House Bill 2707

Sponsored by Representatives SCHARF, GAMBA; Representatives CATE, HIEB, LEVY B, MORGAN, Senator WEBER (Presession filed.)

SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure **as introduced**.

Requires sentencing court to order person convicted of drunk driving offense that resulted in death of victim to pay restitution to surviving child of victim in form of child maintenance.

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT Relating to restitution for surviving children of deceased victim of drunk driving. 2 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon: 3 SECTION 1. (1) As used in this section: 4 (a) "Surviving child" means a surviving minor child of the victim. 5 (b) "Surviving parent" means the surviving spouse of the victim who is the parent of a 6 surviving child. 7 8 (c) "Work-related child care expenses" means expenses for the care of a surviving child due to the employment of the surviving parent. 9 (2) Notwithstanding any statute or rule to the contrary, and subject to subsection (6) of 10 this section, when a person is convicted of any of the following offenses and the deceased 11 12 victim of the offense was the parent of a minor child, the sentencing court shall order the person to pay restitution in the form of child maintenance to each surviving child: 13(a) Manslaughter in the second degree as described in ORS 163.125 that resulted from the 14 person's driving of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants; or 15 (b) Aggravated vehicular homicide as described in ORS 163.149. 16 17(3) The court shall determine an amount that is reasonable and necessary to be paid as child maintenance to a surviving child under this section. In determining the amount of 18 19 maintenance to be paid, the court shall consider the following factors: 20 (a) The financial needs and resources of the surviving child; 21(b) The financial needs and resources of the surviving parent or the guardian of the 22surviving child, including the resources of the state if the surviving child is in state custody; 23(c) The standard of living to which the surviving child is accustomed; (d) The physical and emotional condition of the surviving child and any necessary re-24sources to support such condition; 25 26 (e) The education needs of the surviving child; (f) The surviving child's physical and legal custody arrangements; and 27 (g) Any work-related child care expenses of the surviving parent or the guardian of the 28 surviving child. 29 (4) A person shall pay restitution ordered under subsection (2) of this section to each 30 surviving child until the surviving child reaches 18 years of age and receives a certificate of 31 NOTE: Matter in **boldfaced** type in an amended section is new; matter [*italic and bracketed*] is existing law to be omitted. New sections are in **boldfaced** type.

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1 graduation from high school or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate.

2 (5) Restitution amounts paid under this section shall be made to the clerk of the court 3 as trustee for remittance to the surviving parent or guardian of the surviving child within 4 three business days of receipt of the restitution payment.

5 (6)(a) If the court finds that the person is unable to pay the child maintenance ordered 6 under this section due to the person's incarceration, the court may suspend enforcement of 7 the order for the period of incarceration and for the one-year period immediately following 8 the person's release from incarceration.

9 (b) Nothing in paragraph (a) of this subsection is intended to relieve a person of the ob-10 ligation to pay in full to a surviving child the maintenance support that was owed to the 11 surviving child during a period for which enforcement was suspended.

12 (7)(a) Nothing in this section limits or impairs the right of a surviving parent or a 13 guardian of the surviving child to sue in a civil action for damages suffered as a result of the 14 offenses described in subsection (1) of this section.

(b) The court shall credit any restitution ordered under this section against any judgment
awarding economic damages in a subsequent civil action.

17 (c) If a judgment in a civil action awarding damages is entered into prior to a judgment 18 in a criminal action, the sentencing court may not order child maintenance to be paid as 19 restitution under this section.

20 <u>SECTION 2.</u> Section 1 of this 2023 Act applies to offenses committed and convictions en-21 tered on or after the effective date of this 2023 Act.

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