# **Appendix A: Acronym List**

Table A-1: Acronym List

Abbreviation	Definition
3R / 3-R	Resurfacing, Restoration, and Rehabilitation
4R / 3-R	Resurfacing, Restoration, Rehabilitation, and Reconstruction
AADT	Annual Average Daily Traffic
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
AC	Asphalt Concrete
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADT	Average Daily Traffic
AEE	Association of Engineering Employees
AGC	Association of General Contractors of America
ASAP	As Soon As Possible
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
ATE	Associate Transportation Engineer
ATR	Automatic Traffic Recorders
ATS	Advanced Transportation Systems (subcommittee of AASHTO)
ATSSA	American Traffic Safety Service Association
BLM	Bureau of Land Management
ВМР	Beginning Mile Point
ВМР	Best Management Practice
BMS	Bridge Management System (ISTEA)
BNRR	Burlington Northern Railroad
CAC	Citizens Advisory Committee
CAD / CADD	Computer Aided Drafting and Design
CalTrans	California Department of Transportation
CAT	Countermeasure Analysis Tool
CBD	Commercial Business District
CCA(A)	Clean Air Act (Amendment)
CFS	Cubic Feet per Second
CMS	Changeable Message Sign(s) (see VMS – preferred)
CMS	Congestion Management System (ISTEA)
СР	Cathodic Protection

Abbreviation	Definition
СРМ	Critical Path Method (method of scheduling)
CTWLTL	Continuous Two-Way Left Turn Lane, "Twiddle"
DBA	Doing Business As
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality
DHV	Design Hourly Volume
Dia.	Diameter
DLCD	Division of Land Conservation and Development
DM	District Manager
DMS	Dynamic Message Sign (see VMS)
DMV	Driver and Motor Vehicle Services
DUII	Driving Under the Influence of Intoxicants
E&C	Engineering and Contingencies
EA	Environmental Assessment
EA	Expenditure Account
EAC / HMAC	Emulsified Asphalt Concrete / Hot Mix Asphalt Concrete
EB	Eastbound
ECL	East City Limits
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
EMP	Ending Mile Point
EMS	Emergency Medical Services
EP	Edge of Pavement
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ES	Edge of Shoulder
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAQ	Frequently Asked Questions
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration
FONSI	Finding of No Significant Impact
GIS	Geographic Information System
GPS	Global Positioning System
НСМ	Highway Capacity Manual
HEP	Hazard Elimination Program
HOV	High Occupancy Vehicle

Abbreviation	Definition
I/D	Incentives / Disincentives
ID	Inside Diameter
IGA	Inter-Governmental Agreement
ISTEA	Intermodal Surface Transportation and Efficiency Act
ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers (formerly Traffic)
ITIS	Integrated Transportation Information System
ITS	Intelligent Transportation System
kg	Kilogram
km	Kilometer
km/h	Kilometers per Hour
LCDC	Land Conservation and Development Commission (Oregon)
LL	Live Load
LMC	Latex Modified Concrete
LOS	Level of Service
m	Meter
MCTD	Oregon Motor Carrier Transportation Division
MHz	Megahertz (millions of cycles per second)
mm	Millimeter
MP	Milepoint, Milepost
MPO	Metropolitan Planning Organization
MUTCD	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices
NB	Northbound
NCHRP	National Cooperative Highway Research Program
NCL	North City Limits
NEPA	National Environmental Protection Act
NHS	National Highway System
NHTSA	National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
NIMBY	Not in My Backyard
NTS	Not to Scale
OAR	Oregon Administrative Rules
OD	Outside Diameter
ODFW	Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife
ODOT	Oregon Department of Transportation

Abbreviation	Definition
ОНР	Oregon Highway Plan
ORS	Oregon Revised Statutes
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)
OSP	Oregon State Police
OSU	Oregon State University
ОТС	Oregon Transportation Commission
OTIA	Oregon Transportation Investment Act
ОТР	Oregon Transportation Plan
OVWS	Overheight Vehicle Warning System
Oxing	Overcrossing
PCC	Portland Cement Concrete
PCE	Passenger Car Equivalents
PCMS	Portable Changeable Message Sign
PDT	Project Development/Design Team (also PT for Project Team)
PE	Preliminary Engineering
PE	Professional Engineer (registered)
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PM	Project Manager
PMC	Polymer-modified Concrete
PS&E	Plans, Specs, and Estimates
PSF	Pounds per Square Foot
PSI	Pounds per Square Inch
PT / PDT	Project Team / Project Development Team
PUC	Public Utility Commission
PVMS	Portable Variable Message Sign
QA	Quality Assurance
QPL	Qualified Products List
R&D	Research and Development
R/W	Right of Way
RAME	Region Access Management Engineer
RATS Team	Region and Technical Services Team
RDWY	Roadway
REA	Revised Environmental Assessment

Abbreviation	Definition
Rev.	Revised, Revision Date
RFP	Request for Proposal
RIG	Resource Issues Group
RFQ	Request for Qualifications
ROD	Record of Decision
RR	Railroad
RTP	Regional Transportation Plan
RWIS	Roadside Weather Information Sign
SB	Southbound
SCL	South City Limits
SF	Square Feet, ft <sup>2</sup>
SH, Shld	Shoulder
SHPO	State Historic Preservation Office
SI	Le Systeme International d'Unites (Metric System)
SOV	Single Occupant Vehicle
SPIS	Safety Priority Index System
SPRR	Southern Pacific Railroad
SRCM	Soils and Rock Classification Manual (ODOT)
SSD	Stopping Sight Distance
STA	Special Transportation Area
STE	State Traffic Engineer
STIP	Statewide Transportation Improvement Plan
STIP-SIP	Statewide Transportation Improvement Program – Safety Investment Program
STR	Section, Township, and Range (surveying)
SU	Single Unit Truck
T&E	Threatened and Endangered
TAC	Technical Advisory Committee
TAG	Technical Advisory Group
TCD	Traffic Control Devices
TCM	Traffic Control Measures
TCP	Traffic Control Plan
ТСРЕ	Traffic Control Plans Engineer
TCS	Traffic Control Supervisor

Abbreviation	Definition
TDB	Transportation Development Branch
TDM	Transportation Demand Management
TE	Transportation Engineer
TEA-21	Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century
TEOS	Traffic Engineering and Operations Section
TGM	Transportation Growth Management
Thk	Thick, Thickness
TIP	Transportation Improvement Plan
TIS	Transportation Impact Study
TMA	Truck Mounted Impact Attenuator
TMP	Traffic Management Plan
TP & DT	Temporary Protection & Direction of Traffic
TPAR	Temporary Accessible Route
TPARP	Temporary Accessible Route Plan
TPAU	Transportation Planning Analysis Unit
TRB	Transportation Research Board
TS&L	Type, Size, and Location
TSP	Transportation System Plan
TSRM	Technical Services Resource Manager
TSS	Temporary Sign Support
TSSU	Traffic Systems Services Unit
TTC	Temporary Traffic Control
TTI	Texas Transportation Institute
TVT	ODOT's Transportation Volume Tables
TWLTL	Two-Way Left-Turn Lane
U of O	University of Oregon
UBA	Urban Business Area
UGB	Urban Growth Boundary
UP	University of Portland
UPRR	Union Pacific Railroad
USDOT	United States Department of Transportation
V/C	Volume to Capacity Ratio
VE	Value Engineering

Abbreviation	Definition
VMS	Variable Message Sign
VMT	Vehicle Miles of Travel (Vehicle Miles Traveled)
w/	With
w/o	Without
WB	Westbound
WCL	West City Limits
WIM	Weigh in Motion
WS	Wearing Surface
WSDOT	Washington State Department of Transportation
Wt.	Weight
WYSIWYG	What-You-See-Is-What-You-Get, "Wizzy Wig"
Xing	Crossing

# **Appendix B: Glossary of Terms**

Table B-1: Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition
3-R Project	A project involving resurfacing, restoration, or rehabilitation of an existing highway.
4-R Project	A project involving reconstruction of an existing highway.
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.
Abutment	Supports at the end of the bridge used to retain the approach embankment and carry the vertical and horizontal loads from the superstructure. Current terminology is bent or end bent.
Access Control	The condition where the legal right of owners or occupants of abutting land to access a highway is fully or partially controlled by the Department of Transportation.
Access Management	Measures regulating physical connections to streets, roads, and highways from public roads and private driveways.
ADT (Average Daily Traffic)	The average number of vehicles passing a certain point each day on a highway, road, or street.
Advance Plans	90% complete plans including special provisions normally sent at 15 weeks.
Advance Review	Complete review prior to final approval. All of PS&E must be provided and nearly complete.
Advertisement	The period of time between the written public announcement inviting proposals for projects and the opening of the proposals (bid or letting date).
Aggregate	Rock of specified quality and gradation.
Aggregate, Coarse	Aggregates predominantly retained on the No. 4 sieve for Portland cement concrete and those predominantly retained on the 1/4" for asphalt concrete.
Aggregate, Dense Graded	A well-graded aggregate so proportioned as to contain a relatively small percentage of voids.
Aggregate, Fine	Those aggregates which entirely pass the 3/8" sieve.
Aggregate, Open Graded	A well-graded aggregate containing little or no fines, with a relatively large percentage of voids.
Aggregate, Well- Graded	An aggregate possessing proportionate distribution of successive particle sizes.

Term	Definition
Air-Entraining Agent	A substance used in concrete to increase the amount of entrained air in the mixture. Entrained air is present in the form of minute bubbles and improves the workability and frost resistance.
Alignment	Geometric arrangement of a roadway (curvature, etc.).
Allowable Headwater	The maximum elevation to which water may be ponded upstream of a culvert or structure as specified by law or design.
Alternative Modes	Modes such as rail, transit, carpool, walking, and bicycle which provide transportation alternatives to the use of the single-occupancy automobiles.
Approach	[OAR 734-020-0420(1)] All lanes of traffic moving toward an intersection or mid-block location from one direction.
Approach Road	A roadway or driveway connection between the outside edge of the shoulder or curb line and the right-of-way line of the highway, intended to provide vehicular access to and from said highway and the adjoining property.
Apron	The paved area between wingwalls at the end of a culvert.
Asphalt	Asphalt cement.
At-Grade Crossing	A crossing of two highways or a highway and a railroad at the same level.
Asphalt Concrete	A mixture of asphalt cement, graded aggregate, mineral filler, and additives, as required.
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	Average Daily Traffic (ADT) – The average 24-hour volume of traffic, being the total during a stated period divided by the number of days in that period. Unless otherwise stated, the period is a year.
Award	Written notification to the bidder that the bidder has been awarded a contract.
Axle Load	The load borne by one axle of a traffic vehicle.
Backfill	Material used to replace or the act of replacing material removed during construction; also may denote material placed or the act of placing material adjacent to structures.
Backwater	The water upstream from an obstruction in which the free surface is an elevation above the normal water surface profile.
Ball-bank Indicator	A curved level which is used to determine the safe speed around a curve, as indicated by trial speed runs. The indicator measures the centrifugal force on the vehicle. The ball-bank indicator is designed to show the combined effect of the vehicle body roll angle, the centrifugal force, and the superelevation angle of the roadway.
Base Course	The layer of specified material of designed thickness placed on a subbase or a subgrade to support a surface course.

Term	Definition
Bedrock	The solid rock underlying soils or other superficial formation.
Bench Mark	A relatively permanent material object bearing a marked point whose elevation above or below an adopted datum is known.
Bench Repair	Repairs made to signal control equipment by the Traffic Systems Services Unit (TSSU).
Best Management Practices	Techniques which reflect current thinking on a specific subject.
Bid Schedule	The list of bid items, their units of measurement, and estimated quantities bound in the proposal booklet. (When a contract is awarded, the Bid Schedule becomes the Schedule of Contract Prices.)
Bidder	Any qualified individual or legal entity submitting a proposal in response to an advertisement.
Biennium	For the State of Oregon, a two-year period, always odd numbered years, starting July 1 and ending two years later on June 30.
Bleeding (Concrete)	The movement of mixing water to the surface of freshly placed concrete.
Borrow	Material lying outside of planned or required roadbed excavation used to complete project earthwork.
Box Culvert	A culvert of rectangular or square cross-section.
Breakaway	A design feature that allows a device such as a sign support to yield or separate upon impact. The release mechanism may be a slip plane, plastic hinges, fracture elements, or a combination of these.
Bridge End Panel	A reinforced concrete slab placed on the approach embankment adjacent to, and usually resting upon, the abutment back wall; the function of the approach slab is to carry wheel loads on the approaches directly to the abutment, thereby eliminating any approach roadway misalignment due to approach embankment settlement.
Bridge Railing	A longitudinal barrier whose primary function is to prevent an errant vehicle from going over the side of the bridge structure.
Bushings	A lining used to reduce friction and/or insulate mating surfaces usually on steel hanger plate bearings.
Buttress	A rock fill placed at the toe of a landslide in order to resist further slide movement. The slide toe is excavated to below the zone of sliding before placing rock fill.
Capacity	The maximum number of vehicles (vehicle capacity) or passengers (person capacity) that can pass over a given section of roadway or transit line in one or both directions during a given period of time under prevailing roadway and traffic conditions.
Cast-in-Place	The act of placing and curing concrete within formwork to construct a concrete element in its final position.

Term	Definition
Catch Basin	A receptacle, commonly box shaped and fitted with a grilled inlet and a pipe outlet drain, designed to collect the rain water and floating debris from the roadway surface and retain the solid material so that it may be periodically removed.
Cathodic Protection	A means of preventing metal from corroding; this is done by making the metal a cathode through the use of impressed direct current and by attaching a sacrificial anode.
Centerline	A defined alignment from which specific information is identified.
Change Order	A written order issued by the Engineer to the contractor modifying work required by the contract and establishing the basis of payment for the modified work.
City Street	A public road which is owned and operated by a city government intended for use of the general public for vehicles or vehicular traffic.
Clear Zone	Roadside border area starting at the edge of the traveled way that is available for safe use by errant vehicles. Establishing a minimum width clear zone implies that rigid objects and certain other hazards with clearances less than the minimum width should be removed and relocated outside the minimum clear zone or remodeled to make breakaway, shielded, or safely traversable.
Cobbles	Particles of rock, rounded or not, that will pass a 12" square opening and be retained on a 3" sieve.
Cofferdam	A barrier built in the water so as to form an enclosure from which the water is pumped to permit free access to the area within.
Cohesionless Soil	A soil that, when unconfined, has little or no strength when air-dried and that has little or no cohesion when submerged.
Cohesive Soil	A soil that, when unconfined, has considerable strength when air-dried and that has significant cohesion when submerged. Clay is a cohesive soil.
Commercial Vehicle	A vehicle that is used for the transportation of persons for compensation or profit, or designated or used primarily for the transportation of property.
Compaction	The process of densifying a layer of soil or rock material by using static or vibratory rollers made specifically for this purpose.
Concept Plans	Plans to determine the basic features of a project including alignments, typical sections, slopes, preliminary drainage, and TS&L bridge plans.
Concrete Overlay	1.5" to 2" of concrete placed on top of the deck, used to extend the life of the deck and provide a good riding surface.
Continuous Two-Way Left-Turn Lane	A traversable median that is designed to accommodate left-turn egress movements from opposite directions; Abbreviated as "TWLTL and often pronounced, "Twiddle"

Term	Definition
Contract	The written agreement between the Division and the contractor describing the work to be done and defining the obligations of the Division and the contractor.
Contract Plans	Detailed drawings and diagrams usually made to scale showing the structure or arrangement, worked out beforehand, to accomplish the construction of a project and/or object(s).
Contract Time	The number of calendar days shown in the proposal which is allowed for completion of the work.
Contractor	The individual or legal entity that has entered into a contract with ODOT.
Coordinates	Linear or angular dimensions designating the position of a point in relation to a given reference frame. It normally refers to the State Plane Coordinate System.
Core	A cylindrical sample of concrete removed from a bridge component for the purpose of destructive testing.
County Road	A public road which is owned and operated by a county government intended for use by the general public for vehicles or vehicular traffic.
Course	A specified surfacing material placed in one or more lifts to a specified thickness.
Crash Cushion	An impact attenuator device that prevents an errant vehicle from impacting fixed object hazards by gradually decelerating the vehicle to a safe stop or by redirecting the vehicle away from the hazard.
Crash Tests	Vehicular impact tests by which the structural and safety performance of roadside barriers and other highway appurtenances may be determined. Three evaluation criteria are considered, namely (1) structural adequacy, (2) impact severity, and (3) vehicular post-impact trajectory.
Creep	Time dependent inelastic deformation under elastic loading of concrete or steel resulting solely from the presence of stress.
Cross Section	The exact image formed by a plane cutting through an object, usually at right angles to a central axis or alignment.
Crossover	A technique used to shift live traffic from one side of a divided roadway either into the median or onto the remaining half of the highway not under construction. Also called an "on-site diversion", it may also cross traffic out onto a temporary roadway running parallel to the work area.
Crosswalk	Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere that is distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface of the roadway that conform in design to the standards established for crosswalks.
Crown Section	Roadway section with the height of the center of the roadway surface above its gutters.

Term	Definition					
Culvert	A pipe, a reinforced concrete box, or a series of pipes or boxes that provide an opening under the ground for passage of water or other uses.					
Curb	A vertical or sloping member along the edge of a pavement or shoulder forming part of a gutter, strengthening or protecting the edge, and clearly defining the edge of vehicle operators.					
Curing	The preparation of a material by chemical or physical processing for keeping or use; treating concrete by covering its surface with some material to prevent the rapid evaporation of water.					
Delamination	Subsurface separation of concrete into layers.					
Deliverables	Engineering work to be submitted.					
Demand	The number of users desiring service on the highway system.					
Design Speed	A speed determined by traffic volumes, the geographic characteristics of the area, geometric layout of the existing facility, number of traffic lanes, and the posted speed for use in designing a project. Within the TCP discipline, Design Speed equates to the Pre-construction Posted Speed of the roadway facility.					
Design Volume or Design Hourly Volume	A volume determined for use in design representing traffic expected to use the highway. Unless otherwise stated, it is an hourly volume. ODOT uses the 30 <sup>th</sup> highest hour as its design hour.					
Deviation	A departure from an access management standard.					
DLCD	Department of Land Conservation and Development.					
"Doghouse" (signal head)	A five indication, traffic control signal display used for control of P/P left turn lanes consisting of a single, circular red indication centered at the top with circular and arrow indications for yellow and for green in the middle and lower portion of the display, respectively.					
E&C	Engineering & Contingencies are ODOT's costs to administer the construction contract. In addition, Contingencies are unforeseen costs due to design changes, construction, extra work price agreements or types of problems caused by weather, accidents, etc. by the contract pay item.					
Environmental Classes	Class I Environmental Impact Statement: Projects that normally involve significant changes in traffic capacities and patterns. These projects generally involve major right-of-way acquisitions. Both draft and final Environmental Impact Statements are required.  Class II Categorical Exclusions: Projects that normally involve the improvement of payment conditions on traffic safety but little, if any, change in traffic capacities or patterns. Right-of-way requirements must be minor. These projects are categorically excluded from further environmental documentation, unless permit requirements indicate otherwise.					

Term	Definition				
	Class III Environmental Assessment: Projects that do not clearly fall within Class I or Class II. These projects require assessments to determine their environmental significance.				
Erosion Control Designer	The person assigned to specify the proper methods for control of the flow of particulates and sedimentation for a given project.				
Expansion Joint	A joint in concrete that allows expansion due to temperature changes, thereby preventing damage to the surface.				
Expressway	Highways that provide for safe and efficient high speed and high volume traffic movements.				
Extra Work	Work not included in any of the contract items as awarded but determined by the Engineer necessary to complete the project according to the intent of the contract. This may be paid on a negotiated price, force account, or established price basis.				
Failsafe System	Failsafe system is hard wired to the signal controller and operates independently of any other signal function. The default state of a failsafe system is flashing mode.				
Falsework	A temporary construction on which permanent work is wholly or partially supported until it becomes self-supporting. For cast-in-place concrete or steel construction, it is a structural system to support the vertical and horizontal loads from forms, reinforcing steel, plastic concrete, structural steel, and placement operations.				
FHWA	Federal Highway Administration.				
Final Review	The last in the review process; PS&E must be complete.				
Fiscal Year	For the State of Oregon, July 1 through June 30 of the next year.				
Flood Plain	An area that would be inundated by a flood.				
Forms	A structural system constructed of wood or metal used to contain the horizontal pressures exerted by plastic concrete and retain it in its desired shape until it is hardened.				
Freeway	A fully access controlled throughway.				
Freeway Median	The space between inside shoulders of the separated one-way roadways of a divided highway.				
Functionally Obsolete Bridges	Those bridges which have deck geometry, load carrying capacity, clearance, or approach roadway alignment which no longer meets the usual criteria for the system of which they are a part as defined by the Federal Highway Administration.				
Geotextiles	Sheets of woven or non-woven synthetic polymers or nylon used for drainage and soil stabilization.				
Glare Shield	A device used to shield a driver's eye from the headlights of an oncoming vehicle.				

Term	Definition					
Grade Separation	A crossing of two highways or a highway and a railroad at different levels.					
Green Concrete	Concrete that has set but not appreciably hardened.					
Grout	A mixture of cementitious material and water having a sufficient water content to render it a free-flowing mass, used for filling (grouting) the joints in masonry, for fixing anchor bolts, and for filling post-tensioning ducts.					
High Speed	When the posted speed on a roadway is $\geq$ 45 mph.					
Highway	(ORS 801.305) Every public way, road, street, thoroughfare and place, including bridges, viaducts and other structures within the boundaries of this state, open, used or intended for use of the general public for vehicles or vehicular traffic as a matter of right.					
Highway Capacity Manual (HCM)	The Highway Capacity Manual is the standard "Bible" for most traffic analysis; however, the HCM does not provide procedures that are appropriate for work zone analysis.					
HOV Lanes	High-Occupancy Vehicle lanes, special road lanes which can only be used by vehicles with more than one occupant.					
Hydration	The process by which cement combines with water to form a hard binding substance.					
Hydrodemolition	Process to abrade or remove a surface, such as concrete, by streams of water ejected from a nozzle at high velocity.					
Incidental Work	Work necessary for fulfillment of the contract but which is not listed as a pay item in the contract and for which no separate or additional payment will be made.					
Intermodal connectors	Short lengths of roads that connect intermodal facilities to the state highway system.					
International System of Units (SI)	The modernized metric system.					
Intersection	The area of the roadway created when two or more roadways join together at any angle.					
ISTEA	Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act, passed by Congress in 1991.					
ITS	Intelligent Transportation System.					
Key Number	Number assigned to a project by Program Section to identify it in the Project Control System (PCS). All structures in a project have the same key number; bridges are numbered separately.					
Lane Closure Restrictions	ODOT often limits the hours that work zone traffic lanes and roads may be closed in an effort to reduce motorist delay, inconvenience and crash potential.					

Term	Definition					
Leveling	A course of construction to restore horizontal and vertical uniformity to existing pavements, normally continuous throughout the project limits.					
Lift	The nominal compacted thickness of material placed by equipment in a single pass.					
Live Load	Force of the applied moving load of vehicles and/or pedestrians.					
LOS	Level of Service – a range of operating conditions defined for each type of facility and related to the amounts of traffic that can be accommodated at each level.					
Low Speed	When the posted speed on a roadway is $\leq$ 40 mph.					
Low Volume Road	Any roadway with an AADT < 400 vehicles.					
Mandatory Source	A material source provided by ODOT from which the contractor shall obtain materials.					
Manual Classification of Traffic Counts	Federal Government directed vehicle classification that breaks the class of vehicles into 16 types. Traffic counts with vehicles broken down into their 16 types are necessary for most ODOT project work.					
Manual Traffic Counts	Performed by ODOT personnel and available from ODOT Traffic Data Section in the Transportation Development Branch. Traffic counts used for analysis should be close to the work area and on the same type of highway designation and should also have been taken in the last three years.					
Material	Any natural or man-made substance or item specified for use in the construction of the project.					
Median	A continuous divisional island which separates opposing traffic and may be used to separate left turn traffic from through traffic in the same direction as well. Medians may be designated by pavement markings, curbs, guideposts, pavement edge or other devices.					
Median Pedestrian Island	A non-traversable median section designed to provide an area where pedestrians can take refuge while crossing the traffic stream approaching from the left, and then the traffic stream approaching from the right.					
Micro Silica (Silica Fume) (MC)	Very fine non-crystalline silica used as an admixture in concrete to improve the strength, permeability, and abrasion resistance.					
Mode of Transportation	A means of moving people and/or goods.					
Modular Expansion Joints	Multiple, watertight joint assemblies for bridges requiring expansion movements greater than 4".					
МРО	Metropolitan Planning Organization – a planning body in an urbanized area of over 50,000 population which has responsibility for developing transportation plans for that area.					

Term	Definition					
Mylars	Drawings on Mylar. The final "legal" drawing used for signatures and printing contract plans.					
NHS	National Highway System – a system of Statewide and Interstate Highways and intermodal connectors meeting federal criteria (approximately 155,000 miles total), designated by Congress in the National Highway System Designation Act of 1995.					
Non-traversable Median	A median which, by its design, physically discourages or prevents vehicles from crossing it except at designated openings which are designed for turning or crossing movements and are designed to impede traffic from crossing the median. Examples include curbed medians or concrete barrier medians, also included are depressed grass or landscaped medians.					
OAR	Oregon Administrative Rules – Rules written by a government agency intended to clarify the intent of an adopted law.					
Occupancy	The amount of time motor vehicles are present in a detection zone expressed as a percent of total time. This parameter is used to describe vehicle density, a measure of highway congestion.  The number of passengers in a vehicle which, when used in conjunction with vehicular volume, provides information on the total number of persons accommodated on a transportation link or within a transportation corridor.					
Operating Rating (Permit Loads)	The absolute maximum permissible stress level to which a structure may be subjected. It is that stress level that may not be exceeded by the heaviest loads allowed on the structure. Special permits for heavier than normal vehicles shall be issued only if such loads are distributed so as to not produce stress in excess of the operating stress.					
OR Route	A route system established and regulated by the Oregon Transportation Commission to facilitate travel on main highways throughout the state.					
ORS	Oregon Revised Statues – The laws that govern the State of Oregon.					
ОТС	Oregon Transportation Commission – ODOT's governing body; the Commission has five members appointed by the Governor.					
Outer Separation	The area between the traveled ways of a through traffic roadway and a frontage road or street.					
Pavement	Asphalt concrete or Portland cement concrete placed for vehicular use on highway, road and street traveled ways, shoulders, auxiliary lanes, and parking areas.					
Peak Hour	Hour of the day with the most traffic, usually during morning and evening commute times. Generally not the design hour.					
Pedestrian	A person on foot, in a wheelchair, or walking a bicycle.					

Term	Definition					
Pile	A long, slender piece of wood, concrete, or metal to be driven, jetted, or cast-in-place into the earth or river bed to serve as a support or protection.					
Plastic Deformation	Deformation of material beyond the elastic range.					
Preliminary Plans	75% complete plans, normally sent at 20 weeks.					
Preliminary Review	In the review process, plans should be approximately 75% complete.					
Prestressed Concrete	Concrete in which there have been introduced internal stresses (normally pretensioned steel) of such magnitude and distribution that the stresses resulting from given external loadings are counteracted to a desired degree.					
Pretensioned	Any method of prestressing in which the strands are tensioned before the concrete is placed.					
Principal Arterial (Urban, Controlled Access)	A street or highway in an urban area which has been identified as unusually significant to the area in which it lays in terms of the nature and composition of travel it serves. The principal arterial system is divided into three groups: Interstate freeways, other freeways and expressways, and other principal arterials (with no control of access). Principal arterials should form a system serving major centers of activity, the highest traffic volume corridors, and the longest trip desires and should carry a high proportion of the total urban area travel on a minimum of mileage.					
Resident Engineer	The engineer's representative who directly supervises the engineering and administration of a contract.					
Proposal	A written offer by a bidder on forms furnished by the Division to do stated work at the prices quoted.					
Plans Specifications and & Estimates (PS&E)	Plans, Specifications, and Estimates: Usually it refers to the time when the plans, specifications, and estimates on a project have been completed and referred to FHWA for approval. When the PS&E has been approved, the project goes to bidding.					
Pumping	The ejection of mixtures of water, clay, and/or silt along or through transverse or longitudinal joints, crack or pavement edges, due to vertical movements of the roadway slab under traffic.					
Queue	A line of vehicles waiting to be served by the highway system. The queue can be determined graphically, as shown in the WZ Traffic Analysis Guide, Chapter 2.					
Raised Median	A non-traversable median where curbs are used to help delineate the boundary between the median and the adjacent traffic lane and to elevate the surface of the median above the surface of the adjacent traffic face.					

Term	Definition					
RAME	Region Access Management Engineer – An individual, who is a registered professional engineer and who, by training and experience, has comprehensive knowledge of ODOT's access management standards, policies, and procedures and has professional expertise in traffic engineering concepts which underlie access management principles.					
Realignment	Rebuilding an existing roadway on a new alignment where the new centerline shifts outside the existing right-of-way and where the existing road surface is removed, maintained as an access road, or maintained as a connection between the realigned roadway and a road that intersects the original alignment.					
Redline	Marked up drawing, typically in red pencil, with review comments or changes proposed.					
Region Traffic Engineer/Manager	Registered Professional Engineer, or person working under direct supervision of a Registered Professional Engineer, responsible for traffic operations in the Region. Actual position titles may vary from region to region.					
Right-of-Way	A general term denoting publicly-owned land, property or interest therein, usually in a strip acquired or devoted to transportation purposes. The entire width between the exterior right-of-way lines including the paved surface, shoulders, ditches, and other drainage facilities in the border area between the ditches or curbs and right-of-way line.					
Riprap	A facing of stone used to prevent erosion. It is usually dumped into place, but is occasionally placed by hand.					
Road Designer	The person assigned to specify the project requirements for the road portion of a given project.					
Roadside Barrier	A longitudinal barrier used to shield roadside obstacles or non- traversable terrain features. It may occasionally be used to protect pedestrians from vehicle traffic.					
Roadway	That portion of a highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder. If a highway includes two or more separate roadways, the term "roadway" refers to any such roadway separately, but not to all such roadways collectively.					
Rubble	Irregularly shaped pieces of varying size stone in the undressed condition obtained from a quarry.					
Sand	Particles of rock that will pass a No. 4 sieve and be retained on a No. 200 sieve.					
Scaffolding	Temporary elevated walkway or platform to support workmen, materials and tools.					
Scarify	To loosen, break up, tear up, and partially pulverize the surface of soil or of a road.					

Term	Definition					
Scour	Erosion of a river bed area caused by water flow.					
Screeding	The process of striking off excess material to bring the top surface to proper contour and elevation.					
Seal	A concrete mass poured under water in a cofferdam that is designed to resist hydrostatic uplift. The seal facilitates construction of the footing in dry conditions.					
Seasonal Adjustments	Adjusting the traffic count data so that it reflects the time of year during which construction will take place, if different from the traffic count date.					
Seed File	A CAD file which has been set up with certain generic parameters.  Typically they come with certain reference files attached.					
Shoofly	Detour alignment of temporary roadway around a fixed object, such as a railroad track or bridge. Very similar to an on-site diversion, yet often less formal in its design and anticipated duration.					
Shotcrete	Mortar or concrete pneumatically projected at high velocity onto a surface.					
Shoulder(s)	[ORS 801.480] The portion of a highway, whether paved or unpaved, contiguous to the roadway that is primarily used by pedestrians, for the accommodation of stopped vehicles, for emergency use and for lateral support of base and surface courses, exclusive of auxiliary lanes, curbs, and gutters.					
Shrinkage	Contraction of concrete due to drying and chemical changes, dependent on time.					
Shy Distance (E- Distance)	The distance from the edge of the traveled way beyond which a roadside object will not be perceived as an immediate hazard by the typical driver, to the extent that the vehicle's placement or speed will be changed. Often it is an extra 2' added to the right shoulder where roadside barriers are used. The left shoulder is increased only when the shoulder is 10' or more.					
Sight Distance	The length of roadway ahead visible to the driver.					
Silt	Soil, passing a No. 200 sieve that is non-plastic or exhibits very low plasticity.					
Slope	<ul> <li>The degree of inclination to the horizontal. Usually expressed as a:</li> <li>ratio, such as 25:1, indicating 1 unit rise in 25 units of horizontal distance or run, i.e. run/rise ratio,</li> <li>decimal fraction (0.04),</li> <li>degree (2°) or</li> <li>percent (4%).</li> </ul>					
Slope Paving	Pavement placed on the slope in front of an abutment to prevent soil erosion.					

Term	Definition					
Special Event	Any planned activity that brings together a community or group of people for an expressed purpose including, but not limited to, parades, bicycle races, road runs and other activity that result in changes to traffic volumes on the state highway creating total or partial closure of state highways or state highway sections.					
Special Provisions	The specifications for a project that augment and have authority over the standard and supplemental specifications. They are commonly referred to as "specials".					
Specifications	The body of directions, provisions, and requirements, together with written agreements and all documents of any description, made or to be made, pertaining to the method or manner of performing the work, the quantities, and the quality of materials to be furnished under the contract.					
Standard Detail	A detail which can be copied from one project to another and can be modified to fit the project needs.					
Standard Drawings	Detailed drawings for work or methods of construction that are selectively included in a project book.					
Standard Specifications	Detailed specifications for project work, found in the Oregon Standard Specification Construction Book.					
State Highway	The State Highway System as designated by the Oregon Transportation Commission, including the Interstate system.					
State Highway Index Number	An Oregon Transportation Commission approved identifier assigned to a highway. Every state highway has a state highway index number, commonly referred to as a State Highway Number.					
State Highway Name	An Oregon Transportation Commission approved name used in conjunction with a State Highway Index Number to identify a state highway.					
State Highway System	Public roads owned and operated by the State of Oregon through the Oregon Department of Transportation.					
State Plane Coordinates	The plane-rectangular coordinate system established by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. Plane coordinates are used to locate geographic position.					
Station	A distance of 100 feet measured horizontally.					
Stirrup	Vertical U-shaped or rectangular shaped bars placed in concrete beams to resist the shearing stresses in the beam.					
Structures	Bridges, retaining walls, endwalls, cribbing, buildings, culverts, manholes, catch basins, drop inlets, sewers, service pipes, underdrains, foundation drains, and other like or similar features which may be encountered in the work.					

Term	Definition					
Subbase	A course of specified material of specified thickness between the subgrade and a base.					
Subgrade	The top surface of completed earthwork on which subbase, base, surfacing, pavement, or a course of other material is to be placed.					
Sufficiency Rating	A method of evaluating data by calculating four separate factors to obtain numeric value which is indicative of bridge sufficiency to remain in service. The result of this method is a percentage in which 100% would represent an entirely sufficient bridge and 0% would represent an entirely insufficient or deficient bridge.					
Superelevation	The difference in elevation between the inside and outside edges of a roadway in a horizontal curve; required to counteract the effects of centrifugal force.					
Superstructure	Those parts of a structure above the substructure, including bearing devices.					
TEA-21	The Transportation Equity Act for the 21st century.					
Tining	Used on finished concrete deck or slab surfaces to provide friction and reduce hydroplaning. Grooves are placed in the plastic concrete or cut into the hardened concrete.					
Traffic Control Device (TCD)	Any sign, signal, marking, or device placed, operated or erected for the purpose of guiding, directing, warning or regulating traffic.  Any device that remotely controls another traffic control device by electrical, electronic, sound or light signal.  Any sign that is held or erected by a highway maintenance or construction crew working in the highway.					
Traffic Lane	That part of the traveled way marked for moving a single line of vehicles.					
Traveled Way	That part of the roadway for moving vehicles, exclusive of shoulders and auxiliary lanes.					
Traversable Median	A median that by its design does not physically discourage or prevent vehicles from entering upon or crossing it and are typically built to provide a separation between opposing traffic but do not impede traffic from crossing the median. Such medians include painted medians and continuous two-way left-turn lanes.					
Typical Section	A cross-section established by the plans which represents in general the lines to which the contractor shall work in the execution of the contract.					
UGB	Urban Growth Boundary – The area surrounding an incorporated city in which the city may legally expand its city limits.					
US Route	A route system established by the US Congress to facilitate travel on main highway throughout the nation. This route system is regulated by an AASHTO committee.					

Term	Definition					
Utility	A line, facility, or system for producing, transmitting, or distributing communications, power, electricity, heat, gas, oil, water, steam, waste, storm water not connected with highway drainage, or any other similar commodity which directly or indirectly serves the public. The term utility shall also mean the utility company, district, or cooperative, including any wholly owned or controlled subsidiary.					
V/C Ratio	Volume to Capacity Ratio – A measure of roadway congestion, calculated by dividing the number of vehicles passing through a section of highway during the peak hour by the capacity of the section. V/C is the mobility criteria for Oregon highways, as defined in the 1999 Oregon Highway Plan.					
VMT	Vehicle Miles of Travel – Miles traveled per vehicle multiplied by the total number of vehicles.					
Warning Lights	Portable, lens-directed, enclosed lights. The color of the light emitted shall be yellow. They may be used in either a steady-burn or flashing mode. Refer to MUTCD, Section 6F.72.					
Warrants	The criteria by which the need for a safety treatment or improvement can be determined.					
Water/Cement Ratio	The weight of water divided by the weight of cement in a concrete; ratio controls the strength of the concrete.					
Wearing Surface	The top layer of a pavement designed to provide structural values and a surface resistant to traffic abrasion.					
Weep Hole	A drain hole through a wall to prevent the building up of hydraulic pressure behind the wall.					
Wet Signature	Final Mylar plots requiring the signature of the responsible professional and must be signed by hand. Electronic versions of professional stamps are acceptable, but signatures are not.					
Work Zone (WZ)	An area of a highway with construction, maintenance or utility work activities. It extends from the first warning sign to the "End Road Work" sign or the last traffic control device.					
WZ Traffic Analysis Request Form	The form requesting to have WZ Traffic Analysis performed for a project. Most commonly filled out by TCP Designers or Transportation Project Managers and sent to a WZ Traffic Analyst. A copy of the ODOT Request Form is included in Appendix C.					

## **Appendix C: Forms**

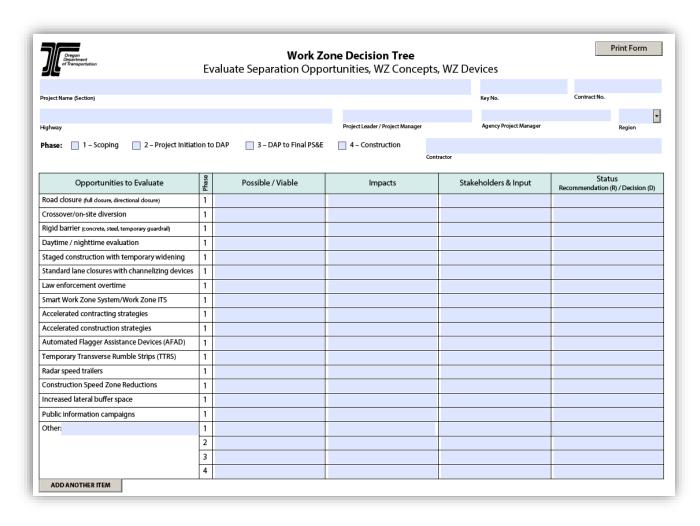


Figure C-1: Work Zone Decision Tree Form

	OREGON DEPARTM Traffic-Roadway Sect Traffic Standards & A 4040 Fairview Industr Salem, Oregon 97302	ion sset Man ial Drive :	agement Unit MS#5		WORK Z	SECONDATION SEEDS		Pri	EST FORM	
rom Sec eduction	tion 6 of this form	<b>may</b> r	not necessarily of the construction	result on scop	in a reduced so be of work and t	peed. Tr	affic Engine	The presence of on ering staff will detern Some conditions m	nine if a speed	
raffic Ma Vith a St Janager	anager before sul ate Traffic Engine review and signa	omittin er Lett ture is	g to the Traffic ter of Support a required befor	-Roadv and no e resul	way Section for changes to the bmitting the Fo	a Letter traffic o	of Support ontrol plan Traffic-Ro	Control Plan Design or Construction Sp , only the Construc adway Section for a s required before si	peed Zone Order. tion Project a Construction	
	nis form and a cop Please allow 10 bu							ction (Attn: Kathi M	cConnell) for	
or help a varranted • Act	and instructions, se	e the F an ten f	form's Instruction	ns and ge of th	Definitions docune traveled way;	iment. W		eed zone reductions	are generally not	
ROJECT N	1 - PROJECT INFOR	МАПО	N		CONTRACT, KEY,	RUNDI F#		BID DATE	START WORK DATE	
KOJECI N	AWIL				CONTRACT, RET,	BOINDEL #		BIDDATE	START WORK BATE	
IIGHWAY [	2]				PROJECT START	MP PROJE	CT END MP	COUNTY		
	-			<b>-</b>	PROJECT START MP PROJECT END MP			<b>▼</b>		
REQUESTIN	IG A:					CONST	. SPEED ZONE	ORDER REQUESTS	REQUEST DATE	
	tate Traffic Engineer etter of Support		Construction Spe	ed	Amend Existing		ave STE etter of Support	No changes to		
XISTING P		ADT (VE	H/DAY) [2]		S PERCENTILE [2]					
Jescribe in G	aetaii any unique sяе со	narions t	nat may conflict with	normal	ariver expectancy (e.	g.: IImītea s.	gnt aistance au	e to changes in horizontal	verticai alignments, etc.)	
Describe in d		and con	dition or operation w					the portion(s) of the traffic rribe in separate paragrapi		
							200 3	12001		
	4 - LOCATION			- 29	7075		ested speed lin	nit for each operation or co		
Describe the	4 - LOCATION  operation's or condition lease describe using the							ragraphs.	ndition. If other than	
Describe the	operation's or condition							ragraphs.	ndition. If other than	

Figure C-2: Work Zone Speed Reduction Request Form (1/2)

DATE:  SECTION 5 - TIMING  Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stage/phase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition of describe in separate paragraphs.  SECTION 6 - FACTORS  Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures often than a speed preduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed.  Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance.  Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	s Instructions and corary traffic control
Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stage/phase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition of describe in separate paragraphs.  SECTION 6 - FACTORS  Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary transeasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed.  Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance.  Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	s Instructions and corary traffic control
SECTION 6 - FACTORS  Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed.  Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance.  Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	orary traffic control
Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed. Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way. Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	orary traffic control
Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed. Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way. Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	orary traffic control
Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed. Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way. Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	orary traffic control
Select the work type and factor(s) for the construction speed zone reduction and explain. Work type definitions and diagrams are located in the Form's Instruction Definitions. The presence of one or more factors does not necessarily result in a reduced speed. Some conditions may benefit better from temporary trameasures other than a speed reduction.  GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed. Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way. Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	orary traffic control
GENERAL CONDITIONS  Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed. Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier. Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way. Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Temporary horizontal curve is designed and includes an advisory speed >10 mph below pre-construction posted speed.  Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Reduced safe speed for stopping sight distance. Condition conflicts with normal driver expectancy.  SHOULDER ACTIVITIES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way. Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
SHOULDER ACTIVITIES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way, unprotected by barrier.  LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
LANE ENCROACHMENTS, CENTERLINE ENCROACHMENTS, OR LANE CLOSURES  Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Uninterrupted traffic flow with workers present for extended periods, within 10 feet of the traveled way or in a closed lane, unprotected by barrier.  Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Barrier within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	barrier.
Pavement edge drop-off (>2 inches) within 2 feet of the traveled way.  Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	
Lane width reduction resulting in a lane width of ≤11 feet on freeways, ≤10 feet on non-freeways.	
TEMPORARY ON-SITE DIVERSION	
Temporary on-site diversion lane widths ≤11 feet.	
Advisory speed for temporary on-site diversion's horizontal curvature >10 mph below the pre-construction posted speed.	
SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES The regular to the regular and placed by the Construction Project Manages, Treffic Control Flor Decisions, and Basica, Treffic Manages before as by this for	Wine to the Treffie
The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager, Traffic Control Plan Designer, and Region Traffic Manager before submitting to Roadway Section for a Letter of Support or Construction Speed Zone Order. With a State Traffic Engineer Letter of Support and no changes to the traffic control.	ffic control plan, only
the Construction Project Manager review and signature is required before resubmitting the Form to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a Construction Speed Zone permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.	ed∠one Oraer. ⊢or
REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE	
CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER <sup>7</sup> SIGNATURE DATE	
X	
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER** SIGNATURE DATE	
TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER'' SIGNATURE DATE  X	
X	

Figure C-3: Work Zone Speed Reduction Form (2/2)

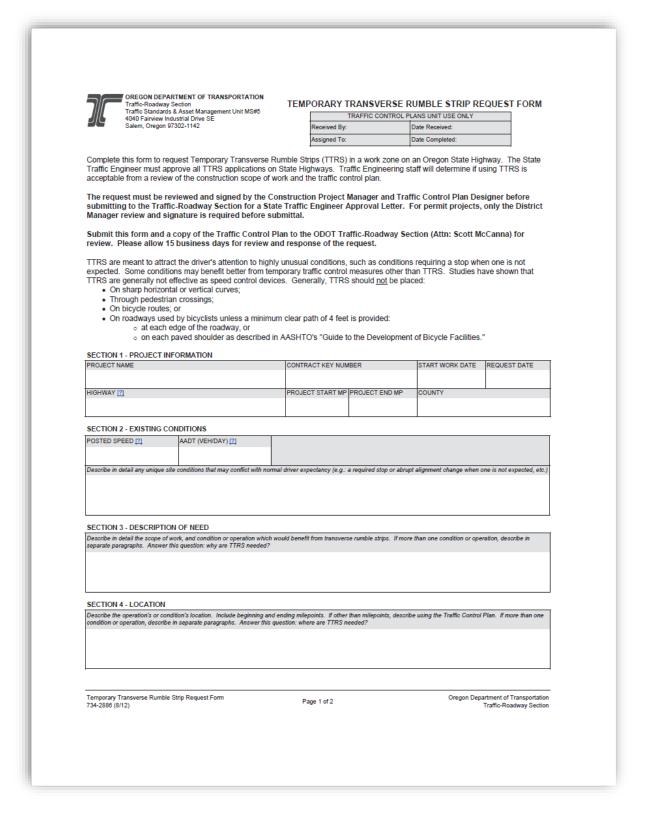


Figure C-4: Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Form (1/2)

EXECTION 5 - TIMBNG  Decorder when the operation or condition will be in place using stage/phase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, electrics in separate paragraphs. Accesser the question, when are TRIS needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The region that be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Foodney Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  OATE  A  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  JIGNATURE  OATE  A  **Vici. needed for permit work  **For permit work: Destrict Manager  Temporary Transverse Runthle Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	ECTION 5 - TIMING  Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stapsibless, specific activity, project milestons, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate pure projects, Acres of the question; when are TRE2 received?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Central Plan Designer before submitting. The Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Empire Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the Destrict Manager review and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ATE  The permit work: Detrict Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Crespon Department of Transportation	SECTION 5 - TIMING  Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stappiblase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Asswer the specialism, when are TRES needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Central Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitting.  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  ONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  ATE  ONOSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANA	SECTION 5 - TIMING  Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stappiblase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Asswer the specialism, when are TRES needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Central Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitting.  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  ONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  ATE  ONOSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ONTER MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANAGER*  TRAFFIC CONTROL MANA	ECTION 5 - TIMING  Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stapsibless, specific activity, project milestons, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate pure projects, Acres of the question; when are TRE2 received?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Central Plan Designer before submitting. The Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Empire Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the Destrict Manager review and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ATE  The permit work: Detrict Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Crespon Department of Transportation	DATE:	QUEST FORM	
Second   S	Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stagephase, specific activity, project milectone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Answer this question: when are TTRS needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a 35th traffic Englewer Agrowal Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  VA  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  VA  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  VA  CONSTRUCTION Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stagephase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Answer this question: when are TTRS needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a 30% traffic Englave Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitting. PHONE  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  Viol needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stagephase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Answer this question: when are TTRS needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a 30% traffic Englave Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitting. PHONE  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  Viol needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	Describe when the operation or condition will be in place using stagephase, specific activity, project milectone, or time of day, etc. If more than one condition or operation, describe in separate paragraphs. Answer this question: when are TTRS needed?  SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a 35th traffic Englewer Agrowal Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  VA  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  VA  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  VA  CONSTRUCTION Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	SECTION 5 - TIMING	HIGHWAY: , MP - MP COUNTY:	
SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting is the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Roadway Reproval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submitted.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  DATE  **CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  OATE  **Not needed for permit work.**  **Por permit work. District Manager  **Por permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation.	SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required and aligned by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Roadway Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before authorities.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ATE  **Work Invended for permit work*  **For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required and dispried by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Representation of Project Manager review and signature is required before authorities.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  V  Whot needed for permit work  "For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required and dispried by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Representation of Project Manager review and signature is required before authorities.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  V  Whot needed for permit work  "For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	SECTION 7 - SIGNATURES  The required and aligned by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Roadway Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before authorities.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER*  SIGNATURE  ATE  **Work Invended for permit work*  **For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation			
The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY  EMAL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  *Not needed for permit work  **For permit work: District Manager  **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Flam Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engage Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER* SIGNATURE  X VIol needed for permit work.  **For permit work: District Manager*  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Final Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engine Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.**  **For permit work. District Manager*  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Final Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engine Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.**  **For permit work. District Manager*  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Flam Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engage Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER* SIGNATURE  X VIol needed for permit work.  **For permit work: District Manager*  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Oregon Department of Transportation.	Describe when the operation or condition will be in place usin describe in separate paragraphs. Answer this question: when	1g stage/phase, specific activity, project milestone, or time of n are TTRS needed?	day, etc. If more than one condition or operation,
The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Flan Designer before submitting to be Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY EMAL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  *Not needed for permit work  **For permit work.** District Manager  **For permit work.** District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Flam Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engine Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittat.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.**  **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to be Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittat.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.  **For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before submitting to be Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittat.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.  **For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation.	The required must be reviewed and signed by the Construction Project Manager and Traffic Control Flam Designer before submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a State Traffic Engine Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittat.  REQUESTED BY EMAIL PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER* SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work.**  **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation.			
State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REGUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  **Tor permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Sirp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	Slate Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  AX  **Not needed for permit work  **For permit work. District Manager  **Tor permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation	Slate Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  PHONE  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work*  **For permit work: District Manager  **To permit work: District Manage	Slate Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  PHONE  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  **Not needed for permit work*  **For permit work: District Manager  **To permit work: District Manage	Slate Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, only the District Manager review and signature is required before submittal.  REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  AX  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  AX  **Not needed for permit work  **For permit work. District Manager  **Tor permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation  Oregon Department of Transportation			
REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Volt needed for permit work  **For permit work.*  District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Volt needed for permit work  **For permit work.*  District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Volt needed for permit work  **For permit work.*  District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	REQUESTED BY  EMAIL  PHONE  TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*  SIGNATURE  X  CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work. District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	The request must be reviewed and signed by the Construction State Traffic Engineer Approval Letter. For permit projects, of	in Project Manager and Traffic Control Plan Designer before only the District Manager review and signature is required bef	submitting to the Traffic-Roadway Section for a fore submittal.
X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE X *Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  **Tor permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work. *For permit work: District Manager  *Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Femporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Femporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work. *For permit work: District Manager  *Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation			
X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE X *Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  **For permit work: District Manager  **Tor permit	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work. *For permit work: District Manager  *The permit work is a signature of the permit work is a signature	X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE X *Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  **For permit work: District Manager  **Tor permit	X CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER** SIGNATURE X *Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  **For permit work: District Manager  **Tor permit	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work. *For permit work: District Manager  *The permit work is a signature of the permit work is a signature	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS DESIGNER*	SIGNATURE	DATE
CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**  SIGNATURE  X  *Not needed for permit work  *For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strp Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	- CONTROL DATE DEGICALITY		5.112
**For permit work* **For permit work*  **For permit work*  **Tor p	**For permit work* **For permit work*  **For permit work*  **Tor p	**For permit work* **For permit work*  **For permit work*  **Tor p	**For permit work* **For permit work*  **For permit work*  **Tor p	**For permit work* **For permit work*  **For permit work*  **Tor p	CONSTRUCTION PROJECT MANAGER**		DATE
*Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	*Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	*Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	*Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	*Not needed for permit work **For permit work: District Manager  Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strio Request Form  Oreon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Oregon Department of Transportation			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2880 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	For permit work. District Manager		
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2880 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2800 (8/12)  Oragon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation T734-2880 (8/12)  Oregon Department of Transportation T734-2800 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation T744-2888 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation T734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Oragon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation T744-2888 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2888 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2  Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)  Page 2 of 2  Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2888 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2888 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2898 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)			
Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2886 (8/12)	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12) Page 2 of 2 Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12)  Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation 734-2896 (8/12) Traffic-Roadway Section	Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form Page 2 of 2 Oregon Department of Transportation T734-2886 (8/12)			
154-2000 (012) Traffic-Roadway Section	Traffic-Roadway Section	199-2000 (0112) Traffic-Roadway Section	Traffic-Roadway Section	Traffic-Roadway Section			
					Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form	Page 2 of 2	Oregon Department of Transportation
					Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Request Form 734-2886 (8/12)	Page 2 of 2	Oregon Department of Transportation Traffic-Roadway Section

Figure C-5: Temporary Transverse Rumble Strip Form (2/2)

Traffic	Analysis Work Reque	st Form
Key No:	Prefix:	County:
Project Name:		
Hwy. Name:		Hwy. No.:
Beginning MP:		End MP:
Requested by:		Phone:
Section:		
Request Date:	Due Date:	Date Out:
	Job Field Options	
☐ Project Analysis ☐ Interchange Analysis ☐ Signal Analysis ☐ Storage Analysis		Cost Analysis Detour Analysis Work Zone
	Projected Work Required	
Two Way - One Lane Daily Lane Closures Extended Lane Closures Limited Total Closures/ Full Closures/Detour		☐ Chip Seal ☐ Left Turn Storage ☐ Signals ☐ Slow Downs ☐ Extra Closure Lengths
	Brief Project Summary:	

Figure C-6: Example Traffic Analysis Form

# **Appendix D: Traffic Control Plans Checklist**

Traffic Control Task/Item	Notes	
This list is an attempt to capture all of the items included in Traffic (	Control Plan Development and is by no means comprehensi	ve.
Transportation Management Plan	See the FHWA Publication Developing and Implementing TMP for Work Zones - Appendix A for TMP Checklist	
<b>Project Description</b>		
<u>Project Background</u>		
<u>Project Type</u>		
<u>Project Area/Corridor</u>		
Project Goals and Constraints		
Permit Requirements		
Proposed Construction Phasing/Staging		
<u>General Schedule and Timeline</u>		
Related Projects		
<b>Existing Conditions</b>		
Roadway Characteristics		
Pre-Construction Posted Speed		
Traffic Data (volumes, speed, capacity, etc)		
<u>Traffic Operations</u>		
<u>Crash Data</u>		
<u>Community Input</u>		
Project Conditions		
Roadway Characteristics		
Vertical/Horizontal Clearances		
Abrupt Edges		
<u>Traffic Projections</u>		
<u>Mobility</u>		
Delay		
Motor Carrier Notification and Coordination		
<u>Traffic Operations</u>		
Temporary or Portable Signals		
Haul Routes & Waste Sites		
Traffic Analysis		
Lane Allowances and Restrictions		
Local Events		
Holidays & Weekends		
<u>Community Input</u>		
Construction Approach/Phasing/Staging Strategy		
Utility Operations		
Alternative Contracting Methods		

Figure D-1: TCP Checklist (1/4)

Temporary Traffic Control Strategies	
Traffic Control Strategies	
Speed Zone Reduction (Temporary), STE Approval	
Traffic Signal (Temporary), STE Approval	
Shoulder Closure	
Lane Closure(s)	
Full Closure	
Detour	
Weight Restrictions	
Vertical/Horizontal Clearances	
Detour Signs/Striping - Both Directions	
Geometrics	
Local government/community notification and input	
Access - Business/Residential	
Non motorized user detours	
Emergency/Public Transit/School/Mail impacts	
Detour Agreement	
Crossover	
Rolling Slowdown	
Diversion	
Extended Traffic Queue's	
Night Work	
Flaggers/Pilot Cars	
Lane Shift	
Blasting Traffic Control - closure	
Traffic Control Devices	
Temporary Signs (see TCP Cost Estimator for list of signs)	
Temporary Striping	
Channelization Devices	
Rumble Strips, STE Approval	
Pavement Markers	
Barricades	
Barrier (Concrete & Guardrail	
Glare Shields	
Temporary Barrier Panels	
Impact Attenuators	
Sequential Arrow Signs	
Portable Changeable Message Signs	
Temporary Traffic Signals (Portable)	
Flagger Station Lighting	
Portable Traffic Management System	
Steel Plates in Roadway	

Figure D-2: TCP Checklist (2/4)

Traffic Control Bid Itams (Charle TCB Cost Estimator)	1
<u>Traffic Control Bid Items(Check TCP Cost Estimator)</u>	<u> </u>
TEMPORARY PROTECTION AND DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC	
TEMPORARY WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL, COMPLETE	
TEMPORARY SIGNS	
TEMPORARY BARRICADES, TYPE II or III	
TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL, TYPE 2A, 3, or 4 REFLECTORIZED	
TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL TERMINALS, FLARED or NON-FLARED	
TEMPORARY GUARDRAIL TRANSITION	
TEMPORARY BRIDGE CONNECTIONS	
TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER, REFLECTORIZED	
TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER, TALL, REFLECTORIZED	
MOVING TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER	
TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR	
MOVING TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATORS	
TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR, TRUCK MOUNTED	
TEMPORARY GLARE SHIELDS	
MOVING TEMPORARY GLARE SHIELDS	
REFLECTIVE BARRIER PANELS	
PEDESTRIAN CHANNELIZING DEVICES	
REPAIR TEMPORARY IMPACT ATTENUATOR	
SURFACE MOUNTED TUBULAR MARKERS	
REPLACE SURFACE MOUNTED TUBULAR MARKERS	
TEMPORARY PLASTIC DRUMS	
TEMPORARY DELINEATORS	
TEMPORARY REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKERS	
TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT MARKERS	
TEMPORARY REMOVABLE TAPE	
TEMPORARY NON-REMOVABLE TAPE	
TEMPORARY NON-REFLECTIVE TAPE	
TEMPORARY STRIPING	
TEMPORARY PAVEMENT LEGENDS	
TEMPORARY PAVEMENT BARS	
TEMPORARY TRANSVERSE RUMBLE STRIPS	1
STRIPE REMOVAL	
LEGEND REMOVAL	
TEMPORARY ILLUMINATION	
TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL	
PORTABLE TRAFFIC SIGNAL	
SEQUENTIAL ARROW SIGNS	
PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGNS	
OVERHEIGHT VEHICLE WARNING SYSTEM	+
PORTABLE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEM MOBILIZATION	-
PORTABLE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	
FLAGGERS	
FLAGGER STATION LIGHTING	
AUTOMATED FLAGGER ASSISTANCE DEVICE	
TRAFFIC CONTROL SUPERVISOR	
PILOT CARS	

Figure D-3: TCP Checklist (3/4)

Public Information Strategies	
Public Awareness Strategies	
Business Access Delineation & Signing	
Pilot Car Local Residence/Business Notification	
Motorist Information Strategies	
Portable Traffic Management Systems	
Use of Permanent VMS	
Transportation Operations Strategies	
Demand Management Strategies	
Emergency Vehicles	
Corridor/Network Management Strategies	
Work Zone Safety Management Strategies	
Positive Protection for Workers	
Traffic/Incident Management and Enforcement Strategies	
Work Zone Enforcement	
Tow Truck	
Contract Deliverables	
<u>Specifications</u>	
Standard Specifications	
Boilerplate Special Provisions	
Unique Special Provisions	
Custom Special Provision	
<u>Plans</u>	
Standard Drawings	
Traffic Control Details	
Traffic Control Plans - Stage and Phase Plans	
Detour Plan	
Cross Sections	
<u>Estimate</u>	

Figure D-4: TCP Checklist (4/4)

# **Appendix E: Design Conversion Charts**

Table E-1: Sizing Increments

English (Inches)	Metric (mm)
3	76
6	152

Table E-2: Sign Letter Heights

English (Inches)	Metric (mm)
4	102
5	127
6	152
8	203
10	254
10 2/3	271
12	305
13 1/3	339
15	381
16	406
18	457

Table Appendix E-3: Border and Radius Sizes

English (Inches)	Metric (mm)
1/2	13
1	25
1 ½	38
2	51
3	76
6	152
9	229
12	305

Table E-4: Arrow Sizes

English (Inches)	Metric (mm)
4 X 6	102 X 152
5 X 7	127 X 178
6 X 9	152 X 229
8 X 12	203 X 305
10 X 16	254 X 406
15 1/8 X 24 1⁄4	384 X 616
18 ¼ X 29 ¼	464 X 743
22 ¼ X 35 5/8	565 X 905

# Appendix F: Work Zone Unit Member's Roles and Responsibilities

## **State Work Zone Engineer**

- Manages the statewide temporary traffic control plan design program. Oversees functions and activities within the ODOT Traffic Control Plans Unit.
- Responsible for developing, updating, teaching and interpreting statewide design standards and practices used in the development of temporary traffic control plans for long and short-term highway construction projects and maintenance operations.
- Oversees the development of Standard Specifications, Special Provision language and Standard Drawings used in the development of temporary traffic control plans.
- Provides technical support to ODOT Region Design offices, consulting engineering firms, City and County agencies, private utility companies, and contractors in the development of traffic control plans, selecting appropriate traffic control measures, solving project-specific challenges, or crafting project-specific special provision contract language.
- Provides technical support for region construction personnel in exploring traffic control plan modifications; the interpretation of specification language; implementation of temporary traffic control measures; or, addressing work zone traffic operational issues.
- Provides technical support and responses to members of the public through inquiries made through ODOT's *Ask ODOT* website.
- Manages and publishes the ODOT "Traffic Control Plans Design Manual".
- Manages and publishes the "Oregon Short Term Traffic Control Handbook for Operations of 3 Days or Less".
- Coordinates and publishes the annual ODOT "Work Zone Review Summary Report".
- Manages and participates in the maintenance of Sections 00220 through 00229 of the Oregon Standard Specifications for Construction.
- Delivers ODOT's 2-day *Traffic Control Plan Design Workshop* training course.
- Leads quarterly meetings of the *ODOT Statewide Work Zone Action Group (SWAG)* of region TCP designers. Meetings are used to maintain statewide work zone and traffic control design consistency and application of statewide standards and practices; and, to exchange discipline information and current developments/technologies.

## **Traffic Work Zone Standards Engineer**

- Responsible for development, maintenance, interpretation of temporary traffic control
  plans design practices and standards, standard specifications, special provisions,
  standard drawings, and cost estimate data.
- Researches, develops and recommend new/modified statewide standards, specifications, and procedures related to temporary traffic control plan design. Reviews and recommends exceptions to statewide design standards, specifications and design procedures.
- Provides technical assistance to region traffic control plans designers, City and County Public Works agencies and consulting firms in the design of Traffic Control Plans.
- Participates as a member of the *Qualified Products List Committee*. Provides input to the committee regarding the testing, application, approval or disapproval of temporary traffic control devices and products submitted by vendors.
- Assists in the delivery of ODOT's 2-day *Traffic Control Plan Design Workshop* training course.
- Provides technical support to ODOT region design offices, consulting engineering firms,
   City and County agencies, private utility companies, and contractors in the development of traffic control plans, selecting appropriate traffic control measures, solving project-specific challenges, or crafting project-specific special provision contract language.
- Provides technical support for region construction personnel in exploring traffic control plan modifications; the interpretation of specification language; implementation of temporary traffic control measures; or, addressing work zone traffic operational issues.
- Assists the work zone engineer in leading quarterly meetings of the *ODOT Statewide* Work Zone Action Group (SWAG) of region TCP designers.

## **Traffic Work Zone Analyst**

- Manages the statewide work zone Traffic Analysis discipline as part of the Traffic
  Control Plans Unit. Responsible for the development, maintenance, and use of ODOT's
  work zone Traffic Analysis tool; and, publication of the ODOT work zone Traffic
  Analysis Manual.
- Manages the curriculum for, and delivers ODOT's two-day "work zone Traffic Analysis" class.
- Researches, develops and recommends new/modified statewide standards, specifications, and procedures related to work zone traffic analysis. Reviews and recommends exceptions to traffic analysis and operation-related design standards, specifications and procedures.
- Provides technical support to ODOT region design offices, consulting engineering firms,
  City and County agencies, private utility companies, and contractors in the development
  of traffic control plans, selecting appropriate traffic control measures, solving projectspecific challenges, or crafting project-specific special provision contract language.
- Provides technical support for region construction personnel in exploring traffic control plan modifications; the interpretation of specification language; implementation of temporary traffic control measures; or, addressing work zone traffic operational issues.
- Assists in the delivery of ODOT's 2-day Traffic Control Plan Design Workshop training course.
- Assists the work zone engineer in leading quarterly meetings of the *ODOT Statewide* Work Zone Action Group (SWAG) of region TCP designers.