

Environmental Training – Topic 3: Hazmat

KYLE ROSLUND, RG

- Region 2 Senior HazMat Geologist
- 3.5 years with ODOT

Kyle came to ODOT with approximately 15 years of consulting experience, focusing on site investigation and project management.



Kyle's background includes working on large Superfund site projects, mine waste assessment and reclamation, hazardous building materials assessment, and health and safety planning.





HazMat Best Practices for Local Agencies

Kyle Roslund, ODOT





Topics:

Why do you need HazMat assessments?

 Tips on deliverables, typical concerns, problems, and assumptions

Example – Assessment vs. Assume Contaminated



Why Assess?

- Understand Liability
- Navigate Regulatory Requirements
- Worker Safety
- Waste Management
- Required for Federal Funding







Statement of Work

 Background report – Right-of-Way Acquisition and/or Ground Disturbance

Hazardous Materials Corridor Study

- ASTM Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment
- Level 1 Initial Site Assessment
- Minimal Assessment Memo



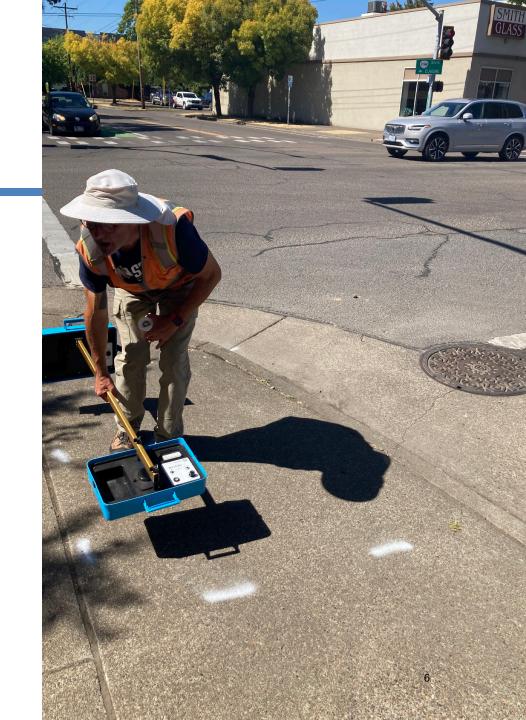




Statement of Work

- Active, Reserved or Contingency?
 - Shoulder Soil Investigation
 - Asbestos Survey/Structure Survey
 - Geophysical Survey
 - Site Specific Investigation







Hazardous Materials Corridor Study

- Initial Background Report
- Needed on almost every project

Use qualified consultants

Exceptions







What is Shoulder Soil?

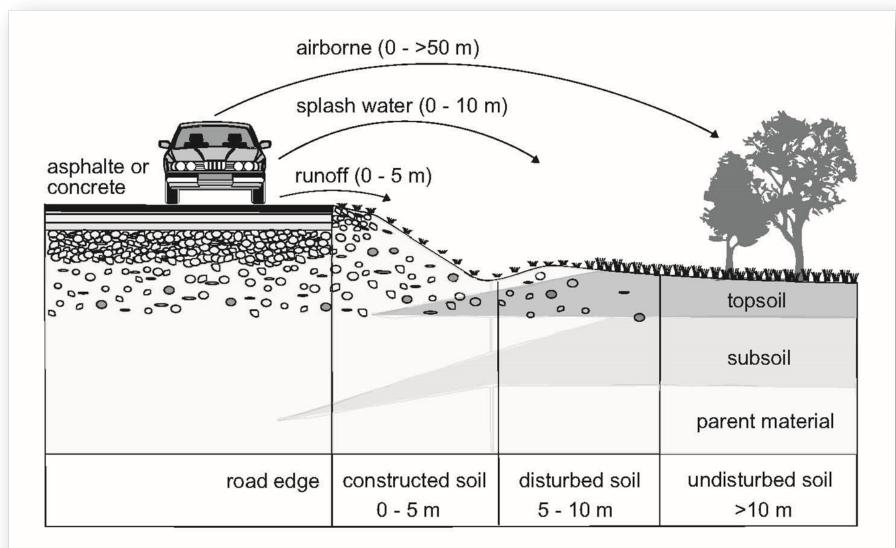




Fig. 1. Schematic sketch of a roadside environment and pathways for pollutant dispersion.



Not Shoulder Soil







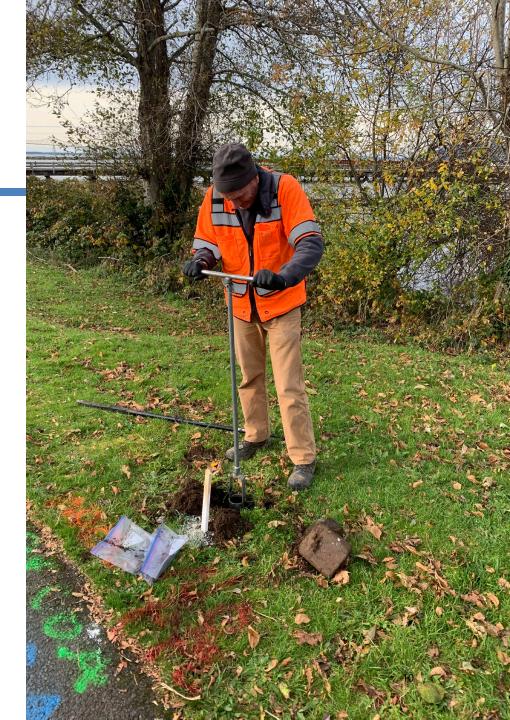




Shoulder Soil

- Beneficial Use Determination (BUD)
- Metals and Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)
- Reuse based on location
- Shoulder soil impacted by a feature, use, or "site" is no longer shoulder soil
- Assume it's dirty but someone will have to sample it at some point







Reuse Based on Location

Table 1: Deschutes Columbia

Province: Deschutes Columbia						
Depth (ft bgs)	Distance from edge of pavement (ft)					
(ft bgs)	0-15	15-30	30+			
0-0.5	Non-residential construction fill	Non-residential construction fill	CFD			
0.5-1.0	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD			
1.0-1.5 ₩	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD			

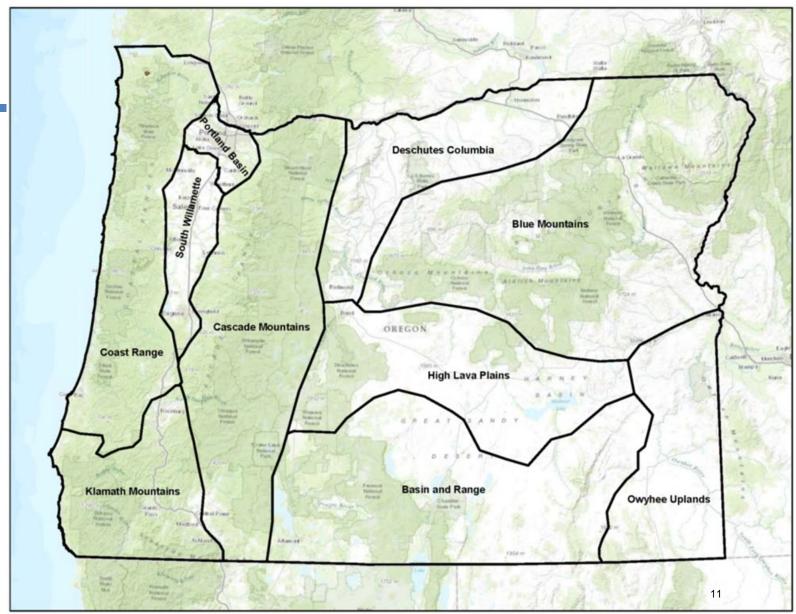
Table 2: Coast Range

Province: Coast Range					
Depth (ft bgs)	Distance from edge of pavement (ft)				
(it bgs)	0-15	15-30	30+		
0-0.5	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD		
0.5-1.0	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD		
1.0-1.5 ↓	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD		

Table 3: High Lava Plains

Province: High Lava Plains					
Depth	Distance from edge of pavement (ft)				
(ft bgs)	0-15	15-30	30+		
0-0.5	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD		
0.5-1.0	Non-residential construction fill	CFD	CFD		
1.0-1.5 ♥	CFD	CFD	CFD		







Geophysical Survey

 Underground storage tanks (USTs) or utility conflicts

 Recommend for any soil disturbance next to a listed UST(or Leaking UST) site, or any site that looks suspect









Structure Survey







Example

Assessment

- Hazardous Materials Corridor Study
 - ✓ Identify Concerns/Sites
- Shoulder Soil Assessment/Clean Fill Determination
 - ✓ Sample Waste Streams shallow soil
- Geophysical Investigation
 - ✓ Identify problematic utilities and USTs
 - ✓ Inform investigations, estimate and contract
- Site-Specific Investigation
 - ✓ Sample Waste Streams subsurface soil and groundwater
- If you have potential for contaminated groundwater on a project, you should do an investigation

Assume Contaminated

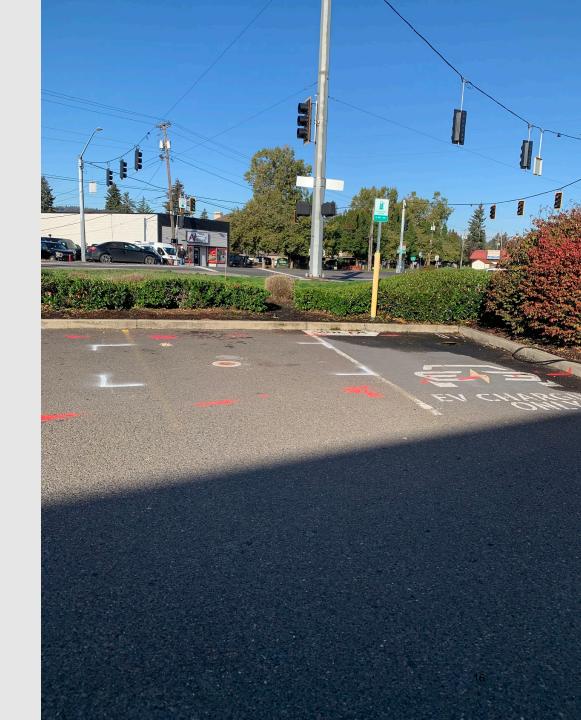
- Hazardous Materials Corridor Study
 - ✓ Identify Concerns/Sites
- Geophysical Investigation
 - ✓ Identify problematic utilities and USTs
 - ✓ Inform investigations, estimate and contract



Example

Assume Contaminated (Cont.)

- No Assessment for Shoulder Soil or Subsurface Soil/Groundwater
 - Assumptions (Contract and Estimate)
 - ☐ Contaminated Soil Disposal
 - ☐ Lead Compliance Plan
 - ☐ May need Health & Safety Plan
 - Segregate and Stockpile Soil
 - Sample Collection and Analytical Testing
 - Contaminated GroundwaterMobilization
 - Contaminated Groundwater Removal
 - ☐ Contract needs to be modified to describe sampling needs
 - ☐ Cost/Benefit 50 cubic yards or less soil it may be reasonable to assume







Questions?

Kyle.roslund@odot.Oregon.gov