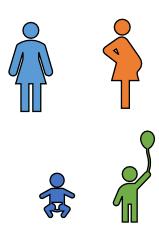
Level 2 Nutrition Risk Chapters 1 and 2

The Basics

Level 2	All CPA's must complete	
Туре	Paper module	
	Ch.1 Intro to Nutrition Risks	
	Ch. 2 Risks for All Participants	
Completion time	1.5 hours	
Complete	Within 6 months of hire	
Certifiers Guide	4-7: Nutrition Risk Ch. 1	
	4-8: Nutrition Risk Ch. 2	
Posttest	Ch. 1 and 2 Paper	
Completion	Must complete all 6 chapters.	



Course Objectives

The *Nutrition Risk* module trains certifiers to correctly assign risks. It is different from many of the modules because it is presented as a series of 6 chapters. Each chapter covers a different category of participants, with the first 2 chapters focused on risks that apply to all WIC participants. Certifiers must complete these 2 chapters before they complete the others. In addition, certifiers must complete the chapters related to a category of participant before they can certify them. After the first 2 chapters, the remainder may be completed in any order.

After completing these chapters, the learner will be able to:

Chapter 1

- Define the term nutrition risk.
- Describe the role of nutrition risks in the WIC program.
- Identify the components of a nutrition risk information sheet.
- Locate Job Aides and other resources associated with nutrition risks.

Chapter 2

Assess and assign nutrition risks that apply to all categories of WIC participants.

Lesson 1-1 Introduction



- What are the five groups of nutrition risks? 1.
 - A = Anthropometrics
 - B = Biochemical
 - C = Clinical/Medical
 - D = Dietary
 - E = Environmental
- 2. What are the two ways risks are assigned? Data system assigned Certifier assigned
- 3. What information is used to assign risks? Information collected by WIC staff Historical data Information from a health care provider Information self-reported by the participant
- What type of information requires careful questioning by the certifier? 4. Information self-reported by the participant
- 5. Is it possible that one participant would have more than one risk? Yes Why or why not? A participant's health status and dietary intake has many characteristics. A complete assessment could identify more than one factor that would lead to the assignment of multiple risks.
- 6. Who must confirm that all correct risks have been assigned? The certifier

Lesson 1-2 Risk Information Sheets

- 1. What category would a participant need to be in to qualify for this risk? All WIC categories qualify for this risk
- 2. What criteria needs to be present for this risk to be assigned? Diagnosis by a health care provider

3. What, if any, special documentation needs to be included in the data system? Document the type of cancer and make a referral to the dietitian

Learning activities – Chapter 2 All Categories Risks



Lesson 2-1 Overview of all Categories Risks

Learners will select from the following table to complete this activity.

Risk Group:	Description:	
Anthropometric		
Biochemical	□ 201 – Low Hemoglobin or Hematocrit	
	211 – Elevated Blood Lead Levels	
Clinical/Medical	☐ 341 – Nutrient Deficiency Diseases	
	☐ 342 – Gastrointestinal Disorders	
	☐ 343 – Diabetes Mellitus	
	☐ 344 – Thyroid Disorders	
	☐ 345 – Hypertension and Prehypertension	
	☐ 346 – Renal Disease	
	□ 347 – Cancer	
	☐ 348 – Central Nervous System Disorders	
	☐ 349 – Genetic and Congenital Disorders	
	☐ 351 – Inborn Errors of Metabolism	
	□ 352A –Infectious Diseases - Acute	
	☐ 352 B –Infectious Diseases - Chronic	
	□ 353 – Food Allergies	
	□ 354 – Celiac Disease	
	□ 355 – Lactose Intolerance	
	□ 356 – Hypoglycemia	
	☐ 357 – Drug Nutrient Interactions	
	□ 359 – Recent Major Surgery, Physical Trauma or Burns	
	□ 360 – Other Medical Conditions	
	☐ 362 – Developmental, Sensory or Motor Delays	
	Interfering with Eating	
	☐ 381 – Oral Health Conditions	

Risk Group:	Description:	
Dietary		
Environmental	□ 501 – Possibility of Regression	
	□ 502 – Transfer of Certification	
	□ 801 – Homelessness	
	□ 802 – Migrancy	
	☐ 901 – Recipient of Abuse	
	☐ 902 – Woman with Limited Ability to Make Feeding	
	Decisions and/or Prepare Food	
	□ 903 – Foster Care	
	☐ 904 – Environmental Tobacco Smoke Exposure	

Which two of the risk groups do not apply to all categories?

Anthropometric and Dietary

Lesson 2-2 - Biochemical Risks

Learners will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity.

- □ 201 Low Hemoglobin or Hematocrit
- □ 211 Elevated Blood Lead Levels



- 1. For Risk 201, when will you have to manually change the risk level to high?
 - When hemoglobin levels are more than one point or hematocrits are more than 3% below the recommended levels for category or age as defined on the Risk 201 information sheet.
- 2. Is a referral to the RD required for Risk 211? Why or why not? Yes, a participant with this risk would be high risk and require a referral.

Lesson 2-3 – Clinic Risks from Medical Diagnosis

Learn	ers will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity.
	☐ 341 Nutrient Deficiency or Disease
	☐ 342 Gastrointestinal Disorders
	☐ 343 Diabetes Mellitus
	☐ 344 Thyroid Disorders
	☐ 345 Hypertension and Prehypertension
	☐ 346 Renal Disease
	□ 347 Cancer
	☐ 352A Infectious Diseases - Acute
	☐ 352B Infectious Diseases - Chronic
	☐ 356 Hypoglycemia
	☐ 360 Other Medical Conditions
	☐ 361 Depression
	☐ 381 Oral Health Conditions
1.	What is the key information that you need to know if a parent is reporting that their child has one of these medical conditions? That the condition has been diagnosed by a health care provider.
2.	Which of these risks require additional documentation in the data system? Risks 341, 342, 344, 346, 347, 352A, 352B, 360, 381
3.	Which of these risks require a high-risk referral to a WIC nutritionist? All except 344, 356, 381
4.	Avery is a postpartum woman with a 6-week-old baby. She was just diagnosed with breast cancer. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? [X] YES – RISK # 347]
5.	Savannah is a 2-year-old. When she was a baby, she had an infection in her intestines which required removal of half of her small intestine. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? [X] YES – RISK # 342

 Scarlett is a 4-year-old recently diagnosed with Type 1 diabetes. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? ∑ YES − RISK # 343
 7. Alexandra is a pregnant woman who has been taking medication for high blood pressure and hypothyroidism for the past 2 years. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? ∑YES – RISK # 344, 345
 8. Sarah is currently being treated by her physician for a kidney infection. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk?
 Anna is a pregnant woman with asthma that requires occasional medication. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? NO
 10. Clark is a 3-year-old child whose guardian reports that he has been diagnosed with rickets. Would he qualify for a nutrition risk?
 11. Darla is a pregnant woman who has two missing molars on one side of her mouth. She reports that it makes eating difficult. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? YES – RISK # 381
12. Andrew is 19 months old. His mother tells you that he has had bronchitis 4 times in the past 6 months. Would he qualify for a nutrition risk? ☐ YES − RISK # 352A
 13. Clara is postpartum woman being treated for HIV. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? ∑ YES – RISK # 352B
Lesson 2-4 Clinic Risks for Genetic Conditions
Learners will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity. □ 348 − Central Nervous System Disorders □ 349 − Genetic and Congenital Disorders □ 351 − Inborn Errors of Metabolism □ 362 − Developmental Delays, Sensory or Motor Delays Interfering with the Ability to Eat

Learners will fill in the Risk Number column below from the lists above.

Risk Number	Condition:
348	Spina bifida
362	Developmental Delays
349	Cleft Palate
351	PKU
362	Autism
348	Multiple Sclerosis
351	Galactosemia
349	Down Syndrome
348	Epilepsy
349	Sickle Cell Anemia
362	Brain Damage
349	Thalassemia major
348	Cerebral Palsy
348	Parkinson's

Lesson 2-5 Clinical risks related to food

	□ 353 – Food Allergies
	☐ 354 – Celiac Disease
	☐ 355 – Lactose Intolerance
1.	Jovana is pregnant. She tells you that she can't drink milk because it gives her
	stomach cramps and diarrhea. She can eat small amounts of cheese. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? NO
2.	Jordan is 3 years old. His mother tells you that he was diagnosed with gluten enteropathy last month. Would he qualify for a nutrition risk? ∑YES − RISK #354

3. Jose is 2 years old. His father tells you that last month he had a severe allergic

reaction to peanuts. On the advice of their doctor, they are closely watching his diet to make sure he doesn't eat anything that contains peanuts. Would he qualify

Learners will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity.

2-6 Clinical risks for other conditions

Le	earners will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity. 357 – Drug Nutrient Interactions 359 – Recent Major Surgery, Physical Trauma or Burns
1.	Which of these risks is a high-risk and requires referral to the RD? Risk 357
2.	Andres, a 5-month-old baby, had heart surgery last month. Would he qualify for a nutrition risk? XES – RISK # 359
3.	Austin is 13 months old and is taking antibiotics for an ear infection. His mother tells you that he doesn't seem as hungry as usual but he is still eating. Would he qualify for a nutrition risk? NO
4.	Kallie had a C-section when she delivered her baby three weeks ago. She is at WIC for her postpartum recertification appointment. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk? [X] YES – RISK # 359
Le	esson 2-7 Environmental risks
Le	earners will select from the following list of risks to complete this activity. 501 – Possibility of Regression 502 – Transfer of Certification 801 – Homelessness 802 – Migrancy 901 – Recipient of Abuse 902 – Woman with Limited Ability to Make Feeding Decisions and/or Prepare Food 903 – Foster Care 904 – Environmental Tobacco Smoke Exposure
1.	Wilma is a pregnant woman who is transferring into your agency in the middle of her certification period. Her transfer information does not list any nutrition risks. Which risk code would you enter into the data system? Risk 502
2.	Weston is a child who was recently taken into foster care because he was physically abused by his family. Which 2 risks would he qualify for? Risks 901 and 903

3. Zoe is an infant living in a home where the father reports that he only smokes outside. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk?

 \times NO

4. At his last certification, William was assigned Risk 201 for low hemoglobin. At this certification, everything appears to be normal. Would be qualify for a nutrition risk?

XES – RISK # 501

5. Abby is a pregnant woman enrolling in WIC. She reports that she does not have a physical address because she is living out of her car. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk?

XES – RISK # 801

- 6. Michael is a 4-year-old child on WIC. He and his family live in the area and work on farms during the growing season. Would be qualify for a nutrition risk? \bowtie NO
- 7. Heather is 14 years old and pregnant. She lives with her mom who shops and makes all of her meals because she has never cooked. Would she qualify for a nutrition risk?

X YES – RISK # 902

Posttest Questions and Answers for Chapter 1 and 2

When scoring this posttest, the learner will earn 1 point for correctly answering each question in the tables. Passing score is 37 out of a possible 42 points.

1. Samuel:

- He is 2 years old with numerous health problems.
- He is being treated by his physician for a cancerous brain tumor.
- The cancer treatment causes chronic high blood pressure.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 345, 347
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

2. Tina:

- She is a postpartum woman with hyperthyroidism who is having gallbladder surgery next month.
- She also has a bladder infection treated with antibiotics.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 342, 344
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

3. Beatriz:

- She is a pregnant woman who was born with a cleft lip that was repaired when she was a child.
- She reports that her doctor found out that her blood pressure is regularly going too low.
- She also requires daily breathing treatment for asthma.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 360
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

4. Alexis:

- She is a breastfeeding woman who has had Type 1 diabetes since she was 5 years old.
- She is also being treated for tuberculosis.
- ◆ Her baby is 5 weeks old.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 343, 352A
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

5. Brian:

- He is 3 years old and recently moved into a transitional shelter with his family while waiting for an apartment to become available.
- He was born with cerebral palsy.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 349, 801
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

6. Betty:

- She recently immigrated to the United States.
- She is 4 years old and her doctor has diagnosed her with vitamin A deficiency and gluten sensitive enteropathy.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 341, 354
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Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

7. Maria

- She was in a car accident last year that left her with minor brain damage.
- She has difficulty chewing foods and uses a nutritional supplement drink three times a day.
- She is 6 weeks postpartum.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 362
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

8. Martina:

- She is a pregnant 20-year-old woman with PKU.
- Her husband works in seasonal agriculture and they are staying at a farm workers camp.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 351, 802
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

9. Justin:

- He is 4 weeks old and just went into foster care.
- His foster mother is requesting a soy formula because he spits up when he drinks milk-based formula.
- Mom reports that he frequently has gas, but he does not have diarrhea.

What risks would be assigned?	Risks #s: 903
Additional documentation required?	No
Referral to the RD required?	No

10. Camille:

- She is being recertified as a non-breastfeeding postpartum woman.
- She is taking a medication for ADHD that makes her not feel hungry.
- She tells you that she gets a rash around her mouth when she eats bread or crackers and wonders if she is allergic to wheat.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 357
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

11. Aidan:

- He is 3 years old and his Mom reports that he has trouble eating hard foods.
- He has been diagnosed with baby bottle tooth decay but not treated because the family does not have access to a dentist.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 381
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	No

12. Katrina:

- She is pregnant.
- She was living with her boyfriend, but just moved out because he was physically abusive.
- She is now living in a foster home.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 901, 903
Additional documentation required?	No
Referral to the RD required?	No

13. Shereen:

- She is 4 years old.
- ◆ Her hemoglobin is 9.0 and her blood lead level is 10.3.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 201, 211
Additional documentation required?	No
Referral to the RD required?	Yes

14. Jacquie:

- She has not been on WIC before.
- She is breastfeeding her 3-month-old baby.
- She tells you that her doctor diagnosed her with lupus 2 months ago.

What risks would be assigned?	Risk #s: 360
Additional documentation required?	Yes
Referral to the RD required?	Yes