OREGON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DESIGN EXCEPTION REQUEST

For Roadway Sec	ction Office use only
Control No:	

Section Name:								Route	No.:		
Highway Name:								Highwa No.:		1	
County Name:		Region:		Key No.:		2		EA No.	.:	3	3
Begin MP:		RDWY ID:	1 🗆	2 🗌	4	Mil	eage	Туре:	5	0 🗆] Z [
End MP:		Mileage Overlap Code:				0					
PROJECT DATA											
Functional		7									
Classification: Current ADT (Ye	ear)·	-					De	sign AD	T (Yea	r)·	
% Trucks:	<u> </u>	Vertical Cl Route:	earanc	е		Yes			1 (100	/	
Posted Speed:		Design Sp	eed:			9		Bid D	Date:		
	Funding:										
				A -I	-1242		0 1 1	- 141			
Current	Estimate:			Ad	ditio	onal (o Meet indard:			
Current Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10		Design Category	3R 🗌 4R 🗍	1R 🗌 SF 🗍		NHS Non NHS	Sta		Top 10% SPIS Site:		11 Yes
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10	Yes No	Design Category	4R 🗌	1R □ SF □		NHS Non NHS	Sta		10% SPIS		Yes 🗌
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception	Yes No	Design Category	4R 🗌	1R 🗌 SF 🗍 teria in I		NHS Non NHS	Sta	indard:	10% SPIS Site:		Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control	4R Ing Cri	1R 🗌 SF 🗍 teria in I	BOL	NHS Non NHS	Sta	esign Life	10% SPIS Site:	//C R	Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception Design Spee Lane Width Shoulder Width	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control Su	4R ☐	1R SF teria in I	BOL	NHS Non NHS	Sta	esign Life	10% SPIS Site:	//C R	Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception Design Spee Lane Width	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control Su Ve	4R ☐	1R	BOL	NHS Non NHS	Sta	esign Life	10% SPIS Site:	//C R	Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception Design Speed Lane Width Shoulder Width Distance	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control Su Str	Iing Cri perelev rtical C	1R	BOL	NHS Non NHS	Sta : : De : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	esign Life ke Lane/ dewalk V	10% SPIS Site:	//C R	Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception Design Speet Lane Width Shoulder Width Shoulder Width Horizontal A Vertical Align	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control Su Ve Str AD	ling Criperelevertical Control	1R	BOL	NHS Non NHS	Sta : : De Width Sie	esign Life ke Lane/ dewalk V	10% SPIS Site:	//C Ra	Yes No
Federal Highwa Approval Required: 10 Design Exception Design Speed Lane Width Shoulder Width Shoulder Width Horizontal A	Yes No	Design Category A 13 Control Su Str Cle AD Sp Su	ling Criperelevation Control C	1R	BOL ty	NHS Non NHS	Sta : : De Midth Sid Me Di Br	esign Life ke Lane/ dewalk V	10% SPIS Site: e and V Multi-U Vidth idth idth Parking	//C Ra	Yes No

13				
Description of Pro	ject (From Prospectus)):		
Location of Design	n Feature:			
Crash History & Po	otential: (Specifically	as it applies to requested	l exception)	
Reasons For Not A Environmental, Etc		Such As Cost/ Benefit, Cra	ash History,	
Effect on Other Sta	andards:			
Compatibility with	Adjacent Sections:			
Probable Time bef	ore Reconstruction o	f Section:		
Mitigation For Exc	eption Included In De	esign:		
Supporting Docum Alignments Sheets		appropriate Plan Section	n, Cross Sec	ction,
16				
<u>Signatures</u>				
Prepared By:			Date:	
	(Engineer of Record)			
	Print Name:		Phone:	
	Company Name:		1 1101101	
	Company			
	Address:			
	City:		ST:	Zip:
	Email Address:			_
Concurred By:			Date:	
Concurred By:	(ODOT Program Manager: Ar BDU, Private Public Partnersh	rea Manager, District Manager, hips, Local Government)	Duto.	
	(Print Name)			

Description of Exception:

Manager) (Print Name (State Road (Print Name P ENG	dway Engineer)	Date:
Approved By: (State Road (Print Name) P ENG	dway Engineer)	Date:
(State Road (Print Name		Date:
(Print Name		
ENG	e)	
ENG		
	PREPARED BY:	APPROVED BY:
F	SINEER OF RECORD	STATE ROADWAY ENGINEER
	PROFESSIONAL	PROFESSIONAL
EN	NGINEER STAMP	ENGINEER STAMP
	l l	

- **State Highway Number**: The ODOT, 3-digit number given to each state highway for identification purposes. Generally, this is not the same as the route number. If the project is off the State Highway System, use "Local" for the highway number.
- **Key Number:** The ODOT unique 5-digit number given to each project.
- **EA Number and Sub-Job**: The ODOT internal account number for the project including the sub-job number.
- **Roadway ID:** In ODOT's GIS, the roadway identifier code determines the alignment when there is a separated highway alignment such as a freeway. Code 1 is for the primary alignment that increases with the mile point. Code 2 is for the alignment with the decreasing mile points. Note: state highway 001 (I-5) is opposite to this rule.
- Mileage Type: In ODOT's GIS, the mileage type code is for when there are unique mile points along a highway. The Z code indicates an overlap in the mile points. During realignment that lengthens the highway, an overlap in the mile points will result. The Z code indicates the repeated mile points.
- Mileage Overlap Code: In ODOT's GIS, the mileage overlap code is used when the "Z" code is used to indicate each unique occurrence of duplicate mile points. A code of 1 is use for the first occurrence, a code of 2 for the second occurrence, etcetera.
- **Functional Classification**: The functional classification for State Highways can be found in ODOT's Highway Design Manual (HDM) in <u>Appendix A</u>.
- **Vertical Clearance Route**: These specific routes designated for high loads are listed in ODOT's Highway Design Manual (HDM) in Appendix C.
- Design Speed: The design speed is a critical design component that defines multiple design standards. It is not necessarily the same as posted speed. The HDM in Chapter 2 and AASHTO's "A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets 2011" in the chapter titled Design Controls and Criteria, discuss the design speed at great length. The selection of design speed is made by the Regional Roadway Manager with consultation given by Technical Services Roadway Engineering Unit.
- **Federal Highway Approval Required:** FHWA and ODOT have an agreement document known as the Stewardship Agreement. In the agreement, FHWA must approve exceptions to standards on pre-selected projects. The pre-selected projects are designated as Full Federal Oversight (FFO). In addition to the FFO projects, any project on the Interstate Highway System that has an exception to any of the 13 controlling criteria also must be approved by FHWA.
- **SPIS Site:** The Safety Priority Indexing System (SPIS) rates specific location of crashes. Safety funding may be available to correct locations that are in the top 10%. This information is available from the ODOT Traffic Management Section.

Design Speed, ADA Standards, and Bridge Rail: These are items that are the most difficult to justify. These will only be considered in extreme situations with mitigation measures included.

Design Speed effects many other design standards that can have unintended reductions in inappropriate locations.

ADA standards get into civil rights issues. Documentation of specific project decisions is required for these sensitive designs. Physical inability to comply with prescribed design standards requires a design exception. Fiscal constraints for not complying with standards require an additional letter signed by the agency head or designee.

The Bridge Rail exception refers to the NCHRP Report 350 crash test level requirement or the AASHTO MASH test level requirements. Variations from the Bridge Standard Drawings are considered Deviations granted by the State Bridge Engineer.

Description of Exception: Limit the number of exceptions to 3 types per form. The use of multiple forms helps to segregate the issues.

When multiple exceptions are being requested, grouping like items on the same form is encouraged. For example, horizontal alignment, vertical alignment, and super elevation share closely related issues.

When multiple exceptions are contained in one form, number the exceptions beginning in this section and keep consistent numbering through the document's remaining sections.

- Crash History & Potential: Evaluation of the Safety Priority Index System (SPIS) for specific locations within the project limits that are in the top 10% of the index. SPIS sites include funding from the Safety Investment Program. This information is available from the Traffic Management Unit. Compare crash rates to average crash rates for similar highways in this section. Discuss the potential for increase or decrease in crash rates. Include the types of crashes and the relationship to the design exception.
- Mitigation: Include the items that are included in the project to mitigate the specific design exception. There are suggested items to use in the HDM in Chapter 6.
- **Supporting Documentation:** The Design Exception submittal must include appropriate plan section, cross section, alignment sheet and plan details. Digital pictures may also be included.