

Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Adventist Health System/West

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 with Report of Independent Auditors

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Adventist Health System/West

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

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Ernst & Young LLP Suite 900 400 Capitol Mall Sacramento, CA 95814 Tel: +1 916 218 1900 ey.com

Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors Adventist Health System/West

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Adventist Health System/West (Adventist Health), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Adventist Health at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations, changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Adventist Health and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Adventist Health's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Adventist Health's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial
 statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Adventist Health's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Exrect + Young LLP

March 18, 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheets

	December 31		
	2021		2020
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30	4 \$	261
Short-term investments	15	7	176
Patient accounts receivable	68	9	612
Receivables from third-party payors	37	9	501
Other current assets	22		243
Total current assets	1,75		1,793
Noncurrent investments	2,29	1	2,236
Other assets	43		413
Property and equipment, net	2,18	5	2,302
Total assets	\$ 6,66	<u>4</u> <u>\$</u>	6,744
Liabilities and net assets			
Accounts payable	\$ 37		265
Accrued compensation and related payables	32		306
Liabilities to third-party payors	20		232
Other current liabilities	24		140
Short-term financing	3		60
Current maturities of long-term debt	3		20
Total current liabilities	1,21	2	1,023
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	2,00	0	2,036
Other noncurrent liabilities	32	3	570
Total liabilities	3,53	5	3,629
Net assets without donor restrictions:			
Controlling	3,04	4	3,040
Noncontrolling	1		14
Net assets with donor restrictions	7	0	61
Total net assets	3,12	9	3,115
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,66	<u>4</u> <u>\$</u>	6,744

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

	 Year Ended 2021	Decen	December 31 2020	
Revenues and support				
Patient service revenue	\$ 4,660	\$	4,097	
Premium revenue	189		185	
Other revenue	348		477	
Net assets released from restrictions for operations	18		15	
Total revenues and support	 5,215		4,774	
Expenses				
Employee compensation	2,308		2,246	
Professional fees	782		587	
Supplies	785		641	
Purchased services and other	1,231		1,105	
Interest	65		68	
Depreciation and amortization	193		201	
Total expenses	 5,364		4,848	
Loss from operations	(149)		(74)	
Nonoperating income				
Investment income	163		178	
Loss on acquisition and divestitures	_		(1)	
Other nonoperating (loss) gain	(5)		6	
Total nonoperating income	158		183	
Excess of revenues over expenses	9		109	
(Excess) deficit of revenues over expenses from noncontrolling interests	(1)		2	
Excess of revenues over expenses from controlling interests	8		111	

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (continued)

	Year Ended 2021	Year Ended Decemb 2021 2	
Net assets without donor restrictions	 		
Controlling			
Excess of revenues over expenses from controlling interests	\$ 8	\$	111
Net change in unrealized gains and losses on other-than-trading			
securities	(10)		7
Donated property and equipment	_		1
Net assets released from restrictions for capital additions	5		7
Other	1		_
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions – controlling	 4		126
Noncontrolling			
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses from noncontrolling			
interests	1		(2)
Increase (decrease) in net assets without donor restrictions –	 		
noncontrolling	1		(2)
Net assets with donor restrictions			
Restricted gifts and grants	32		24
Net assets released from restrictions	(23)		(22)
Other donor-restricted activity			1
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	 9		3
Increase in net assets	14		127
Net assets, beginning of year	3,115		2,988
, <u></u>	 		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,129	\$	3,115

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31 2021 2020			
Operating activities				
Increase in net assets	\$	14	\$	127
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		193		201
Gain on early extinguishment of debt		_		(4)
Amortization of bond issuance costs and discount/premium		(7)		(7)
Noncash operating lease expense		38		37
Loss on note receivable		1		1
Net loss on investments		(71)		(27)
Net gain on sale of property and equipment		19		_
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Patient accounts receivable		(77)		(14)
Other assets		3		(38)
Net payables to third-party payors and other liabilities		32		289
Net cash provided by operating activities		145		565
Investing activities				
Purchases of property and equipment		(136)		(167)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		13		_
Proceeds of insurance for property and equipment		29		_
Purchase of investments		(2,520)		(1,060)
Proceeds from sale of investments		2,555		487
Net cash used in investing activities		(59)		(740)
Financing activities				
Proceeds from issuance of short-term financing		_		60
Payments on short-term financing		(30)		_
Proceeds from lines of credit		_		200
Payments on lines of credit		_		(200)
Payments on long-term debt		(13)		(106)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(43)		(46)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		43		(221)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		261		482
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	304	\$	261

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(In millions of dollars)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity and Principles of Consolidation: Adventist Health System/West (Adventist Health) is a California not-for-profit religious corporation that controls and operates hospitals and other healthcare facilities, and wellness promoting operations in the western United States and beyond (collectively, the "System"). Many of the hospitals now controlled and operated by Adventist Health were formerly operated by various conferences of the Seventh-day Adventist Church (the "Church"). The obligations and liabilities of Adventist Health and its hospitals and other healthcare facilities are neither obligations nor liabilities of the Church or any of its other affiliated organizations. Adventist Health maintains close ties to our heritage through connection to our Sponsor, the Church leaders serve on the Adventist Health Membership and the Board of Directors (the "Board") but the Church does not control or have ownership in the System.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the following entities:

Adventist Health System/West dba Adventist Health - Roseville, California

San Joaquin Community Hospital dba Adventist Health Bakersfield - Bakersfield, California

Castle Medical Center dba Adventist Health Castle – Kailua, Hawaii

Adventist Health Clearlake Hospital, Inc., dba Adventist Health Clear Lake – Clearlake, California

Adventist Health Delano - Delano, California

Feather River Hospital dba Adventist Health Feather River – Paradise, California

Glendale Adventist Medical Center dba Adventist Health Glendale - Glendale, California

Hanford Community Hospital dba Adventist Health Hanford, Adventist Health Selma – Hanford, California

Willits Hospital, Inc., dba Adventist Health Howard Memorial – Willits, California

Lodi Memorial Hospital Association, Inc., dba Adventist Health Lodi Memorial - Lodi, California

Adventist Health Mendocino Coast – Fort Bragg, California

Adventist Health Plan, Inc - Roseville, California

Adventist Health Physicians Network - Roseville, California

Portland Adventist Medical Center dba Adventist Health Portland – Portland, Oregon

Reedley Community Hospital dba Adventist Health Reedley - Reedley, California

Rideout Memorial Hospital dba Adventist Health and Rideout - Marysville, California

Simi Valley Hospital and Health Care Services dba Adventist Health Simi Valley – Simi Valley, California

Sonora Community Hospital dba Adventist Health Sonora – Sonora, California

St. Helena Hospital dba Adventist Health St. Helena, Adventist Health Vallejo – St. Helena, California

Adventist Health Medical Center Tehachapi dba Adventist Health Tehachapi Valley – Tehachapi, California

Northwest Medical Foundation of Tillamook dba Adventist Health Tillamook - Tillamook, Oregon

Adventist Health Tulare – Tulare, California

Ukiah Adventist Hospital dba Adventist Health Ukiah Valley – Ukiah, California

White Memorial Medical Center dba Adventist Health White Memorial - Los Angeles, California

Western Health Resources dba Adventist Health Home Care Services – Roseville, California

The Board of Adventist Health or Stone Point Health serves as the legal board for each individual hospital corporation. Adventist Health management serves as the legal board of the non-hospital corporations. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The financial statements are prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP).

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of unrestricted readily marketable securities with original maturities not in excess of three months when purchased and net deposits in demand accounts. Cash deposits are federally insured in limited amounts.

Marketable Securities: Marketable securities, stated at fair value, consist primarily of U.S. government treasury, U.S. agency securities, corporate notes, exchange-traded funds, open-end mutual funds comprised of fixed-income securities and domestic and international equities, and alternative investments comprised of commingled funds and hedge funds. Investment income or loss (including realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized gains and losses on trading investments) is included in the excess of revenues over expenses unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law. Interest and dividends are included in other revenue. Securities with remaining maturity dates of one year or less as of the consolidated balance sheet date are classified as current.

<u>Investments and Assets Whose Use is Limited</u>: Certain System investments are limited as to use through Board resolution, provisions of contractual arrangements with third parties, terms of indentures, self-insurance trust arrangements, or donors who restrict the use of specific assets. Assets that are expected to be expended within one year are classified as current, including board-designated assets that are available and periodically borrowed for working capital needs.

<u>Split-interest Agreements</u>: The System is the trustee and beneficiary of various split-interest agreements. The carrying amounts of the System's split-interest assets are included with investments held by trustee and donor-restricted investments and include marketable securities and real estate. Trust assets are carried at fair value. Assets under split-interest agreements were \$8 at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Trust obligations are reported in other noncurrent liabilities at their discounted estimated present value using actuarially determined life expectancy tables. Discount rates range between approximately 2% and 9%. Liabilities under split-interest agreements were \$2 and \$3 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Goodwill: The System records goodwill as the excess of purchase price and related costs over the fair value of net assets acquired. These amounts are evaluated for impairment annually or when there is an indicator of impairment. If it is determined that goodwill is impaired, the carrying value is reduced. The System had goodwill of \$75 and \$65 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, which is included in other long-term assets with additions of \$10 and \$43 in 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Property and Equipment</u>: Property and equipment are reported on the basis of cost, except for donated items, which are recorded as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions based on fair market value at the date of the donation. During the period of construction, the System capitalizes expenditures and interest costs, net of earnings on invested bond proceeds that materially increase values, change capacities, and extend useful lives. Accrued obligations for property and equipment are \$8 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Management periodically evaluates the carrying amounts of long-lived assets for possible impairment. The System estimates that it will recover the carrying value of long-lived assets from the estimated future undiscounted cash flows; however, considering the regulatory environment, competition, and other factors affecting the industry, there is at least a reasonable possibility this estimate might change in the near term. The effect of any change could be material.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the expected useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 40 years. Amortization of equipment is included in depreciation expense.

Short Term Financing: In December 2020, the System initiated a taxable commercial paper program supported by self-liquidity for general corporate purposes. Under the program, the System is registered to issue up to \$150. At December 31, 2021, \$30 of commercial paper was outstanding with a maturity date of January 3, 2022 and is included in short-term financing on the consolidated balance sheet. On January 3, 2022, the System paid down the outstanding balance.

<u>Debt Issuance Costs</u>: Debt issuance costs are reported as a reduction of long-term debt and are deferred and amortized over the life of the financings using the effective-interest method.

<u>Bond Discounts/Premiums</u>: Bonds payable are included in long-term debt, net of unamortized original issue discounts or premiums. Such discounts or premiums are amortized using the effective interest method based on outstanding principal over the life of the bonds.

Other Noncurrent Liabilities: Other noncurrent liabilities are comprised primarily of accruals for workers' compensation claims, professional and general liability claims, deferred revenue, lease liabilities, and long-term charitable gift annuity obligations.

Net Assets: All resources not restricted by donors are included in net assets without donor restrictions. Resources restricted by donors for specific operating purposes, or for a period of time greater than one year, are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. When the restrictions have been met, the net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. Resources restricted by donors for additions to property and equipment are initially reported as net assets with donor restrictions and are transferred to net assets without donor restrictions when expended. Investment income is classified as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions based on the intent of the donor. Gifts of future interests are reported as net assets with donor restrictions. Gifts, grants, and bequests not restricted by donors are reported as other revenue.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Charity Care</u>: The System provides care without charge or at amounts less than its established rates to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy. In assessing a patient's ability to pay, the System uses federal poverty income levels and evaluates the relationship between the charges and the patient's income. The System did not change its charity care policy during 2021. The estimated cost of charity care was \$19 and \$26 in 2021 and 2020, respectively. The costs were determined using cost-to-charge ratios.

<u>Premium Revenue</u>: The System has agreements with various Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs) to provide medical services to subscribing participants. Under these agreements, the System receives monthly capitation payments based on the number of each HMO's covered participants, regardless of the services actually performed by the System.

Other Revenue: Other revenue is comprised primarily of contributions received related to the Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund and other programs (collectively "Provider Relief Funds"), rental income, retail pharmacy, interest and dividend income, and other miscellaneous income.

Income Tax: The principal operations of the System are exempt from taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and related state provisions. The System recognizes tax benefits from any uncertain tax positions only if it is more-likely-than-not the tax position will be sustained, based solely on its technical merits, with the taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information. The System records a liability for unrecognized tax benefits from uncertain tax positions as discrete tax adjustments in the first interim period the more-likely-than-not threshold is not met. The System recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of its assets and liabilities, along with net operating loss and tax credit carryovers only for tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition criteria. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, no such assets or liabilities were recorded.

The System currently files Form 990 (informational return of organizations exempt from income taxes) and Form 990-T (business income tax return for an exempt organization) in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the state of California. The System is not subject to income tax examinations prior to 2018 in major tax jurisdictions.

<u>Loss from Operations</u>: The System's consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets include an intermediate measure of operations, labeled "Loss from operations." Items that are considered nonoperating are excluded from loss from operations and include investment income and losses, gains and losses on acquisitions and divestitures, and gains and losses on debt refinancing.

Excess of Revenues Over Expenses: The consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets include excess of revenues over expenses as a performance indicator. Changes in net assets without donor restrictions that are excluded from excess of revenues over expenses include unrealized gains and losses on investments in other-than-trading debt securities, contributions of long-lived assets, use of net assets with donor restricted funds for capital additions, and losses from discontinued operations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Note B – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The System accounts for certain assets at fair value. A fair value hierarchy for valuation inputs has been established to prioritize the valuation inputs into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. Each fair value measurement is reported in one of the three levels determined by the lowest level of input considered significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. These levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets as of the measurement date. Financial assets in this category include U.S. treasury securities, U.S. and foreign equities, and exchange-traded mutual funds.

Level 2: Pricing inputs are based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets. Financial assets in this category generally include U.S. government agencies and municipal bonds, asset-backed securities, and U.S. corporate bonds.

Level 3: Pricing inputs are generally unobservable for the assets and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The System had no Level 3 investments at December 31, 2021 or 2020.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note B – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following represents assets measured at fair value or at net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient on a recurring basis at December 31, 2021:

	in Ma Id Ins	ted Prices Active rkets for lentical truments Level 1)	Obs Ir	nificant ervable nputs evel 2)	 Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	304	\$	_	\$ 304
Money market funds		38		_	38
Fixed income:					
U.S. government treasury obligations		50		_	50
U.S. corporation and agency debentures		_		47	47
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities		_		6	6
U.S. corporate debt securities		_		429	429
Municipal bonds		_		8	8
Mutual funds		217		164	381
Equities:					
Equities		9		_	9
Mutual funds		929			 929
Total financial assets stated at fair value	\$	1,547	\$	654	2,201
Commercial real estate					23
Investments measured at NAV					528
Other investments					 86
Total cash and investments					\$ 2,838

Money market funds of \$38 at December 31, 2021 includes funds held in the investment portfolio for self-insurance programs. The money market funds are used for both buying investments and self-insurance program claims. The amounts are internally separated into a separate account; however, such funds are not restricted and can be used for any purpose.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note B – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following represents assets measured at fair value or at NAV as a practical expedient on a recurring basis at December 31, 2020:

	in Ma Id Ins	ted Prices Active rkets for lentical truments Level 1)	Obs Iı	nificant ervable iputs evel 2)	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	261	\$	_	\$ 261
Money market funds		71		_	71
Fixed income:					
U.S. government treasury obligations		143		_	143
U.S. corporation and agency debentures		_		51	51
U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities		_		4	4
U.S. corporate debt securities		_		227	227
Municipal bonds		_		24	24
Mutual funds		679		200	879
Equities:					
Equities		6		_	6
Mutual funds		717			 717
Total financial assets stated at fair value	\$	1,877	\$	506	2,383
Commercial real estate					26
Investments measured at NAV					264
Other investments					 79
Total cash and investments					\$ 2,752

Money market funds of \$71 at December 31, 2020 includes funds held in the investment portfolio for self-insurance programs. The money market funds are used for both buying investments and self-insurance program claims. The amounts are internally separated into a separate account; however, such funds are not restricted and can be used for any purpose.

Commercial real estate investments are recorded at cost or fair market value if donated. These investments are periodically reviewed for impairment and written down if necessary. Other investments include retirement plan assets, joint ventures, and partnerships and are included in other assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note B – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Level 2 instruments listed in the fair value hierarchy tables above use the following valuation techniques and inputs:

<u>U.S.</u> corporation and agency debentures: The fair value of investments in U.S. corporation and agency debentures is primarily determined using consensus pricing methods of observable market-based data. Significant observable inputs include quotes, spreads, and data points for yield curves.

<u>U.S.</u> agency mortgage-backed securities: The fair value of U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities is primarily determined using matrices. These matrices utilize observable market data of bonds with similar features, prepayment speeds, credit ratings, and discounted cash flows. Additionally, observed market movements, tranche cash flows, and benchmark yields are incorporated in the pricing models.

<u>U.S.</u> corporate debt securities: The fair value of investments in U.S. corporate debt securities is primarily determined using techniques that are consistent with the market approach. Significant observable inputs include reported trades, dealer quotes, security-specific characteristics, and multiple sources of spread data points in developing yield curves.

<u>Municipal bonds</u>: The fair value of municipal bonds is determined using a market approach. The inputs include yield benchmark curves, prepayment speeds, and observable market data, such as institutional bids, dealer quotes, and two-sided markets.

Certain of the investments are reported using a calculated NAV or its equivalent. These investments are not expected to be sold at amounts that are different from NAV. The following table and explanations identify attributes relating to the nature of the risk of such investments:

		December 31, 2021							
	NAV		Unfunded Commitments		Redemption Frequency (if currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period (if currently Eligible)			
Commingled funds – equity securities	\$	107	\$	_	Weekly/Monthly Weekly/Monthly/	4-30 days			
Hedge funds Private equity funds Total	\$	313 108 528	\$	10 100 110	Quarterly None	30-65 days None			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note B – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

		December 31, 2020							
		NAV		funded mitments	Redemption Frequency (if currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period (if currently Eligible)			
Commingled funds – equity securities	\$	96	\$	_	Weekly/Monthly	4-30 days			
Hedge funds	Ψ	139	Ψ	23	Monthly/Quarterly	45-60 days			
Private equity funds		29		36	None	None			
Total	\$	264	\$	59					

<u>Commingled funds – equity securities</u>: This class includes investments in commingled funds that invest primarily in U.S. or foreign equity securities and attempt to match the returns of specific equity indices.

<u>Hedge funds</u>: This class includes investments in hedge funds that expand the universe of potential investment approaches available by employing a variety of strategies and techniques within and across various asset classes. The primary objective for these funds is to balance returns while limiting volatility by allocating capital to external portfolio managers selected for expertise in one or more investment strategies, which may include, but are not limited to, equity long/short, event driven, relative value, and directional. The following summarizes the redemption criteria for the hedge fund portfolio as of December 31, 2021:

% of Hedge		Notice
Funds	Redemption Criteria	Period
31%	Redeemable weekly	30 days
26%	Redeemable monthly	45-65 days
38%	Redeemable quarterly	45-65 days
5%	Up to 12.5% redeemable quarterly on non-consecutive quarters	60 days

<u>Private equity funds</u>: These investments cannot be redeemed by the System; rather, the System has committed an amount to invest in the private funds over the respective commitment periods. After the commitment period has ended, the nature of the investments in this category is that the distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note C - Patient Accounts Receivable

The System's primary concentration of credit risk is patient accounts receivable, which consists of amounts owed by various governmental agencies, insurance companies, and self-pay patients. The System manages its receivables by regularly reviewing its patient accounts and contracts and by providing an appropriate allowance for contractual reimbursement, policy discounts, charity, and price concessions. These allowances are estimated based upon an evaluation of governmental reimbursements, negotiated contracts, and historical payments.

The following is a summary of significant concentrations of net patient accounts receivable:

	Decen	ıber 31
	2021	2020
Medicare	31%	33%
Medicaid	20	19
Other third-party payors	47	46
Self-pay	2	2
	100%	100%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note D - Investments and Assets Whose Use is Limited

The following is a summary of unrestricted investments and assets whose use is limited:

	December 31					
	2021			2020		
Total unrestricted investments	\$	2,352	\$	2,232		
Assets designated by the Board, primarily for property and equipment		24		13		
Investments held by trustees for: Self-insurance programs Charitable annuities and other Total investments held by trustees		55 2 57		150 3 153		
Donor-restricted investments for: Charitable trusts and life estate tenancies Other purposes Total donor-restricted investments		6 9 15		5 9 14		
Total investments		2,448		2,412		
Less short-term investments Total noncurrent investments	<u>\$</u>	157 2,291	\$	176 2,236		

Total investments and assets whose use is limited above excludes other investments of \$86 and \$79 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively which includes retirement plan assets, joint ventures, and partnerships and are included in other assets.

<u>Liquidity Management</u>: As part of its liquidity management, the System's strategy is to structure its financial assets to be available to satisfy general operating expenses, current liabilities, and other obligations as they come due. The System invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments and has a committed syndicated line of credit and a commercial paper program to help manage unanticipated liquidity needs. Additionally, other unrestricted noncurrent investments of \$2,253 at December 31, 2021 may be utilized if necessary.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note D – Investments and Assets Whose Use is Limited (continued)

The System's financial assets available for general operating expenses within one year are as follows:

	Dec	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	304
Short-term investments		157
Patient accounts receivable		689
Receivables from third-party payors		379
Other current assets		63
	\$	1,592

Note E – Investment Income

Net realized and unrealized investment income, including capital gains on unrestricted, board designated, and trustee-held funds, includes the following:

	ear Ended 2021	oer 31 2020
Realized gains, net	\$ 87	\$ 37
Unrealized gains, net	 76	141
	163	178
Interest and dividend income	 48	 38
	\$ 211	\$ 216

Interest and dividend income are included in other revenue. For purposes of performance evaluation, management considers interest and dividend earnings to be components of operating income. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are components of nonoperating income and are reported in investment income on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Changes in net unrealized gains and losses on other-than-trading debt securities, reported at fair value, are separately disclosed in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets. Unrealized gains and losses associated with these securities relate principally to market changes in interest rates for similar types of securities. Since the System has the intent and ability to hold these securities for the foreseeable future, and it is more-likely-than-not that the System will not be required to sell the investments before their recovery, the declines are not reported as realized unless they are deemed to be other-than-temporary. In determining whether the losses are other-than-temporary, the System considers the length of time and extent to which the fair value has been less than cost or carrying value, the financial strength of the issuer, and the intent and ability of the System to retain the security for a period of time sufficient to allow for anticipated recovery or maturity.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note F - Property and Equipment

The following is a summary of property and equipment:

	December 31				
	2021			2020	
Land	\$	178	\$	179	
Land improvements		92		101	
Buildings and improvements		3,009		3,016	
Equipment		1,328		1,307	
		4,607		4,603	
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,492)		(2,402)	
		2,115		2,201	
Construction-in-progress		70		101	
	<u>\$</u>	2,185	\$	2,302	

The System has commitments to complete certain construction projects approximating \$56 (unaudited) at December 31, 2021.

The System is in the process of developing internal use software for clinical and financial operations. Depreciation expense for the software placed in service totaled \$19 for the years ended 2021 and 2020. Amounts capitalized are included in property and equipment as follows:

	December 31					
	2021			2020		
Equipment	\$	281	\$	278		
Less accumulated depreciation		(198)		(179)		
		83		99		
Construction-in-progress		4		3		
	\$	87	\$	102		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note G - Long-Term Debt

A master note under the master bond indenture provides security for substantially all long-term debt. Under the terms of the master bond indenture, substantially all System consolidated entities are jointly and severally obligated for the payments to be made under the master note. In addition, security is provided by bank letters of credit aggregating to \$47 at December 31, 2021. Bonds are not secured by any property of the System.

The System has a syndicate line of credit to meet temporary capital requirements and to provide flexibility in meeting the System's capital needs of \$350. There were no draws outstanding under this line of credit at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The System is obligated under variable-rate demand instruments, which are subject to certain market risks. The letters of credit, which the System intends to renew on a long-term basis, expire between 2024 and 2025, with the arrangements converting any unpaid amounts to term loans due within three years after conversion. The term loans would bear interest based on prime or the London Interbank Offered Rate.

Certain financing agreements impose limitations on the issuance of new debt by the System and require it to maintain specified financial ratios. The System was in compliance with its debt covenants at December 31, 2021.

Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized, totaled \$66 and \$64 in 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest capitalized totaled \$2 and \$2 in 2021 and 2020, respectively.

In February 2020, the System defeased in full \$14 of bonds issued in 2012 through the City of Delano for Adventist Health Delano. The bonds were defeased with assets placed in an irrevocable trust and derecognized at the date of refunding. The extinguishment and defeasance of this bond issue resulted in a loss on refinancing of \$1.

In September 2020, the System redeemed \$60 of bonds. The redemption of these bonds resulted in a gain on refinancing of \$4.

No significant financing transactions were undertaken in 2021.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note G – Long-Term Debt (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt:

	December 31			
	2021		2020	
Non-taxable debt:				
Long-term bonds payable, with fixed rates				
currently ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%,				
payable in installments through 2048	\$	1,049	\$	1,058
Long-term bonds payable, with rates that vary				
with market conditions, payable in installments				
through 2038		47		47
Taxable debt:				
Long-term bonds payable, with fixed rates				
currently ranging from 2.43% to 3.63%,				
payable in installments through 2049		802		802
Long-term notes payable, with fixed rates				
currently ranging from 3.00% to 6.50%,				
payable in installments through 2045		76		80
Net unamortized debt issuance costs and original				
issue premiums and discounts		62		69
•		2,036		2,056
Less current maturities		(36)		(20)
	\$	2,000	\$	2,036

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note G – Long-Term Debt (continued)

Scheduled maturities of long-term debt are as follows as of December 31, 2021:

	Long-Term
2022	\$ 30
2023	81
2024	184
2025	31
2026	31
Thereafter	1,617
	\$ 1,974

Note H – Leases

The System leases certain locations, office space, land, and equipment. The System determines whether an arrangement contains a lease at inception. Assets held under finance leases are included in property and equipment. Operating leases are expensed on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease beginning on the commencement date. Any direct and indirect costs for the leases are expensed and are immaterial for the System.

At lease commencement, the System determines the lease term by assuming the exercise of the renewal options that are reasonably certain to be exercised. The exercise of lease renewal or termination options is at the System's sole discretion. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements is limited by the expected lease terms, unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise.

Some lease agreements include rental payments based on annual percentage increases, and others include rental payments adjusted periodically for inflation. Certain leases require the System to pay real estate taxes, insurance, maintenance, and other operating expenses associated with the leased premises.

The System's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restricted covenants.

The System uses the incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date to determine the present value of lease payments.

The System elected the package of practical expedients within the lease transitional guidance, which allow it to carry forward its historical assessments of 1) whether contracts are or contain leases; 2) lease classification; and 3) initial direct costs, where applicable. The System also elected the practical expedient to not separate lease components from non-lease components for all existing lease classes. The System implemented a policy of not recording leases on its balance sheets when the leases have a term of 12 months or less. The System did not elect the practical expedient allowing the use of hindsight, which would require the System to reassess the lease term of its leases based on all facts and circumstances through the effective date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note H – Leases (continued)

			Dece	mber	31
	Classification		2021		2020
Right-of-use Assets					
Operating	Other assets	\$	186	\$	186
Finance	Other assets		7		_
		\$	193	\$	186
Current Lease liabilities					
Operating	Other current liabilities	\$	30	\$	28
Finance	Other current liabilities		2		_
Noncurrent Lease liabilities					
Operating	Other noncurrent liabilities		162		162
Finance	Other noncurrent liabilities		5		_
Total lease liabilities		\$	199	\$	190
			Dece	mber	31
	Classification		2021		2020
Operating lease expense					
Operating lease cost	Purchased services and other	\$	38	\$	36
Finance lease cost:		•		·	
Amortization of leased assets	Depreciation and amortization	\$	1	\$	_
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest	\$	_	\$	_
Cash paid for amounts not inclu	ıded in		Decei	nber	31
the measurement of lease liab		2021 2020		2020	
Operating cash outflows for opera	ating leases	\$	38	\$	37
			_		24
Right-of-use assets obtained in a	exchange		Decei	nber	31
Right-of-use assets obtained in of for lease obligations	exchange		Decei 2021	nber	2020
	exchange	<u>\$</u>		nber 	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note H – Leases (continued)

Operating lease payments include payments relating to options to extend lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised. Excluded are any legally binding lease payments for signed leases not yet commenced, which are immaterial for the System. Minimum lease payments for operating and finance leases with initial terms in excess of one year are as follows for the period ended December 31, 2021:

Maturity of Lease Liabilities	1 8			nance eases
2022	\$	35	\$	2
2023		30		2
2024		26		1
2025		22		1
2026		17		1
Thereafter		104		
Total lease payments		234		7
Less imputed interest		(42)		_
	\$	192	\$	7

Lease Term and Discount Rate	December 31 2021
Weighted average operating remaining lease term (years)	10.25
Weighted average finance remaining lease term (years)	4.50
Weighted average operating lease discount rate	3.47%
Weighted average finance lease discount rate	2.42%

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note I -Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

The System receives donations from generous individuals and organizations that support certain programs and services. Donations included in net assets with donor restrictions were maintained for the following purposes:

	December 31			
	2	2021	2	020
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose: Capital projects and medical equipment Research and education	\$	27 27 54	\$	23 25 48
Subject to passage of time Investment in perpetuity – endowment	\$	4 12 70	\$	3 10 61

The Board has designated certain net assets without donor restrictions funds to be used in the future for specific projects. Board-designated funds included in net assets without donor restrictions are held for the following purposes:

	December 31			
	2	2021		2020
Capital	\$	15	\$	_
Subject to expenditures for patient care, education, and other		4		6
Board designated – endowments		5		7
-	\$	24	\$	13

Note J - Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue

Patient service revenue is reported at the amount the System expects to be paid for providing patient care. These amounts are due from patients and third-party payors (including health insurers and government programs) and include variable consideration for retroactive revenue adjustments due to the settlement of audits, reviews, and investigations. Generally, the System bills the patients and third-party payors soon after the services are performed.

Patient service revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied based on the nature of the services provided by the System. Revenue for performance obligations that are satisfied over time is recognized based on actual charges incurred in relation to total expected or actual charges. The System believes that this method provides a faithful depiction of the transfer of services over the term of the performance obligation based on the inputs needed to satisfy the obligation. Generally, performance obligations satisfied over time relate to patients receiving inpatient services. The System measures the performance obligation for inpatient services from admission into the hospital to the point when it is no longer required to provide services to that patient, which is generally at the time of discharge. The System measures the performance obligations for outpatient services

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note J – Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue (continued)

over a period of less than one day when goods or services are provided and the System does not believe it is required to provide additional goods or services to the patient.

Because all its performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year, the System has elected to apply the optional exemption provided in ASC 606. Under this exemption, the System is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. Since the unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations referred to above are primarily related to inpatient services at the end of the reporting period, the performance obligations for these contracts are generally completed within days or weeks of the end of the reporting period.

The System determines the transaction price based on standard charges for goods and services provided, reduced by contractual adjustments provided to third-party payors, discounts provided to uninsured patients in accordance with the System's policy, and other implicit price concessions provided to uninsured patients. The System determines its estimates of contractual adjustments and discounts based on contractual agreements, its discount policies, and its historical settlement experience. The System determines its estimate of implicit price concessions for uninsured patients based on its historical collection experience with this class of patients.

Agreements with third-party payors typically provide for payments at amounts less than established charges. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

- Medicare: Certain services are paid at prospectively determined rates based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Certain services are paid based on cost-reimbursement methodologies (subject to certain limits) with final settlement determined after Medicare Administrative Contractors have audited annual cost reports submitted by the System. Physician services are paid based upon established fee schedules based on services provided.
- Medicaid: Reimbursements for Medicaid services are generally paid at prospectively determined rates
 per discharge, per occasion of service, or per covered member. Supplemental funding is generally
 provided by the various states in which the System operates for Medicaid Disproportionate Share and
 hospital fee programs.
- Other: Payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, HMOs, and preferred provider organizations provide for payment using prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note J – Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue (continued)

The healthcare industry is subject to laws and regulations concerning government programs, including Medicare and Medicaid, which are complex and subject to varying interpretation. Compliance with such laws and regulations may also be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and potential exclusion from the related programs. While the System operates a compliance program, which reviews its compliance with these laws and regulations, there can be no assurance that regulatory authorities will not challenge the System's compliance with these laws and regulations, and it is not possible to determine the impact (if any) such claims or penalties would have upon the System. In addition, the contracts the System has with commercial payors also provide for retroactive audit and review of claims.

Settlements with third-party payors for retroactive adjustments due to audits, reviews, or investigations are considered variable consideration and are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing patient care. These settlements are estimated based on the terms of the payment agreement with the payor, correspondence from the payor, and the System's historical settlement activity, including an assessment to ensure that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the retroactive adjustment is subsequently resolved. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known (that is, new information becomes available), or as years are settled or are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and investigations. Subsequent revisions compared favorably to original estimates by \$29 and \$7 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Consistent with the System's mission, care is provided to patients regardless of their ability to pay. Therefore, the System has determined it has provided implicit price concessions to uninsured patients and patients with other uninsured balances (for example, copays and deductibles). For uninsured patients, the System applies a policy discount from standard charges to determine amounts billed to those patients. The implicit price concessions included in estimating the transaction price represent the difference between amounts billed to patients and the amounts the System expects to collect based on its collection history with that class of patients.

Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustments to patient service revenue in the period of the change. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the patient's ability to pay are recorded as bad debt expense. Bad debt expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was not significant.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note J – Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue (continued)

The composition of net patient service revenues by payor is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31			
		2021		2020
Medicare	\$	1,649	\$	1,520
Medicaid		1,428		1,292
Other payors		1,583		1,285
	<u>\$</u>	4,660	\$	4,097

The composition of patient service revenues by area of operation and business type is as follows:

				Ye	ar Ended D	ecemb	er 31, 2021		
	Pacific orthwest	_	Northern alifornia		Central alifornia	~	outhern alifornia	 Other	 Total
Inpatient Outpatient and other	\$ 261 209	\$	728 226	\$	1,098 275	\$	851 158	\$ (21) 54	\$ 2,917 922
Emergency Physician services Eliminations	60 75 (11)		89 96 (18)		205 182 (26)		83 11 (15)	- 106 (16)	437 470 (86)
Grand total	\$ 594	\$	1,121	\$	1,734	\$	1,088	\$ 123	\$ 4,660

			Yea	ar Ended D	ecembe	er 31, 2020		
	Pacific orthwest	 orthern alifornia		Central alifornia	~	outhern alifornia	Other	 Total
Inpatient	\$ 248	\$ 579	\$	877	\$	772	\$ (5)	\$ 2,471
Outpatient and other	179	214		344		134	61	932
Emergency	54	24		184		69	_	331
Physician services	66	127		168		11	75	447
Eliminations	(14)	(23)		(23)		(11)	(13)	(84)
Grand total	\$ 533	\$ 921	\$	1,550	\$	975	\$ 118	\$ 4,097

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note J – Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue (continued)

<u>Premium revenues</u>: The System has entered into payment agreements with certain HMOs to provide medical services to subscribing participants. Under these agreements, the System receives monthly capitation payments based on the number of each HMO's covered participants regardless of the services actually provided by the System. The transaction price may be adjusted for stop loss recoveries, ceded premiums, and risk adjustment factors. Performance obligations are satisfied over the passage of time by standing ready to provide services.

The composition of premium revenues based on area of operation and payor class is as follows:

					Year	Ended De	ecembe	r 31, 2021	-			
		acific rthwest		orthern lifornia	_	entral ifornia		uthern lifornia		Other		Total
Medicaid managed care Other managed care	\$ -	6 1 7	\$ -	79 	\$ •	11	\$ \$	52 (6) 46	\$ •	40 16 56	\$ 	178 11 189
	Ψ	,	Ψ	<u> </u>				r 31, 2020	<u>Ψ</u>		= Ψ	10)
		acific rthwest		orthern lifornia	_	entral lifornia		uthern lifornia		Other		Total
Medicaid managed care Other managed care	\$	21 2	\$	85 -	\$	11 -	\$	41	\$	3 22	\$	161 24
	¢.	23	Ф	85	Ф	11	¢.	41	ф	25	\$	185

The composition of premium revenues based on type of service and area of operation is as follows:

				Year	Ended Do	ecembe	r 31, 2021			
	_	acific rthwest	 orthern lifornia	_	entral lifornia	~ ~	uthern lifornia	(Other	 Total
Institutional services Professional services	\$	- 7	\$ 37 42	\$	(1) 1	\$	46	\$	36 21	\$ 118 71
Troressional services	\$	7	\$ 79	\$		\$	46	\$	57	\$ 189
				Year	Ended De	ecembe	r 31, 2020)		
		acific rthwest	 rthern lifornia	_	entral lifornia	~ ~	uthern lifornia	(Other	 Total
Institutional services Professional services	\$	17 6	\$ 74 11	\$	9 2	\$	41	\$	_ 25	\$ 141 44
	\$	23	\$ 85	\$	11	\$	41	\$	25	\$ 185

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note J – Patient Service Revenue and Premium Revenue (continued)

The System recorded variable consideration from state programs for serving a disproportionate share of Medicaid and low-income patients in the amount of \$66 and \$49 in 2021 and 2020, respectively, including final settlements on prior years.

The State of California enacted legislation for a hospital fee program to fund certain Medi-Cal program coverage expansions. The program charges hospitals a quality assurance fee that is used to obtain federal matching funds for Medi-Cal with the proceeds redistributed as supplemental payments to California hospitals that treat Medi-Cal patients. There was one hospital fee program active in 2020: a 30-month program covering the period from July 1, 2019 to December 31, 2021, which was submitted to CMS for approval on September 30, 2019, and was approved on February 26, 2020. Accordingly, all related supplemental payments have been recognized as variable consideration and related quality assurance fees recognized as expense as of December 31, 2021.

Federal and state payments received from these programs are included in patient service revenue, and fees paid or payable to the state and California Health Foundation and Trust (CHFT) are included in purchased services and other expenses, as follows:

	7	ear Ended	Decembe	er 31
	2	2021		2020
Patient service revenue	\$	486	\$	432
Purchased services:				
Quality assurance fees		186		167
CHFT payments		4		3
Total purchased services and other expenses		190		170
Income from operations	<u>\$</u>	296	\$	262

Accrued net receivables related to the hospital fee programs are included in receivables from third-party payors, and amount to \$419 and \$422 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note K – COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) a pandemic. Following this, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention declared a national public health emergency, followed by state emergency declarations, and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) issued guidance regarding elective procedures. Several national restrictions were put in place and the governors in the states in which the System has operations issued shelter-in-place orders and executive orders postponing nonessential or elective surgeries. Several unavoidable factors are impacting both revenue and expense as the result of necessary actions by the System as well as local, state, and federal governments to mitigate the spread and effect of the virus.

In response to COVID-19, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act") was enacted on March 27, 2020 and the American Rescue Plan ("ARP") was enacted on March 11, 2021. The CARES Act and the ARP authorize funding to hospitals and other healthcare providers through Provider Relief Funds. Grant payments from the Provider Relief Fund are intended to reimburse healthcare providers for lost revenue and increased expenses due to the pandemic. The System received approximately \$288 through December 31, 2020 and an additional \$174 through December 31, 2021. The consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets recognized contributions in other revenue in the amount of \$105 and \$288 for the years ended 2021 and 2020, respectively.

On March 28, 2020, CMS expanded the existing Accelerated and Advance Payments Program to a broader group of Medicare Part A providers and Part B suppliers. At the end of April 2020, the System received approximately \$358 of Medicare advance payments as part of the CMS Accelerated and Advance Payments Program. Originally, CMS announced that it would begin to offset the payments by future Medicare reimbursements up to 210 days after disbursement, depending on whether a facility is an acute or non-acute facility. On October 1, 2020, a continuing resolution was signed, which included an extension to delay repayments to one year from receipt of these accelerated and advance disbursements. The repayment terms specify that for the first 11 months after repayment begins, repayment will occur through an automatic recoupment of 25% of Medicare payments otherwise owed to the provider. At the end of the eleven-month period, recoupment will increase to 50% for six months. At the end of the six months (29 months from the receipt of the initial accelerated payment), Medicare will issue a letter for full repayment of any remaining balance, as applicable. In other current liabilities, the System has recorded \$180 and \$160 for the years ended 2021 and 2020, respectively. In other noncurrent liabilities the system has recorded \$0 and \$198 for the years ended 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The CARES Act also allows for deferred payment of the employer portion of certain payroll taxes between March 27, 2020 and December 31, 2020, with half due December 31, 2021 and the remaining half due December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2020, the System had deferred payroll tax payments of approximately \$37.5 and \$75 for years ended 2021 and 2020, respectively, with \$37.5 included in accrued compensation and related payables for years ended 2021 and 2020. Included in other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet is \$0 and \$37.5 for years ended 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Due to the evolving nature of the COVID-19 pandemic, the future impact to the System and its consolidated financial condition is presently unknown.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note L – Functional Classification of Expenses

The System groups like expenses into financial statement lines and classifies programmatic expenses by business line. Expenses that are attributable to one or more programs or supporting functions are allocated based on operating expenses, square footage, and other criteria.

The following is a functional classification of the System's expenses:

	 Year	Ended I	December 31,	, 2021	
	rogram Services		eral and inistrative		Total
Employee compensation	\$ 1,837	\$	471	\$	2,308
Professional fees	689		93		782
Supplies	777		8		785
Purchased services and other	1,013		218		1,231
Interest	65		_		65
Depreciation and amortization	182		11		193
Total expenses	\$ 4,563	\$	801	\$	5,364

	Year	Ended I	ecember 31,	, 2020	
	rogram ervices		eral and inistrative		Total
Employee compensation	\$ 1,835	\$	411	\$	2,246
Professional fees	496		91		587
Supplies	631		10		641
Purchased services and other	895		210		1,105
Interest	68		_		68
Depreciation and amortization	 191		10		201
Total expenses	\$ 4,116	\$	732	\$	4,848

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note M - Retirement Plan

Most of the System's operating entities participate in a single defined contribution plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is exempt from the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The Plan provides, among other things, that the employer will contribute 3% of wages plus additional amounts for employees earning more than the Social Security wage base capped by the IRS compensation limit for the Plan year. Additionally, the Plan provides that the employer will match 50% of the employee's contributions up to 4% of the contributing employee's wages. Substantially all full-time employees who are at least 18 years of age are eligible for coverage in the Plan. The cost to the System for the Plan is included in employee compensation in the amount of \$74 and \$64 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Note N – Self-Insurance Liability Programs

The System has established a separate self-insurance program (the "System Program") that covers the System's entities for professional and general liability claims up to \$9 per occurrence and \$25 in the aggregate for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The System contracts with Adhealth, Limited (Adhealth), a Bermuda company, to provide excess coverage for professional and general liability claims that exceed the System Program limits. Adhealth provided excess coverage with aggregate and per claim limits of \$125 for professional and general liability claims for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, which brought total coverage per claim and aggregate limits to \$134 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Adhealth has purchased reinsurance through commercial insurers for 100% of the excess limits of coverage.

Claim liabilities (reserves) for future losses and related loss adjustment expenses for professional liability claims have been determined by an actuary at the present value of future claim payments using a 2% discount rate for program years 2021 and 2020. Such claim reserves are based on the best data available to the System; however, these estimates are subject to a significant degree of inherent variability. Accordingly, there is at least a reasonable possibility that a material change to the estimated reserves will occur in the near term. The System Program's accrued liability for professional and general liability claims is included in the consolidated balance sheets in the amount of \$115 and \$119 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The System has a 50% ownership position in Adhealth at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and accounts for its investment using the equity method of accounting. The cost of acquiring commercial insurance by Adhealth is reflected as an expense in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

The System maintains a self-insured workers' compensation plan to pay for the cost of workers' compensation claims. The System has entered into an excess insurance agreement with an insurance company to limit its losses on claims. The cost of workers' compensation claims is accrued using actuarially determined estimates that are based on historical factors. Such claim reserves are based on the best data available to the System; however, these estimates are subject to a significant degree of inherent variability. Accordingly, there is at least a reasonable possibility that a material change to the estimated reserves will occur in the near term.

Workers' compensation claim liabilities have been determined by an actuary at the present value of future claim payments using a 2% discount rate for program years 2021 and 2020. The System's accrued liability for workers' compensation claims is recorded in the consolidated balance sheets in the amount of \$78 and \$80 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note O – Commitments and Contingencies

Certain member organizations are involved in litigation and investigations arising in the ordinary course of business. In addition, certain member organizations in the ordinary course of business identified matters that they have reported to CMS, CMS contractors, or Medicaid/Medi-Cal contractors. Such disclosures typically involve simple repayment of affected claims; however, federal and state contractors may refer these matters to the Department of Health and Human Services' Office of Inspector General to investigate whether certain member organizations have submitted false claims to the Medicare and Medicaid programs or have violated other laws. Submission of false claims or violation of other laws can result in substantial civil and/or criminal penalties and fines, including treble damages and/or possible debarment from future participation in such programs. The System is committed to cooperating in such investigations as they arise. Although management does not believe these matters will have a material adverse effect on the System's consolidated financial position, there can be no assurance that this will be the case.

Note P – Acquisitions

On March 10, 2020, the System finalized the purchase of Blue Zones, LLC and Thrive Production, Inc. for \$78 in initial consideration. These companies focus on supporting a number of activities, including charitable and education activities, designed to help people live longer and better through community transformation programs that lower healthcare costs, improve productivity, and boost national recognition as great places to live, work, and play. The purchase resulted in \$42 of goodwill and \$30 of other identifiable intangible assets primarily related to trade name and customer relationships.

The following unaudited pro forma consolidated operating results for the year ended December 31, 2020. The pro forma consolidated operating results do not necessarily represent the System's consolidated operating results had the acquisitions occurred on the date assumed, nor are these results necessarily indicative of the System's future consolidated operating results.

	 2020 cember 31
Pro forma revenues and support	\$ 4,775
Pro forma excess of revenues over expense	109
Pro forma increase in net assets without donor restrictions	126
Pro forma increase (decrease) in donor-restricted net assets	3

In July 2020, the System commenced a long-term lease with Mendocino Coast Health Care District to become the sole operator of Mendocino Coast District Hospital, located in Fort Bragg, California. The lease agreement specifies that the hospital remain an acute care in-patient hospital, maintain at least 25 beds (the current number), and continue to provide emergency room services. It is expected that, as a result of the affiliation, more resources will be available to recruit and retain staff as well as bolster departments that currently have unmet needs such as new equipment and upgrading existing facilities. A new community board was formed with members appointed by Adventist Health consisting of 15 members, including two members from Adventist Health, two members from the Mendocino Coast Health District Board, the hospital's Chief of Staff, and ten representatives from the local community.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(In millions of dollars)

Note Q – Camp Fire Impact

In November 2018, the System's Adventist Health Feather River (AHFR) facilities in Paradise, California, and neighboring communities incurred extensive damage as a result of the Camp Fire; most of the AHFR properties, including the 100-bed acute care hospital, remain closed.

At the time of the Camp Fire, the System maintained an insurance policy with an insurance company providing for total per occurrence aggregate coverage of \$1,000 subject to a one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars per-occurrence deductible with other limitations. The System also filed a claim against Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E), which has accepted responsibility for the Camp Fire and filed for bankruptcy protection in January 2019.

When all property insurance coverage and PG&E claims applicable to the above-mentioned Camp Fire damaged and destroyed buildings and assets are considered, the System believes it is entitled to the recovery of substantially all Camp Fire related expenses and reconstruction costs. In addition, pursuant to the business interruption policy, the System believes it is entitled to substantially all lost income at the impacted properties resulting from the Camp Fire. However, there can be no assurance that the System will ultimately collect substantially all of the Camp Fire related expenses and reconstruction costs and the lost income resulting from the related interruption of business at the impacted properties.

As of December 31, 2021, the System received additional Camp Fire related insurance payments of \$68. \$30 of this payment has been applied to a casualty loss receivable and \$29 was applied against the net book value of the impaired assets at December 31, 2021. This resulted in a gain of \$9 recorded in other revenue.

Note R – Subsequent Events

The System has evaluated subsequent events and disclosed all material events through March 18, 2022, the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were issued.



Ernst & Young LLP Suite 900 400 Capitol Mall Sacramento, CA 95814 Tel: +1 916 218 1900 ev.com

Report of Independent Auditors on Supplementary Information

The Board of Directors Adventist Health System/West

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying consolidating financial statement schedules for Adventist Health System/West is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

March 18, 2022

Adventist Health
Consolidating Balance Sheets
(In millions of dollars)
December 31, 2021

	nsolidated salances	justments and minations	He Sy	ventist ealth stem ffice	He	entist alth rsfield	Adventist Health Castle	I	lventist Health ear Lake	Adventist Health Delano	Adventist Health Feather River	H	ventist lealth endale	dventist Health Hanford	H H	lventist Health Ioward emorial	I	dventist Health Lodi emorial
Assets																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 304	\$ (2,089)	\$	15	\$	100	\$ 112	\$	31	\$ 120	\$ 79	\$	41	\$ 434	\$	69	\$	45
Short-term investments	157	- (10)		154		_	_		-	_	_		1	_ ~		-		_
Patient accounts receivable	689	(13)		_		65	22		32	9	1		78	51		12		41
Receivables from third-party payors	379	(7)		_		48	1		13	26	4		14	75		4		29
Other current assets	 227	 (444)		447	<u> </u>	36	 12		4	 2	 5		15	 10		2		15
Total current assets	1,756	(2,553)		616		249	147		80	157	89		149	570		87		130
Noncurrent investments	2,291	(9)		2,261		_	17		_	_	3		3	_		_		_
Other assets	432	8		159		10	20		5	_	_		33	24		10		7
Property and equipment, net	 2,185	 		292		133	 121		36	 48	 10		172	 165		45		125
Total assets	\$ 6,664	\$ (2,554)	\$	3,328	\$	392	\$ 305	\$	121	\$ 205	\$ 102	\$	357	\$ 759	\$	142	\$	262
Liabilities and net assets																		
Accounts payable	\$ 370	\$ _	\$	124	\$	24	\$ 9	\$	5	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$	22	\$ 18	\$	5	\$	20
Accrued compensation and related payables	325	(13)		175		14	7		5	5	_		18	11		3		8
Liabilities to third-party payors	209	(7)		8		4	9		2	7	_		26	21		10		13
Other current liabilities	242	(447)		222		38	16		31	5	1		32	28		6		25
Short-term financing	30	(99)		33		_	_		_	_	_		_	_		_		_
Current maturities of long-term debt	 36	 		10		3	1		1		 		5	3		1		4
Total current liabilities	1,212	(566)		572		83	42		44	22	2		103	81		25		70
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	2,000	_		369		94	73		65	15	18		179	234		28		135
Other noncurrent liabilities	323	(1,988)		2,124		7	4		4	_	_		24	4		9		5
Total liabilities	 3,535	(2,554)		3,065		184	 119		113	37	 20		306	319		62		210
Net assets (deficit) without donor restrictions:																		
Controlling	3,044	_		261		206	181		7	168	80		42	439		79		48
Noncontrolling	15	_		_		_	_		_	_	_		_	_		_		_
Net assets with donor restrictions	70	_		2		2	5		1	_	2		9	1		1		4
Total net assets	3,129	_		263		208	186		8	168	82		51	 440		80		52
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 6,664	\$ (2,554)	\$	3,328	\$	392	\$ 305	\$	121	\$ 205	\$ 102	\$	357	\$ 759	\$	142	\$	262

H Mer	ventist ealth idocino Coast	Adventis Health Physician Networl	ns	Adventist Health Plan		Adventist Health Portland]	dventist Health Reedley	H	Adventist lealth and Rideout	H	ventist ealth i Valley		Adventist Health Sonora		dventist Health t. Helena		Adventist Health Fehachapi Valley		Adventist Health Tillamook	_	Adventist Health Tulare		Adventist Health Kiah Valley		Adventist Health White Memorial	He	estern ealth ources
\$	_	\$	8	\$ 6	\$	160	\$	170	\$	46	\$	_	\$	214	\$	_	\$	19	\$	62	\$	_	\$	126	\$	536	\$	_
	_		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		2		_
	9]	2	_		48		26		78		32		36		31		9		14		15		21		50		10
	2		_	2		2		8		25		6		26		7		_		_		15		20		59		_
	13		1 <u>9</u> 39			/		2006		15		5 43		9		15		2		2	_	2		9		20		<u>3</u> 13
	24		59	8		217		206		164		43		285		53		30		78		32		176		667		13
	_		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		16		_		_		_		_		_		_
	8		_	_		32		42		12		15		12		10		1		3		8		10		1		2
	1		_	_		114		42		336		115		82		98		42		10		7		73		117		1
\$	33	\$ 3	39	\$ 8	\$	363	\$	290	\$	512	\$	173	\$	379	\$	177	\$	73	\$	91	\$	47	\$	259	\$	785	\$	16
Φ.	2	Φ.	2	Φ	ф	10	Φ.		ф	22	Φ	_	Ф	1.1	Φ.	1.1	Φ.	4	Φ.		ф	-	ф	0	ф	21	Φ.	2
\$	3	\$	3	\$ 1	\$		\$	6	\$		\$	7	\$	11	\$	14	\$	4	\$	4	\$	7 2	\$	9	\$	21	\$	3
	2		2	_		10 13		3		19 33		9		8 15		8 14		3		3 7		2		6 7		16 10		3
	10	1	9	3		38		49		26		14		17		21		4		6		6		25		39		8
	17		_	_		_		-		_		4		_		16		_		_		44		_		_		15
	_		_	_		_		_		2		2		2		1		_		_		_		1		_		_
	32		24	6		73		63		112		43		53		74		12		20		59		48		86		29
	_		_	_		92		53		166		103		84		60		60		6		41		53		71		1
	6		1			29		30		14		7		10		8		11		2		4		8		9		1
	38	2	25	6		194		146		292		153		147		142		73		28		104		109		166		31
	(7)	1	4	2		164		144		205		19		231		10		(2)		63		(57)		149		613		(15)
	_	•	_	_		_		_		15		_				_		(2)		_		-		_		-		-
	2		_	_		5		_		_		1		1		25		2		_		_		1		6		_
	(5)		4	2		169		144		220		20	_	232		35		_		63		(57)	_	150		619		(15)
¢	22	•	20	¢ 0	ф	262	¢	200	¢	510	¢	172	φ	379	¢	177	ф	73	¢	01	ф	47	φ	250	¢	705	Φ.	16
<u> </u>	33	\$ 3	39	\$ 8	<u>\$</u>	363	\$	290	\$	512	\$	173	\$	319	\$	177	\$		\$	91	\$	47	Þ	259	\$	785	\$	16

Adventist Health
Consolidating Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets
(In millions of dollars)
Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Consolidated Balances	Adjustments and Eliminations	Adventist Health System Office	Adventist Health Bakersfield	Adventist Health Castle	Adventist Health Clear Lake	Adventist Health Delano	Adventist Health Feather River	Adventist Health Glendale	Adventist Health Hanford	Adventist Health Howard Memorial	Adventist Health Lodi Memorial
Revenues and support												
Patient service revenue	\$ 4,660	\$ (85)	\$ (21)	\$ 478	\$ 179	\$ 143	\$ 98	\$ (8)	\$ 495	\$ 375	\$ 85	\$ 261
Premium revenue	189	(22)	_	_	2	7	_	_	_	21	3	_
Other revenue	348	(741)	787	19	20	11	5	10	23	22	5	11
Net assets released from restrictions						_			_	_		
for operations	18			1		3			2	2	1	
Total revenues and support	5,215	(848)	766	498	201	164	103	2	520	420	94	272
Expenses												
Employee compensation	2,308	(111)	430	159	89	67	37	_	212	126	34	94
Professional fees	782	_	73	63	7	32	17	_	54	43	10	38
Supplies	785	_	(6)	90	36	13	13	_	88	51	12	38
Purchased services and other	1,231	(737)	348	173	56	42	28	2	191	116	24	85
Interest	65	(5)	18	3	2	2	_	_	6	7	1	4
Depreciation and amortization	193	_	33	11	7	4	6	1	17	13	4	11
Total expenses	5,364	(853)	896	499	197	160	101	3	568	356	85	270
(Loss) gain income from operations	(149)	5	(130)	(1)	4	4	2	(1)	(48)	64	9	2
Nonoperating income												
Investment income	163	(5)	70	4	9	2	5	2	3	16	2	2
Other nonoperating losses	(5)	_	(5)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total nonoperating income	158	(5)	65	4	9	2	5	2	3	16	2	2
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses	9	_	(65)	3	13	6	7	1	(45)	80	11	4
Less: excess of revenues over expenses from noncontrolling interests	(1)								(1)			
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expense from controlling interests	8		(65)	3	13	6	7_	1	(46)	80	11_	4

	Adventist Health Mendocino Coast	Adventist Health Physicians Network	Adventist Health Plan	Adventist Health Portland	Adventist Health Reedley	Adventist Health and Rideout	Adventist Health Simi Valley	Adventist Health Sonora	Adventist Health St. Helena	Adventist Health Tehachapi Valley	Adventist Health Tillamook	Adventist Health Tulare	Adventist Health Ukiah Valley	Adventist Health White Memorial	Western Health Resources
\$	56	\$ 107	\$ -	\$ 331	\$ 175	\$ 468	\$ 196	\$ 286	\$ 225	\$ 52	\$ 96	\$ 34	\$ 170	\$ 412	\$ 52
	_	21	36	5	2	_	_	_	29	_	_	_	40	45	_
	2	14	_	17	28	7	6	27	23	7	2	1	24	17	1
	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1	2	_	1	_	1	3	_
_	58	142	36	353	205	476	202	314	279	59	99	35	235	477	53
	28 14 9 10 1 - 62 (4)	51 96 15 (20) - - 142	- - - 36 - - 36	168 24 48 98 3 11 352	69 37 13 49 1 3 172	198 78 83 164 5 21 549	80 18 31 67 3 9 208	102 39 53 67 3 7 271	88 30 62 99 2 8 289	21 8 6 13 2 2 52	42 11 11 26 - 1 91	28 12 9 28 3 2 82	68 34 35 69 2 6 214	185 42 73 187 2 16 505	43 2 2 10 - - 57
	_	_	_	6	4	4	_	8	3	1	2	_	4	21	_
_							. <u> </u>								
				6	4	4	·	8	3	1	2		4	21	
	(4)	_	_	7	37	(69)	(6)	51	(7)	8	10	(47)	25	(7)	(4)
_															
_	(4)_			7	37	(69)	(6)	51	(7)	8	10	(47)	25	(7)	(4)

Adventist Health
Consolidating Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (continued)
(In millions of dollars)
Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Consolidat Balances	ed and	Adjustments and Eliminations		Adventist Health Bakersfield		Adventist Health Castle	Adventist Health Clear Lake		Adventist Health Delano		Adventist Health Feather River		Adventist Health Glendale		Adventist Health Hanford		Adventist Health Howard Memorial	Adventist Health Lodi Memorial	
Net assets without donor restrictions													_					_		
Controlling																				
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses from controlling interests	\$	3 \$	_	(65)	\$ 3	Φ	13	•	6	Φ	7	\$	1	•	(46)	\$ 90	\$	11	¢	4
Net change in unrealized (losses) on other-	Þ	э э	_ 1	(63)	\$ 3	Ф	13	Ф	0	Ф	7	Ф	1	Ф	(40)	\$ 60	Ф	11	Ф	4
than-trading securities	(10))	_	(10)	_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_
Net assets released from restrictions for	(1)	,,		(10)																
capital additions	:	5	_	_	_		1				_		_		_	_		_		_
Transfers from (to) related parties	-	- -	_	537	(52)		(20)		(28)		_		2		(59)	(50))	(6)		(27)
Other		[_	1					_		_		_		_			_		_
Increase (decrease) in net assets without donor																				
restrictions – controlling	4	1	_	463	(49)		(6)		(22)		7		3		(105)	30		5		(23)
Noncontrolling																				
Excess of revenues over expenses																				
from noncontrolling interests		L	_	_	_		_		_		_		_		1	_		_		_
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	_																			
noncontrolling			_	_	_		_		_		_		_		1	_		_		_
Net assets with donor restrictions																				
Restricted gifts and grants	32	2	_	1	1		3		3		_		_		4	2		1		1
Net assets released from restrictions	(2:	3)		<u>—-</u> -	(1)		(1)		(3)						(2)	(2))	(1)		
Increase (decrease) in net assets with													_					_		_
donor restrictions)		11			2								2					11
Increase (decrease) in net assets	14	1	_	464	(49)		(4)		(22)		7		3		(102)	30		5		(22)
Net assets, beginning of year	3,11:	5		(201)	257		190		30		161		79		153	410		75		74
Net assets, end of year	\$ 3,129	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	263	\$ 208	\$	186	\$	8	\$	168	\$	82	\$	51	\$ 440	\$	80	\$	52

Adventist Health Mendocino Coast		Adventist Health Physicians Network	Adventist Health Plan	Adventist Health Portland	Adventist Health Reedley	Adventist Health and Rideout	Adventist Health Simi Valley	Adventist Health Sonora	Adventist Health St. Helena	Adventist Health Tehachapi Valley	Adventist Health Tillamook	Adventist Health Tulare	Adventist Health Ukiah Valley	Adventist Health White Memorial	Western Health Resources	
\$	(4)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 37	\$ (69)	\$ (6)	\$ 51	\$ (7)	\$ 8	\$ 10	\$ (47)	\$ 25	\$ (7)	\$ (4)	
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	_	_	_	_	1	_	_	_	2	_	_	_	-	1	_	
	(2)	13	_	(43)	(32)	(46)	(18)	(35)	(30)	(5)	(13)	_	(20)	(59)	(7)	
	(6)	13		(36)	6	(115)	(24)	16	(35)	3	(3)	(47)	5	(65)	(11)	
	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
	2	_ _	_	_	_ (1)	1 (1)	_	_ (1)	8 (4)	_	1 (1)	_	1 (1)	3 (4)	-	
	2				(1)			(1)	4					(1)		
	(4)	13		(36)	5	(115)	(24)	15	(31)	3	(3)	(47)	5	(66)	(11)	
		1	2	205		335	44	217	66	(3)		(10)		685		
	(1)	1			139						66		145		(4)	
\$	(5)	\$ 14	\$ 2	\$ 169	\$ 144	\$ 220	\$ 20	\$ 232	\$ 35	<u>\$</u>	\$ 63	\$ (57)	\$ 150	\$ 619	\$ (15)	