

ALERT IIS Inventory Borrowing Handout

This is a companion guide to the ALERT IIS Inventory Borrowing Course.

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What is Borrowing?

- Borrowing is giving the wrong stock (funding source) of vaccine to a patient.
- ALERT IIS detects this by identifying mismatches between the funding source and the eligibility code used. Organizations that enroll in state-supplied vaccine programs must track and report any borrowing.
- ALERT IIS cannot distinguish between an incorrect eligibility code and a true instance of borrowing vaccine, only that the patient eligibility code and vaccine funding source are mismatched when an immunization is submitted.
- You can use the Ad Hoc List Report to find and review borrowing cases.

Eligibility Codes

• Indicate why a patient is eligible for state-supplied vs. privately purchased vaccine.

- Indicate the funding source that patients are eligible to receive.
- Organizations receiving state-supplied vaccine must report every dose of vaccine given to patients with an eligibility code.
- Public and private (VFC only vs. Vaccine Access Program) clinics use different eligibility codes from one another.
- Review the Vaccine Management Guide for more on eligibility codes.

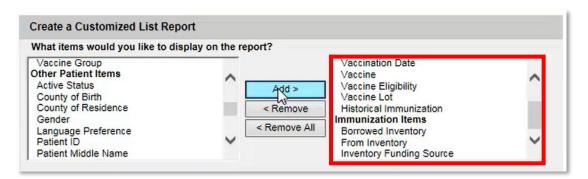
How to run the Ad Hoc List Report

The ALERT IIS Ad Hoc List Report creates a list of selected patients and details their immunizations by exporting the list into an Excel spreadsheet, you can sort and filter to get the most information about borrowing.



Step 2. Answer the question "What items would you like to display on the report?"

- Select <u>all items (8)</u> listed under "Most Common Items".
- Select under "Immunization Items"
 - "Borrowed Inventory"
 - o "From Inventory"
 - "Inventory Funding Source"
- Click "Add" to move the selected items across



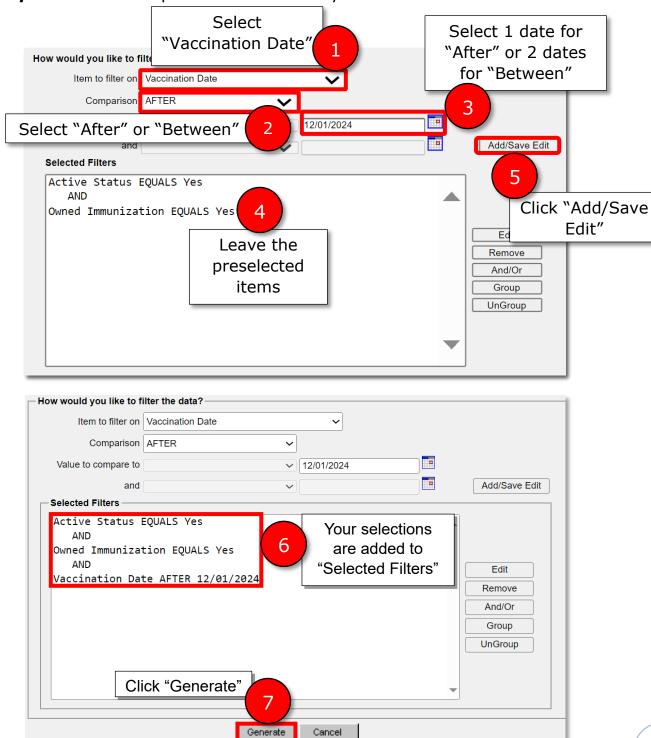
TIP Use "Shift+Click" to select multiple consecutive items

TIP Use "Ctrl+Click" to add to previously selected items

Step 3. Skip the question "How would you like the report to be sorted?"



Step 4. Answer the question "How would you like to filter the data?"

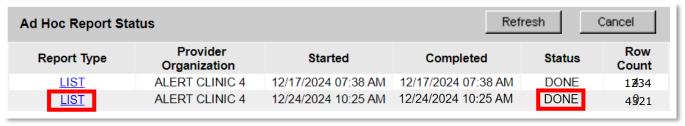


Step 5. Export the Ad Hoc Report to review in Excel.

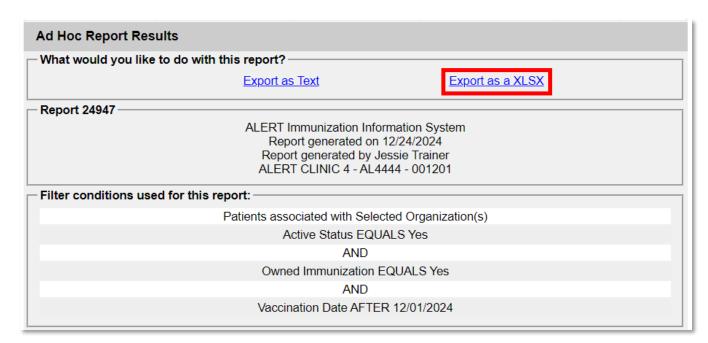
 Click "Refresh" to manually update the "Status" column during "PROCESSING"

Ad Hoc Report Status Refresh Cancel									
Report Type	Provider Organization	Started	Completed	Status Row Count					
<u>LIST</u>	ALERT CLINIC 4	12/17/2024 07:38 AM	12/17/2024 07:38 AM	DONE	1 2 34				
LIST	ALERT CLINIC 4	12/24/2024 10:25 AM		PROCESSING	4921				

• Click on the blue hyperlinked "List" when the status updates to "DONE"

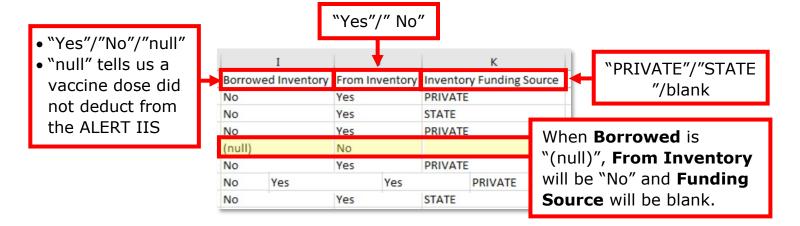


Click on "Export as a XLSX".



Reading the Ad Hoc List Report

Use the 'Borrowed Inventory', 'From Inventory' and 'Inventory Funding Source' columns to detect borrowed vaccine.



Step 1. Determine the borrows. Filter and organize your spreadsheet to show those immunizations ALERT IIS tracked as borrowed and nulls.

"(nulls)": The lot number cannot be found in ALERT Inventory. Some possible reasons are:

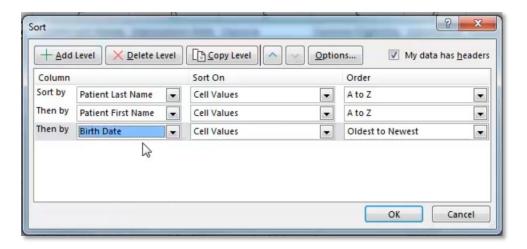
- The inventory was not added.
- An error occurred when entering the encounter in the patient record (or less often when entering inventory).
- If the lot is inactive and the clinic has not been corrected to active.

Refer to the <u>Inventory Deduction Tipsheet</u> for more information.

"Yes": Investigate to figure out whether this is showing as "yes" because the borrow occurred because the wrong funding source or wrong eligibility code was used.

Step 2. Address the borrows ("yes" and "nulls" you investigated and determined are borrows)

- i. Sort by "Patient Last Name", then by "Patient First Name", and then by "Birth Date".
- ii. Filter the "Borrowed Inventory" column. Remove "No" to leave "(null)" and "Yes" as the only visible result.



Step 3. Identify patients who received multiple vaccinations with:

- different eligibility codes, and/or
- different funding sources.

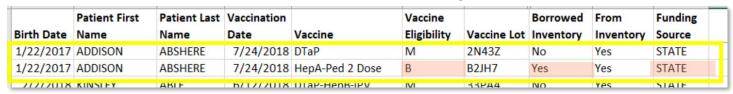
Step 4. Use the results to check:

- your clinic's vaccine borrowing log, and
- patient's insurance status to verify the correct eligibility code.

Examples

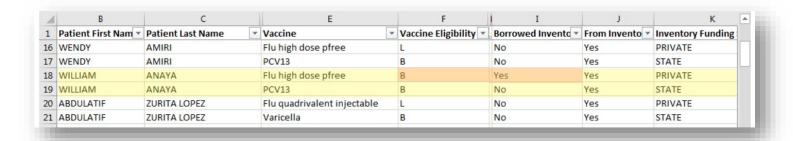
Private (VFC-only) Clinic False Borrow

At a private (VFC-only) clinic, a patient has received two vaccines. The patient was under 19 at the time of the vaccination. The vaccine eligibility for one of the vaccines was coded as **"B"** in error. This would not be a true borrow. Fix the eligibility code in the ALERT IIS patient record and in your EHR. ALERT IIS will still call this a borrow even though it has been fixed.



Public (VAP) Clinic False Borrow

At a public (VAP) clinic, an adult patient is immunized with PCV13 and flu on the same day. The clinician correctly entered the PCV13 as "B". However, the clinician also incorrectly entered the Flu dose as "B" when it should have been "L". This would not be a true borrow. Fix the eligibility code in the ALERT IIS patient record and in your EHR. ALERT IIS will still call this a borrow even though it has been fixed.



Repaying Borrowed Vaccine

Vaccine can be intentionally or unintentionally borrowed. The borrowed and repaid vaccine can have the same or different lot numbers. Actual, true borrows need to be paid back. Miscoding should be fixed but does not require paying back. All true borrows must be on the borrowing log.

Intentional Borrowing

- Happens when a clinic runs out of vaccine from a specific funding source and the clinic uses a dose from a different supply.
- These should be recorded in the borrowing log as they happen.
- The dose should still be reported with the patient's correct eligibility code.
- Once a new vaccine shipment arrives, the Ad Hoc List Report is compared to the borrowing log to see if there are also unintentional borrows.
- The borrowed dose is then paid back and recorded in ALERT IIS.

Unintentional Borrowing

- Happens when a vaccine is given from the wrong funding source by mistake.
- It should still have been reported with the correct patient eligibility, but the funding source won't match.
- It must be paid back just like intentional borrowing.
- These mistakes can be found using the Transaction Report or Ad Hoc List Report.

Tips for checking:

- If some but not all vaccines given to the same patient on the same day show borrowing, there may be an error.
- Check inventory to see if the correct funding source was available at the time by looking at the Show Transactions feature and running it for the single lot number-funding source combo.

Same lot numbers, different funding sources.

It can be difficult to manage inventory of vaccines with the same lot number and different funding sources. One error can cause a cascading effect of errors between the two rows of vaccine.

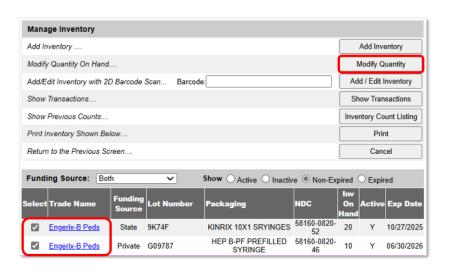
ALERT IIS will always deduct from the funding source that matches the eligibility code entered. This means that when the same lot is in both private and state-supplied funding sources, ALERT IIS is not effective at tracking borrowing. Once one funding source runs out, immunizations with an eligibility code appropriate to that funding source will not deduct from the opposite funding source, they will report as (null) in the borrowed inventory column of the ad hoc report.

TIP Run the Ad Hoc report more frequently to find and fix errors earlier.

Paying back with lots already in your ALERT IIS inventory

You can use one page in ALERT IIS to document repaying borrowed vaccine When both the vaccine be used to pay back, and the borrowed dose exist in your inventory.

Step 1. Go to "Manage Inventory", check both vaccines, click "Modify Quantity".



Step 2. Subtract a dose to pay back what was borrowed using the "Borrowed Out" reason. Add a dose to replace the borrowed dose using the "Borrowed In"* reason.

Modify Quantity On Hand for Selected Site(s)									
	Lot Number		Inv On Hand		Amount	Reason			
Engerix-B Peds	9K74F	State	20	Subtract ~	1	Borrowed Out ~			
Engerix-B Peds	G09787	Private	10	Add 🗸	1	Borrowed In ~			

^{*} **NOTE:** "Borrowed In" is only used in this circumstance. Using "Borrowed In" is not as common as creating a lot to repay into.

Step 3. Physically move doses in the refrigerator and change any labels



Step 4. Enter the payback on your Borrowing Log.

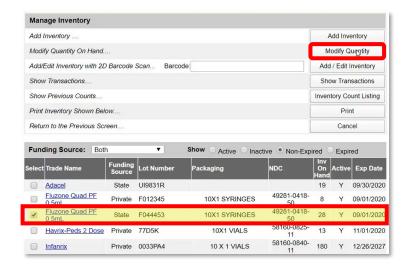
Paying back with lots **NOT** already in your ALERT IIS inventory

When you are repaying vaccine to a lot number that does not exist in your inventory, doses need to be subtracted and added in two different pages in ALERT IIS.

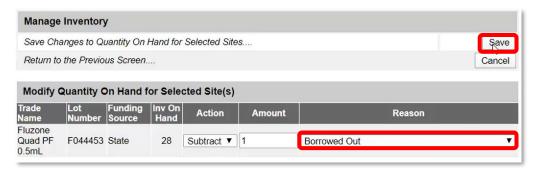
Step 1. Navigate to "Show Inventory".



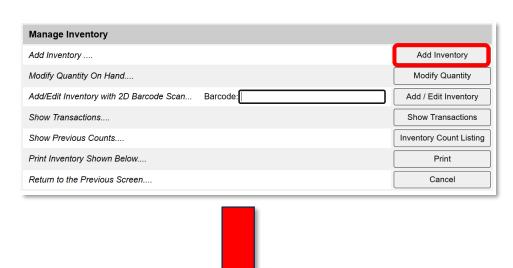
Step 2. Select the vaccine to be deducted and click "Modify Quantity".

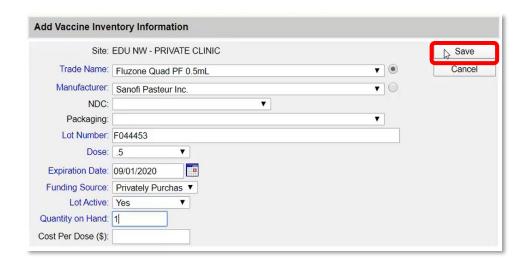


Step 3. Modify the quantity using "Borrowed Out" as the reason and save.



Step 4. Add the repaid dose as a new lot to the other funding source by clicking on "Add Inventory". Fill out the blue fields and click save.





Step 5. Physically move doses in the refrigerator and change any labels.

