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PERMANENT ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

DMAP 27-2020

CHAPTER 410
OREGON HEALTH AUTHORITY
HEALTH SYSTEMS DIVISION: MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

FILED
06/16/2020 1:06 PM
ARCHIVES DIVISION
SECRETARY OF STATE
& LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

FILING CAPTION: Billing Rules: Adding A New Form Number For A Pharmacy Specific Agreement To Pay Form

EFFECTIVE DATE: 06/17/2020

AGENCY APPROVED DATE: 06/16/2020

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AMEND: 410-120-1280

REPEAL: Temporary 410-120-1280 from DMAP 2-2020

RULE TITLE: Billing

NOTICE FILED DATE: 04/23/2020

RULE SUMMARY: The Health Services Division (Division) General Rules, administrative rules govern payments for services provided to certain Medicaid eligible clients. The Division temporarily amended OAR 410-120-1280 in order to include a new form number 3166 for the Agreement to Pay form that is specific to pharmacy providers, will now make that change permanent. Form 3165 will remain in effect for all other provider types.

RULE TEXT:

- (1) A provider enrolled with the Authority or providing services to a client in an MCE under the Oregon Health Plan (OHP) may not seek payment from the client for any services covered by Medicaid fee-for-service or through contracted health care plans:
 - (a) A client may not be billed for missed appointments. A missed appointment is not considered to be a distinct Medicaid service by the federal government and as such is not billable to the client or the Division;
 - (b) A client may not be billed for services or treatments that have been denied due to provider error (e.g., required documentation not submitted, prior authorization not obtained, etc.).
- (2) For Medicaid covered services, the provider may not bill the Division more than the provider's usual charge (see definitions) or the reimbursement specified in the applicable Division program rules.
- (3) Providers shall only bill a client or a financially responsible relative or representative of that client in the following situations:
 - (a) For any applicable coinsurance, copayments, and deductibles expressly authorized in OAR chapter 410, divisions 120 and 141, or any other Division program rules;
 - (b) The client did not inform the provider of their OHP coverage, enrollment in an MCE, or third party insurance coverage at the time of or after a service was provided; therefore, the provider could not bill the appropriate payer for reasons including but not limited to the lack of prior authorization or the time limit to submit the claim for payment has passed. The provider must verify eligibility pursuant to OAR 410-120-1140 and document attempts to obtain coverage

information prior to billing the client;

(c) The client became eligible for benefits retroactively but did not meet all of the other criteria required to receive the service;

(d) A third party payer made payments directly to the client for services provided;

(e) The client has the limited Citizen Alien Waived Emergency Medical benefit package. CAWEM clients have the benefit package identifier of CWM. Clients receiving CAWEM benefits may be billed for services that are not part of the CAWEM benefits. (See OAR 410-120-1210 for coverage.) The provider must document that the client was informed in advance that the service or item would not be covered by the Division. An OHP 3165 or 3166 is not required for these services;

(f) The client has requested a continuation of benefits during the contested case hearing process, and the final decision was not in favor of the client. The client shall pay for any charges incurred for the denied service on or after the effective date on the Notice of Action or Notice of Appeal Resolution. The provider must complete the OHP 3165 or 3166 pursuant to section (3)(h) of this rule before providing these services;

(g) In exceptional circumstances, a client may decide to privately pay for a covered service. In this situation, the provider may bill the client if the provider informs the client in advance of all of the following:

(A) The requested service is a covered service, and the appropriate payer (the Division, MCE, or third party payer) would pay the provider in full for the covered service; and

(B) The estimated cost of the covered service, including all related charges, the amount that the appropriate payer would pay for the service, and that the provider cannot bill the client for an amount greater than the amount the appropriate payer would pay; and

(C) That the client knowingly and voluntarily agrees to pay for the covered service;

(D) The provider documents in writing, signed by the client or the client's representative, indicating that the provider gave the client the information described in section (3)(g)(A-C); that the client had an opportunity to ask questions, obtain additional information, and consult with the client's caseworker or client representative; and that the client agreed to privately pay for the service by signing an agreement incorporating all of the information described above.

The provider must give a copy of the signed agreement to the client. A provider may not submit a claim for payment for covered services to the Division or to the client's MCE or third party payer that is subject to the agreement.

(h) A provider may bill a client for services that are not covered by the Division, MCE (see definition of non-covered services). Before providing the non-covered service, the client must sign the provider-completed Agreement to Pay (OHP 3165 or 3166) or a facsimile containing all of the information and elements of the OHP 3165 or 3166 as shown in Table 3165 and 3166 of this rule. The completed OHP 3165, 3166 or facsimile is valid only if the estimated fee does not change and the service is scheduled within 30 days of the client's signature. Providers must make a copy of the completed OHP 3165, 3166 or facsimile available to the Division or MCE upon request.

(4) Code Set requirements:

(a) Federal Code Set requirements (45 CFR 162) apply to all Medicaid Code Set requirements, including the use of diagnostic or procedure codes for prior authorization, claims submissions, and payments. Code Set has the meaning set forth in 45 CFR 162.103, and it includes the codes and the descriptors of the codes. Federal Code Set requirements are mandatory, and the Division lacks any authority to delay or alter their application or effective dates as established by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services;

(b) The Division shall adhere to the Code Set requirements in 45 CFR 162.1000–162.1011;

(c) Periodically, the Division shall update its provider rules and tables to conform to national codes. In the event of an alleged variation between a Division-listed code and a national code, the Division shall apply the national code in effect on the date of request or date of service;

(d) Only codes with limitations or requiring prior authorization are noted in rules. National Code Set issuance alone may not be construed as coverage or a covered service by the Division;

(e) The Division adopts by reference the National Code Set revisions, deletions, and additions issued and published by the American Medical Association (Current Procedural Terminology — CPT) and on the CMS website (Healthcare

Common Procedural Coding System — HCPCS). This code adoption may not be construed as coverage or as a covered service by the Division.

(5) Claims:

(a) Upon submission of a claim to the Division for payment, the provider agrees that it has complied with all Division program rules. Submission of a claim, however, does not relieve the provider from the requirement of a signed provider agreement;

(b) A provider enrolled with the Division must bill using the Authority assigned provider number, or the National Provider Identification (NPI) number if the NPI is available, pursuant to OAR 410-120-1260;

(c) The provider may not bill the Division more than the provider's usual charge (see definitions) or the reimbursement specified in the applicable Division program rules;

(d) Claims must be submitted on the appropriate form as described in the individual Division program rules or electronically in a manner authorized in OAR chapter 943, division 120;

(e) Medicare will send crossover claims to the Authority or contracted health plan after adjudication by Medicare. This requires claims sent to Medicare for primary payment to include the applicable information for all dually eligible Medicaid/Medicare members so that claims can automatically cross-over electronically to the Authority or to contracted health care plans. Medicare shall automatically transmit the correct Medicare payment, coinsurance, and deductible information to the Division or the contracted health plan;

(f) Claims must be for services provided within the provider's licensure or certification;

(g) Unless otherwise specified, claims must be submitted after:

(A) Delivery of service; or

(B) Dispensing, shipment or mailing of the item.

(h) The provider must submit true and accurate information when billing the Division. Use of a billing provider does not abrogate the performing provider's responsibility for the truth and accuracy of submitted information;

(i) A claim is considered a valid claim only if all required data is entered on or attached to the claim form. See the appropriate provider rules and supplemental information for specific instructions and requirements;

(j) A provider or its contracted agency, including billing providers, may not submit or cause to be submitted:

(A) Any false claim for payment;

(B) Any claim altered in such a way as to result in a payment for a service that has already been paid;

(C) Any claim upon which payment has been made or is expected to be made by another source until after the other source has been billed with the exception of (8)(c)(A-D) below. If the other source denies the claim or pays less than the Medicaid allowable amount, a claim may be submitted to the Division. Any amount paid by the other source must be clearly entered on the claim form and must include the appropriate TPL Explanation Code;

(D) Any claim for furnishing specific care, items, or services that has not been provided.

(k) If an overpayment has been made by the Division, the provider is required to do one of the following:

(A) Submit an Individual Adjustment Request; or

(B) Refund the amount of the overpayment on any claim; or

(C) Void the claim via the provider web portal if the reason for the overpayment was an erroneous billing;

(D) If the overpayment occurred because of a payment from a third party payer refer to (8)(f) of this rule.

(L) A provider who, after having been previously warned in writing by the Division or the Department of Justice about improper billing practices, is found to have continued improper billing practices and has had an opportunity for a contested case hearing shall be liable to the Division for up to triple the amount of the Division established overpayment received as a result of the violation.

(6) Diagnosis code requirement:

(a) A primary diagnosis code is required on all claims, using the ICD-10-CM diagnosis code set, unless specifically excluded in individual Division program rules;

(b) The primary diagnosis code must be the code that most accurately describes the client's condition;

(c) All diagnosis codes are required to the highest degree of specificity;

(d) Hospitals must follow national coding guidelines and bill using the 7th digit where applicable in accordance with methodology used in the Medicare Diagnosis Related Groups.

(7) Procedure code requirement:

(a) For claims requiring a procedure code the provider must bill as instructed in the appropriate Division program rules and must use the appropriate HIPAA procedure code set such as CPT, HCPCS, ICD-10-PCS, ADA CDT, NDC, established according to 45 CFR 162.1000 to 162.1011, which best describes the specific service or item provided;

(b) For claims that require the listing of a procedure code as a condition of payment, the code listed on the claim must be the code that most accurately describes the services provided. Hospitals must follow national coding guidelines;

(c) When there is no appropriate descriptive procedure code to bill the Division, the provider must use the code for "unlisted services." Instructions on the specific use of unlisted services are contained in the individual provider rules. A complete and accurate description of the specific care, item, or service must be documented on the claim;

(d) Where there is one CPT, CDT, or HCPCS code that according to CPT, CDT, and HCPCS coding guidelines or standards describes an array of services, the provider must bill the Division using that code rather than itemizing the services under multiple codes. Providers may not "unbundle" services in order to increase the payment.

(8) Third party Liability (TPL):

(a) Federal law requires that state Medicaid agencies take all reasonable measures to ensure that in most instances the Division shall be the payer of last resort;

(b) Providers must make reasonable efforts to obtain payment first from other resources. For the purposes of this rule, "reasonable efforts" include determining the existence of insurance or other resources on each date of service by:

(A) Using an insurance database such as Electronic Verification System (EVS) available to the provider;

(B) Using the Automated Voice Response (AVR) or secure provider web portal on each date of service and at the time of billing;

(C) Asking the Medicaid recipient at the point of service or prior to billing if they have other health insurance;

(D) If the provider identifies from the client or other source third party insurance that is unknown to the state or that is different from what is reported in one of the Division verification systems, the provider must report the coverage to the Health Insurance Group (HIG) using the secure online form at www.reporttpl.org.

(c) Except as noted in section (8)(d)(A through E) below, when third party coverage is known to the provider prior to billing the Division, the provider must:

(A) Bill all third party insurance the client is covered by, which could include Personal Insurance Protection (PIP) or Workers Compensation if the claim is related to a personal injury; and

(B) Except for pharmacy claims billed through the Division's point-of-sale system, the provider must wait 30 days from submission date of a clean claim and have not received payment from the third party; and

(C) Comply with the insurer's billing and authorization requirements; and

(D) Appeal a denied claim when the service is payable in whole or in part by an insurer.

(d) In accordance with federal regulations, the provider must bill the TPL prior to billing the Division, except under the following circumstances:

(A) The covered health service is provided by an Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities (ICF/ID);

(B) The covered health service is provided by institutional services for the mentally and emotionally disturbed;

(C) The covered health services are prenatal and preventive pediatric services;

(D) Services are covered by a third party insurer through an absent parent where the medical coverage is administratively or court ordered;

(E) When a negligent third party caused an injury or illness to a client, a provider may choose to bill the Liability Insurance (see definition), bill the liable third party, place a lien on a tort settlement or judgement, or bill the Division.

The provider may not both place a lien against a settlement and bill the Division:

(i) The provider may withdraw their lien and bill the Division within 12 months of the date of service; however, the provider must accept the Division payment as payment in full;

- (ii) The provider may not return the payment made by the Division in order to place a lien or to accept payment from a liability settlement, judgement, liability insurer, or other source.
- (F) In the circumstances outlined in section (8)(d)(A) through (E) above, the provider may choose to bill the primary insurance prior to billing the Division. Otherwise, the Division shall process the claim and, if applicable, pay the Division's allowable rate for these services and seek reimbursement from the liable third party insurance plan;
- (G) In making the decision to bill the Division, the provider shall be cognizant of the possibility that the third party payer may reimburse the service at a higher rate than the Division and that once the Division makes payment, no additional billing to the third party is permitted by the provider.
- (e) The provider may bill the Division directly for services that are never covered by Medicare or another insurer on the appropriate form identified in the relevant provider rules. Documentation must be on file in the provider's records indicating this is a non-covered service for purposes of Third Party Resources. See the individual provider rules for further information on services that must be billed to Medicare first;
- (f) In the case of known third party coverage, a provider may bill the Division if payment from the third party coverage is not received within 30 days. If a payment is received from the third party coverage after receiving the Division payment, the provider shall do one of the following within 30 days of receiving the payment:
- (A) Submit an Individual Adjustment Request (OHP 1036) that shows the amount of the third party payment as a credit in the appropriate field; or
- (B) Submit a claim adjustment online at <https://www.or-medicaid.gov/ProdPortal/> that shows the amount of the third party payment as a credit in the appropriate field; or
- (C) Refund the amount paid by the Division. The amount refunded shall be the lesser of the third party payment or the amount paid by the Division. The check to repay the Division shall include the reason the payment is being made and either:
- (i) An Individual Adjustment Request that identifies the original claim, name and number of the client, date of service, and items or services for which the repayment is made; or
- (ii) A copy of the Remittance Advice showing the original Division payment.
- (D) Failure to submit the Individual Adjustment Requests within 30 days of receipt of the third party payment or to refund the Division payment is considered concealment of material facts and is grounds for recovery and sanction.
- (E) Any provider who accepts payment from a client or client's representative and is subsequently paid for the service by the Division shall reimburse the client or their representative the full amount of their payment.
- (g) If the third party coverage is not known by the Division or the provider at the time the Division makes payment, a provider may not return the Division payment in order to bill the third party coverage if the third party coverage becomes known after the Division payment;
- (h) The Division may make a claim against any third party payer after making payment to the provider of service. The Division may pursue alternate resources following payment if it deems this a more efficient approach. Pursuing alternate resources includes but is not limited to requesting the provider to bill the third party and to refund the Division in accordance with this rule;
- (i) For services provided to a Medicare and Medicaid dual eligible client, the Division may request the provider to submit a claim for Medicare payment, except as noted in 410-141-3420, and the provider must honor that request. Claims submitted to Medicare shall include the Medicaid information necessary to enable electronic crossover to the Authority or contracted health plan. Under federal regulation, a provider may not charge a beneficiary (or the state as the beneficiary's subrogee) for services for which a provider failed to file a timely claim (42 CFR 424) with Medicare despite being requested to do so;
- (j) If Medicare is the primary payer and Medicare denies payment, Medicare appeals must be timely pursued, and Medicare denial must be obtained prior to submitting the claim for payment to the Division. Medicare denial on the basis of failure to submit a timely appeal may result in the Division reducing from the amount of the claim any amount the Division determines could have been paid by Medicare.
- (9) Full use of alternate resources:

- (a) The Division shall generally make payment only when other resources are not available for the client's medical needs. Full use must be made of reasonable alternate resources in the local community;
- (b) Except as provided in section (10) of this rule, alternate resources may be available:
 - (A) Under a federal or state worker's compensation law or plan;
 - (B) For items or services furnished by reason of membership in a prepayment plan;
 - (C) For items or services provided or paid for directly or indirectly by a health insurance plan or as health benefits of a governmental entity such as:
 - (i) Armed Forces Retirees and Dependents Act (CHAMPVA);
 - (ii) Armed Forces Active Duty and Dependents Military Medical Benefits Act (CHAMPUS); or
 - (iii) Medicare Parts A and B.
 - (D) To residents of another state under that state's Title XIX or state funded medical assistance programs; or
 - (E) Through other reasonably available resources.
- (10) Exceptions:
 - (a) Indian Health Services or Tribal Health Facilities. Pursuant to 42 CFR 136.61 subpart G and the Memorandum of Agreement in OAR 310-146-0000, Indian Health Services facilities and tribal facilities operating under Public Law 93, Section 638 agreement are payers of last resort and are not considered an alternate resource or TPL;
 - (b) Veterans Administration. Veterans who are also eligible for Medicaid benefits are encouraged to utilize Veterans' Administration facilities whenever possible. Veterans' benefits are prioritized for service related conditions and as such are not considered an alternate or TPL.
- (11) Table 120-1280 – TPR codes.
- (12) Table – OHP Client Agreement to Pay for Health Services, OHP 3165 and 3166.

STATUTORY/OTHER AUTHORITY: ORS 413.042

STATUTES/OTHER IMPLEMENTED: ORS 414.025, 414.065

Table 120-1280 – Third Party Resource (TPR) Explanation Codes

Use in Field “9” on the CMS-1500

Single Insurance Coverage	
Use when the client has only one insurance policy in addition to DMAP coverage.	
UD	Service Under Deductible
NC	Service Not Covered by Insurance Policy
PN	Patient Not Covered by Insurance Policy
IC	Insurance Coverage Cancelled/Terminated
IL	Insurance Lapsed or Not in Effect on Date of Service
IP	Insurance Payment Went to Policyholder
PP	Insurance Payment Went to Patient
NA	Service Not Authorized or Prior Authorized by Insurance
NE	Service Not Considered Emergency by Insurance
NP	Service Not Provided by Primary Care Provider/Facility
MB	Maximum Benefits Used for Diagnosis/Condition
RI	Requested Information Not Received by Insurance from Client
RP	Requested Information Not Received by Insurance from Policy holder
MV	Motor Vehicle Accident Fund Maximum Benefits Exhausted
AP	Insurance mandated under administrative/court order through an absent parent not paid within 30 days
OT	Other (if above codes do not apply, include detailed information of why no TPR payment was made)
Multiple Insurance Coverage	
Use when the client has more than one insurance policy in addition to DMAP coverage.	
MP	Primary Insurance Paid-Secondary Paid
SU	Primary Insurance Paid - Secondary Under Deductible
MU	Primary and Secondary Under Deductible
PU	Primary Insurance Under Deductible - Secondary Paid
SS	Primary Insurance Paid - Secondary Service Not Covered
SC	Primary Insurance Paid - Secondary Patient Not Covered
ST	Primary Insurance Paid - Secondary Insurance Cancelled/Terminated
SL	Primary Paid - Secondary Lapsed or Not in Effect
SP	Primary Paid - Secondary Payment Went to Patient
SH	Primary Paid - Secondary Payment Went to Policyholder
SA	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Service Not Authorized or Prior Authorized
SE	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Service Not Considered Emergency
SF	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Service Not Provided by Primary Care Provider/Facility
SM	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Maximum Benefits Used for Diagnosis/Condition
SI	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Requested Information Not Received from Policyholder
SR	Primary Paid - Secondary Denied - Requested Information Not Received from Patient
MC	Service Not Covered by Primary or Secondary Insurance
MO	Other (if above codes do not apply, include detailed information of why no TPR payment was made)

This is an agreement between a *Client* and a *Provider*, as defined in OAR 410-120-0000. The client agrees to pay for service(s) not covered by the Oregon Health Plan (OHP), the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) or OHA-contracted managed care entities (MCEs).

Provider section

① Provider completing this form is (*check one*):

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Rendering provider (<i>the person providing the service</i>) | <input type="checkbox"/> Prescribing provider |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital | <input type="checkbox"/> Pharmacy |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Ancillary (<i>other</i>) provider: |

② Services requested. These include, but are not limited to, treatment, equipment, supplies and medications.

Service codes (*CDT/CPT/HCPCS/NDC*):

③ Expected date(s) of service (*if services will occur over several months, please say how often, with start and end dates*):

④ Condition being treated:

⑤ Estimated fees \$ To \$. *Check one of the following statements about these fees:*

- There are no other costs that are part of the service(s).
- There may be other costs. You may have to pay for them, too. Other costs may be for (*check all that apply*):
- | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Lab | <input type="checkbox"/> X-ray | <input type="checkbox"/> Hospital | <input type="checkbox"/> Anesthesia | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|

⑥ As the rendering or prescribing provider:

- I tried all reasonable covered treatments for your condition.
- I confirmed that the proposed service(s) are not covered for your condition.
- I informed you of covered treatments for your condition, and you chose a treatment that is not covered.

As any other provider (*check one of the following statements*):

- I understand that your provider has talked with you about other choices and completed a separate *Agreement to Pay* form.
- Please see your provider to ask about other choices and to complete a separate *Agreement to Pay* form.

Provider name:

NPI:

Provider signature:

Date:

OHP client section

⑦ Client name: _____ DOB: _____ Client ID#: _____

⑧ I understand the following, and still choose to get the service(s) listed above:

- The services listed above are not covered for payment by OHP or my plan.
- If I get the services I agree to pay the costs. After having the services, I will get bills for them that I must pay.
- My other options, which are written on the back of this form and were explained by my provider.
- The medically appropriate treatment I can have, including services that OHA or my MCE may pay for.

Client (or representative's) signature – *Representative must have proof of legal authority to sign for this client*

Date

If signed by the client's representative, print their name here:

⑨ Witness signature:

Date:

Witness name:

This agreement is valid only if the estimated fees listed above do not change and the services are scheduled within 30 days of the member's signature.

Attention OHP Client – Read this information carefully before you sign.

Before you sign you should be sure each service is not covered by OHP or your coordinated care organization (CCO) or managed care plan. Here are some things you can do:

① **Check to make sure the service is not covered**

OHA, your CCO or plan will send you a Notice of Action if they do not cover a service that your provider requests. If you did not receive a Notice of Action, ask your CCO, plan or provider to send you one so you can be sure the service is not covered by OHP.

② **Request an Appeal and or Hearing**

Once you have a Notice of Action, you can request an Appeal or Hearing. Read the Notice of Action carefully. It will explain why the service was denied. It will also give you information about your right to appeal the denial or ask for a hearing.

If you also have Medicare, you may have other Appeal rights. If you have both OHP and Medicare, call 800-Medicare (800-633-4227) or TTY 711.

③ **Check to see if there are other ways to get the service**

Ask your provider if:

- They have tried all other covered options available for treating your condition.
- There is a hospital, medical school, service organization, free clinic or county health department that might provide this service, or help you pay for it.

Will your OHP benefits, or any other health insurance you may have, change soon? If so, try to find out if this service will be covered when your benefits change.

④ **Ask about reduced rates and discounts**

Ask your provider if they can offer you a reduced rate for the service or if they offer discounts for people who pay for services privately. They may have nothing to offer you, but you won't know unless you ask.

⑤ **Get a second opinion**

You may find another provider who will charge you less for the service.

Additional costs

There may be services from other providers – like hospital, anesthesia, therapy or laboratory services – that go with the service you want. You will have to pay for these, too. Ask your provider for the names and phone numbers of the other providers. Contact those providers to find out what their charges will be.

Questions?

- Call your plan or CCO's Customer Service department, or
- Call the OHP Client Services Unit at 800-273-0557, TTY 711
- Call the Public Benefits Hotline at 800-520-5292 if you would like legal advice about OHP benefits and paying for services.

Attention Provider – Relevant Oregon Administrative Rules (OARs)

Requirements of this Agreement are outlined in OAR 410-120-1280, Billing, and 410-141-3540, Member Protections. These rules can be found online at <https://secure.sos.state.or.us/oard/displayChapterRules.action?selectedChapter=87>.

This is an agreement between a *Client* and a *Provider*, as defined in OAR 410-120-0000, for the following prescription:

① **Dispensing pharmacy's contact information:**

NPI: _____ Address: _____ Phone number: _____

② **Prescription information:**

Rx number: _____ Drug name: _____ Quantity/day supply: _____
 NDC: _____ Date dispensed: _____ Billed amount: _____

③ **Client information:**

Name: _____ Date of birth: _____ Client ID: _____

The client agrees to pay for this prescription, for one of the reasons listed below. **Please complete ONE of these sections:**

I. Medication is not covered by the Oregon Health Plan

- Pharmacy representative:
 - I have confirmed that the Oregon Health Plan (OHP) does not cover this prescription.
 - I have confirmed that the billed amount listed above is no greater than our usual and customary rate.
- Client:
 - I understand that because OHP does not cover this prescription, the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) or my coordinated care organization (CCO) cannot pay for it.
 - I understand that if I get this prescription, I agree to pay the costs and will not be paid back.
 - I have read the back of this form and understand my other options. I still choose to get this prescription.

II. Medication requires prior approval

- Pharmacy representative:
 - I have confirmed that OHP will only cover this prescription if approved by OHA or the CCO.
 - I have confirmed that this prescription does not qualify for an emergency temporary supply.
 - I have confirmed that the billed amount listed above is no greater than our usual and customary rate.
 - I understand the pharmacy must refund the billed amount to the client if OHP pays for this prescription later.
- Client:
 - I understand that OHA or my CCO has to approve this prescription before OHP can cover it.
 - I understand that if I get this prescription now, I agree to pay the costs.
 - I understand that if OHA or my CCO approves the prescription, I can ask the pharmacy to bill OHP.
 - I understand that the pharmacy will repay me only if OHP pays for the prescription.
 - I have read the back of this form and understand my other options. I still choose to get this prescription.

III. Client wants to pay for a covered medication

- Pharmacy representative:
 - I have confirmed that OHP will cover this prescription, but the client does not want it billed to OHP.
- Client:
 - I understand that OHP can cover this prescription. I do not want this prescription billed to OHP.
 - I understand that if I get this prescription, I will pay the costs and will not be paid back.
 - I understand that I am paying the pharmacy's usual and customary charge, which is higher than what OHP would pay.
 - I have read the back of this form and understand my other options. I still choose to get this prescription.

Both the client and pharmacy representative must read and sign the back of this form, and keep a copy for their records. Pharmacies must keep completed forms on file for at least five years.

Attention OHP client – Read this information carefully before you sign.

Before you sign, make sure that the Oregon Health Plan (OHP) does not cover the prescription. If OHP does not cover the prescription, the Oregon Health Authority (OHA) or your coordinated care organization (CCO) cannot pay for it. Here are some things you can do:

Make sure the service is not covered

If the prescription must be approved by OHA or your CCO, you will get a Notice of Action – Benefit Denial (NOABD) if the prescription cannot be approved. This Notice explains why the prescription was not approved. It also explains how you can ask OHA or your CCO to change the decision by asking for an Appeal or Hearing.

- If you did not receive a Notice of Action, ask OHA or your CCO to send you one.
- Read the Notice of Action carefully. It will also give you information about how to ask for an Appeal or Hearing.

If you also have Medicare, you may have other Appeal rights. Call 800-Medicare (800-633-4227) or TTY 711.

If you have Medicare, see if your Medicare Part D plan covers the prescription

If you need help with Medicare Part D, call Oregon’s Medicare Medication Assistance (MMA) line at 877-585-0007.

Check to see if there are other ways to get the prescription

- Ask your provider if they have tried all other covered medications that could treat your condition.
- There may be service organizations, free clinics, county health departments, prescription assistance programs, and manufacturer’s coupons or discounts that might help you pay for it.
- Will your OHP benefits, or any other health insurance, change soon? If so, try to find out if they will cover the prescription.

Questions?

- Call your CCO’s Customer Service department, or
- Call the OHP Client Services Unit at 800-699-9075, TTY 711.
- Call the Public Benefits Hotline at 800-520-5292 if you would like legal advice about OHP and paying for services.

Attention Provider – Relevant Oregon Administrative Rules (OARs)

Requirements of this Agreement are in OAR 410-120-1280, Billing; 410-120-1360, Requirements for Financial, Clinical and Other Records; and 410-141-3540, Member Protections. These rules can be found online at <https://secure.sos.state.or.us/oard/displayChapterRules.action?selectedChapter=87>.

Signatures

 Pharmacy representative’s signature Date
 Pharmacy representative’s name: _____

 Client (or representative’s) signature – *Representative must have proof of legal authority to sign for this client* Date
If signed by the client’s representative, print their name here: _____

You can get this form in another language, large print,
 or another way that is best for you. Call 800-699-9075 (TTY 711).