

## Mumps

**M**umps is an acute viral illness characterized by fever and swelling of the salivary glands, typically the parotids. Transmission is generally airborne through respiratory droplets or through direct contact with nasal secretions.

Reporting of this vaccine-preventable viral infection was discontinued in Oregon in 1981. Once an almost universal childhood infection, mumps incidence decreased in the United States with routine childhood vaccination. Mumps reporting was re-established in Oregon July 1, 2006, prompted by outbreaks of illness among both vaccinated and unvaccinated persons. Three cases were reported in 2010 and four cases were reported in 2011.

Because as many as 20% of mumps infections are asymptomatic, and nearly 50% are associated with non-specific or primarily respiratory symptoms (with or without parotitis), mumps infections are significantly underreported.

In response to the 2006 nationwide mumps outbreak, the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) updated its recommendations for prevention and control of mumps, with vaccination remaining the cornerstone of prevention.