



OSSPAC 9/13/2022: Introduction to the Cascadia CoPes Hub



Cascadia CoPes Hub Vision

Increase communities' coastal resilience to protect their lives, identities, and values through scientific advancements

Provide information for hazard assessments, mitigation, and adaptation measures—including planning, policy making, and engineering — **working in collaboration with coastal communities.**



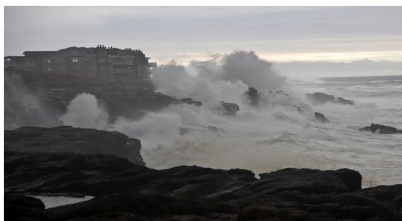
<https://cascadiacopeshub.org/>
cascadia.copes@oregonstate.edu

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Testing 2 Hypotheses



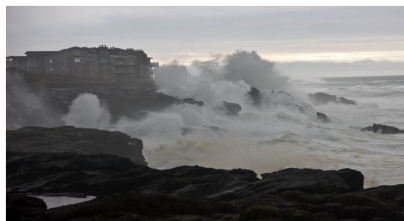
1. Advancing coastal hazards science will transform communities understanding of the coastal risks they face

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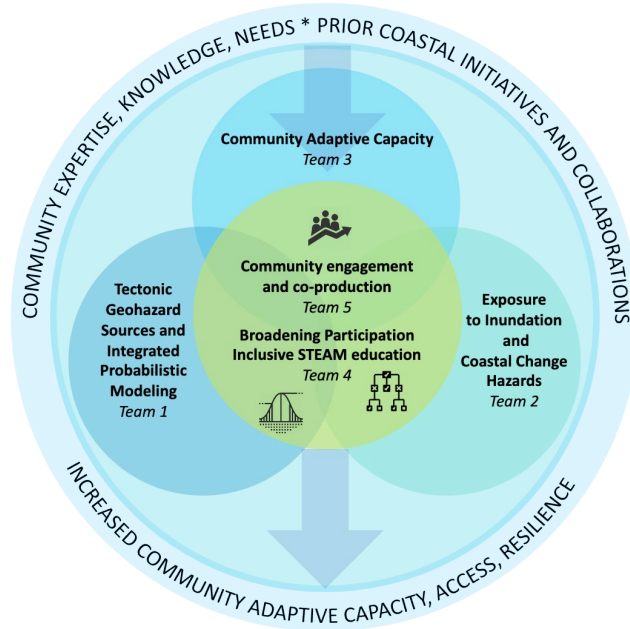


1. Advancing coastal hazards science will transform communities understanding of the coastal risks they face



2. An inclusive co-produced approach to advancing hazard assessments and mitigation will increase coastal communities' ability to adapt and broaden participation in lowering disaster risk

Five interconnected teams are carrying out the work of the Cascadia CoPes Hub



Research Teams:

Team 1 - Tectonic Geohazard Sources and Integrated Probabilistic Modeling

Team 2 - Exposure to Inundation and Coastal Change Hazards

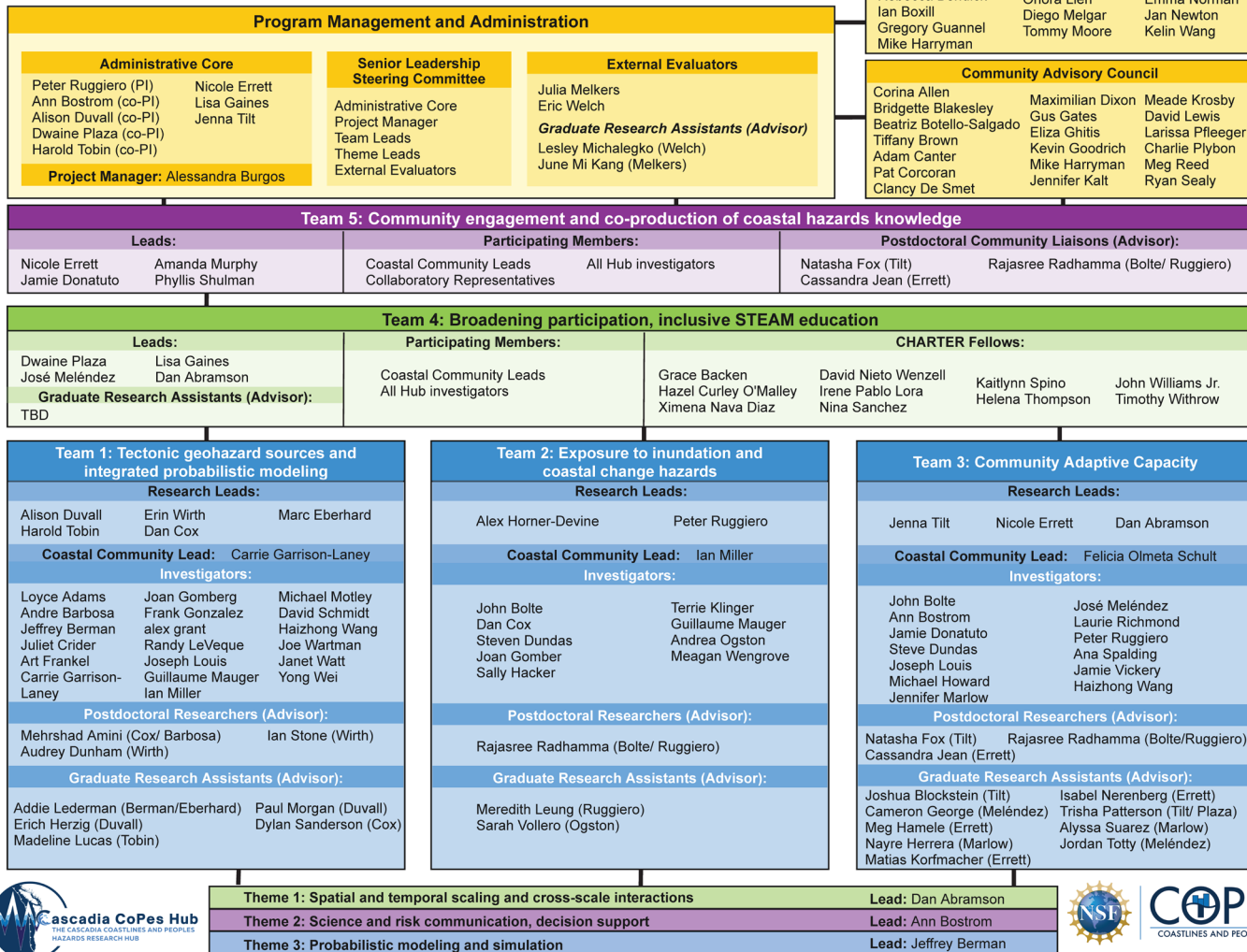
Team 3 - Community Adaptive Capacity

Integrative/ Cross-cutting teams:

Team 4 - Broadening Participation and Inclusive STEAM Education

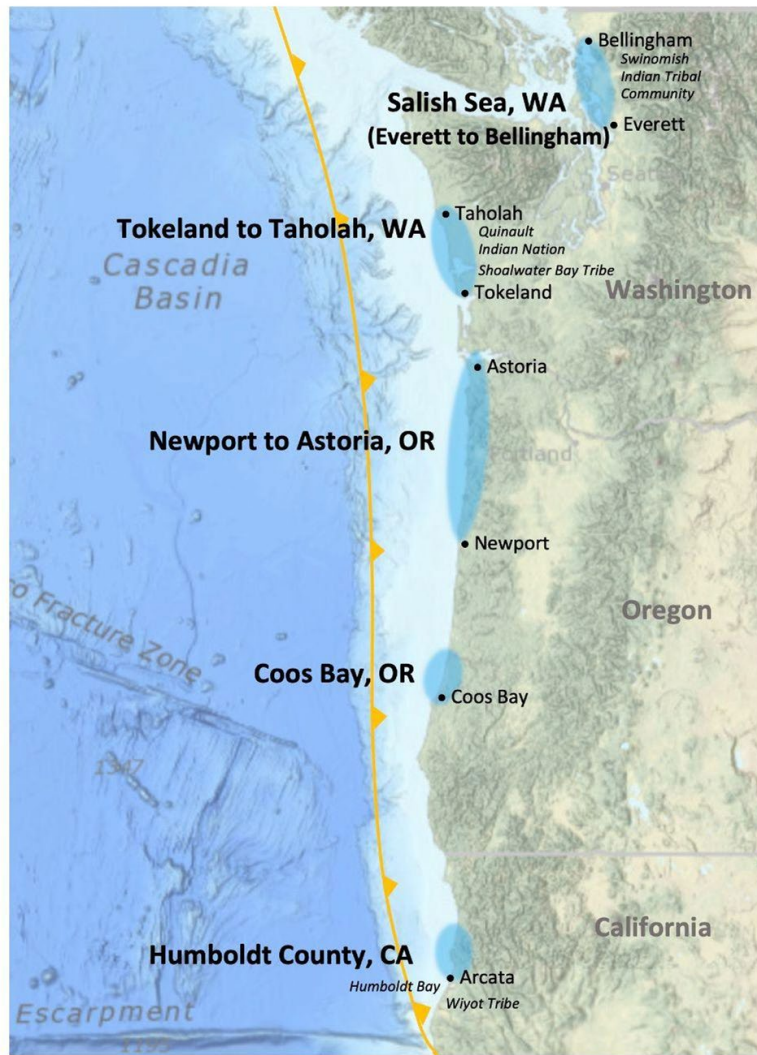
Team 5 - Community Engagement and Co-Production of Coastal Hazards Knowledge

Cascadia Coastlines and Peoples Hazards Research Hub



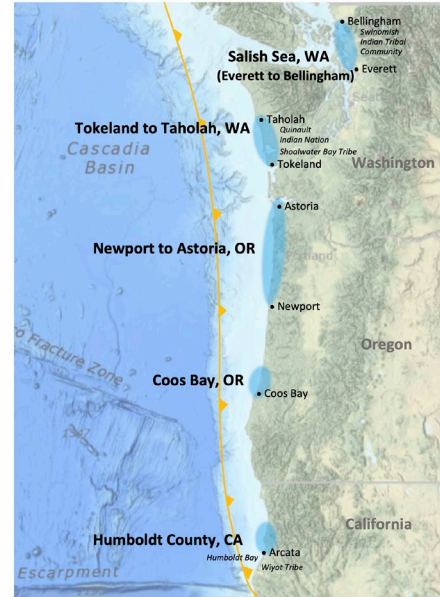
Hub Collaboratories

Collaboratories have tractable scales of geography for in-depth, **equity-focused, community engaged**, and **convergent research**. They are **diverse** with regard to **geography, geology, ecology**, and various community metrics. These are locations that have engaged or will soon engage with Hub scientists.



Community Engagement and co-production of coastal hazards science

- Engage coastal communities, especially underrepresented communities and populations, in identifying research priorities that integrate community values and protect valued assets
- Bridge Hub research with communities to enhance their adaptive capacities and sustainability
- Build upon and leverage past and current coastal initiatives to integrate the expressed needs and interests of communities with Hub research
- Build the networks of self-involved community members, while expanding the number of potential future participants in ongoing co-production processes



Community Engagement and co-production of coastal hazards science



Coastal Hazards Support

CONNECT with regional experts for

-  Coastal Hazard Research
-  Science Communication
-  Technical Assistance

 **Cascadia CoPes Hub**
THE CASCADIA COASTLINES AND PEOPLES
HAZARDS RESEARCH HUB

Learn more and submit your request
for support at cascadiacopeshub.org
cascadia.copes@oregonstate.edu

Cascadia Community-Engaged Research Clearinghouse **CCERC**

A PATHWAY FOR COMMUNITIES AND PRACTITIONERS
TO CONNECT TO THE CASCADIA COPES HUB

4 MECHANISMS TO SUPPORT COMMUNITY NEEDS:

- Post Doctoral Coastal Community Liaisons
- Co-Production Studios + Labs
- Hub Researcher Expertise, Networks, & Resources
- Coastal Community Leads

HOW IT WORKS:

STEP 1



INVITE COMMUNITY LEADERS AND
PRACTITIONERS TO SUBMIT COLLABORATION
OR SUPPORT REQUESTS

STEP 2



REGULARLY REVIEW REQUESTS TO DETERMINE
RIGHT HUB MECHANISM FOR SUPPORT

- Hub Coastal Community Lead, Liaison or Project Manager
- Co-Production Studios / Labs
- Hub Research Leadership Team Pilot Project

STEP 3



CONNECT COMMUNITIES WITH APPROPRIATE
HUB RESEARCHERS

STEP 4



PROVIDE AD-HOC TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR
COMMUNITY-ENGAGED RESEARCH DESIGN OR
IMPLEMENTATION

Broadening participation, inclusive Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Mathematics (STEAM) education

Cascadia CHARTER Undergraduate Fellowship Program

Coastal Hazards and Resilience Training, Education, and Research

Enhance university sophomore-junior experiences in research, outreach & engagement for underrepresented and minority undergraduate students

Cascadia TEACH Project

Training, Education, and Research in Coastal Hazards

Create new university K-12 community science research experiences

Cascadia CoPes GRT

Graduate Research Traineeship

Convergent science training of graduate students and postdocs

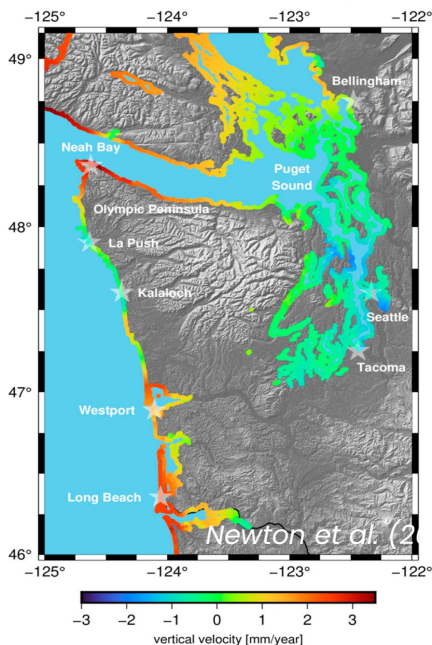
CHARTER Fellows Bootcamp

8-10 July 2022



Tectonic Geohazard Sources and Integrated Probabilistic Modeling

Coastal Vertical Land Velocity

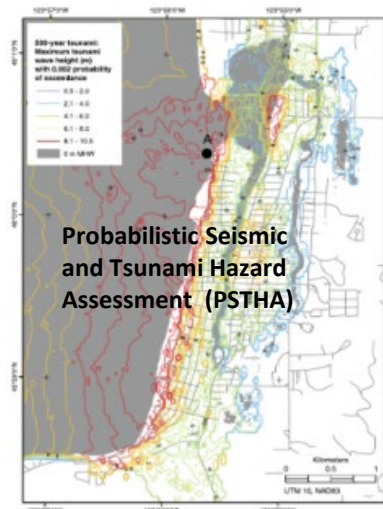


Goal 1: Identifying Tectonic Hazards & Recurrence Rates

- Identifying onshore and offshore faults
- Updated estimates of vertical land movement
- New landslide mapping and dating
- New geologic observations & dating
- Landscape modeling and geomorphic assessments
- Recurrence interval estimations

Goal 2: Scenario Simulations

- Coupled earthquake-landslide-tsunami simulations
- Multi-Hazard Impacts of Shaking and Inundation on Coastal Infrastructure
- Tsunami Debris Forecasting and Vulnerability Assessment



Integrated State-of-the-Art Simulations

Building Response

(Wirth, Frankel & Marafi)

(Berman, Marafi & Eberhard)

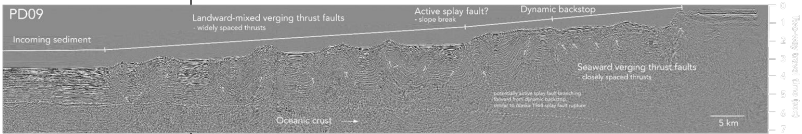
Mapping and characterizing active faults using seismic images (Team 1)

Project Goals:

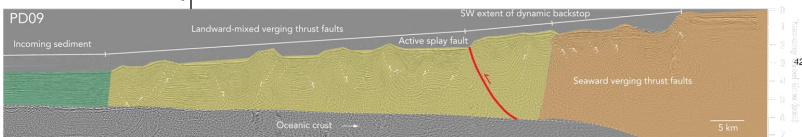
- Use geophysical data to map and characterize active faults that might slip in future Cascadia Subduction Zone megathrust earthquakes (mainly in the offshore region of Cascadia)
- Use mapped faults as inputs for earthquake and tsunami simulations

Highlights:

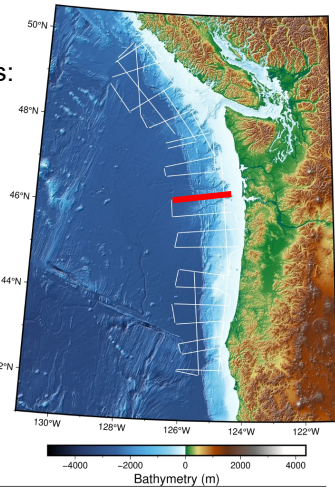
Raw offshore subsurface image:



Structural interpretation of active faults:



Map of new seismic images:



Barriers:

- There are 100's of different faults in the offshore region and we do not know which faults are more likely to slip in future Cascadia earthquakes and tsunamis.

Methods to overcome barriers:

- Apply structural geology methods to determine which faults are most active
- Narrow down the faults we include in simulations to three main types: buried rupture, splay fault, and trench-breaking

Achievements/ Next Steps:

- We are analyzing both existing seismic images and bathymetric mapping, as well as over 50 new seismic images of the offshore collected during the allied CASIE21 Seismic Imaging Experiment 2021 (CASIE21)
- UW graduate student Madeleine Lucas presented structural analysis of active faults identified in the new CASIE21 seismic images at two major conferences: AGU 2021 and SSA 2022

Community Islanding

Dylan R. Sanderson, Daniel Cox,
Andre R. Barbosa, John Bolte

“How connected are people *within* a community and how connected are they to the *region* after a CSZ event?”

Highlights:

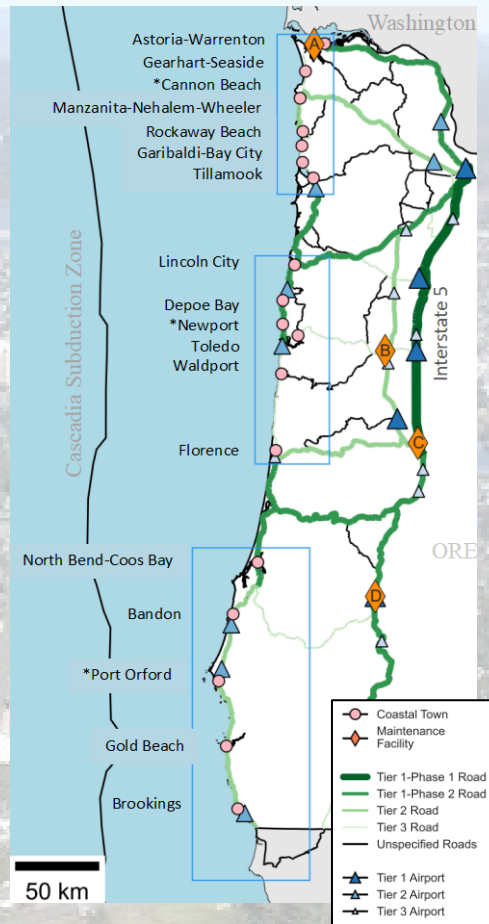
- Differences in *local* and *regional* connectivity due to highway damage and repair
- Focus on 18 coastal communities spanning entire Oregon Coast
- Redistribution of repair resources from valley to coast can benefit some coastal communities

Next steps:

- Public outreach through press release and public appearances
- Next stakeholder engagement: Oregon State of the Coast (Newport, 10/5/22)
- Future study incorporating community-identified assets (w/ Jenna Tilt)

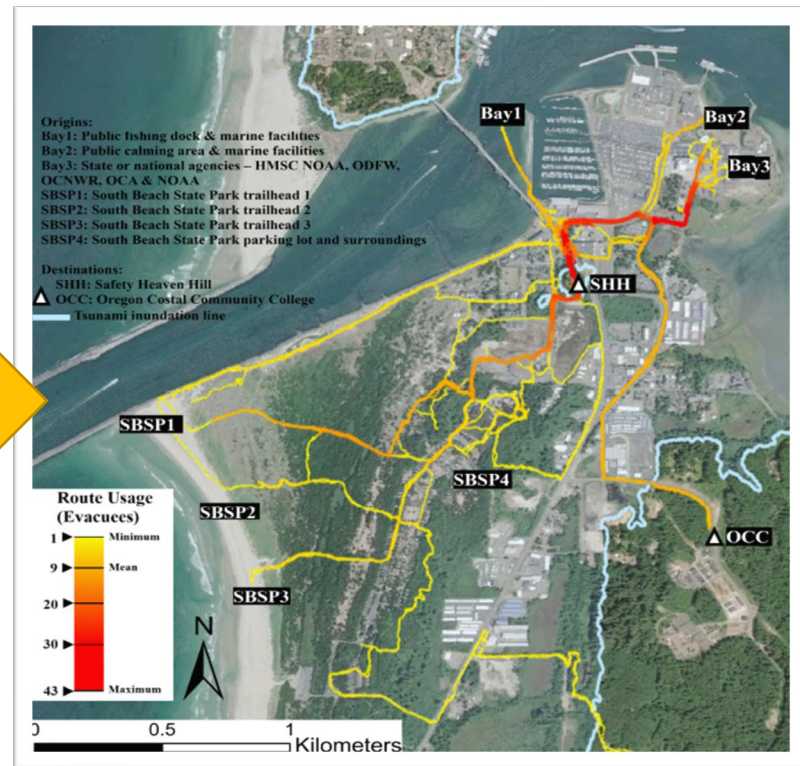
POC: Daniel Cox (dan.cox@oregonstate.edu)

Reference: Sanderson D, DT Cox, A Barbosa, J Bolte “Modeling regional and local resilience of infrastructure networks following disruptions from natural hazard,” *Journal of Infrastructure Systems*, doi.org/10.1061/(ASCE)JIS.1943-555X.0000694.



Senior Capstone: Evacuation Drill App Development

Haizhong Wang



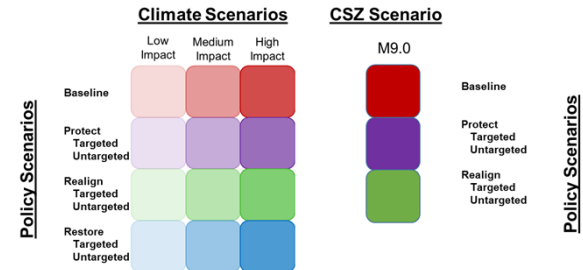
Community Adaptive Capacity

Increase adaptive capacity of coastal communities to prepare respond, and recover from chronic and acute hazards by:

- Integrating multiple worldviews and knowledge systems into disaster risk assessment
- Identifying approaches that fortify communities who will likely be isolated following disaster events, while strengthening community equity and livability
- Building capacity of local governance systems to create more equitable adaptation strategies and policies
- Developing support tools to evaluate local adaptation strategies and support the appropriate decisions



Family Community walk with LISTOS, Newport, Oregon Photo Credit: Katie Stanton



Envisioning Alternative Coastal Futures

Exposure to Inundation and Coastal Change Hazards

Goal 1: Quantifying risk from extreme coastal water levels

- Communities lack information to plan for increased flood and erosion risk
- Conduct integrated, probabilistic studies in climate and hydrodynamics, to quantify exposure to coastal hazards under present and future conditions



Goal 2: Quantify evolution of coastal morphology and coastal ecological response

- Predict erosion/accretion and subsequent habitat change in muddy embayments, on sandy shorelines, and in mixed sediment environments
- Describe likely impacts on resources threatened with habitat loss
- Evaluate role of changes in sand supply, wave environments, and marine nutrients

Goal 3: Evaluate natural and nature-based features for climate change adaptation

- Determine a NNBF approach for a system and if its is appropriate for selected vulnerable areas.
- Investigate how NNBF can be combined in ways that promote synergies and reduce tradeoffs among ecosystem services valued by communities



Major accomplishments in first 12+ months

1. **HIRING** – Project Manager (Ali Burgos); ~20 graduate students and postdocs (combined)
2. **FELLOWSHIP**– On boarded 10 CHARTER Fellows and completion of summer 2022 Bootcamp!
3. **PILOT PROJECTS** – Underway - opportunity for community-engaged pilot projects and emergent research activities;
Six pilot proposals have been awarded including:
 - a. ‘Rapid response to a large-scale tsunami advisory: Better understanding if, how, and why Cascadia coastal communities receive warnings and change behaviors’
 - b. ‘Collecting critical infrastructure inventories in the Tokeland to Toholah Collaboratory’
 - c. ‘Enhance community disaster preparedness and resiliency through physical and virtual drills’
 - d. ‘Inclusive community-based STEAM identity-building in coastal hazards research: Pilot activities for Cascadia TEACH with the Ocosta School District, WA
4. **ENGAGEMENT** – Successful engagements e.g.,
 - a. Congressional briefing to house Ocean caucus
 - b. Presentation to Yachats, OR
5. **ADVISORY BOARDS** –
 - a. External Advisory Committee (EAC) convened, meetings April 19th and June 22nd ,2022.
 - b. Community Advisory Council (CAC) first meeting June 15th, 2022.
6. **SEMINARS** – Sustained, well attended seminar series, in partnership with Cascadia Coastal Hazards CoPe Research Coordination Network.
7. **ANNUAL MEETING** – First annual meeting held, with community panel, Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) training, tribal engagement training, science talks, poster session, etc.
8. **RESEARCH**– Lots of exciting research is currently underway!

Thanks!

Peter Ruggiero

**Co-Director and Principal Investigator,
Cascadia Coastlines and Peoples Hazards Research Hub
Professor, College of Earth, Ocean, and Atmospheric Sciences**

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