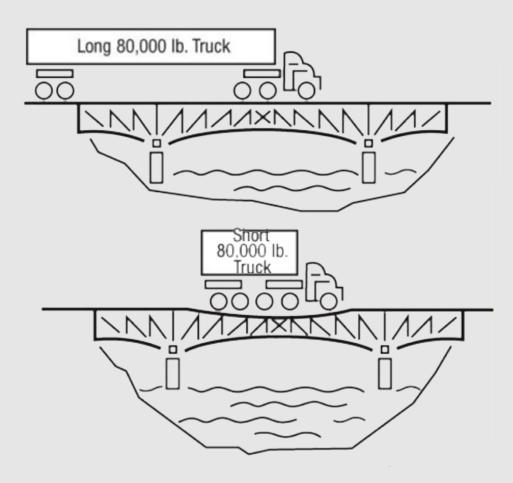
Different stress on the bridge!

Standard Legal Truck

Some Emergency Vehicles







Safety

- Safety is our primary concern
 - The laws of physics are the same
 - even in an emergency!

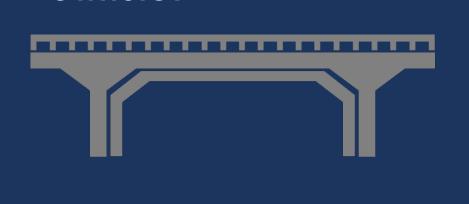


Los Altos, CA, April 2001: A 19-ton emergency vehicle on a bridge that had been rated for 18 tons in 1979.



Locations?

Owners?

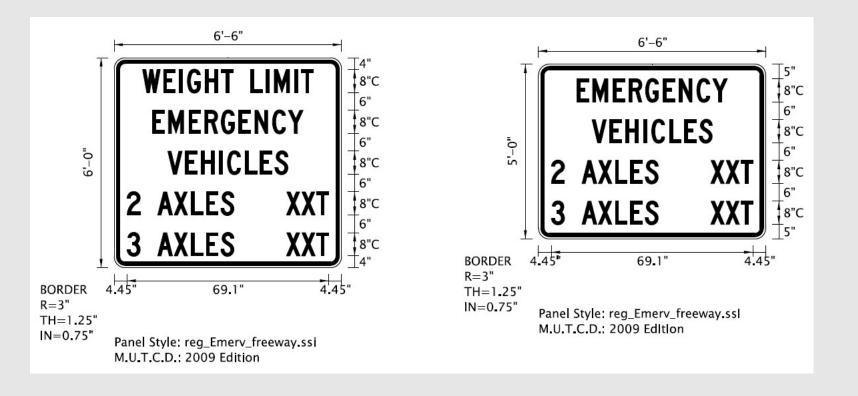


County	# of Bridges	Owned by?	
Baker		1	ODOT
Clackamas		3	2 ODOT, Wilsonville
Douglas		11	7 ODOT, 4 county
Hood River		4	ODOT, county, 2 other
Jackson		4	2 ODOT, Talent, county
Josephine		2	County
Lane		5	4 ODOT, Creswell
Linn		4	ODOT, 2 Albany, county
Marion		4	3 ODOT, 1 county
Multnomah		34	12 ODOT, 13 PDX, 9 county
Sherman		2	ODOT, Rufus
Umatilla		1	ODOT
Union		3	ODOT
Wasco		6	5 ODOT, The Dalles
Total		84	

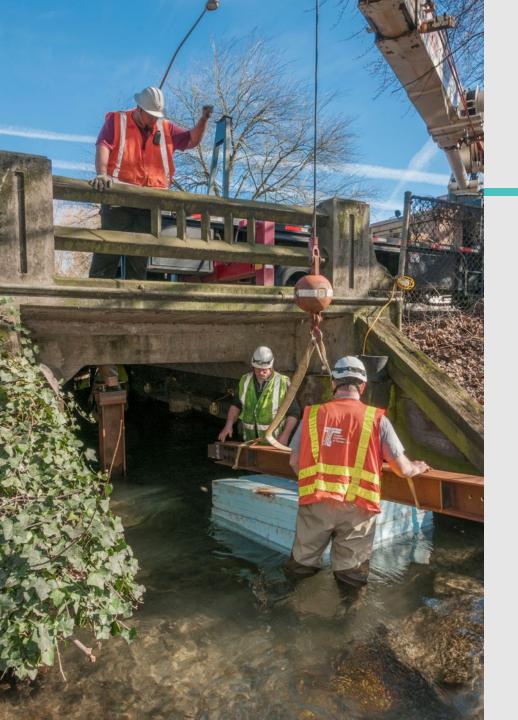
Posting

New signs

 New advanced warning signs







What's Next?

 What does this mean for you and your bridges?

First question ...

- Do your fire districts have these emergency vehicles?
 - Identify if these vehicles are in your area
 - Do you have cooperative agreements with neighboring jurisdictions?
 - If so, do they have these vehicles?







General steps of load postings

- Letters will be ready soon
- District Managers will be reaching out to local bridge owners
 - Trying to get ahead of the 30-day window!



Is there a legal requirement for bridge owners to make their bridges accommodate larger loads?

- No.
- Bridge owners must make the decision.
 - Once the load rating is finalized, the 30-day window begins.
 - Strengthen the bridge?
 - Temporary or permanent posting?
 - Detour routes?
- Vehicle owners must comply with the limits and not illegally cross.





Are bridge repairs possible?

- Sometimes.
- It's a case-by-case situation.
- Any repairs are responsibility of bridge owner.





Are funds available to help make repairs?

- Local Agency Bridge Selection Committee (LABSC), May 3, 2021
 - Cities and counties decided to follow established cycles
 - Condition and load rating factor into the Sufficiency Rating and project selection process
- Other local funding options





