Malaria

Worldwide, malaria is one of the most devastating of the communicable diseases, causing at least 1,000,000 deaths annually, not to mention an enormous burden of disability and medical costs. While transmission has not been documented in Oregon for decades, malaria remains a commonly reported vector-borne disease in our state — all cases resulting from exposures outside the United States. Competent anopheline mosquitoes are resident in Oregon, so limited local transmission remains a theoretical possibility. Rates in Oregon are similar to the national average. Oregon surveillance data are contributed to the national database, which is used to tailor recommendations for prophylaxis and treatment.
Malaria
by Onset Month
Oregon, 2004

Incidence of Malaria
by Age and Sex
Oregon, 2004
Incidence of Malaria
Oregon vs. Nationwide
1995–2004

Casess/100,000

Year

Oregon
U.S.

Malaria by Region of Acquisition
Oregon, 2004

Asia  Africa  Central / South America

67%  11%  22%