Opioid Overdose Public Health Surveillance Update

Data Sources:

State Unintentional Drug Overdose Reporting System (SUDORS) is a state based surveillance system which collects all unintentional and undetermined drug overdose deaths.

The Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-Based Epidemics (ESSENCE) is a state based surveillance system which collects visits from all non-federal Oregon Emergency departments (ED) and the urgent care centers (UCC) currently sharing their data with the Oregon Health Authority (OHA).

Summary of Findings:

- Mortality data for 2020 are not yet complete, as a result numbers for recent months may change.
  - 2020 unintentional opioid overdose deaths from January to December currently total 462.
  - 2019 unintentional opioid overdose deaths from January to December total 280.
- The number of opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs in 2021 are slightly higher than corresponding months of 2020 and 2019.
- The percent of opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs in 2021 are slightly higher than corresponding months of 2019 and 2020.

Items of Note:

- In October of 2020 syndromic surveillance data from 10 additional urgent care centers was added to the Oregon Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-Based Epidemics (ESSENCE).

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Details of Findings: SUDORS Opioid Overdose Deaths

2020 unintentional opioid overdose deaths from January to December currently total 462.

2019 unintentional opioid overdose deaths from January to December total 280.

Details of Findings: EDs and UCCs

The total number of opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs in 2021 are slightly higher than corresponding months of 2019 and 2020.
The percent of opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs in 2021 are slightly higher than corresponding months of 2019. When measured as a percent of total visits for all health concerns, opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs have historically hovered around 0.13%. The percentage increased in March and April of 2020 as the number of total visits for all health concerns decreased dramatically, leading to a smaller denominator. This decrease is shown in the second chart below.
The following map displays the range of opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs by patient’s county of residence from June 2020 to May 2021.

The following map displays the locations of EDs and UCCs who share their data with OHA via ESSENCE.
Methods/ Data Sources
The Oregon Health Authority (OHA) queried Oregon Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-Based Epidemics (ESSENCE) for opioid overdose visits to Emergency Departments (EDs) and Urgent Care Centers (UCCs) using an advanced query developed to search multiple fields.

Considerations
SUDORS: Deaths included in this report may involve opioids in combination with other substances, and may include out of state residents whose death occurred in Oregon.

ESSENCE: Opioid overdose visits to EDs and UCCs range in severity, may result from symptoms that are not life threatening, and may involve opioids in combination with other substances. Visits classified as intentional overdoses are included in this report.

Not all people in Oregon have access to an ED or UCC. People who are assisted by emergency medical services (EMS, EMT and ambulances) may refuse transport to an ED or UCC.

Limitations
SUDORS: Intentional drug overdose deaths are excluded from SUDORS. Data for 2020 are not yet complete, as a result numbers for recent months may change.

ESSENCE: ED and UCC data are still being received/updated and minor fluctuation is anticipated.

Data from Emergency departments and Urgent Care Centers is not uniform, opioid overdose visits are recorded with different language and codes. The OHA strives to capture these visits accurately and completely, but some visits may be missed.