Nutrition Standards: A Tool for Policy Change

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PUBLIC HEALTH DIVISION

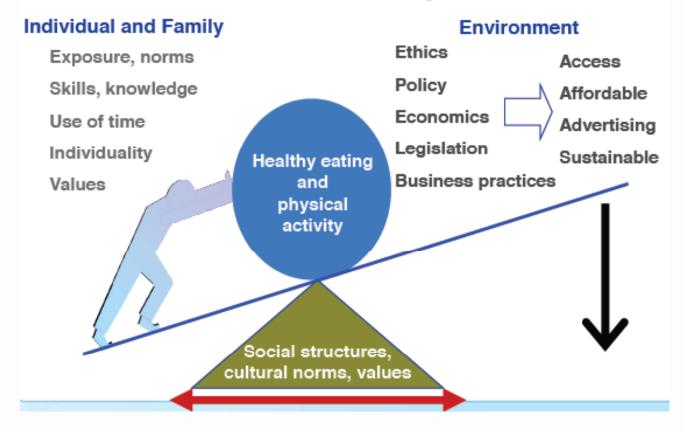
Agenda



- Background: Why is this a priority?
- Concept of Nutrition Standards
 - Settings
 - components
- Policy Analysis
 - Assessing leverage points



Making Healthy Choices... Default, Convenient, Easy, Immediate





Why is this a priority?

- Governor's 10 year Plan-Healthy People
- PHD & HPCDP Strategic Plan
- Healthy Communities Priorities
- CDC 1305 FOA-State Public Health Actions to Prevent and Control Diabetes, Heart Disease, Obesity and Associated Risk Factors and Promote School Health



Nutrition Standards

<u>Definition</u>-Food, beverage, and operations standards for

- Sourcing
- Purchasing
- Preparing
- Presenting
- Serving
- Selling/buying
- Eating
- Disposal

Purpose-Construct a food environment where the norm is

- Healthy dietary choices
- Environmentally sustainable and ethical methods
- Equity throughout
- Stewardship of Public Dollars

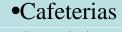


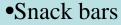
Apply Where Food is Sold, Served or Consumed

Settings

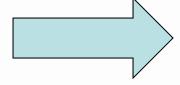
- •Federal, state, local government
- Worksites
- Hospitals
- •Institutionalized populations
- •Assisted-living communities
- •College and Universities
- •Community-based organizations (including faith based)
- •Childcare

Targets





- •Coffee Carts
- Vending
- •Lunch rooms
- •Meetings
- •Conferences
- •Events



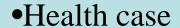


Policy Development

Stakeholders-producers, suppliers, managers, contracting officers, vendors, dietitians, employees and consumers, administrators



- Culture
- Nature
- •Management structure



- •Business case
- •Environmental case



Examples

- Hospitals and Private Sector
- City
 - NYC
 - LA
 - Chicago
- State
 - MA
- Federal
 - GSA, DoD, National Parks



The Dietary Guidelines for Americans

Emphasize three goals for Americans:

- Balance calories with physical activity to manage weight
- Consume more of certain foods and nutrients such as fruits, vegetables, whole grains, fat-free and low-fat dairy products, and seafood
- Consume fewer foods with sodium (salt), saturated fats, trans fats, cholesterol, added sugars, and refined grains





Translation

- Seasonal vegetables and fruits
- Whole grains e.g. pasta, bread, cereals
- Low fat milk, yogurt and cottage cheese
- Vegetarian entrees
- Lean-meat entrees
- Freely available drinking water
- Foods with less sodium
- Foods free of synthetic sources of trans fat
- Less processed foods
- Smaller portion sizes
- Menu Labeling





Resources for Standards

- Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2010
- National Alliance for Nutrition and Activity (NANA)
 - Food and Nutrition Guidelines for Government, Worksites, Hospitals & Organizations
- GSA/HHS Food Service Guidelines
 - Health and Sustainability Guidelines for Federal Concessions and Vending Operations
- Oregon Public Health Institute
 - Better Food for Public Places: Oregon Model Vending and Cafeteria Standards



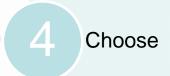
What is Policy Analysis?

- 'Rational' process
 - Synthesize and analyze information about a policy problem to provide advice that is informed by social values



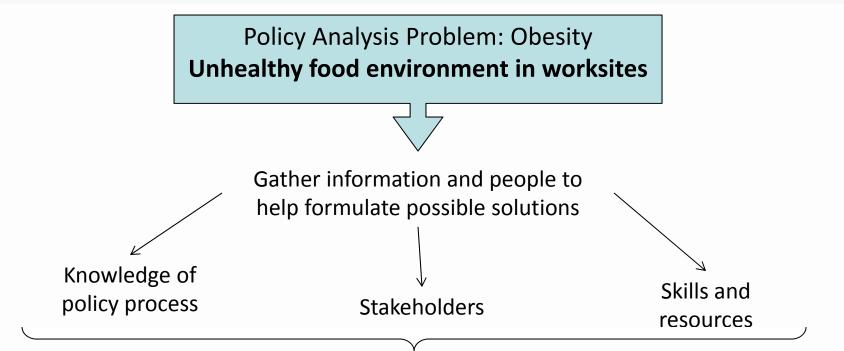
2 Identify alternatives

Compare consequences



Why is policy analysis important?





Decision making process



Review Case Study

Two groups



Policy Analysis Activity





Questions?

Thank You!

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