

Prior to an administrative session, a facilitator must use the Client Information Form to identify risks to a client's physical and emotional safety associated with providing psilocybin services. After reviewing the Client Information Form, facilitators must provide all clients who present with a moderate level of risk with a written "Safety Plan" outlining their eligibility, risk factors, and any actions that can be taken to minimize risk. This document must be reviewed with the client as part of the informed consent process.

Clients will be eligible to receive psilocybin services as follows:

1. Clients presenting with no immediate safety concerns and a minimal level of risk are eligible to receive psilocybin services within a reasonable period following the informed consent process.
2. Clients presenting with no immediate safety concerns and a moderate level of risk are eligible to receive psilocybin services after completing the informed consent process and an additional "safety planning" process. Safety planning could include the following, as appropriate: consultation with a client's medical or mental health treatment providers, referrals to new medical or mental health treatment providers, discussions with a client's caregivers or support persons, and referrals to crisis support or other resources that the client can easily utilize prior to or following the psilocybin administration session, as needed.
3. Clients presenting with immediate safety concerns and/or a high level of risk are ineligible to receive services immediately but may be able to seek services at a future date, after addressing the immediate safety concerns or risk factors. Clients should be made aware of supportive resources that address safety needs.

The Oregon Health Authority will consult available and reliable evidence to define "**levels of risk.**"

An "**immediate safety concern**" exists when a client presents with an altered mental status (a recent shift in alertness, orientation, behavior, cognition) or other circumstances that indicate impaired decision-making capacity or an immediate risk of harm to self or others. Examples of immediate safety concerns might include, but are not limited to, an expression of intent to harm self or others, current intoxication or heavy substance use, an unsafe or unstable living situation, or current use of a contraindicated medication (i.e, Lithium).