

TABLE 6-42.
AGE-ADJUSTED DEATH RATES FOR RESIDENTS OF OREGON AND
THE UNITED STATES FOR THE LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH, 1995*

CAUSE ¹	AGE-ADJUSTED RATE ²		PERCENT DIFFERENCE	STATE RANK ³	ICD-9 CODES ⁴
	U.S.	OREGON			
TOTAL	503.7	469.7	-6.8	32	001-999
DISEASES OF THE HEART	138.0	107.6	-22.0	45	390-398, 402, 404-425.4, 425.6-429.9
MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS	129.9	5.5	-3.4	33	140-208
CEREBROVASCULAR DISEASE	26.6	29.5	10.9	12	430-438
CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE	20.7	22.7	9.7	17	490-496
UNINTENDED INJURIES	30.5	36.4	19.3	17	800-949
PNEUMONIA AND INFLUENZA	13.0	10.2	-21.5	45	480-487
DIABETES MELLITUS	13.3	11.8	-11.3	32	250
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE	4.1	6.4	56.1	3	290.1, 331.0
SUICIDE	11.3	14.7	30.1	10	950-959
OTHER DISEASES OF THE ARTERIES	5.3	5.3	0.0	24	441-448
ALCOHOLISM AND ALLIED CONDITIONS	6.5	8.2	26.2	12	291, 303.0, 305.0, 357.5, 425.5, 535.3, 571.0-571.3
ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME	15.6	8.6	-44.9	29	042-044
ARTERIOSCLEROSIS	2.3	3.2	39.1	8	440
HYPERTENSION WITH OR WITHOUT RENAL DISEASE	2.2	1.9	-13.6	27	401, 403
PARKINSONISM	1.6	2.6	62.5	1	332
HOMICIDE AND LEGAL INTERVENTION	9.5	5.2	-45.3	36	960-979
CONGENITAL ANOMALIES	4.4	4.0	-9.1	36	740-759
NEPHRITIS AND NEPHROSIS	4.5	2.7	-40.0	45	580-586
SEPTICEMIA	4.0	2.3	-42.5	44	038
HERNIA AND INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION	0.9	1.1	22.2	17	550-553, 560
PERINATAL CONDITIONS	5.2	2.7	-48.1	50	760-779

1 Listed in rank order by the number of deaths to Oregon residents.

2 Rates are adjusted to the U.S. standard million population and are per 100,000. Age-adjusted death rates allow the comparison of Oregon and the U.S. as if the population structure of each were identical. (Oregon's population is older than the U.S. as a whole.) Any differences in rates are due to factors other than age. The rates in this table were calculated using the federal Center for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) WONDER (Wide-Ranging Online Data for Epidemiological Research) system. These rates vary slightly from rates published by the National Center for Health Statistics because of different population estimate methodologies.

3 Ranked from high (1) to low (51) among the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

4 From the World Health Organization's International Classification of Disease, Ninth Edition.

*This table shows 1995 data because 1996 age-adjusted data were not available from the CDC.