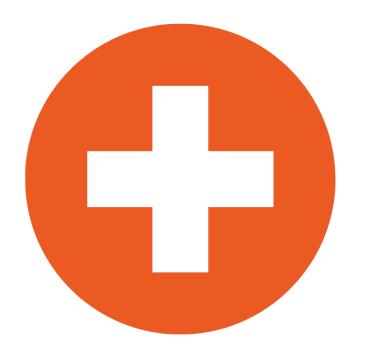
### CCO PERFORMANCE SNAPSHOT

## Individual Profile

PacificSource Community Solutions Marion-Polk







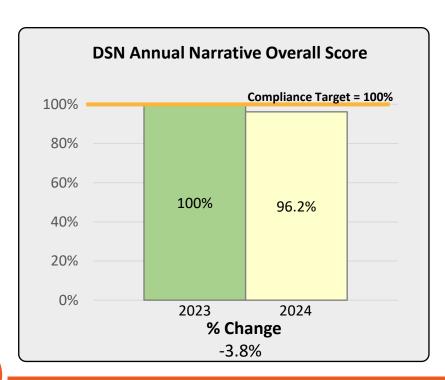
## **ACCESS TO CARE**

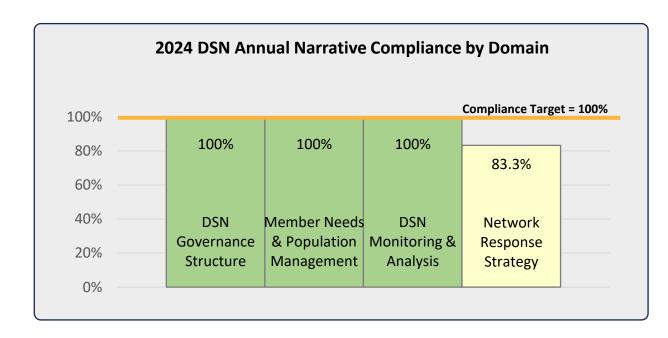
### Network Development and Monitoring



#### **Recommendations:**

- Address the findings issued in the 2024 DSN Annual Narrative Evaluation Network Response Strategy domain:
  - Provide sufficient explanation of identified challenges to demonstrate how the CCO knows there is a gap or barrier, and sufficient explanation of planned interventions to describe the strategies and timelines the CCO is enacting to mitigate or resolve the challenges.
  - Provide explanation of specific measures of efficacy for planned interventions to address identified barriers.
     Explanations should be sufficient to demonstrate clear connection between interventions and outcomes.









High Performance (100%)

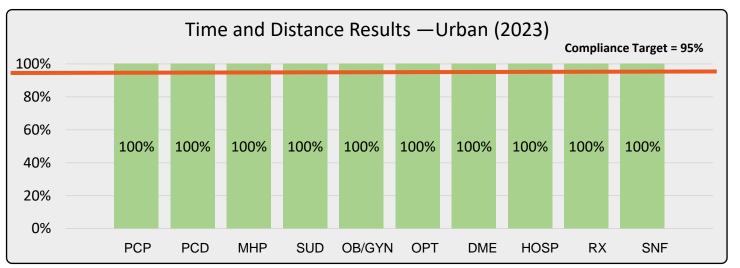


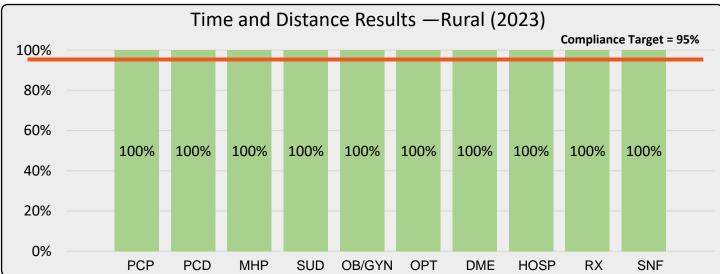


#### **Network Development and Monitoring**



- Although the CCO was compliant with 2023 time and distance standards, it is recommended the CCO continue monitoring the geographic proximity of providers and members across all provider types identified in OAR 410-141-3515.
- Review Q3 2024 DSN Provider Capacity Report and identified gaps in time and distance and address any gaps if the CCO does not have an approved time and distance exception. PCS-MP does not have any approved exceptions











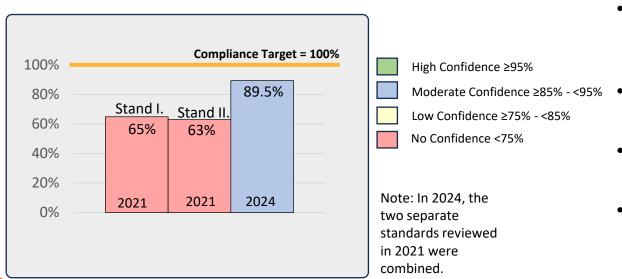


#### **Compliance Monitoring Review**

#### **Standard I: Assurance of Adequate Capacity and Availability of Services**

#### **Strengths:**

 PCS-MP demonstrated best practices by ensuring that providers do not establish different access hours for Medicaid members. This was achieved through monthly provider access survey calls conducted by a third-party vendor, the use of site visit checklists, and tracking member grievance data.



#### **Recommendations:**

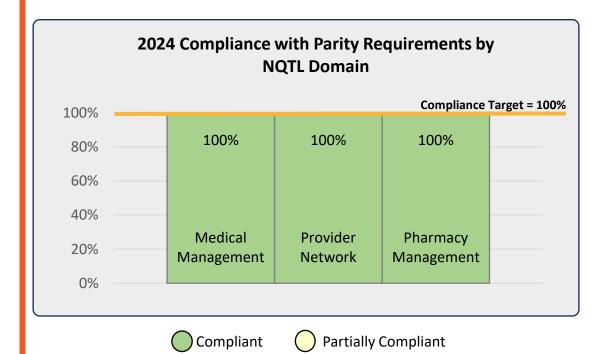
- PCS-MP received a score of 89.5 percent due to insufficient documentation to support operations and ensure compliance with federal and State requirements, the inability to demonstrate sufficient implementation of established processes, and deficiencies within its monitoring activities impacting the CCO's ability to ensure timely access to care and services.
- Revise policies and procedures to align with federal and State requirements for timely access to care and services and demonstrate implementation.
- Demonstrate appropriate monitoring of provider compliance with state-established appointment standards.
- Ensure that member and provider communications align with federal and State requirements for service provision.
- · Address four findings for this standard.



ACCESS TO CARE 5



#### **Mental Health Parity**



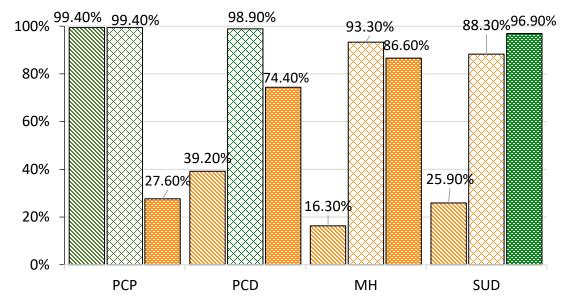
- Medical Management Domain: The changes reported for utilization management processes for inpatient and outpatient to manage the administration of MH/SUD and M/S covered benefits. The CCO updated coverage criteria for Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment (EPSDT) and radiology and genetic testing, MH/SUD and M/S level-of-care criteria, and the RR process for EPSDT. The changes reported for the PA NQTL across services for MH/SUD and M/S benefits did not impact compliance with parity requirements.
- Provider Network Domain: Attested that no changes were implemented to the NQTLs.
- Pharmacy Management: Sufficiently addressed its formulary design NQTL through the MHP Treatment Limitation Supplemental Questionnaire. The rationale used to determine assignment of the formulary design. NQTL was consistent between MH/SUD and M/S benefits, and the evidentiary standards used in administering the NQTL to MH/SUD benefits were comparable to the evidentiary standards used in administering the NQTL to M/S benefits.
- Continue monitoring to maintain parity across NQTL domains.



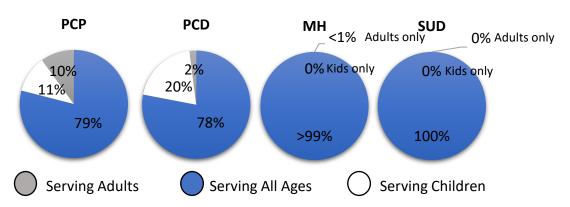
ACCESS TO CARE

#### **Network Adequacy**





- Located in Service Area
- Serving OHP Patients
- Accepting New Patients



#### **Recommendations:**

- Improve rate of primary care dentists and primary care providers accepting new patients to improve access.
- Identify available primary care dentists, mental health providers, substance use disorder providers within service area that are not contracted. Contract with any interested providers and consider other solutions outside of contracting.
- Monitor number of mental health providers accepting new patients to determine opportunities for improvement.
- Monitor number of SUD providers serving OHP patients to assess if providers are regularly seeing CCO members.
- Assess if the composition of providers serving adults only and children only are enough to meet the specific needs of each population group.

MH provider to member ratio **1:36** 



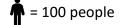
SUD provider to member ratio 1:277

PCP provider to member ratio 1:485

PCD provider to member ratio 1:570









# SERVICE DELIVERY

#### **Coverage of Services**



#### **Compliance Monitoring Review**

#### **Standard IV: Coverage and Authorization of Services**





- PCS-MP received a score of 75 percent due to a lack of operational structure and failure to demonstrate appropriate implementation, impacting the CCO's ability to ensure the appropriate services and coverage are offered to members.
- Revise policies and procedures to align with federal and State requirements.
- Demonstrate the implementation of appropriate service offerings.
- Demonstrate proper outreach to retrieve the information needed to process service authorization requests and adhere to federal and State required time frames for notification of adverse benefit determinations.
- Address one unresolved findings for this standard.

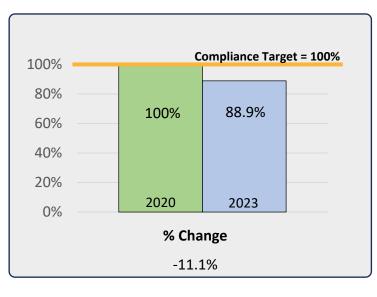


#### **Coverage of Services**



#### **Compliance Monitoring Review**

#### **Standard III: Coordination and Continuity of Care**





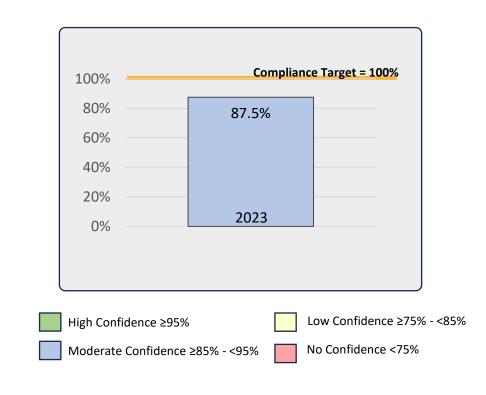
- PCS-MP received a score of 88.9 percent due to a lack of operational structure and failure to appropriately assess/reassess members of prioritized populations and members for care coordination services.
- Revise policies and procedures to align with State requirements.
- Demonstrate implementation of appropriate assessments, reassessments, and revision of treatment plans according to federal and State requirements.
- The findings referenced above were previously resolved in the annual Compliance Monitoring Review.

#### **Coverage of Services**



#### **Compliance Monitoring Review**

#### **Standard XVI: Emergency and Post-stabilization Services**



- PCS-MP received a score of 87.5 percent due to failure to demonstrate implementation of appropriate processes and workflows, impacting the CCO's ability to ensure emergency and poststabilization services are covered appropriately.
- Demonstrate evidence of processes to ensure payment of emergency and poststabilization services.
- The findings referenced above were previously resolved in the annual Compliance Monitoring Review.





### **Compliance Monitoring Review Standard X: Grievance and Appeal Systems**



- PCS-MP received a score of 88.9 percent due to a lack of operational structure and failure to demonstrate appropriate implementation, impacting the CCO's ability to ensure member grievances and appeals are addressed and responded to appropriately.
- Revise policies and procedures to align with federal and State requirements.
- Adhere to federal and State requirements for the appropriate decision-makers on grievances and appeals, maintenance of an expedited process for appeals, and time frames for acknowledging and resolving grievances and appeals.
- Demonstrate implementation of federal and State requirements within communications to providers and subcontractors.
- The findings referenced above were previously resolved in the annual Compliance Monitoring Review.



### Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement



### **Compliance Monitoring Review Standard XII: Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement**



Low Confidence ≥75% - <85%

No Confidence <75%

#### **Recommendations:**

- PCS-MP received a score of 94 percent due to failure to evaluate its QAPI program.
- Revise QAPI program structure to align with federal and State requirements for a QAPI program, including an annual written evaluation of the QAPI program and member care.
- The findings referenced above were previously resolved in the annual Compliance Monitoring Review.



High Confidence ≥95%

Moderate Confidence ≥85% - <95%

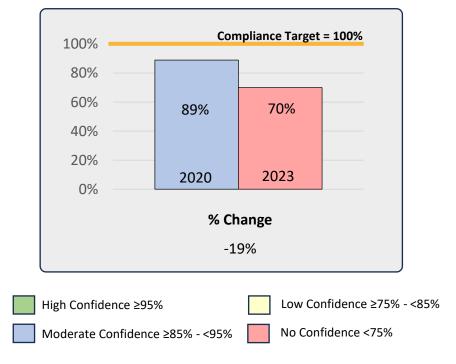


### MEMBER RIGHTS & HEALTH EQUITY

#### **Member Rights and Information**



### **Compliance Monitoring Review Standard VII: Member Rights and Protections**



- The CCO received a score of 70 percent due to a lack of operational structure and failure to demonstrate implementation of an established process, impacting the CCO's ability to ensure that member rights are respected and allowed to be exercised freely without affecting the treatment of members and that members are notified of their rights as required by federal and State requirements.
- Revise policies and procedures and member- and provider-facing materials to align with federal and State requirements.
- The findings referenced above were previously resolved in the annual Compliance Monitoring Review.



#### **Member Rights and Information**



#### **Compliance Monitoring Review** Standard XIV: Member Information



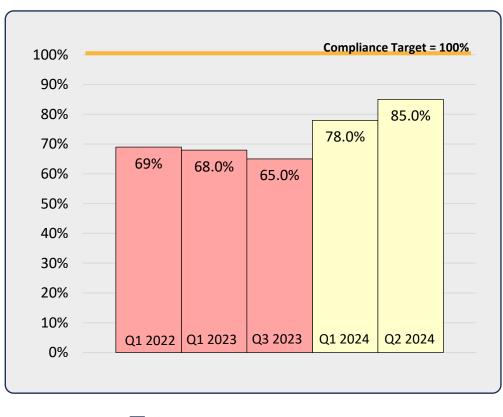


- PCS-MP received a score of 90.9 percent due to deficiencies in its operational structure and failure to demonstrate implementation of an established process, impacting the CCO's ability to ensure timely and proper member communication.
- Revise policies, procedures, and member-facing materials to align with federal and State requirements.
- Notify members of the availability of member information.
- Address one unresolved finding for this standard.





#### **Notice of Adverse Benefit Determination Requirements**



- High Performing ≥95%
- Moderate Performance 75% 94%
- Under Performing <75%

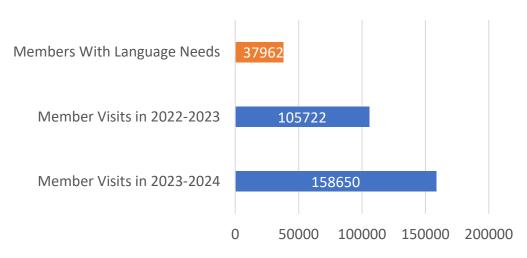
- Improve internal processes to update NOABD requirements on an annual basis upon release of Member Notice Template Evaluation Criteria.
- Ensure clinical reviewers consider medical necessity and medical appropriateness in the evaluation of the authorization request.
- Work with vendors to reduce the amount of time it takes to make system changes upon release of the evaluation criteria.
- Provide additional support to subcontracted entities that have been delegated the requirement to send NOABDs to members.
- Ensure the current OHA NOABD model template is adopted and implemented by the CCO and subcontractors.
- Implement stronger oversight mechanisms to regularly audit NOABDs sent by the CCO and subcontractors.
- Establish or improve subcontractor reporting to help improve adherence to NOABD requirements.





#### **Language Access Interpreter Utilization**

#### **Number of Visits Utilizing an Interpreter**



Note: This chart shows a current average of 4.18 visits per member.

- Identify gaps in meeting language access needs.
  - Determine language preferences among members.
  - Evaluate the languages spoken by the provider network.
  - Evaluate utilization of interpreter services.
- Provide meaningful access to interpreters in a variety of modes that meet the members' needs (e.g., in person, telephonic, virtual).

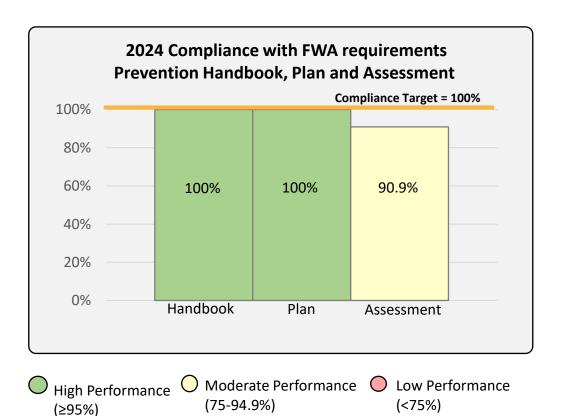




## PROGRAM INTEGRITY



#### FWA Prevention Handbook, Prevention Plan, and Assessment Requirements



#### **Recommendations:**

- Provide evidence of training completion for all employees and the Board of Directors.
- The CCO's credentialing training completion document must include the training course name and training completion dates for staff who completed the training.
- Demonstrate that FWA training is provided to providers upon contracting.
- Provide evidence of training completion for subcontractors.

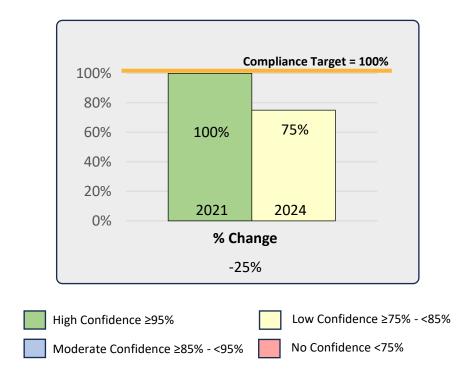


PROGRAM INTEGRITY



21

#### **Standard VI: Subcontractual and Delegation Requirements**



#### **Recommendations:**

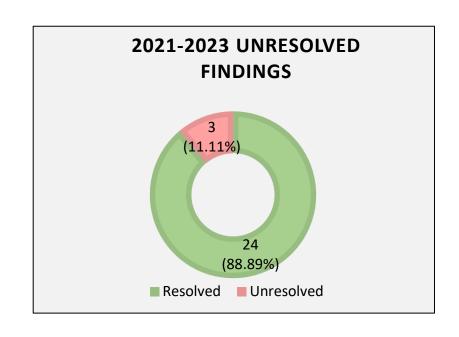
- PCS-MP received a score of 75 due to insufficient documentation to support operations and ensure compliance with federal requirements for written agreements between the CCO and its subcontractors and failure to follow up with corrective action required as a result of its monitoring activities, impacting the CCO's ability to adhere to federal requirements and the CCO's contractual requirements with the State.
- The CCO must follow up when noncompliance is identified and hold its subcontractors accountable for contractual obligations. The CCO must also revise its written agreements to align with federally required language for written agreements with subcontractors.
- Address two findings for this standard.



PROGRAM INTEGRITY



### **Unresolved Findings From Compliance Monitoring Reviews**



- Resolve all outstanding findings from previous cycles of Compliance Monitoring Reviews (2021-2023).
- Identify operational gaps preventing the CCO from immediate resolution of audit findings.

Chandand	Review Year		Total # of	Resolved IP Findings		Unresolved IP Findings	
Standard		IP Findings	#	%	#	%	
Standard I—Availability of Services	2021	1	0	0.0%	1	100.0 %	
Standard IV—Coverage and Authorization of Services	2023	8	7	87.5%	1	12.5%	
Standard XIV—Member Information	2023	4	3	75.0%	1	25.0%	

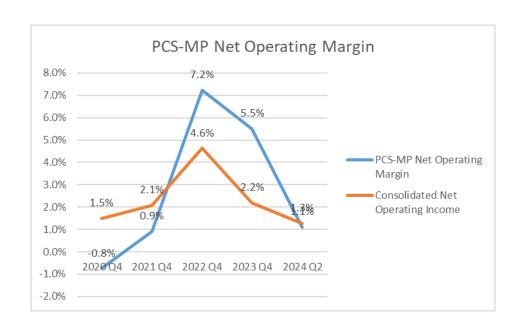




## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



#### **Exhibit L: Net Operating Margin**



- Pacific Source Marion-Polk has met or been above the CCO Consolidated Totals for Net Operating Margin in the last 3 reporting periods. This allows the CCO to recognize an Operational Profit, meaning their Adjusted Revenues are greater than their Medical and Administrative Expenses.
- Continued operations with a positive percentage of total revenue will continue to support the operational profits of the CCO, ensuring they are able to grow their reserves and choose ways in which to invest these profits in their continued operations or within the community.





#### **Exhibit L: Risk-Adjusted Rate of Growth**

Risk-Adjusted Rate of Growth						
	Unadjusted Risk-Adjust Rate of Growth Rate of Grov 2022-2023 2022-2023		Annualized 2020-2023			
PacificSource Marion-Polk	8.4%	6.6%	4.0%			
Statewide Weighted Average	9.5%	8.7%	5.4%			
Source: Senate Bill 1041 Report						

- Rate of growth measurements look at changes in CCO spending per member. CCO capitation rates also change from year to year, but those capitation rates represent OHA spending on CCOs, or equivalently, CCO revenue. CCO spending is considered in setting capitation rates in future years, so a restrained rate of growth in CCO spending helps meet OHA goals on medical spending.
- The Unadjusted column shows the rate of growth in CCO spending per member without accounting for the health risk associated with that CCO's membership. The Risk-Adjusted column, however, shows the rate of growth considering the changes in health risk of that CCO's population. A CCO's rate of growth may be impacted and explained by growth in acuity, or health risk, in their population, such as more members with chronic disease in one year than the other. The three-year average column helps to smooth year-over-year fluctuations.
- CCOs have financial incentives for keeping their Risk-Adjusted Rate of Growth contained, including but not limited to bottom-line profitability. Annual reporting allows for CCOs to explain when growth exceeds their targets. Additionally, OHA is allowed to require a Corrective Action Plan or Sanctions for adverse Rate of Growth reporting under HB 2081 (2021).





#### **Exhibit L: Minimum Loss Ratio**

Three-year Minimum Loss Ratio			
	2021 - 2023		
PacificSource Marion-Polk	87.93%		
Source: Minimum Medical Loss Ratio data			

#### **Recommendations:**

Pacific Source Marion-Polk reported an MLR for 2021 – 2023
 of 87.93%, this met the minimum requirement that a CCO
 spends at least 85% of their capitated payments on member's
 medical services or services that improve health care quality.





### Restricted Reserve Deficit Tracking Contract Years 2020 - 2024

Contract Years 2020 - 2024					
	ссо	PACS-MP	Total Deficits by Quarter - All CCOs		
2020	Q1		1		
	Q2		1		
	Q3		1		
	Q4	Deficit	7		
2021	Q1	Deficit	10		
	Q2		5		
	Q3		6		
	Q4	Deficit	8		
2022	Q1	Deficit	8		
	Q2		5		
	Q3	Deficit	5		
	Q4		0		
2023	Q1		0		
	Q2		0		
	Q3	Deficit	4		
	Q4		1		
2024	Q1	Deficit	3		
	Q2		0		
Total Deficits by CCO		7			

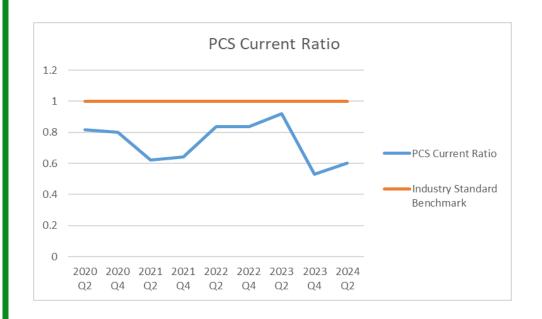
#### **Exhibit L: Restricted Reserve**

- Pacific Source Marion-Polk exhibited several occurrences where they were unable to meet the minimum Restricted Reserve requirements during the contract period. Restricted Reserves are meant to safeguard approximately two weeks of CCO medical spending, in case of a rapid CCO insolvency While they did report deficits in 7 periods, their ability to correct the actions did not result in a high risk of non-compliance.
- PEach instance of non-compliance results in a request for a projection of at least 4 future quarters' Restricted Reserve Requirements as well as a bank statement or other document from the depository entity with proof that sufficient funds were added to satisfy the periods' deficit.
- Additional instances of non-compliance are reported in the footnotes of the CCO's Comparative Financial Statements.





#### **Exhibit L: Ratio of Current Assets to Current Liabilities**



- Pacific Source Marion-Polk has reported a Current Ratio below the industry standard of 1 for one or more reporting periods since the beginning of the CCO 2.0 Contract. The Current Ratio is calculated by dividing the Current Assets of the CCO by the Current Liabilities. The current ratio is a measurement of how well a CCO may be able to meet its short-term obligations that are due within a year.
- There are no standards specified within the contract regarding the application of the Current Ratio, however, when a CCO consistently does not have Current Assets sufficient to meet their Current Liabilities, it indicates that they use other means of financing or classifications of assets when meeting their debt obligations that will come due in a year or less.

