Welcome!

Reducing Emergency Department Utilization among the Mental Illness Population Learning Series

Whole Health in Populations Experiencing Mental Illness – Webinar Series

The session will start shortly!

Best Practices:

- Please keep your mic muted if you are not talking
- Please rename your connection in Zoom with your full name and organization
- We want these sessions to be interactive! Please participate in the polls, ask your questions and provide your input







Introduction

Learning Series Goal: To share evidence-based and promising practices and case examples for CCO employees and contracted providers to improve their practices to support the mental illness population.

Learning Series Opportunities

- 1. Systems Improvement- What CCOs Can Do
- 2. Behavioral and Physical Health Integration-Lessons from the Field
- 3. Whole Health Webinar Series

This program is supported by the Oregon Health Authority Transformation Center







Participation Best Practices

- Please type your questions and comments into the chat box
- Please stay on mute unless you intentionally want to ask a question or make a comment
- Please rename your connection in Zoom with your full name and organization you work for
- All sessions will be recorded and shared on the OHA website
- The roster will be distributed after this session; please let Anna Steeves-Reece know if you do not want your name shared on the roster: <u>steevesr@ohsu.edu</u>
- Please actively participate in the sessions! We want to hear from you







Whole Health in Populations Experiencing Mental Illness

Session 3: Dental/Oral Health

Session Goals:

Learn dental/oral health considerations for people experiencing mental health disorders, including how to address those considerations with screening tools/care coordination/other interventions; and
 Hear from a CCO about their experience integrating physical, dental, and

behavioral health through a variety of innovative programs/approaches

Speakers:

Lynnea Lindsey, PhD Beverlee Cutler, DMD Susan Rustvold, DMD, EdD, MS Alexa Jett, BSDH, EPDH







Dental & Oral Health OHSU Community Dentistry

Whole Health for Populations Experiencing Mental Illness Susan Romano Rustvold, DMD, EdD, MS Beverlee Cutler, DMD May 8, 2019







Background

Susan Rustvold, DMD, EdD & Beverlee Cutler, DMD

Susan Rustvold:

Chair of Department of Behavioral Sciences 1998-2000 at OHSU

MS in Counselor Education, PSU

Dental officer at the Oregon Department of Corrections from 2000 through 2004

OWCC Oregon Women's Correction Center

Coffee Creek Correctional Center

Doctorate in Education (EdD) in Postsecondary Education, PSU 2012

Dissertation topic: Oral health knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors: Investigation of an educational intervention strategy with at-risk females

Research conducted in two women's state-mandated residential chemical dependency treatment centers Currently I am on the dental advisory group for Medical Teams International and volunteer in the

Currently I am on the dental advisory group for Medical Teams International and volunteer in the mobile dental clinics for low-income people

Beverlee Cutler:

31 years in public health dentistry

Director of OHSU Russell Street Dental Clinic







Learning Objectives

At the conclusion of this presentation, participants will be able to:

- 1. Describe interconnections among periodontal diseases & systemic illness
- 2. List and address barriers to care
- 3. Assess and address dental anxiety for the individual patient
- 4. Implement strategies to improve access and strategies for treatment







Context: Traditional Ideal Dentistry

- 1. Desire to repair
- 2. Ability to maintain
- 3. Medical considerations
- 4. Mental health
- 5. Function
- 6. Finances







Context: Patient-Centered Care

Whole Person Health: will be presented by Alexa Jett

Patient-centered care (PCC) depends on **relationship** Entire team is involved

P4 approach to healthcare:

Predictive, preventive, personalized, and participatory







Context: Patient-Centered Care

Shift in the focus of dentistry from "cure" approach centered on teeth to a "care" approach centered on disease prevention and the whole patient; recognizing health, behaviors, and beliefs.

Patient-centered dentistry is effective to empower patients to enhance their oral care.







Context: Patient-Centered Care

"These women weren't parented"— RN at CCCF

Not just a lack of knowledge on health promotion/prevention of dental diseases

Need a paradigm shift involving sense of agency or selfefficacy before self-care information can sink in







Context: Motivational Interviewing

Engage patient in conversation around a health topic.

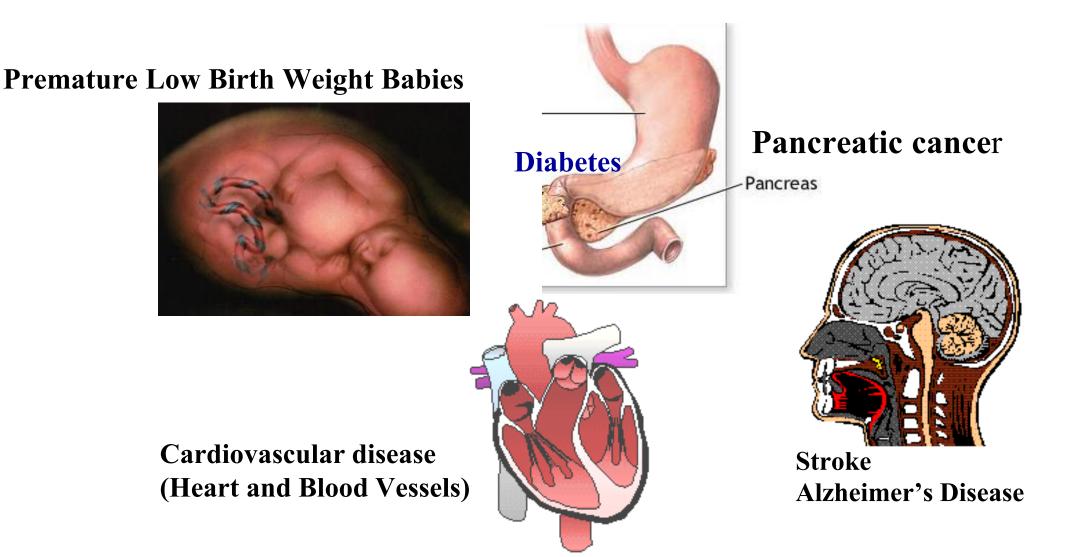
Start with non-threatening/engaging question Ask patient what they know about "pros" of current action Ask patient what they know about the downside of current action Ask patient to indicate how motivated he/she is to change Ask what would need to happen to move up the range of motivation

Patient is the one to state change or self-care intention





Learning Objective 1: Periodontal Health: Effects on Systemic Health



Learning Objective 1: Periodontal Health: Effects on Systemic Health

Think about it . . .

The mouth is the only part of the body that needs such careful cleaning every day for you to be healthy.



Learning Objective 2: Barriers to Care

- 1. Fear and anxiety
- 2. Transportation
- 3. Homelessness
- 4. Food Insecurity
- 5. Knowledge both the need for dental care and where to get it
- 6. Medical conditions
- 7. Keeping appointments organizational ability
- 8. Finances
- 9. Provider burnout







Learning Objective 2: Barriers to Care

History of Abuse, Substance Use, Mental Illness and Dental Anxiety

Women in treatment for chemical dependency scored in the highest levels of Dental Anxiety, according to the Modified Dental Anxiety Scale.

Personal communication with RN's in treatment centers indicates approximately 95% with histories of domestic violence. Dual diagnosis: mental illness and substance use





Learning Objective 2: Barriers to Care

History of Abuse, Substance Use, Mental Illness and Dental Anxiety

Abuse Triggers in the dental office:

- Position: supine, vulnerable
- Dentist (often male) invading personal space
- Unknowns
- Fear of pain
- Sharp instruments
- Bright light in eyes
- Smells







Modified Dental Anxiety Scale: 1 minute to administer

- 1. If you went to your dentist for treatment tomorrow, how would you feel?
- 2. If you were sitting in the waiting room (waiting for treatment), how would you feel?
- 3. If you were about to have a tooth drilled, how would you feel?
- 4. If you were about to have your teeth scaled and polished, how would you feel?
- 5. If you were about to have a local anesthetic injection in your gum, above an upper back tooth, how would you feel?







Modified Dental Anxiety Scale: 1 minute to administer

Each item is scored 1-5:

"Not Anxious=1; "Extremely Anxious" = 5

__Not __Slightly __Fairly __Very __Extremely Anxious Anxious Anxious Anxious Anxious







Scoring the Modified Dental Anxiety Scale (MDAS)

(this information is not printed on the form that patients see)

a = 1, b = 2, c = 3, d = 4, e = 5 Total possible = 25

Anxiety rating:

- 12 15 = moderate anxiety but have specific stressors that should be A discussed and managed
- •16 18 = high anxiety
- •19 25 = severe anxiety (phobia).

▲Might be manageable with the Dental Concerns Assessment but might require
▲the help of a mental health therapist.







Humphris, G.M., Freeman, R. Campbell, J., Tuutti, H., D'Souza, V. (December 2000) Further evidence for the reliability and validity of the Modified Dental Anxiety Scale. *International dental journal. 50*(6), 367-70.

Corah NL. (1988). Dental anxiety: assessment, reduction and increasing patient satisfaction. *Dent Clin North Am, 32*, 779-90.







Dental Concerns Assessment (DCA)

DENTAL CONCERNS ASSESSMENT*

Please rank your concerns or anxiety over the dental procedures listed below by ranking them on the accompanying scale. Please fill in any additional concerns.

		Lev	Level of Concern of Anxiety			
		Low	Moderate	<u>High</u>	Don't know	
1.	Sound or vibration of the drill	1	2	3	4	
2.	Not being numb enough	1	2	3	4	
3.	Dislike the numb feeling	1	2	3	4	
4.	Injection ("novocaine")	1	2	3	4	
5.	Probing to assess gum disease	1	2	3	4	
6.	The sound or feel of scraping during teeth cle	eaning 1	2	3	4	
7. Gagging, for example during impressions of the						
	mouth	1	2	3	4	
8.	X-rays	1	2	3	4	
9.	Rubber dam	1	2	3	4	
10) Issue date tired	1	2	2	Λ	





Level of Concern or Anxiety

Dental Concerns Assessment (DCA)

10. Jaw gets tired	1	2	3	4
11. Cold air hurts teeth	1	2	3	4
12. Not enough information about procedures	1	2	3	4
13. Root canal treatment		2	3	4
14. Extraction	1	2	3	4
15. Fear of being injured	1	2	3	4
16. Panic attacks	1	2	3	4
17. Not being able to stop the dentist	1	2	3	4
18. Not feeling free to ask questions	1	2	3	4
19. Not being listened to or taken seriously	1	2	3	4
20. Being criticized, put down, or lectured to	1	2	3	4
21. Smells in the dental office		2	3	4
22. I am worried that I may need a lot of dental				
treatment	1	2	3	4
23. I am worried about the cost of the dental treatment				
· ·	-	-	•	







Dental Concerns Assessment (DCA)

24	I am worried about the number of appointments and the time that will be required for necessary appointments and treatment; time away from work, or the need for childcare or transportation	1	2	3	4
25	I am embarassed about the condition of my mouth	1	2	3	4
26	I don't like feeling confined or not in control	1	2	3	4
27	Other:				

Developed by J.H. Clarke and S. Rustvold, Oregon Health Sciences University School of Dentistry, 1993 [revised 1998]



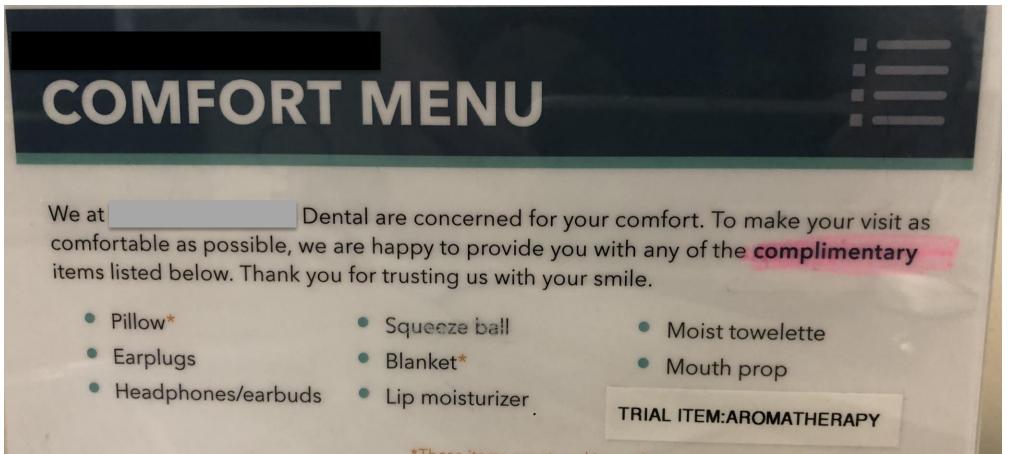


People stop developing other coping mechanisms when they start using a chemical substance as their coping mechanism









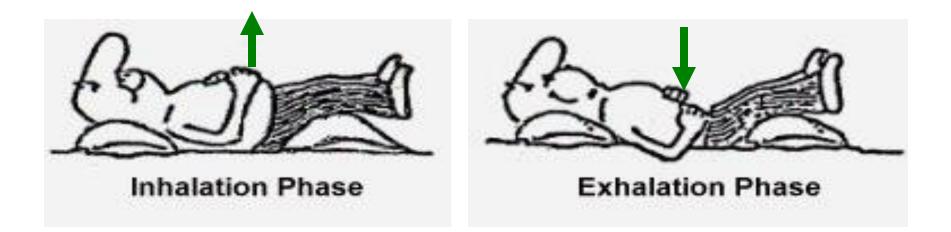
*These items are stored in a cabinet. Please ask us if you'd like one.







The importance of breathing correctly . . .



Autonomic Nervous System Pathways

Resting /Body Maintenance/Relaxation Pathway

Heart rate	¥
Pulse	¥
	ł
Adrenalin	Ļ
Breathing rate	•
slow, abdominal	
Blood flow	
Surface	A
Digestive tract	▲

Autonomic Nervous System Pathways

Emergency Response/Work/Stress Pathway

Heart rate	♠
Pulse	
Adrenalin	•
Breathing rate	
shallow, chest	т
Blood flow	
Surface	¥
Digestive tract	¥

Autonomic Nervous System Pathways

Resting /Body Maintenance/Relaxation Pathway

Heart rate	¥
Pulse	¥
	ł
Adrenalin	Ļ
Breathing rate	•
slow, abdominal	
Blood flow	
Surface	A
Digestive tract	▲

Learning Objective 4: Improve Access and Care

- 1. Welcoming environment and trauma-informed care
- 2. Have some walk-in appointments
- 3. Reminder calls get family member or case manager involved
- 4. Give free stuff toothbrush, floss, rinse, denture paste







Learning Objective 4: Improve Access and Care

- 1. Reason to access care PAIN
- 2. Prepare for inefficiency
 - a. No-shows have walk-in appointments available
 - b. Less productivity short appointments, 1 procedure at a time
 - c. Demands for meds have a clear opioid policy
 - d. Lots of talking explain treatment options, explain each step of treatment, reinforce oral hygiene
 - e. Prepare to abandon treatment
- 3. Take time off!







Thank you!

Susan Romano Rustvold, DMD, EdD, MS Oregon Health and Science University Assistant Professor rustvols@ohsu.edu

Beverlee Katz Cutler, DMD Director, OHSU Russell Street Clinic cutlerb@ohsu.edu







Dental & Oral Health CareOregon

Whole Health: Oral Health Navigation, Care Coordination, and Integration *Alexa Jett, BSDH, EPDH Dental Innovations Specialist May 8, 2019*





Learning Objectives

- 1. Provide an overview of interdisciplinary care coordination and referral mechanisms
- 2. Gain an understanding of acute dental opioid prescribing initiatives
- 3. Describe bidirectional integration efforts between primary care, behavioral health, and oral health

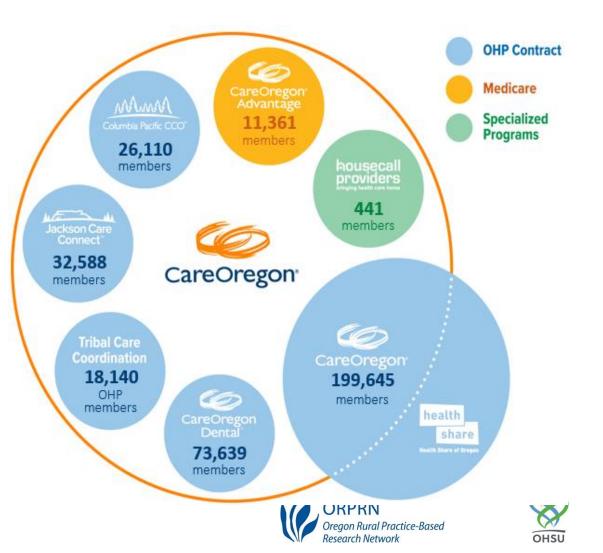






CareOregon

- Safety-net non-profit since 1994
- Cross-regional Medicaid plans administer physical, behavioral, and oral health benefits
- Local county/federally qualified health center (FQHC) spun off their Medicaid dental plan to CareOregon in 2012







- Built systems and infrastructure to support dental within the medical infrastructure
- Integration is one of five core areas on the organization strategic priorities and objectives
 - There is one oral health integration metric on the top 15 health plan goals
- Many teams are seeking out dental components in their strategic and daily work







Whole Person Health

Person and family centered Easy navigation Prompt other health services Integrated care for all health teams Data from the person perspective

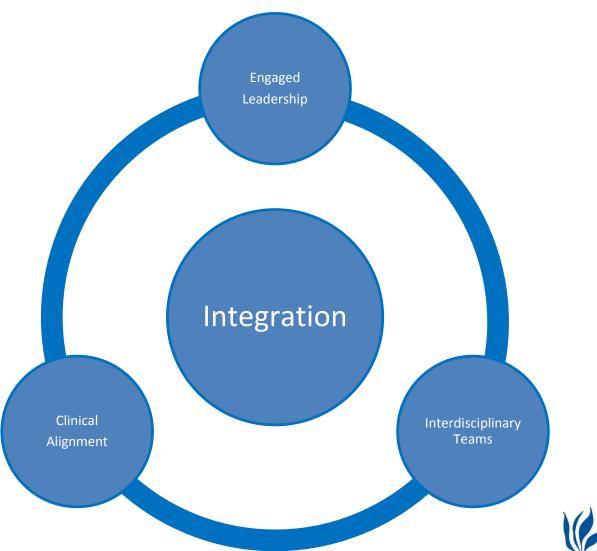








Integration Strategy



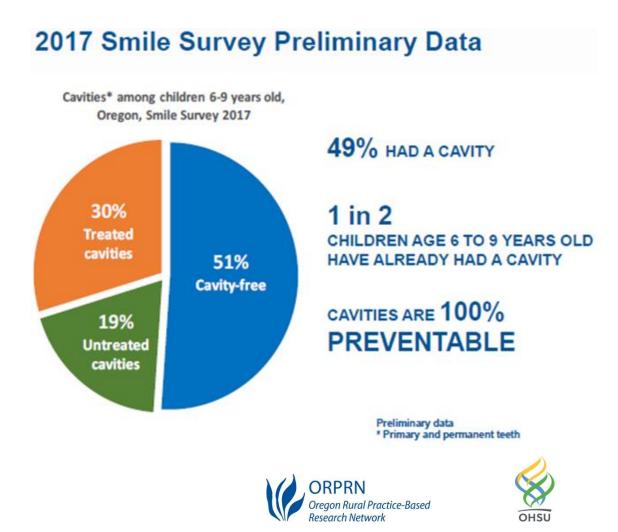






CareOregon Integration Initiatives

- Dental visit during pregnancy
- Oral health intervention for children ages 0 to 5
- Dental exam for patients with diabetes
 - Medical denominator and dental numerator
- Primary care referrals to dental
- Opioid prescribing by dentists





Request for Dental Services

OneHealthPort or Connect provider portals

Takes the navigation burden off the patient and provider

Allows the DCO to perform care coordination

• 2018 goal: 100 requests per region

• CareOregon Medical: ~200 https://www.careoregon.org/providers/provider-portal







CareOregon better together		e Log Out Logged In: Alexa Jett Office Staff - View All	
text sizeA A A Office Management			
Eligibility	Request for Dental Services		
Claims/Remittance	Today's Date: 4/6/2019		
Member Roster	 Non-Urgent/Routine ○ Urgent (pain, managed infection or swelling) 		
Code Lookup Document Manager	For Dental emergencies (unusual swelling or infection of the face/gums, tooth avulsion) please call Dental Care Coordination at 503-488-2812 Monday thru Friday		-
Dental Care Request Oregon Medicaid ID	from 8am to 5pm PST. Referrals submitted online are processed once daily.		
Application Administration	Patient Information		
User Preferences	*Patient First Name: *Patient Last Name:		







ED Utilization

- PreManage Oral Health Cohort
- CareOregon Regional Care Teams (RCT)
- Dental Care Coordinator role

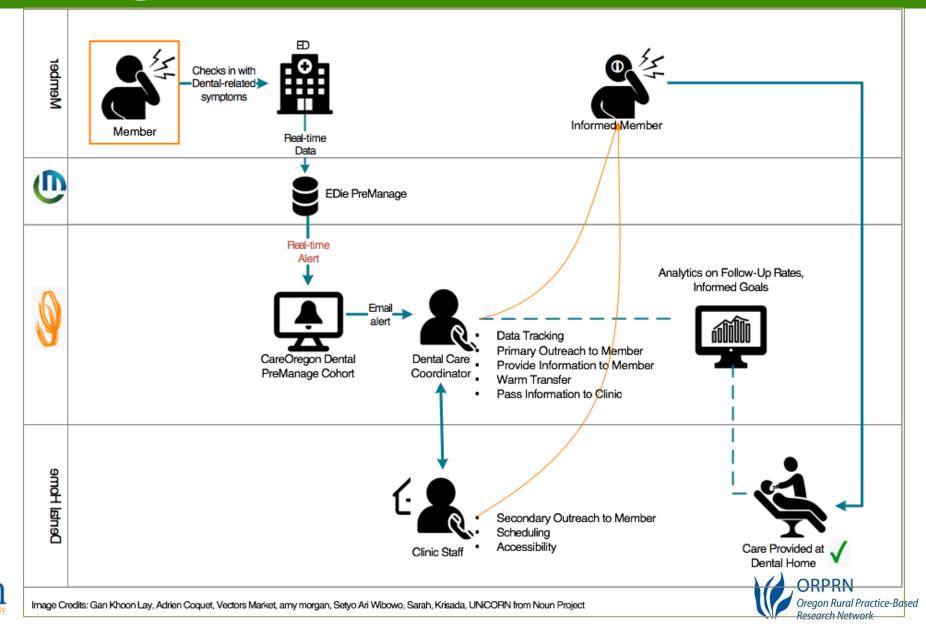
Goal: reduce and avoid repeat non-traumatic dental ED encounters

Measured in DCOs and CCOs for dental visit follow-up within 30 days









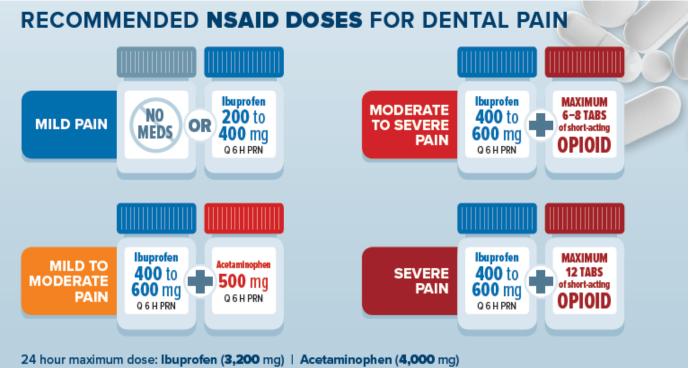
OHSU

Acute Opioid Dental Prescribing

Acute prescribing statewide performance improvement project (PIP)

Collaboration with Dental Care Organizations (DCOs) on dental provider pain management brochure

Utilizing data to identify outlier prescribing dentists









CareOregon's Oral Health Integration Projects (OHIP) and Learning Collaborative

Working with co-located FQHC partners on:

- Trauma informed care in the dental office
- Occupational therapy to increase oral health-promoting behavior
- Hygienists embedded in the primary care team
- Culturally specific community outreach/mobile dental care
- Immunizations in the dental setting







CareOregon Integration Projects

Diabetes Integration Project (DIP)

SPMI and Diabetes cohort

- HSO-funded grant
- CareOregon, CareOregon Dental, Clackamas County Health Centers, Lifeworks, Cascadia, ODS, Willamette
- **Tri-directional integration**







Conclusions

- Prioritization of oral health
- Healthcare service models team based health care
- Interdisciplinary workflows team based health care
- Communication and tools
- Opportunity for more oral health initiatives with MI populations









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Thank you!

Please complete the post-session evaluation.

Final session is Wednesday, May 22 from 12 p.m. – 1 p.m.
Session 4: Sustaining clinician satisfaction when working with patients who have complex physical, behavioral, and social needs

Anna Steeves-Reece, ORPRN, <u>steevesr@ohsu.edu</u> Lynnea Lindsey, Consultant, <u>drlindseyconsulting@gmail.com</u>

For more information on ED MI metrics support, visit www.TransformationCenter.org





