# Executive summary

## Since releasing the Oregon Climate and Health Profile Report in 2014, Oregon:

- Recorded its warmest year (2015)
- Saw the lowest snowpack on record (2015)
- -Had one of the most severe fire seasons in modern history (2015)
- Declared drought emergencies in 24 counties (2015)
- •Was declared a major national disaster area for damage caused by extreme storms, floods and landslides (2016)

## These changes in our climate threaten our access to:

## clean air

- Air pollution from increased ground-level ozone and wildfire smoke will likely worsen respiratory and cardiovascular illnesses.
- Increased CO2 concentrations and higher temperatures will prolong allergy seasons, complicating respiratory conditions.
- Wildfire smoke and drought are a problem in many Oregon communities, threatening family incomes and quality of life.

#### clean water,

- •Water quality could be compromised by both drought and increased water temperatures, leading to conditions that give rise to harmful algal blooms and waterborne diseases.
- Drinking water sources can become contaminated from flooding.
- Drought conditions affect agricultural production which could lead to an increased use of chemicals, threatening Oregon waterways.

## and healthy food

- Drought conditions in Oregon and elsewhere, could increase the cost of food resulting in food insecurity, especially among vulnerable populations.
- Certain food crops will decrease in nutritional value (zinc, iron and protein content) due to the increase in CO2 concentrations, potentially exacerbating malnutrition.
- •American Indians risk further loss of First Foods, including the loss of native roots, berries, fish and game.

# We are all in this together

... yet some of us are better positioned to weather the storm.

- Communities of color and low-income households already bear a disproportionate burden of disease and have less access to opportunities and resources to cope with emerging challenges.
- Children will likely experience more cumulative health effects as more extreme weather events and climaterelated disruptions continue to unfold over the next decades

# Oregon is not yet ready

... for the environmental health challenges that lie ahead.

- A recent assessment of Oregon's public health system found we are not currently equipped to handle the complex and emerging environmental risks that climate change will exacerbate in Oregon.
- 98% of health departments report having only partial to minimal ability to identify and prevent environmental health hazards.
- Environmental health programs are not universally implemented across the state. More than a quarter report not having the basic capacity to conduct mandated inspections.

# We now have a plan.

It starts with building our workforce capacity to promote long-term changes in:

- The plan includes case studies and videos that highlight how our public health workforce is already taking action to build community resilience.
- Our Climate and Health Program is leading a collaborative of local health departments across the state who are implementing resilience strategies.
- Climate and health strategies in the new Resilience Plan include:

policies,

- Actively engaging with our diverse community partners and elevating the voices of our most vulnerable populations to inform policy priorities.
- Informing policies that affect air quality and reduce air pollution.
- Promoting policies that strengthen our local food systems.

systems,

- Conducting regular monitoring of climate and health indicators, and monitoring the progress made on our resilience strategies.
- Equipping our health care partners with the information they need to protect patients from climate-related health risks.
- Supporting community-driven climate adaptations that contribute to building an evidence base for effective climate and health interventions.

and environments.

- Promoting community improvements that encourage walking, biking and the use of public transit.
- •Helping to ensure access to safe places for communities to gather, build community and take refuge.
- Prioritizing public health interventions that address the root causes of health inequities and preventable diseases in Oregon.

Find out more about what YOU can do to build climate resilience: www.oregonhealth.org/climate