

TABLE II
OAR 333-077-0125

**Conditions of CURRENT PREGNANCY that
Require Transfer or Consultation**

Conditions highlighted in red boxes indicate high-risk conditions that, when condition develops, will require the transfer of a client to hospital-based care.

Conditions in the yellow boxes indicate potentially risky conditions that require consultation with a provider of perinatal care¹ as defined under OAR 333-077-0125.

The list of high-risk conditions and potentially risky conditions is not comprehensive, and other physical, behavioral health, obstetric, or fetal conditions may arise that require consultation or transfer to hospital-based care. Having multiple risk conditions requiring consultation may increase the risk sufficiently to indicate the need to transfer care.

Abnormal bleeding in pregnancy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Antepartum hemorrhage, recurrent • Hemorrhage (hypovolemia, shock, need for transfusion, vital sign instability)
Amniotic fluid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oligohydramnios • Polyhydramnios
Amniotic membrane rupture	• Before 36 weeks 0 days
	• Pre-labor rupture > 24 hours
Cancer	• Active gynecologic cancer
Cardiovascular disease	• Cardiovascular disease-causing functional impairment
Connective tissue disorders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Systemic lupus erythematosus • Scleroderma • Rheumatoid arthritis • Any collagen-vascular disease
Gestational diabetes	• Requiring medication or uncontrolled
Hematologic conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hemoglobin < 8.5 g/dL at admission for labor • Thrombosis, suspected or diagnosed • Thromboembolism, suspected or diagnosed • Thrombocytopenia (platelets < 100,000)

¹ OAR 333-077-0125 – Provider of perinatal care means a physician or certified nurse midwife as those terms are defined under OAR 333-077-0010, a physician associate licensed under ORS chapter 677, a nurse practitioner licensed under ORS chapter 678, or a licensed direct entry midwife licensed under ORS chapter 687.

Fetal growth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uteroplacental insufficiency • Intrauterine growth restriction (IUGR) – fetal weight less than 5th percentile using ethnically-appropriate growth table, or concerning reduced growth velocity on ultrasound
Fetal monitoring or movement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Repetitive or persistent abnormal fetal heart rate pattern
Fetal presentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-cephalic • Breech
Gestational age	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Labor or premature rupture of membranes at <36 weeks 0 days • Pregnancy ≥42 weeks (unless already in active labor at 41 weeks 6 days)
Hepatic disorders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Expected delivery date uncertain
Hyperemesis gravidarum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disorders including uncontrolled intrahepatic cholestasis of pregnancy or abnormal liver function tests
Hypertensive disorders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refractory hyperemesis gravidarum
Infectious Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eclampsia • Hypertension at or above 140 systolic or at or above 90 diastolic on two (2) separate occasions that are more than four (4) hours apart, or hypertension at or above 160 systolic or at or above 110 diastolic on one (1) occasion. • Pre-existing or chronic hypertension • Pre-eclampsia
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Diagnosed Chorioamnionitis • Genital herpes; primary outbreak at time of labor • Hepatitis B, positive status • HIV; positive status • Rubella; anytime during pregnancy • Shingles; active at labor • Syphilis; positive status or unknown • Varicella; active at labor • Maternal infection postpartum (e.g., endometritis, sepsis, wound) requiring hospital treatment) • Two (2) temperatures at 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or 38 degrees Celsius or greater within one (1) hour or one (1) temperature at 102.2 degrees Fahrenheit or 39 degrees Celsius or greater.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toxoplasmosis

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CMV
Isoimmunization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blood group incompatibility and/or Rh sensitization in current pregnancy
Labor management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Induction; pharmacological • Lack of adequate progress in 2nd stage with cephalic presentation.
Miscarriage/non-viable pregnancy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Molar
Multiple gestations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiple gestations
Perineal laceration or obstetric anal sphincter injury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3rd degree requiring hospital repair or beyond expertise of attendant • 4th degree • Enlarging hematoma
Placental Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Abruptio • Low lying with 2 cm or less of cervical os at term • Previa • Vasa previa • Retained placenta > 60 minutes
Psychiatric Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maternal mental illness requiring psychological or psychiatric intervention • Patient currently taking psychotropic medications
Substance Use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drug or alcohol misuse with high risk factor for adverse effects to fetal or maternal health
Umbilical cord	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prolapse
Uterine Conditions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uterine rupture • Uterine inversion
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uterine prolapse • Anatomic anomaly (e.g. bicornuate, large fibroid impacting delivery)