# 2023 Oregon Resident Outdoor Recreation Survey Report

## 2025-2029 Oregon Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan Supporting Documentation

Lydia Gorrell Randall Rosenberger Wayde Morse

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Survey questionnaires, methods, and final reports were also reviewed by the SCORP Advisory Committee, which includes the following individuals.

#### **SCORP Advisory Committee**

(Listed in Alphabetical Order)

Member	Organization	
Kris Ammerman	City of Wilsonville Parks & Recreation	
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Dave Ballinger	Bureau of Land Management	
Scott Bricker	Travel Oregon	
Mark Buckley	EconNorthwest	
Jon Burpee	National Park Service	
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Brady Callahan	Oregon Parks & Recreation Department	
Caleb Dickson	Oregon Parks & Recreation Department	
Brian Carroll	Linn County Parks & Recreation	
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Nicole Lewis	METRO Parks & Nature	
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Kim McCarrell	Oregon Equestrian Trails / Deschutes Trails Coalition	
Shelly Miller	Oregon Recreation and Park Association / City of Eugene Parks & Open Space	
Georgena Moran	Access for All, LLC	
Wayde Morse	Auburn University	

Josh Mullhollem	Oregon State Marine Board
Steph Noll	Oregon Trails Coalition
Darryl Ramsey	Outdoor Afro
Jahmaal Rebb	Oregon Department of Forestry
Melissa Rinehart	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Jackie Rochefort	City of Corvallis Parks & Recreation
Ryan Singleton	Department of State Lands
Alan Thompson	Oregon Department of Transportation
Kelly Chase Veach	U.S. Forest Service
Michael Yun	Knot Design

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#### **Executive Summary**

#### **Background**

As preparation for the 2025-2029 Oregon Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP), the Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) contracted with Oregon State University (OSU) to distribute a statewide survey of Oregon residents regarding their participation in outdoor recreation in Oregon in 2022 and their attitudes and priorities regarding outdoor recreation management. The results of this survey are presented here.

The survey was distributed to both a random statewide sample of Oregon residents with addresses on file at the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and a panel sample of Oregon residents registered for research participation with Qualtrics designed to oversample ethnic and racial minorities. The study design and questionnaires were developed with the assistance of Dr. Wayde Morse, Auburn University (AU), under a technical assistance agreement and were reviewed by Dr. Caleb Dickson, Chris Havel, and Cailin O'Brien-Feeney of OPRD. Data collection and analysis were completed by Dr. Randall Rosenberger and Lydia Gorrell.

These results may be useful to federal, state, and local parks and recreation organizations and employees, as well as individuals working in private-sector recreation, in order to understand Oregonians' current behaviors and attitudes, as well as their priorities for future recreation provisions.

#### **Data Presentation**

Numbers are rounded in this report, to one decimal place where percentages are reported, and to two where means are reported. As such, some percentages may not add up to 100%. Averages reported in this report are means, and the terms are used interchangeably. Missing values are present in many variables, particularly for demographic questions. All percentages reported here are "valid percentages".

The results of this survey are provided for the general statewide population, and for the following demographic groups of interest that had a large enough number of respondents for statistical inference:

- Race/ethnicity: Respondents self-identifying as Hispanic/Latino (of any race), and non-Hispanic/Latino residents identifying as Asian, Black/African American, Mixed race, or White/European American.
- Low income: Respondents who reported an annual household income <\$25,000.
- Disabled individuals: Respondents reporting having a disability or living in a household with someone with a disability.
- Age: Respondents 60 years or older.
- Community type: Respondents describing their community as urban, suburban, or rural.

The income terms used in this SCORP are intended to describe ranges of income but are not designations of an objectively high income in Oregon. Intent of these classifications is the comparison of participation among income groups, consistent with the income groupings from

previous Oregon SCORP reports. Notably higher rates of participation for the high-income group in some measurements, including mean annual participation times, are likely driven by a consistent increase in outdoor recreation participation associated with income. Even within the high-income variable, this was observed, with individuals making >\$100,000 a year having a higher mean annual participation rate than those making \$75,000-100,000.

#### **Survey Methodology**

Two samples were used: (1) A statewide random sample of 22,000 Oregon residents with addresses on file at the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and (2) A panel sample of Oregon residents who were recruited and compensated by Qualtrics, a private company contracted to do this work. The panel sample was intended to overrecruit ethnic and racial minorities, to ensure enough responses to allow for adequate statistical inference regarding these groups.

The statewide random sample included individuals who had their addresses on file with the DMV both as license holders and as state-ID holders, to ensure individuals without licenses were not excluded. Random sample recipients received an initial mailed invitation and two mailed reminders in both English and Spanish. Participants also had the option to request and receive either an English or Spanish paper version of the survey (only 144 respondents completed the survey on paper).

The random mailed sample was 99.9% deliverable and received a total number of 2,480 responses (11.3% response rate). Response rates ~10% are typical of statewide, general population surveys that are lengthy and do not provide financial or token incentives to participants.

The panel study was conducted through Qualtrics, using an existing database of individuals residing in Oregon who were previously recruited to participate in online research in exchange for financial compensation. Qualtrics was contracted to obtain a sample of 1,554 individuals, oversampling for individuals of minority racial and ethnic backgrounds to improve statistical reliability of their responses as subgroups. In order to ensure expediency, however, the sample obtained by Qualtrics eventually fell to "natural fallout", with any interested individual completing the survey regardless of demographic background. The same survey was distributed to these recipients online only, and the final sample size was 1,577.

The survey was also distributed as two versions. Version 1 contained questions regarding Motivations to Recreate, Natural Resource Impacts, Crowding, and Support for Management Actions; Version 2 asked respondents about Recreation Constraints and Overcoming Constraints. Both versions of the survey were distributed to both the random statewide and panel samples, and each version of the survey was randomly assigned to recipients.

The total number of responses was 4,055. The random statewide sample and the panel sample reached different demographic groups more effectively (the mailed survey highlighted more individuals over age 60, while the Qualtrics panel reached more individuals with a disability or living with someone who does, more Black/African American respondents, more low-income

respondents, and more rural respondents). Versions 1 and 2 had relatively similar demographic breakdowns, as each employed the same random sampling methods.

#### **Maximizing Data Accuracy**

As with most survey research, the goal of this study was to use a sample (limited respondents) to infer information about a larger population (in this case, all Oregon residents). This form of research is vulnerable to a few sources of error, as only a portion of the population received the survey, and only a portion of those recipients opted to complete it. Often, survey administrators prioritize reduction of sampling error by increasing sample sizes. However, as sampling error can vary across analyses, both sample size and response variability for each question can affect it.

Readers should keep this potential for error in mind; however, significant effort and attention has been paid in the process of survey administration to minimizing sources of error, and to correcting factors that may lead to bias.

#### **Weighting Data and Sample Demographics**

Data from the combined samples were weighted according to the following factors: age category, gender (male/female only), community type (urban/rural only), and ethnicity (Hispanic/Latino/a and non-Hispanic/Latino/a). The samples were also weighted separately by version, according to the same set of demographic categories. This was only performed when analyzing data from module questions that were only asked on one version. For all other questions, the samples are always weighted together.

#### **Outdoor Recreation Activities**

This survey investigated participation in 76 different outdoor recreation activities, which were identified from previous SCORP activity lists and by the SCORP advisory committee of parks and recreation managers across Oregon. These activities were grouped into eleven categories, identified as activities "In Your Community" and "Outside Your Community". The three categories "In Your Community" were as follows:

- Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities *In Your Community*
- Outdoor leisure and sporting activities *In Your Community*
- Nature study activities In Your Community

The categories "Outside Your Community" are shown below:

- Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities *Outside Your Community*
- Outdoor leisure and sporting activities *Outside Your Community*
- Nature study activities *Outside Your Community*
- Motorized activities Outside Your Community
- Vehicle-based camping activities *Outside Your Community*
- Hunting and fishing activities *Outside Your Community*
- Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community
- Non-motorized, snow activities *Outside Your Community*

For all activities reported "In Your Community," respondents reported the number of occasions per year, and the average number of minutes per occasion. For activities "Outside Your Community," respondents reported the number of days per year in which they participated in that activity.

#### **Statewide Resident User Occasions and Participation**

The total number of user occasions—individual occurrences of outdoor recreation—and percent of population engaging in an activity were estimated at the state scale. The top activities inside a respondent's community in Oregon based both on total user occasions in 2022 are as follows:

- 1. Walking on streets or sidewalks 358 million user occasions
- 2. Walking on paved paths or natural trails 149 million user occasions
- 3. Nature immersion 59 million user occasions
- 4. Nature observation 55 million user occasions
- 5. Taking children or grandchildren to a playground 48 million user occasions

The top activities outside a respondent's community (also based both on total user occasions) are shown here:

- 1. Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails 34 million user occasions
- 2. Traveling for nature immersion 20 million user occasions
- 3. Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure 18 million user occasions
- 4. Beach activities (Ocean) 16 million user occasions
- 5. Beach activities (Lakes, reservoirs, rivers) 14 million user occasions

In general, activities within a respondent's community typically reported more user occasions than those outside of a respondent's community. This is not surprising, and aligns with previous SCORP findings, as these activity types can occur regularly and with limited travel time and cost.

In total, 94.6% of Oregonians reported participating in at least one outdoor recreation activity on at least one occasion in Oregon during 2022, inside or outside their community. The top activities inside a respondent's community in Oregon based on proportion of Oregonians participating in 2022 are as follows:

- 1. Walking on streets or sidewalks 79.1%
- 2. Walking on paved paths or natural trails 71.8%
- 3. Nature immersion 52.6%
- 4. Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals 40.6%
- 5. Visiting historical sites or history-themed parks 40.5%

The top activities outside a respondent's community in Oregon based on proportion of Oregonians participating in 2022 are as follows:

- 1. Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails 53.2%
- 2. Beach activities (Ocean) 45.2%

- 3. Traveling for nature immersion 36.9%
- 4. Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure 32.9%
- 5. Beach activities (Lakes, reservoirs, rivers) 30.6%

#### **Demographic Group Resident Participation**

The activity participation rates by demographic group were evaluated by comparing those with greater, less, or similar participation rates to that of the statewide population. The demographic groups with the highest number of participation rates at least 10% over the statewide rate (in over 40 activities) were high income individuals, individuals under 60, and urban individuals. Groups with the highest number of activities at least 10% below the statewide participation rate (in over 40 activities) were individuals over age 60, low-income individuals, individuals with a disability or in a household with someone with a disability, and Black/African American individuals.

Mean participation times in all 76 activities in 2022 for the Oregon population and for specific demographic groups were also compared. The statewide average for participation times was 336 times a year in any activity. Among the demographic groups, the highest participation times were for individuals who identified as urban, high income, and/or under 60 years of age, while demographic groups with the lowest annual mean participation times were Black/African American individuals, Asian individuals, individuals over 60, and rural individuals.

In full, these data suggest that Black/African American, Asian, low-income, and rural individuals, as well as individuals in a household with a disability or over 60 years old, may be underserved in outdoor recreation participation compared to the rest of the population.

#### **Local Recreation Attitudes and Proximity**

Statewide data suggested that, on average, it was "important" to most residents to have "a local park, trail, open space, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance of [their] home (e.g., a 10-minute walk or less)". A few groups (low-income individuals, individuals with a disability or in a household with a disability, individuals 60 years old or older, and rural individuals) reported means slightly below "important," while Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino/a, and urban individuals reported means slightly higher than "important".

In addition to importance, respondents reported proximity to a "local park, trail, open space, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance of [their] home". The highest number of respondents reported multiple parks/recreation facilities near to them, and most respondents reported at least one park/recreation facility near to them. Only rural individuals reported no park/recreation facility more commonly than other groups.

### Type of Outdoor Recreation Area Used, Transportation, Recreation Group Characteristics & Size

When reporting the types of recreation areas visited in the past 12 months, most respondents used local/city parks (83%) and state parks, forests, or game lands (71%), and almost half of respondents used county parks (48%) or national parks, forests, and recreation areas (49%).

Respondents were asked to determine how long of a drive they would consider to still be inside their community. The highest number of respondents indicated a 20–30-minute drive would still be considered inside their community, while slightly over half of respondents indicated their community was contained within a 20-minute drive.

Respondents were also asked with whom they usually recreated. Over half of respondents reported recreating with just family, while approximately one third of respondents each reported going alone, going with just friends, going with friends or family at the same time, or going with one or more dogs.

Finally, respondents reported their typical recreation group size. Most respondents (76%) reported a group size between 2-5 people, while only 1% of respondents reported a group size of 11 or more.

#### **Camping Priorities**

Over 75% of respondents stated they camped in the last 12 months or had an interest in going despite not camping in the last 12 months, and these individuals were asked to identify needs for specific types of camping sites available outside their communities. The highest priority camping site identified was a drive-in tent site, while both types of cabins with amenities also ranked highly. The least priority camping site type was RV sites.

#### **Priorities for Future Investment Inside and Outside Communities**

Respondents were asked to rate priorities for future investment both inside and outside their communities. The top priorities for both inside- and outside-community offerings included clean and well-maintained facilities, restrooms, free-of-charge recreation opportunities, and more parks and recreation areas. Respondents also prioritized directional signs and trail details for incommunity offerings, and nature and wildlife viewing areas for recreation provisions outside their community. Off-highway vehicle areas and separate areas for older adults to be with people their own age were of least importance both inside and outside communities.

Amongst different demographic groups, priorities were relatively similar to the statewide priorities. A few groups (Black/African American, Household with disability, Hispanic/Latino/a) highlighted the importance of accessible areas for individuals with disabilities over other priorities, both inside and outside of their communities.

#### **Sources of Outdoor Recreation Information**

The most highly rated sources of outdoor recreation information were friends, relatives, and word of mouth; websites; and visitor or welcome brochures. Few people reported using social media, with low scores for Instagram, Pinterest, Twitter, and Snapchat.

All demographic groups reported friends, relatives, and word of mouth as their most important source of outdoor recreation information, and in general had similar top three information sources, with a few groups ranking maps or brochures over websites and/or visitor or welcome centers (Rural, 60+ years of age, Black/African American, and White respondents).

#### **Community Recreation Program Needs**

When asked about priorities for community recreation programs, respondents highly rated farmers' markets, community gardens, outdoor sports, and outdoor concerts and movies. The three lowest ranked activities were all related to fitness: functional strength training, fitness classes, and outdoor exercise equipment.

Demographic groups' priorities did not differ greatly from the statewide mean. Some groups highlighted the importance of educational activities over the programs mentioned previously (Black/African American, Mixed race, Hispanic/Latino/a, urban, low income, and rural residents), and residents aged 60 and over identified seniors' activity centers as a priority.

#### **Impacts of COVID-19 on Recreation**

The survey asked respondents to respond to a few questions regarding their participation in outdoor recreation during the pandemic. In general, respondents reported that outdoor recreation benefitted respondents' mental and physical health during the pandemic, while half of respondents indicated that they did not increase or change their outdoor recreation activities during COVID-19. Demographic comparisons highlighted higher scores in all categories for Asian, Black/African American, and Hispanic/Latino/a respondents compared to the statewide mean, and lower scores in all categories for low-income residents, rural residents, residents in a household with a disability and residents older than 60.

Respondents were also asked to provide up to three activities that they began to do during the COVID-19 pandemic. The top ten activities reported included Walking/hiking, Non-motorized water sports (kayaking & paddleboarding, particularly), Biking (including mountain biking and e-biking), Non-team sports (disc golf, golf, pickleball, tennis), Camping (including RVs), Running/jogging, Non-motorized snow sports (skiing, snowshoeing), Nature observation (especially birdwatching), Fishing, and Swimming.

# Free Response: Recommendations for Individuals with Disabilities, and "Any Other Comments about Outdoor Recreation in Oregon"

Individuals who identified as having a disability or living in a household with someone with a disability were asked to share whether there was a way that accommodations could be made to support their recreation. In general, most comments related to mobility accessibility, particularly focusing on making improvements to trails and providing places to rest. Respondents also indicated that they wanted improved access to a variety of facilities, including restrooms and campsites, but also to natural areas like overlooks and beaches, and that human assistance as well as equipment loans/rentals would help them recreate. A few individuals also highlighted the importance of group activities and communications improvements for individuals with multiple disabilities.

Finally, at the end of the survey, a few respondents had suggestions for improvements or frustrations with their current or past experiences that they reported in a final comment box. The top ten concerns and/or suggestions, in order of frequency reported, are as follows: Improve accessibility of recreation areas, Improve transportation, road, and/or trail infrastructure, Create

more campsites / improve campsite reservation system, Provide new "other" recreation infrastructure (i.e., pools, courts, gardens, play areas etc.), Prioritize nature and/or "greenness" in management strategies for recreation areas, Manage to provide increased safety/reduced crime, Manage to reduce crowding, Improve sanitation/cleanliness of parks and facilities, Concerns or conflicts with unhoused population, and Improve communication about recreation areas and activities.

#### **Module Questions: Motivations to Recreate Outdoors**

Respondents were asked to rate the level of importance of some possible motivations to recreate. Top motivations for respondents included "To view the scenic beauty," "To improve my mental health," "To be close to nature," and "To relax and recharge". Lowest rated motivations were "For the thrill of it all," "To gain self-confidence," and "To be challenged." In general, respondents ranked most motivations highly.

Overall, motivations were ranked similarly for each demographic group, but Hispanic/Latino/a and urban individuals ranked many motivations higher than others outside of those groups, and suburban individuals and those 60 years or older ranked many motivations lower than the rest of the population. Notably, low-income individuals scored many top motivations lower than the rest of the population, and many low-ranking motivations higher than the rest of the population.

#### Module Questions: Constraints & Overcoming Constraints to Outdoor Recreation

A series of questions regarding constraints asked respondents to indicate the extent to which they agreed or disagreed with a number of statements on general, social, and natural setting constraints to outdoor recreation, as well as how respondents typically overcame constraints.

Respondents ranked difficulties with a reservation system, limited or unsecure parking, and crowding as the top general constraints to recreation. Low-impact general constraints included difficulties with transportation, lack of time due to family commitments, off-leash dogs, lack of appropriate gear or equipment, and lack of accessible features.

The top-ranking social constraint was the presence of homeless or unsheltered persons at the site. Other more highly ranked constraints included lack of personal security, no one to go with, and lack of group or club activities to join. The lowest ranked social constraints included not feeling welcome or comfortable, not being interested in outdoor recreation, and language barriers in recreation materials (signs, websites, staff).

The three highest ranked natural setting constraints were the sanitation issue of encountering human waste, excessive heat, and damage to a natural area caused by a wildfire. Concerns about cold or snow, rain or flooding, and concern about being hurt by wildlife were ranked lowest.

Finally, the most popular methods of overcoming constraints included finding recreation areas where one felt comfortable, checking conditions before going on a trip, and trying to learn new skills. Many also reported that they had been successful in getting around constraints to recreation in the past.

The constraints module highlights that general constraints may be more impactful compared to most social constraints and natural setting constraints, and some groups experience relatively lower levels of constraints, including White respondents and occasionally suburban respondents. Higher levels of constraints were reported most consistently for low-income individuals and individuals in a household with a disability. Barriers were also reported, less consistently, for Hispanic/Latino/a individuals, rural individuals, and individuals 60 and over. Notably, urban respondents reported the highest level of natural setting constraints, while also reporting higher agreement with most strategies for overcoming barriers.

#### **Module Questions: Crowding & Responding to Crowding**

Respondents were asked to report if and/or how frequently they felt there were too many people while recreating outdoors in their community and outside of their community, as well as to rate their agreement with a few statements regarding crowding. Generally, the population indicated they encountered crowding more frequently outside their community than inside it, and that many of them selected new areas or time their visits to avoid crowds.

Differences in perceptions and agreement about crowding while recreating were expressed for different demographic groups. Low-income individuals and individuals over 60 indicated lower levels of perceived crowding than the rest of the population both inside and outside their community, and White individuals identified lower levels of perceived crowding only inside their communities. Meanwhile, Hispanic/Latino/a and urban individuals found higher levels of perceived crowding only inside their communities and showed higher levels of agreement on statements about crowding, suggesting that this population may be most affected by this phenomenon.

# **Module Questions: Support for Management Actions – Crowding, Natural Resource Impacts & Electronic Transportation**

After responding to questions regarding crowding impacts, respondents reported the most popular crowding management actions included promoting low-impact recreation/"Leave No Trace" programs, making walking/biking between parks safer, and securing new areas for outdoor recreation. The least popular actions were requiring a reservation, encouraging/allowing more guided opportunities with for-profit guides, and charging or increasing the fee for use.

Respondents also indicated the level of priority that they felt recreation managers should put on different natural resource impacts, with highest levels of priority placed on trash, fire risk, and water pollution, and the lowest levels of priority on soil erosion/compaction, new trail damage, and light pollution.

Finally, respondents rated their support for management actions regarding electronic transportation and recreation equipment (i.e., e-bikes, e-scooters, drones). In general, agreement was well above neutral for most management actions, with the highest level of agreement around developing guidelines as to where electronic transportation equipment is allowed. Only two statements fell below a neutral rating, which indicated that fewer respondents had experienced conflict between users of e-transportation and/or drones.

Although the subjects of these management actions differ greatly, some patterns emerge among demographic groups when identifying appropriate interventions. Low-income individuals, in general, tend to prioritize these actions below the rest of the population, and urban respondents tend to rate their support for actions significantly higher. Individuals 60 and older also differ from the rest of the population, although the direction of their support (for or against) can be variable.

#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

As preparation for the 2025-2029 Oregon Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP), the Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) contracted with Oregon State University (OSU) to distribute a statewide survey of Oregon residents regarding their participation in outdoor recreation in Oregon in 2022 and their attitudes and priorities regarding outdoor recreation management. The results of this survey are presented here.

The survey was distributed to both a random statewide sample of Oregon residents with addresses on file at the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and a panel sample of Oregon residents designed to oversample ethnic and racial minorities. The study design and questionnaires were developed with the assistance of Dr. Wayde Morse, Auburn University (AU), under a technical assistance agreement and were reviewed by Dr. Caleb Dickson, Chris Havel, and Cailin O-Brien-Feeney of OPRD. Data collection and analysis were completed by Dr. Randall Rosenberger and Lydia Gorrell.

These results may be useful to federal, state, and local parks and recreation organizations and employees, as well as individuals working in private-sector recreation, in order to understand Oregonians' current behaviors and attitudes, as well as their priorities for future recreation provisions.

#### 1.2 Data Presentation

Numbers are rounded in this report, to one decimal place where percentages are reported, and to two where means are reported. As such, some percentages may not add up to 100%. Averages included in this report are means, and the terms are used interchangeably. Missing values are present in many variables here, particularly for demographic questions. All percentages reported here are "valid percentages" (percentage of the total number of individuals who responded to the question, rather than the total sample).

The results of this survey are provided for the general statewide population, as well as for the following demographic groups:

- Race/ethnicity: Respondents self-identifying as Hispanic/Latino, Asian, Black/African American, Mixed race, or White/European American (called "White" from here on in this document)
- Low income: Respondents who reported an annual household income <\$25,000
- Disabled individuals: Respondents reporting having a disability or living in a household with someone with a disability (may be identified as stated, or as "in a household with a disability")
- Age: Respondents aged 60 years or older
- Community type: Respondents describing their community as urban, suburban, or rural

A few racial groups—American Indian/Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and Other—had a response count that was so small that their data lacked an adequate degree of

confidence as a statement on the group's behavior. As such, group-specific results for these racial groups are not included in this report. In tables with data from Version 1, the number of Black/African American respondents was also too low for statistical inference, and the responses are marked with an asterisk.

#### 1.3 Survey Methodology

Two samples were used: (1) A statewide random sample of 22,000 Oregon residents with addresses on file at the Oregon Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and (2) A panel sample of Oregon residents who were recruited and compensated by Qualtrics. As mail survey response rates have declined dramatically in recent years (Stedman et al., 2019), interest in on-line panel studies have surged, as they may be more efficient in time, cost, and data management (Needham and Vaske, 2019). The panel sample conducted here was intended to overrecruit ethnic and racial minorities that may have been underrepresented in the statewide sample, to ensure enough responses to allow for adequate statistical inference regarding these groups.

The statewide random sample included individuals who had their addresses on file with the DMV both as license holders and as state-ID holders, to ensure individuals without licenses were not excluded. Random sample recipients received the following mail correspondence in both English and Spanish:

- An invitation from OSU containing bit.ly links and QR codes to both Spanish and English versions of the online survey and a postcard to request a traditional paper survey if desired, in either Spanish or English (paper surveys were only sent to those who returned the postcard or directly requested one from the survey administrators)
- A reminder letter from OSU with the original bit.ly links and QR codes sent one week after the initial letter
- A final reminder letter from OSU with the original bit.ly links and QR codes sent one month after the initial letter

Overall responses for the random mailed sample are shown in Table 1.1. A response rate ~10% is typical of statewide, general population surveys that are lengthy and do not provide financial or token incentives to participants.

**Table 1.1 Combined Mailout and Response Rates** 

	Number	% of Mailed	% of Delivered
Mailed	22,000		
Delivered	21,978	99.9%	
Completed	2,480	11.3%	11.3%

The panel study was conducted through Qualtrics, using an existing database of individuals residing in Oregon who were previously recruited to participate in online research in exchange for financial compensation. Qualtrics was contracted to obtain a sample of 1,554 individuals, oversampling for individuals of minority racial and ethnic backgrounds to improve statistical reliability of their responses as subgroups. In order to ensure expediency, however, the sample obtained by Qualtrics eventually fell to "natural fallout", with any interested individual

completing the survey regardless of demographic background. The same survey was distributed to these recipients online only, and the final sample size was 1,577.

The survey was also distributed as two versions, Version 1 and Version 2. Version 1 contained questions regarding Motivations to Recreate, Natural Resource Impacts, Crowding, and Support for Management Actions; Version 2 asked respondents about Recreation Constraints and Overcoming Constraints. Both versions of the survey were distributed to both samples, and each version of the survey was randomly assigned to recipients. A total of 2,065 recipients (50.9%) completed a Version 1 survey, while 1,990 (49.1%) completed a Version 2 survey.

In the statewide random sample, two layers in the sampling design captured representation of adult Oregonians. First, Oregon counties with ethnic and racial minority representation greater than the statewide rate were flagged to be oversampled. Second, a random sample for each county was defined as being proportional to their overall adult population relative to the statewide adult population. For those counties identified as having greater ethnic and minority diversity, their proportional sample sizes were doubled. Random selection of adults in each Oregon county were then completed by assigning them a random number between 1 and 1,000,000. These random numbers were sorted in descending order, and the pre-assigned number of records from each county were extracted and combined into the statewide sample of 22,000 records. Finally, an ID number between 10000-32000 was randomly assigned to each recipient in order to randomize the order of records in the statewide sample. This randomized sample was divided in half, with the first half receiving Version 1, and the second half receiving Version 2. All correspondence contained the recipient's ID number, to keep the version they received consistent. In the panel sample, Qualtrics randomly assigned each participant Version 1 or Version 2.

Pre-weighted respondents in each sample and format are shown in Table 1.2. Most participants from the statewide random sample (94%) were completed online, with 6% completing a paper version. As stated previously, the Qualtrics panel sample was only completed online.

**Table 1.2 Respondents by Sample and Format** 

	Online	Paper	<b>Total by Sample</b>
Statewide Mailed	2,336	144	2,479
Qualtrics Panel	1,577		1,576
Total by format	3,913	144	4,055

Table 1.3 shows the demographic breakdown by sample and by version, with the random statewide sample and the panel sample both reaching different demographic groups more effectively (i.e., the mailed survey highlights more individuals over age 60, while the Qualtrics panel highlights more individuals with a disability or living with someone who does). Versions 1 and 2 had relatively similar demographic breakdowns, as each employed the same random sampling methods.

**Table 1.3 Total Respondents by Demographic Group in Both Research Samples** 

Demographic Group	Mailed Survey	Qualtrics Panel	Version 1	Version 2	Total
Hispanic/Latino/a	178	248	228	198	426
Asian	53	45	47	51	98
Black/African American	9	41	18	32	50
Mixed race	62	79	65	74	141
White	1172	1094	1160	1094	2266
Low Income	115	393	245	259	508
Has Disability or Household Member with Disability	296	464	392	367	761
60+ Years Old	555	369	475	445	924
Urban	528	562	512	570	1,024
Suburban	704	677	719	657	1,381
Rural	275	325	297	299	600

#### 1.4 Maximizing Data Accuracy

As with most survey research, the goal of this study was to use a sample (limited respondents) to infer information about a larger population (in this case, all Oregon residents). This form of research is vulnerable to a few sources of error, as only a portion of the population received the survey, and only a portion of those recipients opted to complete it. Often, survey administrators prioritize reduction of sampling error by increasing sample sizes. However, as sampling error can vary across analyses, both sample size and response variability for each question can affect it. Furthermore, there are several sources of error that may be more important.

The methods of survey administration for this study addressed four main error sources:

- Coverage error. This was addressed by using the DMV sampling frame, including individuals with a license and/or a state ID card, and by conducting a supplemental panel study to oversample for demographic minorities.
- **Sampling error.** This was addressed by using a large sample size in both the random statewide and the panel samples.
- **Measurement error.** This was addressed by conducting an extensive process of survey development and review, and by using pre-verified methods.
- Non-response error. This was addressed by maximizing response rates through multiple
  mailings and by weighting data according to demographic proportions identified in the
  most recent U.S. Census.

Non-response error may arise when survey respondents differ from those in the sample who do not respond to the questions. When this occurs, inferences about general populations may be biased to the characteristics of those who chose to complete the survey, and therefore may not accurately represent the entirety of the population in question. This source of error can be assessed by comparing the demographic characteristics of the sample to demographics officially reported by the U.S. Census—in our case, we used demographics reported for the state of

Oregon—and weighting the data based on these demographics. It is not possible to completely eliminate non-response error, but it can be reduced by weighting.

Notably, weighting by demographic questions, which were included at the end of the survey, reduced the number of responses used in analysis significantly, as many respondents in the statewide mailed sample opted to end participation in the online survey before it was over, introducing a new source of nonresponse error. This was not an issue in the panel study, as participants only received compensation from Qualtrics after completing the entire survey and passing an answer quality check. Combination of these two samples, then, helped to mitigate this source of error, in addition to the weighting that was done after combining the samples.

Readers should keep this potential for error in mind; however, significant effort and attention has been given to the process of survey administration, to minimizing sources of error, and to correcting factors that may lead to bias.

#### 1.5 Weighting Data and Sample Demographics

Data from the combined samples were weighted according to the following factors:

- Age category
- Gender (Male/Female only)
- Community Type (Urban/Rural only all respondents who reported an urban or suburban community type were considered "Urban" for the weight calculation, but their responses are differentiated in demographic reports)
- Ethnicity (Hispanic/Latino/a and non-Hispanic/Latino/a)

These weights corrected for the "oversampling" of rural Oregonians, Oregonians aged 55 and older, female Oregonians, and non-Hispanic/Latino/a Oregonians. In some cases, oversampling occurred purposefully, as described in section 1.3. In other cases, it was accidental; females, for example, were not oversampled, but were more likely to complete the survey, particularly in the panel sample. The sample was not weighted by income, due to reduced responses to that question.

The samples were also weighted separately by version, according to the same set of demographic categories. This was only performed when analyzing data from module questions that were only asked on one version (Motivations to Recreate, Recreation Constraints, Overcoming Constraints, Priorities for Management, Natural Resource Impacts, Crowding, and Support for Management Actions – see Section 4: Module Questions). For all other questions, the samples are always weighted together. The demographics for the total sample after the weights were applied are shown in Table 1.4. Sample demographics do not match Oregon populations demographics exactly due to the sequential nature of the weight calculations.

Readers are cautioned regarding potential inaccuracies in the participation estimates for some activities, particularly when the number of respondents for a specific cohort is small and participation is low. There is potential for this small numbers issue to lead to statistical anomalies, which can be amplified by the statistical weighting of the data that corrected for population representation.

Table 1.4 Demographics for Oregon and the Weighted Sample (% of Sample or Population)  $\,$ 

Item	Oregon	Sample				
Age						
18-34	28.1	30.1				
35-54	33.0	33.6				
55-74	30.1	28.0				
75+	8.8	8.3				
Gender						
Male	50.0	49.2				
Female	50.0	50.8				
Urban / Rural						
Urban	80.5	80.5				
Rural	19.5	19.5				
Ethnicity	Ethnicity					
Hispanic/Latino/a	13.9	13.9				
Income						
<\$25k	16.1	17.1				
\$25k-<\$75k	36.1	35.2				
\$75k+	47.9	47.7				

#### 2. Oregonians' Outdoor Recreation Participation in Oregon

This section describes the results of the outdoor recreation participation portion of the Oregon resident survey (see Appendix A-C, Questions 9-11, 14-21). Survey respondents identified the activities in which they participated in 2022 from several lists of different categories of outdoor recreation activities and reported their rates of participation and the number of household members who usually accompanied them. From this information, we derived the total number of user occasions for each activity as well as the proportion of the population participating in each activity. Rates of participation for demographic groups of interest are also reported here.

#### 2.1 Outdoor Recreation Activities

This survey investigated participation in 76 different outdoor recreation activities, which were identified from previous SCORP activity lists and by the SCORP advisory committee of parks and recreation managers across Oregon. These activities were grouped into 11 categories, 3 of which were identified as activities "In Your Community," and 8 of which were identified as activities "Outside Your Community," with 3 categories occurring in both and distinguished by community proximity. These categories were Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities In Your Community; Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In Your Community; Nature study activities In Your Community; Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community; Outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside Your Community; Nature study activities Outside Your Community; Motorized activities Outside Your Community; Vehiclebased camping activities Outside Your Community; Hunting and fishing activities Outside Your Community; Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community; and Non-motorized, snow activities *Outside Your Community*. For all activities reported "In Your Community," respondents reported the average number of occasions they participated in the activity per year, and the average number of minutes per occasion. For activities "Outside Your Community," respondents reported the number of days in which they participated in that activity for at least some time.

The categories and lists of activity types in each are shown in Table 2.1, including their abbreviation and full description. Full descriptions are used wherever possible, but in some tables and figures, abbreviated descriptions are used for clarity. Please refer to the full descriptions shown below wherever abbreviations for activity types are used.

Table 2.1 Outdoor Activity Classifications and Abbreviations Used

Table 2.1 Outdoor Activity Classifications and Abbreviations Used					
Abbreviation	Full Description				
Non-motorized and electric trail or related	·				
Walking on local streets	Walking on streets or sidewalks				
Walking on local trails	Walking on paved paths or natural trails				
Jogging on local streets	Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks				
Jogging on local trails	Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails				
Scooters/skateboards on local streets	Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks				
Bicycling on local streets	Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks				
Bicycling on local trails	Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)				
E-bicycling on local streets	Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks				
E-bicycling on local trails	Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails				
E-scooters/skateboards on local streets	Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on streets or sidewalks				
E-scooters/skateboards on local trails	Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on paved paths or natural trails				
Flying drones	Flying drones in local parks or open spaces				
Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In	Your Community				
Picnicking	Picnicking				
Taking children to a local playground	Taking children or grandchildren to a playground				
Nature immersion	Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)				
Going to local dog-parks	Going to dog parks or off-leash areas				
Attending local outdoor events	Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals				
Golfing	Golfing				
Tennis	Tennis (played outdoors)				
Pickleball	Pickleball (played outdoors)				
	Outdoor court games other than				
Outdoor court games	tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)				
Field sports	Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)				
Visiting historic sites	Visiting historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)				

Table 2.1 Continued...

Note 2.1 Continued	j				
Nature study activities In Your Community	Table 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Nature observation	Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife forests, wildflowers)				
Visiting notype contags	Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical				
Visiting nature centers	garden, arboretum)				
Taking shildness to notions settings	Taking children or grandchildren to nature				
Taking children to nature settings	settings to explore and/or learn about nature				
Outdoor art	Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing				
Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities <i>Outside Your Community</i>					
Traveline to well-/hiles	Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved				
Traveling to walk/hike	paths or natural trails				
Long-distance hiking	Long-distance hiking (backpacking)				
Traveline to ice or man	Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved				
Traveling to jog or run	paths or natural trails				
Torrelling to medal biometer	Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local				
Traveling to pedal bicycles	paved paths or natural trails				
Travelina to side a hilver	Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved				
Traveling to ride e-bikes	paths or natural trails				
	Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-				
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-skateboards	skateboards/monowheel/other on non-local				
	paved paths or natural trails				
Horseback riding	Horseback riding				
Outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside Your Community					
Traveling to picnic	Traveling to picnic				
Travelina to hiba with years doe	Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your				
Traveling to hike with your dog	dog				
Traveling to golf	Traveling to golf				
	Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for				
Sightseeing/driving for pleasure	pleasure				
Traveline to attend entire an execute	Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or				
Traveling to attend outdoor events	festivals				
	Traveling to historic sites or history-themed				
Traveling to historic sites	parks (e.g., history-oriented museums,				
_	outdoor displays, visitor centers)				
Travaling for nature immersion	Traveling for nature immersion (e.g.,				
Traveling for nature immersion	relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)				
Traveling for tennis or pickleball	Traveling for tennis or pickleball				
•	Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g.,				
Traveling for other outdoor sports	basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf,				
	badminton, beach volleyball)				

Table 2.1 Continued...

Nature study activities Outside Your CommunityTraveling to go bird watchingTraveling to go bird watchingWhale watchingWhale watchingExploring tidepoolsExploring tidepoolsTraveling for nature observationTraveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about natureTraveling to nature centersTraveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Whale watchingWhale watchingExploring tidepoolsExploring tidepoolsTraveling for nature observationTraveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)Traveling with children to nature settingsTraveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about natureTraveling to nature centersTraveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Exploring tidepools  Traveling for nature observation  Traveling with children to nature settings  Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to do outdoor art  Exploring tidepools  Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)  Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature  Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)  Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Traveling for nature observation  Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)  Traveling with children to nature settings  Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature  Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)  Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to do outdoor art  wildlife, forests, wildflowers)  Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature  Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)  Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Traveling with children to nature settings  Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature  Traveling to nature centers  Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)  Traveling to do outdoor art  Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
Traveling to nature centers  botanical garden, arboretum)  Traveling to do outdoor art  Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing
painting, or drawing
Traveling for collecting/foraging  Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)
Motorized activities Outside Your Community
Class I - ATV  Class I - All-terrain vehicle riding (3- & 4- wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)
Class II – 4WD  Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)
Class III – Off-road motorcycling Class III – Off-road motorcycling
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by-side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)
Snowmobiling Snowmobiling
Personal water craft Using personal water craft, such as jet ski
Power-boating Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)
Vehicle-based camping activities Outside Your Community
RV/motorhome/trailer camping RV/motorhome/trailer camping
Car camping with a tent  Car camping with a tent
Yurts or camper cabins  Yurts or camper cabins
Hunting and fishing activities Outside Your Community
Hunting – Big game  Hunting – Big game
Hunting – Small game Hunting – Small game
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater Fishing – Ocean/saltwater
Fishing – Freshwater Fishing – Freshwater
Crabbing Crabbing
Shellfishing/clamming Shellfishing/clamming

Table 2.1 Continued...

Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community					
White-water canoeing	White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting				
Flat water canoeing	Flat water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating				
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing	Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing				
Beach activities – Ocean	Beach activities – Ocean				
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers				
Non-motorized, snow activities Outside Your Community					
Downhill skiing or snowboarding	Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding				
Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring	Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring				
Snow play	Sledding, tubing, or general snow play				
Snowshoeing	Snowshoeing				

#### 2.2 Aggregation Level Reporting

Data presented in this section are for the general statewide population, as well as for demographic groups of interest, including Oregonians of Asian, Black/African American, Mixed race, or White descent; Hispanic/Latino/a Oregonians; low-income Oregonians; Oregonians with a disability or in a household with someone with a disability; and urban, suburban, and rural Oregonians. Confidence in the representativeness of the samples evaluated here is not identical for all groups, as the number of observations in some groups is much lower than in others. For this reason, results are only presented in this section when the number of observations for that demographic groups is 30 or greater, to ensure adequate power for statistical inference.

#### 2.3 Statewide Resident User Occasions and Participation

In total, 94.6% of Oregonians reported participating in at least one outdoor recreation activity on at least one occasion in Oregon during 2022. As seen in Figure 2.1, "Walking on streets or sidewalks" was identified as the most commonly enjoyed activity within a respondent's community, with 358 million occasions, 79% of the population participating, 201 times per year per household. "Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails" was reported as the most commonly enjoyed activity outside of a respondent's community, shown in Figure 2.2 with 34 million occasions, 53% of the population participating, 20 times per year per household.

In general, activities within a respondent's community typically reported more user occasions than those outside of a respondent's community. This is not surprising and aligns with previous SCORP findings, as these activity types can occur regularly and with limited travel time and cost. Specific rates of participation for all activities, including total user occasions extrapolated to the Oregon population, percent of the population participating, average number of times per household, and average number of household individuals participating, are included in Table 2.2.

Figure 2.1 Top Ten Activities for Oregon Residents in Their Community, 2022

User Occasions	_	% Population Participating		Frequency per Household	
Activity	Total (millions)	Activity	Percent	Activity	Times/Year
Walking on streets or sidewalks	358	Walking on streets or sidewalks	79.1%	Walking on streets or sidewalks	210.01
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	149	Walking on paved paths or natural trails	71.8%	Walking on paved paths or natural trails	87.58
Nature immersion	59	Nature immersion	52.6%	Nature immersion	34.69
Nature observation	55	Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	40.6%	Nature observation	32.29
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	48	Visiting historical sites or history-themed parks	40.5%	Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	28.19
Going to dog parks or off- leash areas	45	Picnicking	40.4%	Going to dog parks or off-leash areas	26.67
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	43	Nature observation	37.4%	Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	25.06
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	29	Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	34.2%	Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	16.91
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	23	Visiting nature centers	34.2%	Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	13.44
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	22	Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	30.9%	Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	12.75

Figure 2.2 Top Ten Activities for Oregon Residents Outside Their Community, 2022

<b>User Occasions</b>		% Population Participating Frequency per Household			
Activity	Total (millions)	Activity	Percent	Activity	Times/Year
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails	34	Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails	53.2%	Traveling to walk/hike on non- local paved paths or natural trails	20.25
Traveling for nature immersion	20	Beach activities - Ocean	45.2%	Traveling for nature immersion	11.46
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	18	Traveling for nature immersion	36.9%	Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	10.44
Beach activities - Ocean	16	Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	32.9%	Beach activities - Ocean	9.37
Beach activities - Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	14	Beach activities - Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	30.6%	Beach activities - Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	8.47
Traveling for nature observation	14	Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks	29.7%	Traveling for nature observation	8.04
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	12	Traveling for nature observation	29%	Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	7.09
Car camping with a tent	10	Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	28.5%	Car camping with a tent	6.09
RV/motorhome/trailer camping	10	Traveling to picnic	26.4%	RV/motorhome/trailer camping	5.84
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings	9	Exploring tidepools	25.1%	Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings	5.40

**Table 2.2 User Occasions and Participation in Outdoor Recreation Activities, Oregon Residents, 2022** 

Activity	User Occasions	% Population Participating	Average # Times for Households	Average # Household Members Participating			
Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities In Your Community							
Walking on streets or sidewalks	357,558,563	79.1%	210.01	2.13			
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	149,119,536	71.8%	87.58	2.30			
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	28,791,816	23.5%	16.91	1.76			
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails	19,867,529	19.8%	11.67	1.92			
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks	8,839,308	8.1%	5.19	2.47			
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	42,666,036	30.9%	25.06	2.06			
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	22,888,395	20.9%	13.44	2.15			
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks	5,852,546	7.6%	3.44	2.19			
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails	3,339,153	5.0%	1.96	2.28			
Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on streets or sidewalks	2,999,512	6.3%	1.76	2.41			
Riding e-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel/other on paved paths or natural trails	1,881,058	4.1%	1.10	2.31			
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces	2,862,500	6.7%	1.68	2.60			
Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In Your Community							
Picnicking	15,633,323	40.4%	9.18	3.30			
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	48,003,644	34.2%	28.19	3.28			
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	59,056,930	52.6%	34.69	2.48			
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas	45,415,364	26.5%	26.67	2.21			
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	10,442,813	40.6%	6.13	2.88			
Golfing	6,448,525	11.8%	3.79	2.55			

Table 2.2 Continued...

		%	Average #	Average #			
Activity	User Occasions	Population Participating	Times for Households	Household Members Participating			
Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In Your Community (Cont.)							
Tennis (played outdoors)	3,231,070	7.2%	1.90	2.89			
Pickleball (played outdoors)	4,512,733	6.3%	2.65	3.15			
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)	5,322,104	11.2%	3.13	3.14			
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)	17,130,797	16.5%	10.06	3.04			
Visiting historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history- oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	11,307,341	40.5%	6.64	2.81			
Nature study activities In Your Community							
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	54,981,854	37.4%	32.29	2.51			
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	9,185,765	34.2%	5.40	3.10			
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	14,905,603	19.6%	8.75	3.46			
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	21,705,217	20.8%	12.75	2.19			
Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community							
Traveling to walk/hike on non- local paved paths or natural trails	34,476,955	53.2%	20.25	2.63			
Long-distance hiking (backpacking)	6,171,499	17.8%	3.62	2.61			
Traveling to jog or run on non- local paved paths or natural trails	5,958,798	10.4%	3.50	2.29			
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local paved paths or natural trails	5,090,776	13.6%	2.99	2.49			

Table 2.2 Continued...

Activity	User Occasions	% Population Participating	Average # Times for Households	Average # Household Members Participating
Non-motorized and electric trail	or related act	ivities Outside Y	our Communi	ty (Cont.)
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non- local paved paths or natural trails	1,503,242	4.7%	0.88	2.64
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel/other on non-local paved paths or natural trails	1,197,138	3.3%	0.70	3.16
Horseback riding	2,972,501	6.2%	1.75	2.89
Outdoor leisure and sporting ac	tivities <i>Outside</i>	Your Commun	ity	
Traveling to picnic	8,102,129	26.40%	4.76	3.34
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	12,066,291	18%	7.09	2.47
Traveling to golf	2,656,513	8.10%	1.56	2.41
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	17,768,532	32.90%	10.44	2.59
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	5,622,256	28.50%	3.30	2.73
Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	7,126,207	29.70%	4.19	2.78
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	19,513,666	36.90%	11.46	2.65
Traveling for tennis or pickleball	977,415	3.20%	0.57	3.37
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)	8,674,715	11.50%	5.09	3.13
Nature study activities Outside Y				
Traveling to go bird watching	6,095,719	11.6%	3.58	2.65
Whale watching	2,232,085	16.0%	1.31	2.84
Exploring tidepools	5,141,320	25.1%	3.02	2.94
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	13,692,018	29.0%	8.04	2.78
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	9,194,819	16.7%	5.40	3.80

Table 2.2 Continued...

Table 2.2 Continued				Average #
Activity	User Occasions	% Population Participating	Average # Times for Households	Household Members Participating
Nature study activities Outside Y	our Communi	ty (Cont.)		
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	5,428,387	22.8%	3.19	3.16
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	5,971,313	12.1%	3.51	2.51
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)	8,139,052	16.5%	4.78	2.79
Motorized activities Outside You	r Community			
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3- & 4-wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)	2,702,468	6.40%	1.59	3.28
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)	3,178,994	6.50%	1.87	3.52
Class III – Off-road motorcycling	1,176,029	3.10%	0.69	3.29
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side- by-side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)	1,852,443	4.10%	1.09	3.19
Snowmobiling	751,374	2.60%	0.44	3.40
Using personal watercraft, such as jet ski	1,342,496	3.80%	0.79	3.18
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)	2,968,688	7.20%	1.74	3.69
Vehicle-based camping activities	o Outside Your	Community		
RV/motorhome/trailer camping	9,950,524	15.70%	5.84	3.22
Car camping with a tent	10,365,145	24.40%	6.09	3.12
Yurts or camper cabins	1,770,171	8.80%	1.04	3.50
Hunting and fishing activities O			<b>I</b>	
Hunting – Big game	2,337,429	6.9%	1.37	2.59
Hunting – Small game	1,379,174	5.0%	0.81	2.68
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater	3,171,700	8.7%	1.86	2.85
Fishing – Freshwater	7,596,365	16.3%	4.46	2.72
Crabbing	1,638,790	8.4%	0.96	3.19

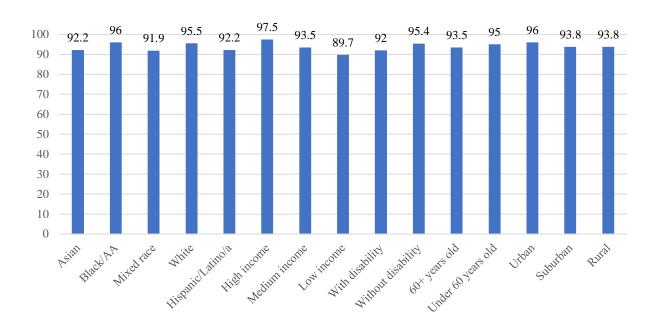
Table 2.2 Continued...

Activity	User Occasions	% Population Participating	Average # Times for Households	Average # Household Members Participating
Hunting and fishing activities O	utside Your Co	mmunity (Cont.		
Shellfishing/clamming	1,523,188	5.7%	0.89	3.20
Non-motorized, water-based and	d beach activiti	ies Outside Your	r Community	
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting	2,432,003	9.8%	1.43	3.06
Flat water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating	4,495,845	15.2%	2.64	2.89
Wind-surfing/ kiteboarding/sailing	892,083	2.6%	0.52	3.15
Beach activities – Ocean	15,945,512	45.2%	9.37	3.13
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	14,419,698	30.6%	8.47	3.26
Non-motorized, snow activities (	Outside Your C	ommunity		
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding	3,047,371	10.7%	1.79	2.75
Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring	1,883,863	5.5%	1.11	2.73
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play	2,352,527	10.9%	1.38	3.68
Snowshoeing	1,117,239	7.0%	0.66	2.69

## 2.4 Demographic Group Resident Participation

Figure 2.3 shows the variation in percent of each demographic group of interest that participated in at least one outdoor recreation activity in Oregon in 2022. The highest rate of participation was reported for high-income individuals, and the lowest rate of participation was that of low-income individuals.

Figure 2.3 Total Percent of Demographic Group Population Participating in One or More Outdoor Activities, 2022



Figures 2.4 and 2.5 provide the top ten activities "In Your Community" for each demographic group based on the proportion of each group that participated. Most common activities included Walking on local streets, Walking on local trails, Nature immersion, and Picnicking. Figures 2.6 and 2.7 detail the top ten activities "Outside Your Community" for each demographic group. The most common activities outside the community were Traveling to walk/hike, Beach activities at the ocean, Traveling for nature immersion, and Sightseeing/driving for pleasure. Notably, for activities both in and outside the community, there is wide variation in proportions of groups who participated in these activities, despite being ranked similarly (see Tables 2.3, 2.4, 2.5).

Tables 2.3, 2.4, and 2.5 show the percent of the population participating in all 76 activities. Each table highlights differences for demographic groups of interest. Differences from the statewide population were determined by identifying a relative difference of 10% between the statewide participation rate and the demographic group's participation rate. For example, the statewide participation rate for "Walking on streets or sidewalks" is 79.1%, so a relative 10% difference would be ±7.91% (less than 71.19% or more than 87.01%). The participation rate for the Black/African American population is 68.0%, which falls outside of the 10% relative difference from the statewide rate, so the difference is noted in Tables 2.3-2.5. All activity types that exceed a 10% relative difference are highlighted in the table, with values that were 10% *less* that the population rate highlighted in green.

Table 2.6 contains a summary of the total number of activity participation rates by demographic group that were greater, less, or similar to participation rates for the statewide population. The demographic groups with the highest number of participation rates 10% over the statewide rate were high income individuals (50 activities), individuals under 60 (44 activities), and urban individuals (42 activities). Groups with the highest number of activities 10% below the statewide participation rate were individuals over age 60 (63 activities), low-income individuals (54 activities), individuals with a disability or in a household with someone with a disability (48 activities), and Black/African American individuals (45 activities), suggesting that these are the most underserved populations in Oregon for participation in most common outdoor recreation activities.

Table 2.7 contains a summary of the mean participation times in all 76 activities in 2022 for the Oregon population and for specific demographic groups. The statewide average for participation times was 336 times a year in any activity. Among the demographic groups, the highest participation times were for individuals who identified as urban (406 times), high income (366 times), and under 60 years of age (364 times), while demographic groups with the lowest annual mean participation times were Black/African American individuals (217 times), Asian individuals (221 times), individuals over 60 (272 times), and rural individuals (272 times), suggesting that these groups may be underserved compared to the rest of the population. Differences in these groups compared to the rest of the population were evaluated using independent samples t-tests. Mean participation times that were statistically significantly higher than the rest of the population are highlighted in green, while those significantly lower are highlighted in orange.

Figure 2.4 Top Ten Activities Inside Community per Oregon Resident Demographic Groups, % Group Participating, 2022

Asian	Black/African American	Mixed race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability
Walking on	Walking on					
local streets	local streets					
Walking on	Walking on					
local trails	local trails					
Nature	Nature	Nature	Nature	Nature	Nature	Nature
immersion	immersion	immersion	immersion	immersion	immersion	immersion
Picnicking	Picnicking	Picnicking	Attending local outdoor events	Picnicking	Picnicking	Picnicking
Visiting nature	Jogging on local	Visiting historic	Visiting historic	Attending local	Nature	Nature
centers	streets	sites	sites	outdoor events	observation	observation
Taking children to a local playground	Attending local outdoor events	Attending local outdoor events	Picnicking	Visiting historic sites	Visiting historic sites	Visiting historic sites
Visiting historic sites	Visiting nature centers	Nature observation	Nature observation	Nature observation	Attending local outdoor events	Attending local outdoor events
Nature observation	Taking children to a local playground	Taking children to a local playground	Visiting nature centers	Taking children to a local playground	Bicycling on local streets	Taking children to a local playground
Attending local outdoor events	Taking children to nature settings	Bicycling on local streets	Taking children to a local playground	Visiting nature centers	Taking children to a local playground	Visiting nature centers
Bicycling on local streets	Visiting historic sites	Visiting nature centers	Bicycling on local streets	Going to local dog parks	Visiting nature centers, local	Going to local dog parks

Figure 2.5 Top Ten Activities Inside Community per Oregon Resident Demographic Groups, % Group Participating, 2022 (Cont.)

Urban	Suburban	Rural
Walking on streets or sidewalks	Walking on streets or sidewalks	Walking on streets or sidewalks
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	Walking on paved paths or natural trails	Walking on paved paths or natural trails
Nature immersion	Nature immersion	Nature immersion
Picnicking	Visiting historical sites or history-themed parks	Nature observation
Attending outdoor	Attending outdoor	Visiting historical
concerts, fairs, or	concerts, fairs, or	sites or history-
festivals	festivals	themed parks
Visiting historical sites or history-themed parks	Picnicking	Picnicking
Nature observation	Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals
Visiting nature centers	Nature observation	Taking children or grandchildren to a playground
Pedaling bikes on streets or sidewalks	Visiting nature centers	Visiting nature centers
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	Pedaling bikes on streets or sidewalks	Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing

Figure 2.6. Top Ten Activities Outside Community per Oregon Resident Demographic Groups, % Group Participating, 2022

Asian	Black/African American	Mixed race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low income	Household with Disability
Traveling to	Beach activities	Traveling to				
walk/hike	<ul><li>Ocean</li></ul>	walk/hike	walk/hike	walk/hike	walk/hike	walk/hike
Traveling for nature immersion	Traveling to walk/hike	Beach activities  – Ocean				
Beach activities  - Ocean	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	Traveling for nature immersion				
Traveling to picnic	Traveling for nature immersion	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	Traveling to historic sites	Beach activities  – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure
Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	White-water canoeing	Traveling to picnic	Beach activities  – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Traveling to attend outdoor events	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	Traveling to picnic
Traveling for nature observation	Car camping with a tent	Traveling to historic sites	Traveling for nature observation	Beach activities  – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Traveling for nature observation	Traveling to historic sites
Traveling to nature centers	Traveling to attend outdoor events	Beach activities  – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Traveling to historic sites	Traveling to picnic	Traveling to picnic	Traveling to attend outdoor events
Beach activities  - Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Traveling to historic sites	Traveling for nature observation	Traveling to attend outdoor events	Car camping with a tent	Traveling to attend outdoor events	Beach activities  – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers
Traveling to historic sites	Traveling for nature observation	Traveling to attend outdoor events	Exploring tidepools	Traveling for nature observation	Car camping with a tent	Traveling for nature observations
Traveling to attend outdoor events	Fishing – Ocean/saltwater	Car camping with a tent	Traveling to picnic	Sightseeing/ driving for pleasure	Traveling to historic sites	Exploring tidepools

Figure 2.7. Top Ten Activities Outside Community per Oregon Resident Demographic Groups, % Group Participating, 2022 (Cont.)

Urban	Suburban	Rural
Traveling to walk/hike	Traveling to walk/hike	Traveling to walk/hike
Beach activities – Ocean	Beach activities – Ocean	Beach activities – Ocean
Traveling for nature immersion	Traveling for nature immersion	Sightseeing/driving for pleasure
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Sightseeing/driving for pleasure	Traveling for nature immersion
Traveling for nature observation	Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	Traveling to historic sites
Sightseeing/driving for pleasure	Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks	Traveling for nature observation
Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks	Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers
Traveling to attend outdoor events	Traveling for nature observation	Traveling to attend outdoor events
Car camping with a tent	Traveling to picnic	Traveling to picnic
Traveling to picnic	Exploring tidepools	Exploring tidepools

Table 2.3 Percent of Population Participating in Activities, Oregon Resident Demographic Groups – Race & Ethnicity, 2022\*

Activity  Non-motorized and electric trail or	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
Walking on streets or sidewalks	79.1	74.5	68.0	78.7	80.0	78.6
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	71.8	65.3	62.0	71.6	72.9	71.0
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	23.5	22.4	32.0	23.4	21.5	34.0
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails	19.8	20.2	22.0	16.3	18.0	31.1
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks	8.1	5.1	6.0	10.6	6.6	15.3
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	30.9	23.5	22.0	29.8	31.3	32.4
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	20.9	20.2	18.0	22.7	21.0	20.9
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks	7.6	7.1	12.0	7.9	7.2	8.9
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails	5.0	1.0	10.0	5.0	4.5	6.6
Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on streets or sidewalks	6.3	7.1	10.0	9.2	5.2	10.1

Table 2.3 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
				•	% Pop	% H La Pop
Non-motorized and electric trail or	related activ	vities <i>In Yo</i>	our Communi	ity (Cont.)		
Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on paved paths or natural trails	4.1	6.1	10.0	5.0	3.1	7.3
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces	6.7	4.1	6.0	10.6	5.6	11.3
Outdoor leisure and sporting activit	ies <i>In Your</i>	Communit	ty			
Picnicking	40.4	36.7	40.0	43.3	39.8	43.7
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	34.2	29.6	28.0	34.8	34.0	37.1
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	52.6	49.0	46.0	51.4	52.8	53.3
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas	26.5	18.4	16.0	22.7	26.1	34.3
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	40.6	26.5	30.0	39.7	41.4	43.3
Golfing	11.8	6.1	10.0	9.9	11.9	14.8
Tennis (played outdoors)	7.2	6.1	4.0	2.8	6.6	12.0
Pickleball (played outdoors)	6.3	3.1	4.0	4.3	6.2	8.0
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)	11.2	9.2	14.0	12.8	9.6	19.0
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)	16.5	11.2	12.0	20.6	14.9	24.4

Table 2.3 Continued...

		1				T .
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
Outdoor leisure and sporting activit	ies <i>In Your</i>	Communii	ty (Cont.)			
Visiting historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	40.5	29.6	26.0	40.7	41.2	42.3
Nature study activities In Your Com	munity					
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	37.4	29.3	24.0	35.7	38.3	37.6
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	34.2	34.7	30.0	29.8	34.3	37.1
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	19.6	11.2	28.0	14.9	19.3	23.9
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	20.8	16.3	14.0	24.3	19.8	26.3
Non-motorized and electric trail or	related activ	vities <i>Outs</i>	ide Your Com	ımunity		
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails	53.2	50.0	32.0	51.1	55.2	49.5
Long-distance hiking (backpacking)	17.8	16.3	18.0	17.0	17.6	20.0
Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved paths or natural trails	10.4	13.1	10.0	5.7	10.2	12.6
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local paved paths or natural trails	13.6	7.1	8.0	9.9	14.1	13.8
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved paths or natural trails	4.7	5.1	8.0	2.8	4.0	7.3

Table 2.3 Continued...

	ewide ation	sian ation	ack/ can ican ation	d Race ation	hite ation	oanic/ 10/a ation
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
Non-motorized and electric trail or	related activ	vities <i>Outs</i>	ide Your Com	munity (Co	nt.)	
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-						
skateboards/monowheel/other on	3.3	1.0	4.0	2.9	2.6	6.8
non-local paved paths or natural				_,,		
trails	( )	1.0	6.0	<i>c</i> 1	5.6	10.2
Horseback riding	6.2	1.0	6.0	6.4	5.6	10.3
Outdoor leisure and sporting activit			•	20.1	27.0	20.0
Traveling to picnic	26.4	30.6	18.0	29.1	25.9	28.8
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	18.0	11.2	8.0	15.6	18.2	22.3
Traveling to golf	8.1	5.1	8.0	5.7	8.5	8.2
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	32.9	24.5	32.0	33.3	34.9	25.5
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	28.5	20.4	22.0	26.2	28.9	31.2
Traveling to historic sites or history-						
themed parks (e.g., history-oriented	29.7	22.4	22.0	29.1	30.0	31.7
museums, outdoor displays, visitor	27.1	22.4	22.0	47.1	30.0	31.7
centers)						
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g.,						
relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	36.9	35.7	24.0	35.5	37.5	36.3
Traveling for tennis or pickleball	3.2	5.1	4.0	3.5	2.6	5.6

Table 2.3 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
Outdoor leisure and sporting activit	ies Outside	Your Com	munity (Cont	.)		
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)	11.5	13.3	16.0	16.3	9.9	16.4
Nature study activities Outside Your	Community	y				
Traveling to go bird watching	11.6	12.1	12.0	9.2	11.1	15.2
Whale watching	16.0	12.2	12.0	13.6	16.5	15.3
Exploring tidepools	25.1	18.4	6.0	23.4	27.3	17.1
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	29.0	24.5	20.0	27.0	30.1	26.8
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	16.7	10.1	16.0	18.4	16.8	17.4
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	22.8	24.5	12.0	23.4	22.5	25.6
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	12.1	14.3	10.0	17.0	11.0	15.5
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)	16.5	16.3	12.0	19.1	16.5	14.8

Table 2.3 Continued...

Table 2.5 Continued	ı	II .			1	
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population
Motorized activities Outside Your Co	ommunity					
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3 & 4 wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)	6.4	3.1	2.0	5.7	5.7	9.4
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)	6.5	3.1	4.0	5.7	6.4	6.3
Class III – Off-road motorcycling	3.1	4.1	2.0	0.7	2.9	4.0
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by- side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)	4.1	4.1	4.0	5.0	3.5	6.1
Snowmobiling	2.6	3.0	4.0	1.4	2.3	3.3
Using personal watercraft, such as jet ski	3.8	1.0	6.0	5.0	3.3	4.9
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)	7.2	4.1	6.0	5.7	7.5	5.4
Vehicle-based camping activities Out	tside Your (	Community				
RV/motorhome/trailer camping	15.7	9.2	8.0	16.3	16.7	12.2
Car camping with a tent	24.4	19.4	24.0	25.5	24.1	27.4
Yurts or camper cabins	8.8	9.2	4.0	7.8	8.8	9.4
Hunting and fishing activities Outside	de Your Con				<del>,</del>	
Hunting – Big game	6.9	3.1	8.0	5.7	6.7	7.7
Hunting – Small game	5.0	2.0	8.0	3.5	4.5	7.5
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater	8.7	9.2	20.0	5.7	7.9	10.6
Fishing – Freshwater	16.3	16.3	8.2	14.3	16.0	17.4

Table 2.3 Continued...

		1		ı	I				
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Asian Population	% Black/ African American Population	% Mixed Race Population	% White Population	% Hispanic/ Latino/a Population			
Hunting and fishing activities Outside Your Community (Cont.)									
Crabbing	8.4	12.2	6.0	8.5	7.9	8.7			
Shellfishing/clamming	5.7	13.3	4.0	5.7	4.8	8.0			
Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community									
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting	9.8	10.2	24.0	10.6	9.0	11.5			
Flat water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating	15.2	17.3	14.0	14.9	15.5	13.8			
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing	2.6	2.0	6.0	3.5	2.1	4.5			
Beach activities – Ocean	45.2	35.7	48.0	45.4	46.5	41.9			
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	30.6	24.5	16.0	28.4	31.2	31.2			
Non-motorized, snow activities Outs	ide Your Co	mmunity							
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding	10.7	11.2	4.0	12.8	11.3	8.2			
Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring	5.5	4.0	4.0	3.6	5.8	5.2			
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play	10.9	15.3	2.0	12.8	9.8	15.3			
Snowshoeing	7.0	9.2	4.0	5.7	7.1	6.1			

<sup>\*</sup>Shading based on 10% relative difference from the statewide participation rate, where red is 10% less than the statewide participation rate and green is 10% more than the statewide participation rate

Table 2.4 Percent of Population Participating in Activities, Oregon Resident Demographic Groups — Urban/Suburban/Rural, Over/Under 60, With/Without Disability in Household, 2022\*

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
Non-motorized and electric trail or r Walking on streets or sidewalks	79.1	85.3	78.6	69.0	81.1	74.4	81.2	72.8
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	71.8	75.1	71.5	66.7	74.5	65.6	74.5	63.7
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	23.5	31.7	20.8	15.0	31.4	5.1	25.7	17.1
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails	19.8	27.6	16.8	12.3	26.4	4.4	21.7	13.7
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks	8.1	11.3	6.2	6.5	11.4	0.4	8.3	7.5
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	30.9	39.8	28.2	21.2	35.9	19.4	33.3	23.9
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	20.9	25.2	20.0	15.1	24.5	12.4	22.8	15.1
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks	7.6	11.8	5.6	4.3	9.0	4.1	8.6	4.6
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails	5.0	7.2	3.6	4.0	5.9	2.9	5.7	2.8
Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on streets or sidewalks	6.3	10.0	4.3	4.0	8.5	1.1	6.7	5.1

Table 2.4 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
No. 1 and 1	_				<u> </u>	%	P G	D
Non-motorized and electric trail or r	eiated activi	ties <i>in Your</i>	Communit	y (Cont.)				
Riding e-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel/other on paved paths or natural trails	4.1	6.5	2.6	3.0	5.4	0.9	4.5	2.8
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces	6.7	9.4	5.0	5.8	8.9	1.6	6.9	6.2
Outdoor leisure and sporting activiti	es <i>In Your C</i>	ommunity						
Picnicking	40.4	44.8	37.4	39.0	42.7	35.0	40.9	38.9
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	34.2	33.3	34.9	34.2	36.7	28.4	35.1	31.4
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	52.6	56.1	49.9	52.2	57.5	41.0	53.0	51.1
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas	26.5	29.8	25.8	22.2	30.1	18.1	27.0	25.0
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	40.6	42.9	39.5	39.0	43.1	35.0	43.0	33.8
Golfing	11.8	12.2	12.7	9.0	12.9	9.1	13.3	7.2
Tennis (played outdoors)	7.2	10.2	6.4	3.5	9.5	1.6	7.7	5.7
Pickleball (played outdoors)	6.3	7.2	6.6	3.8	7.3	4.0	7.3	3.4
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)	11.2	13.6	10.1	9.3	15.0	2.2	12.3	7.9
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)	16.5	17.2	16.7	14.5	21.4	5.1	17.4	13.6

Table 2.4 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
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Outdoor leisure and sporting activities	es <i>In Your C</i>	ommunity (	Cont.)					
Visiting historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	40.5	41.4	39.6	41.0	40.8	39.8	42.3	35.2
Nature study activities In Your Comm	nunity							
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	37.4	41.2	32.8	41.2	37.2	38.0	37.9	35.9
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	34.2	40.8	32.3	26.7	38.0	25.5	36.1	28.2
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	19.6	21.8	17.5	20.5	21.7	14.7	20.0	18.6
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	20.8	23.0	18.5	22.5	22.9	16.1	19.9	23.8
Non-motorized and electric trail or r	elated activi	ties Outside	Your Comp	nunity				
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails	53.2	57.1	52.9	46.9	56.3	46.1	56.3	43.5
Long-distance hiking (backpacking)	17.8	21.9	16.0	14.8	21.8	8.7	19.3	13.3
Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved paths or natural trails	10.4	14.4	9.3	6.0	13.6	3.0	11.9	6.2
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non- local paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	13.6	17.2	12.2	10.3	15.8	8.5	15.1	8.9
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved paths or natural trails	4.7	6.8	3.2	4.3	5.5	2.7	5.1	3.4

Table 2.4 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
Non-motorized and electric trail or re			<u> </u>	, ,	•	•`	•, H	
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel/other on non-local paved paths or natural trails	3.3	4.9	2.5	2.5	4.4	0.8	3.1	3.9
Horseback riding	6.2	6.9	5.4	7.0	7.8	2.5	6.3	5.9
Outdoor leisure and sporting activitie	es <i>Outside Y</i>	our Commu	nity					
Traveling to picnic	26.4	28.4	24.8	26.7	26.1	27.2	26.3	26.4
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	18.0	18.3	17.5	18.7	20.2	13.1	18.6	16.2
Traveling to golf	8.1	9.2	8.1	6.2	8.2	7.9	9.5	3.9
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	32.9	32.0	32.4	35.5	30.9	37.7	33.3	31.6
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	28.5	30.9	27.2	27.3	30.1	25.0	29.7	25.1
Traveling to historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	29.7	31.5	28.5	29.3	29.7	29.8	30.8	26.1
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	36.9	40.6	34.8	35.2	38.8	32.5	37.8	33.8
Traveling for tennis or pickleball	3.2	5.1	2.2	2.3	3.9	1.7	3.7	2.1
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)	11.5	12.4	11.4	10.2	13.0	7.9	11.9	10.4

Table 2.4 Continued...

Table 2.4 Continued	de n	_ E	an n	_ u	05	S	g ii. #	g ii.
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
Nature study activities Outside Your	Community							
Traveling to go bird watching	11.6	14.1	9.9	10.6	11.6	11.6	11.3	12.5
Whale watching	16.0	16.1	15.3	17.2	14.8	18.6	15.9	16.0
Exploring tidepools	25.1	26.5	24.7	23.7	27.0	20.8	25.6	23.7
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	29.0	33.1	25.7	29.2	30.0	26.8	30.3	25.0
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	16.7	16.7	16.5	17.0	18.0	13.5	17.0	15.5
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	22.8	23.9	23.0	20.3	25.1	17.6	24.4	17.7
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	12.1	13.4	10.9	12.3	13.5	8.8	11.7	13.1
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)	16.5	16.9	14.2	21.3	17.7	14.0	16.2	17.5
<b>Motorized activities</b> <i>Outside Your Col</i>	mmunity							
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3- & 4-wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)	6.4	6.7	5.2	8.7	7.8	3.1	7.2	4.1
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)	6.5	7.1	5.1	8.5	7.6	3.9	7.0	4.7
Class III – Off-road motorcycling	3.1	4.9	2.0	2.5	4.0	1.1	3.3	2.4

Table 2.4 Continued...

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Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	% Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
Motorized activities Outside Your Co.	mmunity (Co	ont.)						
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by- side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)	4.1	3.7	3.0	7.5	4.4	3.6	4.3	3.7
Snowmobiling	2.6	4.4	1.6	1.8	3.6	0.4	3.0	1.3
Using personal watercraft, such as jet ski	3.8	4.9	3.0	3.3	4.8	1.5	4.1	2.8
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)	7.2	5.5	7.7	9.3	7.6	6.4	7.9	5.1
Vehicle-based camping activities Out	side Your Co	ommunity						
RV/motorhome/trailer camping	15.7	14.2	13.5	23.3	15.1	17.1	16.5	13.3
Car camping with a tent	24.4	30.1	21.6	20.7	30.4	10.6	25.7	20.5
Yurts or camper cabins	8.8	11.7	7.3	6.8	10.4	5.0	9.4	6.8
Hunting and fishing activities Outside			Ī			T	•	
Hunting – Big game	6.9	7.2	4.9	10.8	7.5	5.2	7.3	5.4
Hunting – Small game	5.0	5.4	3.5	7.7	5.9	3.0	5.2	4.2
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater	8.7	8.6	8.0	10.2	9.5	6.8	8.9	7.8
Fishing – Freshwater	16.3	14.7	14.8	22.8	17.2	14.3	16.5	15.5
Crabbing	8.4	6.8	8.3	11.7	9.0	7.3	8.5	8.0
Shellfishing/clamming	5.7	6.2	4.9	6.7	6.4	4.1	5.7	5.7
Non-motorized, water-based and bea	ch activities	Outside Yo	ur Commun	iity				
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting	9.8	13.2	7.7	8.7	12.4	4.0	11.0	6.3

Table 2.4 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Urban Population	% Suburban Population	% Rural Population	Under 60 Years	% 60 Years & Older	% Without Disability in Household	% With Disability in Household
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Non-motorized, water-based and bea	ch activities	Outside You	ur Commun	ity (Cont.)		Г		
Flat water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating	15.2	16.6	14.9	13.3	18.1	8.5	16.9	10.1
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing	2.6	5.0	1.2	1.5	3.5	0.5	3.1	1.3
Beach activities – Ocean	45.2	46.4	47.4	38.2	47.6	39.8	46.8	40.9
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	30.6	33.2	29.8	27.5	35.0	20.3	32.4	25.1
Non-motorized, snow activities Outsi	de Your Con	ımunity					-	
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding	10.7	14.7	9.6	6.2	13.7	3.8	12.4	5.7
Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring	5.5	8.5	4.3	2.8	6.5	3.2	6.3	3.3
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play	10.9	12.0	10.6	9.3	14.3	3.1	11.8	7.9
Snowshoeing	7.0	10.4	5.6	3.8	8.3	3.8	8.5	2.5

<sup>\*</sup>Shading based on 10% relative difference from the statewide participation rate, where red is 10% less than the statewide participation rate and green is 10% more than the statewide participation rate

Table 2.5 Percent of Population Participating in Activities, Oregon Resident Demographic Groups – Low/Middle/High Income Categories, 2022\*

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Non-motorized and electric trail or r			•	
Walking on streets or sidewalks	79.1	70.5	77.2	84.4
Walking on paved paths or natural trails	71.8	60.8	70.6	77.4
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks	23.5	18.7	19.7	28.9
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails	19.8	19.1	15.8	23.6
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks	8.1	14.2	7.3	7.0
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks	30.9	27.6	25.6	37.1
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)	20.9	19.9	16.6	24.8
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks	7.6	8.9	6.0	8.6
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails	5.0	6.3	4.0	5.4
Riding e-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel/other on streets or sidewalks	6.3	9.3	5.4	6.2

Table 2.5 Continued...

Table 2.5 Continued				
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Non-motorized and electric trail or r	elated activi	ties <i>In Your</i>	Community	(Cont.)
Riding e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on paved paths or natural trails	4.1	7.9	3.0	3.7
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces	6.7	8.3	6.4	6.8
Outdoor leisure and sporting activities	es <i>In Your C</i>	ommunity		
Picnicking	40.4	34.8	40.1	43.1
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground	34.2	27.0	33.5	38.1
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	52.6	48.4	51.8	55.5
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas	26.5	19.1	25.4	30.9
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	40.6	28.5	39.3	49.1
Golfing	11.8	6.5	9.0	16.0
Tennis (played outdoors)	7.2	5.7	5.1	9.2
Pickleball (played outdoors)	6.3	5.1	3.7	8.7
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)	11.2	12.0	10.8	11.5
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)	16.5	14.0	13.3	20.2

Table 2.5 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Outdoor leisure and sporting activitie	es In Your C	ommunity (	Cont.)	
Visiting historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	40.5	28.9	40.0	45.3
Nature study activities In Your Comm	nunity			
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	37.4	33.3	37.5	38.7
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	34.2	22.8	32.2	40.3
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	19.6	14.8	19.0	22.4
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	20.8	22.2	22.8	18.9
Non-motorized and electric trail or re	elated activi	ties Outside	Your Comn	nunity
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails	53.2	35.0	49.9	62.3
Long-distance hiking (backpacking)	17.8	12.4	17.4	20.4
Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved paths or natural trails	10.4	6.7	8.5	13.6
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local paved paths or natural trails	13.6	9.3	11.4	16.9
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved paths or natural trails	4.7	4.5	4.0	5.3

Table 2.5 Continued...

Activity  Non-motorized and electric trail or re Traveling to ride e-scooters/e- skateboards/monowheel/other on	S: Statewide Population	M P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	our Commu	ugg a High % High work (Cont.)
non-local paved paths or natural trails Horseback riding	6.2	8.3	5.0	6.5
Outdoor leisure and sporting activitie	es Outside Y	our Communi	ty	
Traveling to picnic	26.4	20.7	27.6	28.1
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog	18.0	12.8	15.8	22.3
Traveling to golf	8.1	3.0	6.0	11.6
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure	32.9	21.5	33.5	36.7
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals	28.5	19.5	27.2	32.8
Traveling to historic sites or history- themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)	29.7	17.7	29.5	34.2
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)	36.9	25.4	36.1	41.9
Traveling for tennis or pickleball	3.2	3.0	1.8	4.5
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)	11.5	9.6	9.8	13.7

Table 2.5 Continued...

Table 2.5 Continued				
Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Nature study activities Outside Your	Community			
Traveling to go bird watching	11.6	10.8	12.4	11.3
Whale watching	16.0	10.2	14.7	18.8
Exploring tidepools	25.1	12.6	22.4	31.4
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)	29.0	20.9	27.7	32.8
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature	16.7	12.2	16.6	18.7
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)	22.8	12.8	24.3	25.4
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing	12.1	11.4	12.7	11.8
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)	16.5	15.9	17.6	16.0
Motorized activities Outside Your Co.	mmunity			
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3- & 4-wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)	6.4	5.7	6.9	6.4
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)	6.5	6.3	6.8	6.6
Class III – Off-road motorcycling	3.1	2.2	3.7	3.0

Table 2.5 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Motorized activities Outside Your Con	mmunity (Co	ont.)		
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by- side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)	4.1	5.5	3.8	3.9
Snowmobiling	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.7
Using personal watercraft, such as jet ski	3.8	2.4	3.2	4.9
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)	7.2	3.9	5.6	9.4
Vehicle-based camping activities Out	side Your Co	ommunity		
RV/motorhome/trailer camping	15.7	9.4	15.2	18.4
Car camping with a tent	24.4	18.1	23.9	27.9
Yurts or camper cabins	8.8	6.1	7.3	10.9
Hunting and fishing activities Outside	e Your Com	nunity		
Hunting – Big game	6.9	4.3	6.5	8.1
Hunting – Small game	5.0	4.5	4.9	5.5
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater	8.7	6.5	9.0	9.5
Fishing – Freshwater	16.3	11.4	16.3	18.5
Crabbing	8.4	5.9	8.2	9.4
Shellfishing/clamming	5.7	4.1	5.4	6.7

Table 2.5 Continued...

Activity	% Statewide Population	% Low Income	% Middle Income	% High Income
Non-motorized, water-based and bea	ch activities	Outside You	ur Commun	ity
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting	9.8	7.9	6.1	13.7
Flat water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating	15.2	7.5	13.6	19.5
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing	2.6	3.1	2.3	2.9
Beach activities – Ocean	45.2	28.5	41.4	54.3
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers	30.6	21.5	28.2	35.9
Non-motorized, snow activities Outside	de Your Con	ımunity		
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding	10.7	6.5	6.8	15.6
Cross-country/Nordic skiing/skijoring	5.5	3.0	3.3	8.2
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play	10.9	8.5	9.4	13.2
Snowshoeing	7.0	3.9	3.3	10.8

<sup>\*</sup>Shading based on 10% relative difference from the statewide participation rate, where red is 10% less than the statewide participation rate and green is 10% more than the statewide participation rate

**Table 2.6 Comparison of Percent of Population Participating in Activities Between Resident Demographic Groups and All Oregon Residents, 2022** 

Target Demographic Group	# of Activities With Participation Rate 10% More Than Statewide Rate	# of Activities With Participation Rate 10% <u>Less</u> Than Statewide Rate	# of Activities With <10% Difference from Statewide Participation Rate
Asian	13	41	22
Black/African American	19	45	12
Mixed race	17	27	32
White	0	19	57
Hispanic/Latino/a	40	7	29
High income	50	3	23
Middle income	1	32	43
Low income	9	54	13
Under 60 years	44	0	32
60+ years old	2	63	11
Household without disability	17	0	59
Household with disability	2	48	26
Urban	42	4	30
Suburban	0	38	38
Rural	14	41	21

Table 2.7 Comparison of Mean Participating Times for All Activities Between Resident Demographic Groups and All Oregon Residents, 2022\*

Demographic Group	Mean Annual Participation Times
State population	336.48
Asian	221.16
Black/African American	217.14
Mixed race	369.29
White	344.89
Hispanic/Latino/a	328.01
High income	365.74
Middle income	317.36
Low income	309.01
Under 60 years old	364.34
60+ years old	271.73
Household without disability	342.47
Household with disability	319.63
Urban	405.97
Suburban	309.48
Rural	272.43

<sup>\*</sup>Shading based on independent samples t-tests comparing groups of interest to rest of the population. Significantly more participation times are shaded green, significantly fewer participation times are shaded orange, and those with no difference are left white. For binary variables, relative difference to the other is highlighted for each cell.

## 3. Opinions and Preferences of Oregon Residents Regarding Outdoor Recreation

This section provides information gathered from Oregon residents regarding their outdoor recreation opinions and preferences. All respondents were asked to answer these questions regardless of their participation behaviors unless otherwise specified. These questions explore (1) The importance of having a local recreation setting, (2) Proximity to local recreation settings, (3) Participation by type of recreation area, (4) Transportation and distance to recreation areas, (5) People with whom respondents recreated, (6) Camping priorities, (7) Recreation infrastructure priorities inside and outside respondents' communities, (8) Important sources of information, (9) Community recreation program needs, and (10) Impacts of COVID-19 on outdoor recreation. A space for free response comment on outdoor recreation in Oregon was provided at the end of the survey; the most common responses are reported at the end of this section.

All tables reporting percent agreement with categorical items include statewide and demographic rates of agreement with each item. All tables reporting means include statewide means and breakdowns for each possible response for all residents statewide, as well as means for each demographic group.

## 3.1 Local Recreation Attitudes and Proximity

Respondents were asked how important it was to them to have "a local park, trail, open space, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance of [their] home (e.g., a 10-minute walk or less)?" (See Question 6, Appendix A-C.) On average, the statewide response indicated that this was "important" to most residents. A few groups (low-income individuals, individuals with a disability or in a household with a disability, individuals 60 years old or older, and rural individuals) reported means slightly below "important," while Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino/a, and urban individuals reported means slightly higher than "important" (see Table 3.1).

Table 3.1 Importance of Nearby Recreation Area – Statewide and Demographic Group Means & Response Breakdowns, 2022\*

Demographic Group	Mean	Not at all important	Somewhat important	Important	Very important
Statewide	3.03	8.6	23.2	24.5	43.7
Asian	3.00	4.1	30.6	27.6	37.8
Black/African American	3.12	3.9	19.6	37.3	39.2
Mixed Race	3.00	7.9	25.7	24.3	42.1
White	3.03	9.1	23.0	23.8	44.1
Hispanic/Latino/a	3.13	6.7	19.6	27.3	46.4
Low Income	2.78	10.7	32.4	25.0	31.9
Household with Disability	2.86	12.5	27.2	22.3	37.9
60+ Years Old	2.92	12.9	22.5	24.9	39.8
Urban	3.22	5.0	19.0	25.5	50.6
Suburban	3.03	8.2	24.1	24.3	43.4
Rural	2.71	16.1	28.7	23.3	31.9

<sup>\*</sup>Means and percentages for 4-point Likert Scale (1 = "Not at all important" to 4 = "Very important")

In addition to importance, respondents reported proximity to a "local park, trail, open space, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance of [their] home (e.g., within a 10-minute walk or less)" (see Question 7, Appendix A-C). Table 3.2 shows the breakdown of the statewide response to this question, with the highest number of respondents (44%) reporting multiple parks/recreation facilities near to them, and most respondents (83%) reporting at least one park/recreation facility near to them. This distribution is reflected in the statewide mean; all demographic groups reported means in the same range, with the exception of rural individuals, who reported between "no parks/recreation facilities" and "a single park/recreation facility" (see Table 3.3).

Table 3.2 Statewide Response Breakdown, Proximity to Local Recreation Areas, 2022

Number of Parks/Facilities	Percent
No parks/recreation facilities	17.3
A single park/recreation facility	39.1
Multiple parks/recreation facilities	43.6

Table 3.3 Statewide and Demographic Groups' Mean Proximity to Local Recreation Areas, 2022\*

Demographic Group	Mean	No parks/ recreation facilities	A single park/ recreation facility	Multiple parks/ recreation facilities
Statewide	2.26	17.3	39.1	43.6
Asian	2.36	11.2	41.8	47.0
Black/African American	2.42	15.0	27.5	57.5
Mixed Race	2.36	15.9	32.6	51.5
White	2.25	17.9	39.3	42.7
Hispanic/Latino/a	2.26	16.5	41.5	42.0
Low Income	2.18	19.9	42.6	37.5
Household with Disability	2.17	20.7	41.7	37.6
60+ Years Old	2.09	24.2	42.8	33.0
Urban	2.45	9.0	36.7	54.3
Suburban	2.29	14.5	42.2	43.3
Rural	1.86	38.9	36.4	24.6

<sup>\*</sup>Means and percentages for 3-point Likert Scale (1 = "No parks/recreation facilities" to 3 = "Multiple parks/recreation facilities")

## 3.2 Type of Outdoor Recreation Area Used, Transportation, Recreation Group Characteristics & Size

Respondents were asked whether they had visited a certain type of recreation area in the past 12 months, with the option to check as many answers as were true for them (see Question 2, Appendix A-C). The percent of respondents that used each type of area, as well as the percent of each demographic group that had, are recorded in Tables 3.4 and 3.5.

In general, most respondents used local/city parks (83%) and state parks, forests, or game lands (71%), and almost half of respondents used county parks (48%) or national parks, forests, and recreation areas (49%). Respondents who reported using other areas were asked to specify in writing what type of area; most commonly mentioned areas were beaches and bodies of water, neighborhoods, local and city streets, and private property.

Table 3.4 Statewide Participation by Type of Outdoor Recreation Area, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022

Recreation Area	Statewide Participation	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
Local/city parks	83.3	83.3	91.4	82.6	82.8	85.2
County parks	47.7	39.7	30.1	47.0	49.5	42.9
State parks, forests, or game lands	70.6	68.8	50.1	71.8	72.1	66.4
National parks, forests, and recreation areas	48.8	45.0	38.5	51.4	48.8	49.8
Private/commercial recreation areas	32.4	24.2	33.2	32.5	34.1	25.9
Other	9.6	6.0	4.8	13.6	10.3	5.0

Table 3.5 Statewide Participation by Type of Outdoor Recreation Area, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022 (Cont.)

Recreation Area	Statewide Participation	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Local/city parks	83.3	79.4	80.3	74.6	88.4	85.4	69.2
County parks	47.7	36.0	42.6	43.3	49.8	46.9	45.9
State parks, forests, or game lands	70.6	51.1	60.9	61.8	71.1	70.1	70.8
National parks, forests, and recreation areas	48.8	37.1	41.8	40.2	50.1	45.4	54.4
Private/commercial recreation areas	32.4	27.9	28.7	25.5	31.5	31.5	36.3
Other	9.6	10.6	12.3	17.1	8.3	9.3	12.3

To explore typical methods of transportation to recreation areas, respondents were asked, "How do you usually get from your home to the place you most often visit for your outdoor recreation?" Respondents could choose one answer that was correct for them (see Question 8, Appendix A-C). As seen in Tables 3.6 and 3.7, the highest number reported that they walked (38%) or drove themselves (40%), while the least common method of transportation was using a taxi or rideshare (<1%). Respondents were also able to identify other means of transportation not

listed here; most of the "others" reported were running; riding a motorcycle; using a wheelchair, scooter, or power chair; or riding horseback.

Table 3.6 Methods of Transportation to Recreation Areas, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022

Method of Transport	Statewide Rate	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
Walk	37.9	47.6	30.6	33.1	38.8	34.9
Bicycle	4.6	3.0	9.8	4.7	4.1	6.6
Car – drive myself	39.5	30.6	31.2	40.2	40.3	37.9
Car – driven by friend/family	14.8	16.6	23.4	17.4	13.7	17.8
Bus or other public transit	1.5	0.0	5.1	2.9	1.3	1.4
Taxi/rideshare (i.e., Uber, Lyft)	0.1	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
Other	1.6	1.0	0.0	1.5	1.7	1.4

Table 3.7 Methods of Transportation to Recreation Areas, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022 (Cont.)

Demograpine Groups	, - (						
Method of Transport	Statewide Rate	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Walk	37.9	37.0	32.5	36.0	44.2	40.4	20.9
Bicycle	4.6	7.4	3.7	2.3	6.1	4.3	2.5
Car – drive myself	39.5	30.3	40.7	43.0	32.9	38.8	53.2
Car – driven by friend/family	14.8	17.1	17.2	14.7	13.0	14.2	19.4
Bus or other public transit	1.5	5.1	2.7	0.9	2.5	1.0	0.9
Taxi/rideshare (i.e., Uber, Lyft)	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0
Other	1.6	2.8	3.1	2.8	1.2	1.2	3.1

Respondents were asked to determine how long of a drive they would consider to still be inside their community (see Question 12, Appendix A-C). The highest number of respondents indicated a 20–30-minute drive would still be considered inside their community, while slightly over half of respondents (58%) indicated their community was contained within a 20-minute drive. Opting to write a free response, 13% of respondents reported a driving distance they considered in their

community, with a mean distance of 88 minutes. Results for this question, including means and percent reporting each maximum distance in each demographic group, are shown in Tables 3.7 and 3.8.

Table 3.8 Maximum Driving Distance Still Considered "In Your Community", Oregon

Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Driving Distance	Statewide Rate	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
0-5 minute drive	5.5	6.1	4.1	8.1	4.9	6.6
5-10 minute drive	14.0	23.0	8.3	10.3	13.6	17.7
10-15 minute drive	19.5	22.4	24.7	21.6	19.1	21.5
15-20 minute drive	19.0	19.6	37.7	19.9	18.9	16.8
20-30 minute drive	29.2	19.6	19.2	25.7	30.2	27.4
Other	12.7	9.3	5.6	14.4	13.3	10.0

<sup>\*</sup>All values above bottom row are percentages. Means in bottom row based on a 5-point Likert scale where 1 = 0.5 minute drive and 5 = 20.30 minute drive

Table 3.9 Maximum Driving Distance Still Considered "In Your Community", Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022 (Cont.)\*

Driving Distance	Statewide Rate	Low	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
0-5 minute drive	5.5	9.7	6.3	6.9	5.4	5.1	6.4
5-10 minute drive	14.0	18.2	13.6	13.6	15.3	14.4	10.8
10-15 minute drive	19.5	18.6	16.9	16.7	18.9	22.7	13.6
15-20 minute drive	19.0	17.3	19.2	17.0	19.5	19.7	16.5
20-30 minute drive	29.2	25.3	29.0	31.6	29.6	26.7	34.5
Other	12.7	10.8	14.9	14.2	11.3	11.5	18.2

<sup>\*</sup>All values above bottom row are percentages. Means in bottom row based on a 5-point Likert scale where 1 = 0.5 minute drive and 5 = 20.30 minute drive

To evaluate typical recreation group characteristics, respondents were asked, "When you go to a local park, trail, open space, or recreation center, who do you usually go with?" with the option to choose as many answers as were true for them (see Question 4, Appendix A-C). Statewide responses for each category of recreation companion, as well as responses for each demographic group, are reported in Tables 3.10 and 3.11. Over half of respondents reported recreating with just family (53%), while approximately one third of respondents each reported going alone (39%), going with just friends (32%), going with friends or family at the same time (33%), or going with one or more dogs (34%). Respondents could also identify other people they brought

along that were different from those listed here; most commonly reported recreation companions included significant others/partners and other animals (cats or horses).

To evaluate typical recreation group size, respondents were asked, "How many people will typically be in your group when you go to a local park, trail, open space, or recreation center?" with the option to choose one answer (see Question 5, Appendix A-C). Most respondents (76%) reported a group size between 2-5 people, while only 1% of respondents reported a group size of 11 or more. Statewide responses and demographic group responses are shown in Tables 3.12 and 3.13.

Table 3.10 People Respondents Usually Recreate with, Oregon Population & Demographic Group, 2022

Group Type	Statewide Rate	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
Alone	39.0	38.3	30.4	40.8	40.4	33.6
Just family	53.4	50.9	45.9	50.1	53.2	59.0
Just friends	32.2	38.9	26.6	36.7	30.4	39.7
Both family and friends at the same time	33.4	34.4	37.0	36.1	33.3	32.8
Organized group	7.6	15.0	19.8	7.6	6.6	11.4
Dog(s)	33.5	15.0	16.7	34.1	34.6	34.7
Other	1.9	0.0	0.0	4.3	1.9	1.5

Table 3.11 People Respondents Usually Recreate with, Oregon Population & Demographic Group, 2022 (Cont.)

Group Type	Statewide Rate	Гом	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Alone	39.0	37.5	35.8	37.0	45.6	37.6	30.1
Just family	53.4	36.7	49.5	46.7	53.6	54.5	50.7
Just friends	32.2	33.1	29.3	20.7	41.2	29.5	22.3
Both family and friends at the same time	33.4	22.6	26.8	23.8	36.9	30.2	34.1
Organized group	7.6	7.2	6.1	4.6	9.1	6.5	7.3
Dog(s)	33.5	26.2	32.4	27.8	30.5	34.1	37.5
Other	1.9	2.3	2.5	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.8

Table 3.12 Number of People Typically in a Recreation Group (%), Oregon Population & Demographic Group, 2022

Number of People	Statewide Rate	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
1 person	17.1	12.5	12.9	15.5	18.5	12.0
2 people	36.5	39.4	20.2	40.0	38.2	27.4
3 to 5 people	39.1	42.9	50.9	37.3	36.3	53.5
6 to 10 people	6.2	5.1	16.0	6.5	6.0	6.6
11 to 20 people	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.8	0.0
More than 20 people	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5

Table 3.13 Number of People Typically in a Recreation Group (%), Oregon Population & Demographic Group, 2022 (Cont.)

Number of People	Statewide Rate	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
1 person	17.1	25.0	19.4	24.3	17.0	18.5	14.2
2 people	36.5	32.5	35.2	47.7	35.5	37.1	37.1
3 to 5 people	39.1	38.0	38.4	21.8	40.0	37.9	40.0
6 to 10 people	6.2	3.7	5.7	4.6	6.4	5.7	7.3
11 to 20 people	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.5	1.0
More than 20 people	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.4

### **3.3 Camping Priorities**

Respondents were asked whether they had gone camping in the last year and/or have an interest in camping (see Question 22, Appendix A-C). Only those who stated they camped in the last 12 months or had an interest in going (77.8% of respondents) were asked to identify needs for specific types of camping sites available outside their communities (see Appendix A-C, Question 23). Respondents identified their level of priority for each site type on a five-point scale. Full statewide responses are shown in Table 3.14, while demographic breakdowns of each response are shown in Tables 3.15-3.16. The highest priority camping site identified was a drive-in tent site, while both types of cabins with amenities also ranked highly. The least priority camping site type was RV sites.

Table 3.14 Level of Priority Need for Camping Type Outside Your Community Response Breakdown, Oregon Population, 2022\*

Camping Type	1: Lowest Priority Need	2	3: Medium Priority	4	5: Highest Priority Need
RV sites	30.7	14.7	24.2	15.2	15.2
Cabins or yurts with heat and lights	10.2	12.7	29.3	25.6	22.1
Cabins or yurts with heat, lights, bathroom, and kitchen	12.3	15.1	27.1	21.4	14.1
Drive-in tent site	8.2	8.5	25.6	28.1	29.5
Hike-in tent site	18.7	15.3	28.7	19.8	17.5
Hiker-biker sites	25.2	18.3	27.6	16.0	12.9
Remote backpacking sites	22.4	17.3	25.7	17.4	17.2
Drive-in group sites	15.0	13.6	28.9	22.6	19.9

Table 3.15 Level of Priority Need for Camping Type Outside Your Community Means, Oregon Population and Demographic Groups, 2022\*

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Camping Type	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a
RV sites	2.69	2.60	3.06	2.52	2.67	2.83
Cabins or yurts with heat and lights	3.37	3.76	3.55	3.40	3.33	3.45
Cabins or yurts with heat, lights, bathroom, and kitchen	3.30	3.74	3.63	3.39	3.22	3.48
Drive-in tent site	3.62	3.76	3.36	3.68	3.61	3.70
Hike-in tent site	3.02	3.41	2.81	2.99	2.97	3.24
Hiker-biker sites	2.73	2.98	2.67	2.72	2.67	3.01
Remote backpacking sites	2.90	3.15	2.92	2.88	2.83	3.13
Drive-in group sites	3.19	3.42	3.62	3.04	3.11	3.50

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Lowest priority need" to 5 = "Highest priority need")

Table 3.16 Level of Priority Need for Camping Type Outside Your Community Means, Oregon Population and Demographic Groups, 2022 (Cont.)\*

oregon i opulation una Zeniographic Groups, 2022 (Conu.)							
Camping Type	Statewide Mean	Low income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
RV sites	2.69	2.74	2.79	3.06	2.50	2.72	3.00
Cabins or yurts with heat and lights	3.37	3.35	3.39	3.26	3.42	3.36	3.27
Cabins or yurts with heat, lights, bathroom, and kitchen	3.30	3.43	3.36	3.22	3.32	3.29	3.28
Drive-in tent site	3.62	3.60	3.59	3.30	3.74	3.58	3.48
Hike-in tent site	3.02	3.02	2.85	2.66	3.22	2.88	2.94
Hiker-biker sites	2.73	2.83	2.64	2.43	2.93	2.58	2.68
Remote backpacking sites	2.90	2.92	2.71	2.54	3.13	2.74	2.79
Drive-in group sites	3.19	3.19	3.16	2.76	3.30	3.15	3.06

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Lowest priority need" to 5 = "Highest priority need")

#### 3.4 Priorities for Future Investment Inside and Outside Communities

Respondents were asked to rate priorities for future investment both inside and outside their communities (see Question 25, Appendix A-C). Both sets of priorities inside and outside communities listed the same possible infrastructure or program offerings, to determine differences between inside- and outside-community needs for the same resources. The breakdown of responses for both inside and outside communities, as well as mean responses for the Oregon population, can be found in Tables 3.17 and 3.18. The top five priorities for both inside- and outside-community offerings were similar, as respondents highlighted the importance of clean and well-maintained facilities, restrooms, free-of-charge recreation opportunities, and more parks and recreation areas. Respondents also prioritized directional signs and trail details for in-community offerings, and nature and wildlife viewing areas for recreation provisions outside their community. Off-highway vehicle areas and separate areas for older adults to be with people their own age were of least importance both inside and outside communities.

Amongst different demographic groups, priorities were relatively similar to the statewide priorities. A few groups (Black/African American, Household with disability, Hispanic/Latino/a) highlighted the importance of accessible areas for individuals with disabilities over other priorities, both inside and outside of their communities. Full results for each demographic group can be seen in Tables 3.19 and 3.20

Table 3.17 Response Breakdown: Priorities for Investment *In Your Community*, Oregon Population, 2022

Population, 2022  Recreation Priority	1: Lowest Priority Need	2	3: Medium Priority	4	5: Highest Priority Need
Clean and well-maintained facilities	3.3	3.2	16.8	27.3	49.4
Restrooms	3.6	4.4	20.0	26.1	45.9
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	5.5	5.0	19.1	25.3	45.0
Parks and recreation areas	5.4	7.1	25.3	29.5	32.7
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	6.3	8.4	25.4	28.2	31.7
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	7.1	9.3	26.0	27.8	29.9
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	9.1	10.4	24.0	25.4	31.1
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	7.7	10.3	28.5	28.9	24.6
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	11.3	11.2	26.3	23.8	27.4
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	9.4	11.6	29.3	26.1	23.6
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	11.4	12.0	27.2	23.4	25.9
Public pools and/or waterparks	12.8	12.4	27.7	20.0	27.2
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	9.5	13.9	32.1	26.4	18.0
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	14.1	15.0	27.6	18.9	24.5
Paved or hard surface walking paths	15.1	16.0	30.2	19.7	18.9
Dog parks and off-leash areas	18.3	15.8	26.8	18.8	20.4
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	17.9	17.5	26.4	19.9	18.4
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	17.3	16.2	29.8	20.6	16.0
Picnic areas and shelters for <u>large</u> groups	15.0	19.3	32.2	18.9	14.5

Table 3.17 Continued...

Recreation Priority	1: Lowest Priority	2	3: Medium Priority	4	5: Highest Priority
Multi-use sports fields	16.8	18.2	31.5	18.5	14.9
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	21.4	16.2	27.5	17.6	17.3
Free Wi-Fi	33.6	15.7	19.7	12.1	19.0
Separate areas for older adults to be with other their age	27.9	19.1	26.6	14.8	11.6
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	31.4	18.7	24.9	14.0	11.1

Table 3.18 Response Breakdown: Priorities for Investment *Outside Your Community*, Oregon Population, 2022

Recreation Priority	1: Lowest Priority	2	3: Medium Priority	4	5: Highest Priority
Clean and well-maintained facilities	4.0	3.9	19.3	25.1	47.8
Restrooms	4.2	4.2	18.5	26.9	46.2
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	7.1	5.9	20.8	24.2	42.1
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	6.8	9.3	25.6	27.1	31.2
Parks and recreation areas	7.0	7.7	27.3	28.0	29.9
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	7.0	8.9	26.8	26.2	31.2
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	9.8	9.9	26.5	23.1	30.7
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	8.0	10.7	29.1	24.9	27.4
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	8.3	9.9	31.0	25.5	25.2
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	11.6	10.2	25.8	23.6	28.8
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	12.3	14.4	29.4	20.1	23.8
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	11.6	14.2	33.4	23.4	17.4
Public pools and/or waterparks	16.6	13.6	27.6	17.6	24.6

Table 3.18 Continued...

Recreation Priority	1: Lowest Priority	2	3: Medium Priority	4	5: Highest Priority
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	16.4	14.2	28.2	17.7	23.6
Paved or hard surface walking paths	16.4	13.9	32.6	18.7	18.4
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	16.3	16.7	29.9	19.0	18.0
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	18.0	17.1	28.9	17.9	18.0
Dog parks and off-leash areas	19.8	16.2	27.0	16.9	20.1
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	20.6	15.7	26.3	18.3	19.1
Picnic areas and shelters for large groups	15.5	17.8	33.6	18.2	14.9
Multi-use sports fields	20.0	19.1	31.1	16.3	13.4
Free Wi-Fi	34.8	14.3	20.4	11.7	18.8
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	28.6	18.4	25.9	13.5	13.4
Separate areas for older adults to be with other their age	27.7	19.0	26.6	14.0	12.6

Table 3.19 Group Means: Priorities for Investment In Your Community, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

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Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Clean and well- maintained facilities	4.16	4.22	4.32	4.16	4.14	4.25	4.13	4.26	4.25	4.17	4.18	4.10
Restrooms	4.06	4.14	4.21	3.99	4.05	4.12	4.04	4.18	4.20	4.07	4.09	3.99
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	3.99	3.88	4.05	4.21	3.96	4.17	4.01	4.08	3.91	4.04	3.97	3.97
Parks and recreation areas	3.78	3.78	3.76	3.72	3.78	3.88	3.66	3.84	3.80	3.88	3.76	3.65
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	3.71	3.86	3.80	3.86	3.68	3.79	3.65	3.80	3.77	3.77	3.68	3.65
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	3.64	3.74	3.66	3.75	3.61	3.77	3.67	3.66	3.59	3.72	3.63	3.53
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	3.59	3.66	4.09	3.53	3.53	3.85	3.64	3.94	3.59	3.67	3.55	3.54
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	3.53	3.46	3.60	3.51	3.53	3.55	3.29	3.40	3.42	3.60	3.52	3.40

Table 3.19 Continued...

Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	3.45	3.64	3.64	3.60	3.39	3.58	3.45	3.53	3.57	3.47	3.47	3.35
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	3.43	3.42	3.51	3.52	3.38	3.60	3.47	3.53	3.43	3.49	3.41	3.36
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	3.40	3.62	3.71	3.43	3.32	3.77	3.46	3.45	3.32	3.47	3.38	3.35
Public pools and/or waterparks	3.36	3.61	3.55	3.35	3.31	3.58	3.52	3.46	3.15	3.49	3.31	3.27
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	3.29	3.57	3.53	3.39	3.21	3.59	3.50	3.38	3.21	3.33	3.26	3.31
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	3.25	3.37	3.69	3.16	3.18	3.53	3.46	3.33	3.01	3.44	3.18	3.04
Paved or hard surface walking paths	3.11	3.24	3.45	2.90	3.08	3.27	3.01	3.12	3.16	3.10	3.18	2.97
Dog parks and off- leash areas	3.07	3.18	2.94	3.04	3.03	3.27	3.19	3.16	2.91	3.14	3.07	2.96

Table 3.19 Continued...

	1											
Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	3.03	3.11	2.87	2.93	2.99	3.30	3.00	2.88	2.75	3.14	3.05	2.79
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	3.02	3.30	2.93	2.96	3.00	3.05	2.89	2.92	2.77	3.10	3.00	2.91
Picnic areas and shelters for <u>large</u> groups	2.99	3.33	3.24	3.05	2.88	3.37	3.25	3.06	2.80	3.00	2.97	3.01
Multi-use sports fields	2.97	3.41	2.88	2.97	2.86	3.36	3.07	2.92	2.83	3.03	2.95	2.88
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	2.93	2.95	2.81	2.99	2.88	3.14	3.01	2.98	3.20	2.94	2.90	3.00
Free Wi-Fi	2.67	3.01	3.79	2.77	2.53	3.13	3.23	2.81	2.42	2.81	2.61	2.56
Separate areas for older adults to be with other their age	2.63	2.76	2.89	2.88	2.54	2.95	2.96	2.81	2.67	2.75	2.56	2.58
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	2.55	2.89	2.88	2.70	2.44	2.87	2.78	2.58	2.20	2.56	2.47	2.70

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Lowest priority need" to 5 = "Highest priority need")

 $\textbf{Table 3.20 Group Means: Priorities for Investment \textit{Outside Your Community}, Oregon Population \& Demographic Groups, 2022*$ 

Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Clean and well- maintained facilities	4.09	4.23	4.33	4.11	4.06	4.16	4.04	4.23	4.14	4.12	4.08	4.05
Restrooms	4.07	4.10	4.14	4.10	4.05	4.09	4.05	4.21	4.16	4.08	4.06	4.05
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	3.88	3.85	4.00	4.07	3.84	4.02	3.86	3.99	3.79	3.97	3.83	3.85
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	3.67	3.75	3.62	3.70	3.63	3.86	3.57	3.69	3.60	3.77	3.63	3.57
Parks and recreation areas	3.66	3.72	3.60	3.76	3.63	3.78	3.54	3.69	3.60	3.81	3.61	3.50
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	3.66	3.65	3.70	3.77	3.62	3.79	3.56	3.77	3.71	3.74	3.63	3.55
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	3.55	3.47	3.90	3.42	3.49	3.87	3.61	3.91	3.52	3.65	3.50	3.48
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	3.53	3.48	3.54	3.61	3.48	3.81	3.52	3.62	3.48	3.64	3.46	3.49

Table 3.20 Continued...

Table 5.20 Continued.	1					1	1		1			
Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	3.49	3.51	3.54	3.53	3.46	3.65	3.31	3.44	3.43	3.62	3.46	3.33
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	3.48	3.76	3.66	3.54	3.40	3.73	3.50	3.55	3.54	3.47	3.51	3.41
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	3.29	3.37	3.49	3.39	3.21	3.62	3.36	3.30	3.18	3.35	3.23	3.30
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	3.21	3.55	3.47	3.28	3.11	3.52	3.40	3.32	3.12	3.27	3.15	3.25
Public pools and/or waterparks	3.20	3.64	3.51	3.26	3.11	3.51	3.33	3.28	2.94	3.33	3.16	3.07
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	3.18	3.41	3.57	3.21	3.09	3.51	3.35	3.24	2.94	3.33	3.13	3.02
Paved or hard surface walking paths	3.09	3.35	3.35	2.95	3.02	3.38	3.09	3.08	3.06	3.15	3.11	2.92

Table 3.20 Continued...

Recreation Priority	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	3.06	3.38	3.09	3.05	3.02	3.18	2.91	2.96	2.84	3.16	3.01	2.97
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	3.01	3.11	3.10	2.93	2.94	3.29	3.01	2.89	2.79	3.16	2.97	2.81
Dog parks and off- leash areas	3.01	3.18	2.91	3.19	2.94	3.34	3.21	3.08	2.82	3.11	2.96	2.95
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	3.00	3.19	2.79	2.90	2.95	3.17	3.04	3.08	3.25	3.02	2.94	3.06
Picnic areas and shelters for <u>large</u> groups	2.99	3.31	3.28	3.02	2.89	3.35	3.25	3.12	2.83	3.04	2.93	3.05
Multi-use sports fields	2.84	3.28	2.93	2.92	2.73	3.24	2.98	2.82	2.68	2.91	2.81	2.79
Free Wi-Fi	2.66	2.92	3.59	2.75	2.51	3.16	3.18	2.81	2.41	2.78	2.60	2.55
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	2.65	2.87	3.09	2.80	2.55	2.91	2.85	2.68	2.31	2.71	2.57	2.72
Separate areas for older adults to be with other their age	2.65	2.71	3.02	2.83	2.55	3.06	3.00	2.79	2.65	2.77	2.58	2.58

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Lowest priority need" to 5 = "Highest priority need")

#### 3.5 Sources of Outdoor Recreation Information

Respondents were surveyed regarding the importance of different information sources when seeking outdoor recreation information in Oregon (see Question 35, Appendix A-C). The most highly rated sources of outdoor recreation information were friends, relatives, and word of mouth; websites; and visitor or welcome brochures. Few people reported using social media, with low scores for Instagram, Pinterest, Twitter, and Snapchat (see Table 3.21).

All demographic groups reported friends, relatives, and word of mouth as their most important source of outdoor recreation information, and in general had similar top three information sources, with a few groups ranking maps or brochures over websites and/or visitor or welcome centers (Rural, 60+ years of age, Black/African American, and White respondents; see Tables 3.22 and 3.23). Social media platforms were least important to all demographic groups.

Table 3.21 Response Breakdown of Importance of Information Sources when Seeking Outdoor Recreation Information in Oregon, Oregon Population, 2022\*

Source of Information	1: Not at All Important	2	3: Important	4	5: Extremely Important
Friends/relatives/word of mouth	4.5	6.2	26.4	26.9	36.1
Websites	6.6	8.1	28.4	30.0	27.0
Visitor or welcome centers	14.9	12.4	29.9	23.6	19.3
Maps/brochures	16.7	10.9	30.3	24.0	18.1
Travel guide/tour book/newspaper/magazine article	22.1	14.4	30.5	20.6	12.5
Mobile/smart phone applications (e.g., Strava, MapMyRun)	43.0	12.4	20.8	12.8	11.0
Television/radio	37.0	17.1	25.9	12.6	7.4
Community organizations like school or church	42.2	14.8	23.2	11.7	8.2
Video sharing platforms (e.g., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	47.9	13.4	18.3	11.0	9.3
Facebook	50.7	14.0	18.3	9.3	7.7
Instagram	56.8	11.9	15.7	8.4	7.1
Pinterest	65.6	12.8	13.2	5.1	3.4
Twitter	73.4	9.7	8.7	4.3	3.9
Snapchat	76.0	8.6	7.6	4.0	3.8

Table 3.22 Mean Importance of Information Sources when Seeking Outdoor Recreation

Information in Oregon, Oregon Population and Demographic Groups, 2022\*

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Source of Information	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White/ European American	Hispanic/ Latino/a
Friends/relatives/word of mouth	3.84	3.80	3.77	3.74	3.84	3.95
Websites	3.63	3.65	3.37	3.47	3.65	3.65
Visitor or welcome centers	3.20	3.35	3.52	3.14	3.17	3.28
Maps/brochures	3.16	3.25	3.39	2.89	3.18	3.10
Travel guide/tour book/newspaper/magazi ne article	2.87	3.08	3.15	2.62	2.85	2.97
Mobile/smart phone applications (e.g., Strava, MapMyRun)	2.36	2.45	3.18	2.37	2.25	2.82
Television/radio	2.36	2.62	2.86	2.15	2.29	2.66
Community organizations like school or church	2.29	3.01	3.12	2.38	2.16	2.66
Video sharing platforms (e.g., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	2.20	2.76	2.96	2.42	2.02	2.92
Facebook	2.09	2.21	2.62	2.04	1.98	2.63
Instagram	1.97	2.56	2.79	1.95	1.80	2.67
Pinterest	1.68	1.81	2.34	1.66	1.55	2.24
Twitter	1.56	1.77	2.37	1.57	1.44	2.00
Snapchat	1.51	1.77	2.18	1.48	1.39	1.97

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Not at all important" to 5 = "Extremely important")

Table 3.23 Mean Importance of Information Sources when Seeking Outdoor Recreation Information in Oregon, Oregon Population and Demographic Groups, 2022 (Cont.)\*

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Source of Information	Statewide Mean	Low	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Friends/relatives/word of mouth	3.84	3.60	3.79	3.70	3.93	3.80	3.78
Websites	3.63	3.37	3.50	3.50	3.65	3.68	3.48
Visitor or welcome centers	3.20	3.10	3.31	3.29	3.23	3.16	3.24
Maps/brochures	3.16	3.01	3.19	3.36	3.20	3.09	3.26
Travel guide/tour book/newspaper/magazi ne article	2.87	2.83	2.89	2.96	2.94	2.82	2.85
Mobile/smart phone applications (e.g., Strava, MapMyRun)	2.36	2.41	2.20	1.93	2.57	2.25	2.26
Television/radio	2.36	2.59	2.47	2.44	2.46	2.30	2.32
Community organizations like school or church	2.29	2.44	2.31	2.10	2.31	2.26	2.31
Video sharing platforms (e.g., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	2.20	2.54	2.20	1.67	2.40	2.10	2.10
Facebook	2.09	2.34	2.04	1.67	2.20	2.01	2.09
Instagram	1.97	2.12	1.82	1.32	2.23	1.86	1.76
Pinterest	1.68	1.94	1.67	1.33	1.81	1.57	1.69
Twitter	1.56	1.77	1.48	1.17	1.74	1.46	1.44
Snapchat	1.51	1.82	1.43	1.14	1.68	1.41	1.46

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Not at all important" to 5 = "Extremely important")

### 3.6 Community Recreation Program Needs

When asked about priorities for community recreation programs, respondents highly rated farmers' markets, community gardens, outdoor sports, and outdoor concerts and movies. The three lowest ranked activities were all related to fitness: functional strength training, fitness classes, and outdoor exercise equipment. The breakdown of responses is shown in Table 3.24.

Demographic groups' priorities did not differ greatly from the statewide mean. Some groups highlighted the importance of educational activities over the programs mentioned previously (Black/African American, Mixed race, Hispanic/Latino/a, urban, low income, and rural residents), and residents aged 60 and over identified seniors' activity centers as a priority (see Table 3.25).

"Other" priorities that were suggested in a free-response option included other outdoor community events (e.g., barbecues, fairs, cultural events, art shows); volunteer programs (including cleanup events); group nature activities (e.g., birdwatching, foraging); new or improved walking, hiking, and biking paths; skills classes and other educational programs (including nature education); arts programs; improvements to accessibility, both for those with disabilities and for low-income individuals; equipment and activity rentals and loan programs; and new infrastructure, particularly community spaces, disc golf courses, dog parks, pools, and pickleball courts.

Table 3.24 Community Recreation Program Need, Oregon General Population, 2022\*

Table 5.24 Community Recreation		<del></del>		- opuiu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Recreation Program Investment	1: Low	2	3: Medium	4	5: High
In Your Community	Priority		Priority		Priority
Farmers' markets	5.1	6.9	19.6	28.8	39.6
Community gardens	9.8	11.7	22.9	25.3	30.3
Outdoor sports (youth and adult)	14.9	8.1	26.7	21.9	28.4
Outdoor concerts and movies	10.5	11.7	27.9	26.2	23.7
Educational activities (e.g., environmental, health, computer, orienteering and geocaching, historical tours)	11.8	12.2	27.3	25.0	23.7
Seniors' activity centers	14.7	11.0	24.2	25.7	24.3
Quiet zones for reading, meditating, or games (e.g., chess, cards)	15.9	15.1	28.0	21.8	19.2
Arts and crafts (e.g., ceramics, painting)	16.5	17.8	29.8	18.9	17.0
Functional strength training (training the body for activities performed in daily life)	17.9	16.5	29.9	20.1	15.6
Fitness classes (e.g., yoga, Tai Chi, Zumba, aerobics, Pilates, water exercise, cross-fit, adult dancing, organized walks)	20.8	17.0	29.1	17.7	15.4
Outdoor exercise equipment (e.g., elliptical trainer, stationary bike, rower)	33.6	21.0	23.7	10.7	11.1

<sup>\*</sup>Means and percentages for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Low priority" to 5 = "High priority")

Table 3.25 Community Recreation Program Need, Oregon General Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

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Recreation Program Investment In Your Community	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Farmers' markets	3.91	3.83	3.80	4.08	3.91	3.92	3.77	3.93	3.77	3.96	3.90	3.85
Community gardens	3.55	3.63	3.64	3.63	3.52	3.61	3.56	3.52	3.32	3.72	3.49	3.37
Outdoor sports (youth and adult)	3.41	3.60	3.50	3.40	3.39	3.47	3.15	3.25	3.31	3.48	3.38	3.34
Outdoor concerts and movies	3.41	3.36	3.62	3.55	3.39	3.45	3.38	3.37	3.15	3.56	3.37	3.20
Educational activities (e.g., environmental, health, computer, orienteering and geocaching, historical tours)	3.36	3.35	3.82	3.46	3.31	3.61	3.36	3.37	2.99	3.50	3.31	3.24
Seniors' activity centers	3.34	3.25	3.30	3.43	3.35	3.31	3.24	3.44	3.60	3.43	3.30	3.27
Quiet zones for reading, meditating, or games (e.g., chess, cards)	3.13	3.46	3.43	3.30	3.04	3.36	3.33	3.21	2.86	3.31	3.05	2.99
Arts and crafts (e.g., ceramics, painting)	3.02	3.28	3.35	3.17	2.92	3.38	3.24	3.10	2.65	3.17	2.92	2.98

Table 3.25 Continued...

Recreation Program Investment In Your Community	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Functional strength training (training the body for activities performed in daily life)	2.99	3.12	3.62	3.08	2.89	3.42	3.02	3.03	2.72	3.18	2.89	2.87
Fitness classes (e.g., yoga, Tai Chi, Zumba, aerobics, Pilates, water exercise, cross-fit, adult dancing, organized walks)	2.90	3.00	3.03	3.02	2.83	3.19	2.90	2.88	2.83	3.10	2.79	2.77
Outdoor exercise equipment (e.g., elliptical trainer, stationary bike, rower)	2.45	2.91	2.92	2.57	2.30	2.97	2.66	2.40	2.14	2.59	2.36	2.38

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Low priority" to 5 = "High priority")

### 3.7 Impacts of COVID-19 on Recreation

As studies conducted during the pandemic reported changes in recreation behaviors due to COVID-19 (Outdoor Foundation, 2021; Rice et al., 2020), respondents were asked to rate their agreement with a few statements regarding participation in outdoor recreation during the pandemic (see Question 34, Appendix A-C). As seen in Table 3.26, responses with the highest level of agreement indicated that outdoor recreation benefitted respondents' mental and physical health during the pandemic, while half of respondents indicated disagreement with statements about increasing or changing outdoor recreation activities during COVID-19. Demographic comparisons, detailed in Table 3.27, highlighted higher scores in all categories for Asian, Black/African American, and Hispanic/Latino/a respondents compared to the statewide mean, and lower scores in all categories for low-income residents, rural residents, residents in a household with a disability and residents older than 60. The most common comment was that the pandemic had no change on the individual's outdoor recreation, while several reiterated how the pandemic introduced new interests reduced or inhibited their recreation.

Respondents were also asked to provide up to 3 activities that they began to do during the COVID-19 pandemic. Table 3.28 identifies the top ten new activities that residents did during that time. Other activities performed less frequently than those in Table 3.28 include exercise, gardening, foraging (for mushrooms and rocks, particularly), hunting, team sports, outdoor art, picnicking, relaxing, driving, geocaching, and recreating on other e-equipment.

Table 3.26 Reported Changes to Outdoor Recreation due to COVID-19 Pandemic, Oregon Population, 2022

Recreation Change due to COVID-19 Pandemic	1: Strongly Disagree	2	3: Agree	4	5: Strongly Agree
Outdoor recreation has helped my mental health during the pandemic	11.0	7.7	22.7	24.1	34.5
Outdoor recreation has helped my physical health during the pandemic	10.7	8.1	25.6	23.4	32.3
I do more outdoor recreation in my community now than I did prior to the pandemic	24.6	22.8	25.2	14.9	12.4
I do different outdoor recreation activities now than I did prior to the pandemic	28.0	23.8	23.4	14.5	10.3
I do more outdoor recreation overall now than I did prior to the pandemic	26.7	26.1	24.2	12.0	11.0

I do more outdoor recreation outside					
my community now than I did prior	29.4	27.1	23.5	10.8	9.3
to the pandemic					

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 3.27 & Reported Changes to Outdoor Recreation due to COVID-19 & Pandemic, Oregon Population \& Demographic Groups, 2022* \end{tabular}$ 

Recreation Change due to COVID-19 Pandemic	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Outdoor recreation has helped my mental health during the pandemic	3.63	3.78	3.67	3.63	3.63	3.66	3.22	3.48	3.44	3.77	3.58	3.51
Outdoor recreation has helped my physical health during the pandemic	3.59	3.73	3.73	3.52	3.58	3.63	3.24	3.37	3.46	3.73	3.53	3.45
I do more outdoor recreation in my community now than I did prior to the pandemic	2.68	3.10	2.77	2.66	2.60	2.97	2.60	2.49	2.40	2.89	2.61	2.46
I do different outdoor recreation activities now than I did prior to the pandemic	2.55	3.01	3.06	2.55	2.45	2.91	2.56	2.57	2.24	2.73	2.50	2.38

I do more outdoor												
recreation overall now than I did prior	2.54	2.96	2.70	2.59	2.46	2.87	2.49	2.38	2.26	2.67	2.51	2.40
to the pandemic												

## Table 3.27 Continued...

Recreation Change due to COVID-19 Pandemic	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I do more outdoor recreation outside my community now than I did prior to the pandemic	2.43	2.90	2.84	2.42	2.37	2.63	2.34	2.25	2.17	2.56	2.40	2.29

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly disagree" to 5 = "Strongly agree")

Table 3.28 New Activities During COVID-19 Pandemic, General Population, 2022\*

Walking/hiking
Non-motorized water sports (kayaking & paddleboarding,
particularly)
Biking (including mountain biking and e-biking)
Non-team sports (disc golf, golf, pickleball, tennis)
Camping (including RVs)
Running/jogging
Non-motorized snow sports (skiing, snowshoeing)
Nature observation (especially birdwatching)
Fishing
Swimming

<sup>\*</sup>Activities are presented in order of frequency that they were reported by respondents. Responses to this question were not weighted.

# 3.8 Free Response: Recommendations for Individuals with Disabilities, and "Any Other Comments about Outdoor Recreation in Oregon"

Individuals who identified themselves as having a disability or living in a household with someone with a disability were asked to share whether there was a way that accommodations could be made to support their recreation. If the respondent answered "yes" to this question, they were given the opportunity to make a free response comment about what the accommodation(s) might be. Analysis of these comments prioritized those that had suggestions for improvements and coded to these responses in similarly themed groups. All themes with more than two responses are reported in Table 3.29. In general, most comments related to mobility accessibility, particularly focusing on making improvements to trails and providing places to rest. Respondents also indicated that they wanted access to a variety of facilities, including restrooms and campsites, but also to natural areas like overlooks and beaches, and that human assistance as well as mobility equipment loans/rentals would help them recreate. A few individuals also highlighted the importance of group activities (e.g., activities for children with sensory issues) and communications improvements (e.g., signage with large print or braille) for individuals with multiple disabilities.

Finally, at the end of the survey, all respondents were asked to provide "any other comments about outdoor recreation in Oregon." These comments also prioritized those who had suggestions for improvements or frustrations with their current or past experiences and were coded into groups of similar themes. The top ten concerns and/or suggestions, in order of frequency reported, are shown in Table 3.30. Other responses not listed included making more parks/recreation facilities, ending the permit system for area entry, increasing activities available from recreation providers (particularly educational activities), improving communication and signage, and introducing new regulations on electronic and motorized recreational vehicles.

# Table 3.29 Recommendations on Improvements to Recreation Accessibility, Oregon Residents with a Disability or in a Household with a Disability, 2022

ADA trails (or trails that are paved, wider, free of tripping hazards, and/or have handrails)

Places to sit and rest

More communication or information about trail amenities/accessibility (including level of accessibility, distance, gradient, and/or new hazards/barriers)

Transportation or parking improvements (more handicap spaces, more spaces closer to restrooms, shuttle services or better public transportation)

Accessible restrooms (for wheelchairs/mobility issues including proximity to restrooms or campsites)

Wheelchair/adaptive equipment rentals or free loans from recreation providers

Group activities, or volunteers/guides to assist individuals with disabilities

Accessible campsites (for wheelchairs/mobility issues)

# Table 3.30 Other Comments for Improvement of Outdoor Recreation in Oregon, General Population, 2022\*

Improve accessibility of recreation areas
Improve transportation, road, and/or trail infrastructure
Create more campsites / improve campsite reservation system
Provide new "other" recreation infrastructure (i.e., pools, courts,
gardens, play areas, etc.)
Prioritize nature and/or "greenness" in management strategies for
recreation areas
Manage to provide increased safety/reduced crime
Manage to reduce crowding
Improve sanitation/cleanliness of parks and facilities
Concerns over unhoused or homeless individuals
Improve communication about recreation areas and activities

<sup>\*</sup>Recommendations are presented in order of the frequency that they were reported by respondents. Responses to this question were not weighted.

<sup>\*</sup>Recommendations are presented in order of the frequency that they were reported by respondents with a disability or in a household with a disability. Responses to this question were not weighted.

# 4. Module Questions: Motivations, Constraints, Crowding, & Management Priorities

The following questions refer to a series of modules, each of which were included in only one version of the survey, so only half of respondents replied to each question. Questions regarding motivations, crowding, and priorities for management were included in Version 1, and questions regarding constraints and overcoming constraints were included in Version 2. To analyze these responses, each version was weighted separately according to the same demographic factors by which the entire combined sample was weighted. After dividing the samples by version and weighting, questions from Version 1 lacked an adequate number of Black/African American respondents for inference (<30), so those responses are reported only as an asterisk (\*). All module questions are included in Appendices A-C; questions 26 and 29-33 are included in Version 1, and questions 27-28 are in Version 2.

For all module questions, independent sample t-tests were performed to determine statistically significant differences between one group and the rest of the population (e.g., between low-income respondents and all other income levels, or between Asian respondents and all other races). Where a group showed a significantly higher difference than the rest of the population, a cell is shaded in green. Where a group showed a significantly lower difference than the rest of the population, a cell is shaded in orange. Statistical significance is determined by a p level < 0.05.

#### **4.1 Motivations to Recreate Outdoors (Version 1)**

Respondents were asked to rate the level of importance of some possible motivations to recreate. Top motivations for respondents included "To improve my mental health," "To view the scenic beauty," "To be close to nature," and "To relax and recharge," as seen in Table 4.1. Lowest rated motivations were "For the thrill of it all," "To be challenged," and "To gain self-confidence." In general, respondents ranked most motivations highly, with only the three lowest ranked falling below an average score of 3.

Table 4.2 reports motivation differences for each demographic group along with the general population. In general, motivations were ranked similarly, but Hispanic/Latino/a and urban individuals ranked many motivations higher than others outside of those groups, and suburban individuals, White individuals, and those 60 years or older ranked many motivations lower than the rest of the population. Notably, low-income individuals scored many top motivations lower than the rest of the population, and many low-ranking motivations higher than the rest of the population.

**Table 4.1 Priority of Motivations to Recreate, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Motivations to Recreate	1: Not at All	2	3:	4	5: Very
Motivations to Recreate	Important	4	Important	4	Important
To improve my mental health	3.0	3.4	16.3	24.9	52.3
To view the scenic beauty	2.6	3.2	15.5	30.0	48.8
To be close to nature	3.5	5.7	16.1	26.5	48.1
To relax and recharge	3.5	4.5	17.3	27.6	47.1
To experience calm, peace	3.6	5.3	19.0	26.7	45.4
To get away from the usual demands of life	4.3	6.3	19.5	25.2	44.7
To do something with my family and/or friends	5.2	6.1	19.0	27.2	42.5
To improve my physical health	4.2	6.4	21.3	26.3	41.8
To escape noise and crowds	4.9	7.8	18.4	25.3	43.6
To be with others who enjoy the same things I do	8.2	11.9	26.2	25.0	28.7
To explore the area and learn about nature	7.5	11.4	28.8	27.6	24.7
To experience adventure/excitement	9.4	14.0	27.8	21.0	27.8
To be free and feel independence	13.7	13.8	25.4	20.7	26.4
To learn about the history/culture of an area	11.9	17.2	29.4	22.2	19.3
To develop my personal/spiritual values	18.4	17.4	25.4	18.6	20.1
To reflect on who I am	18.7	16.9	25.4	18.6	20.3
To develop my skills and abilities	16.3	21.1	27.1	16.4	19.1
For the thrill of it all	18.4	20.9	26.7	15.6	18.5
To be challenged	19.3	19.5	28.1	17.4	15.6
To gain self-confidence	21.5	20.2	27.2	14.2	16.9

 Table 4.2 Priority of Motivations to Recreate, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Motivations to Recreate	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
To improve my mental health	4.20	4.55	*	4.24	4.15	4.40	3.96	4.13	3.95	4.30	4.18	4.08
To view the scenic beauty	4.19	4.26	*	4.10	4.21	4.11	3.92	4.18	4.12	4.18	4.21	4.16
To be close to nature	4.10	4.12	*	4.18	4.10	4.10	3.88	4.13	4.00	4.15	4.06	4.12
To relax and recharge	4.10	4.08	*	4.04	4.08	4.21	4.05	4.12	3.92	4.16	4.05	4.14
To experience calm, peace	4.05	4.07	*	4.02	4.03	4.11	4.09	4.10	3.91	4.10	4.01	4.08
To get away from the usual demands of life	4.00	3.87	*	3.99	3.97	4.12	3.91	4.00	3.75	4.02	3.96	4.05
To do something with my family and/or friends	3.96	4.05	*	3.72	3.94	4.13	3.68	3.93	3.75	4.01	3.91	3.99
To improve my physical health	3.95	4.22	*	3.90	3.93	4.06	3.60	3.87	3.87	4.00	3.96	3.83
To escape noise and crowds	3.95	3.86	*	4.04	3.91	4.02	3.87	3.96	3.78	4.02	3.86	4.03
To be with others who enjoy the same things I do	3.54	3.80	*	3.38	3.51	3.72	3.50	3.47	3.39	3.59	3.49	3.59
To explore the area and learn about nature	3.50	3.53	*	3.52	3.47	3.70	3.51	3.46	3.45	3.64	3.40	3.52
To experience adventure/excitement	3.44	3.75	*	3.37	3.37	3.72	3.36	3.35	3.10	3.50	3.37	3.48

Table 4.2 Continued...

Motivations to Recreate	Statewide Mean	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
To be free and feel independence	3.32	3.62	*	3.26	3.25	3.53	3.58	3.42	3.05	3.52	3.17	3.36
To learn about the history/culture of an area	3.20	3.16	*	3.07	3.13	3.55	3.26	3.24	3.20	3.33	3.10	3.22
To develop my personal/spiritual values	3.05	3.20	*	3.18	2.94	3.45	3.28	3.03	2.81	3.22	2.90	3.10
To reflect on who I am	3.05	3.26	*	3.17	2.94	3.44	3.34	3.10	2.63	3.27	2.88	3.07
To develop my skills and abilities	3.01	3.06	*	2.77	2.91	3.45	3.16	2.93	2.72	3.16	2.89	3.04
For the thrill of it all	2.95	3.18	*	2.89	2.85	3.35	3.11	2.94	2.57	3.03	2.84	3.08
To be challenged	2.91	3.02	*	2.58	2.84	3.28	2.94	2.73	2.59	3.13	2.76	2.87
To gain self-confidence	2.85	3.28	*	2.77	2.72	3.38	3.12	2.87	2.54	3.06	2.70	2.85

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Not at all important" to 5 = "Very important")

#### **4.2** Constraints & Overcoming Constraints (Version 2)

A series of questions regarding constraints asked respondents to indicate the extent to which they agreed or disagreed with a series of statements on general, social, and natural setting constraints to outdoor recreation, as well as how respondents typically overcame constraints.

The general constraints ranked most highly were difficulties with the reservation system, limited or unsecure parking, and crowding; these constraints had 70% or more of respondents responding with ("neither agree nor disagree" or higher. Low-impact general constraints included off-leash dogs, difficulties with transportation, lack of time due to family commitments, lack of appropriate gear or equipment, and lack of accessible features (see Table 4.3). In general, White respondents reported lower levels of general constraints than the rest of the population, while Hispanic/Latino/a, low-income, and rural individuals, and individuals in a household with a disability, reported higher levels of general constraints than the rest of the population (see Table 4.4).

Most social constraints to recreation were scored on average as "neither agree nor disagree" or lower, except for the top-ranking social constraint, the presence of homeless or unsheltered persons at the site (M = 3.18, Table 4.5). Other more highly ranked constraints included no one to go with, lack of personal security, and lack of group or club activities to join. The lowest ranked social constraints included not feeling welcome or comfortable, not being interested in outdoor recreation, and language barriers in recreation materials (signs, websites, staff). Table 4.6 details demographic differences for each of these constraints. White respondents again reported lower levels of these constraints than the rest of the population, while individuals who were low-income or in a household with a disability reported the highest level of social constraints.

Natural setting constraints were all rated "neither agree nor disagree" or in disagreement by most respondents. As shown in Table 4.7, the three highest ranked natural setting constraints were the sanitation issue of encountering human waste, excessive heat, or damage to a natural area caused by a wildfire. Concerns about cold or snow, rain or flooding, and being hurt by wildlife were ranked lowest. Most natural setting constraints were rated similarly among demographic groups, with White and/or suburban respondents reporting slightly lower levels of natural setting constraints than the rest of the population, and low-income and urban individuals and individuals in a household with a disability reporting slightly higher levels of some natural setting constraints, as shown in Table 4.8.

Finally, respondents identified what methods they most commonly used to overcome constraints to outdoor recreation, with most individuals responding with "neither agree nor disagree" or higher to each method of overcoming constraints. The most popular methods included finding recreation areas where one felt comfortable, checking conditions before going on a trip, and trying to learn new skills. Many also reported that they had been successful in getting around constraints to recreation in the past (see Table 4.9). The demographic group that reported the most scores above the rest of the population was urban individuals, while low-income individuals, individuals in a household with a disability, and individuals 60 and older reported

the most scores below the rest of the population for being able to overcome constraints, as seen in Table 4.10.

The constraints module highlights that general constraints may be more impactful compared to most social constraints and natural setting constraints, and demonstrates relatively lower levels of constraints for some groups, most often White respondents and occasionally suburban respondents. Higher levels of constraints were reported most consistently for low-income individuals and individuals in a household with a disability. Barriers were also reported, less consistently, for Hispanic/Latino/a individuals, rural individuals, and individuals 60 and over. Notably, urban respondents reported the highest level of natural setting constraints, while also reporting higher agreement with most strategies for overcoming barriers.

**Table 4.3 General Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Table 4.3 General Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population, 2022  1: 3: Neither												
General Constraints	Strongly Disagree	2	Agree nor Disagree	4	5: Strongly Agree							
It is difficult to find available												
sites on the reservation system	10.7	11.5	31.3	22.2	24.3							
(everything is booked)												
There is limited or unsecure	12.1	13.8	28.2	26.6	19.2							
parking	12.1	13.0	20.2	20.0	17.2							
There are too many people/it is	10.5	16.8	31.1	25.6	16.1							
crowded	10.5	10.0	31.1	23.0	10.1							
Requiring a permit restricts my	17.9	16.3	25.1	22.0	18.6							
participation												
Use/entrance fees are too high	18.2	20.1	29.1	19.2	13.5							
The overall cost of trips to visit	18.9	20.2	28.6	18.4	13.9							
natural areas is too high	16.9	20.2	28.0	10.4	13.9							
There is a lack of information												
about opportunities and places to	16.4	21.5	30.8	20.5	10.8							
go												
I choose to do other things during	14.9	21.2	37.6	18.9	7.4							
my free time	14.9	21.2	37.0	10.9	7.4							
I do not have enough time due to	27.5	14.8	21.6	21.9	14.2							
work	21.3	14.0	21.0	21.9	14.2							
There are not enough facilities												
(picnic tables, shelters,	17.3	21.7	34.9	15.6	10.5							
playground equipment, group)												
There is a lack of information												
about which locations have	20.1	16.0	20.0	13.3	10.0							
accessible features (for those with	20.1	16.8	39.0	13.3	10.9							
disabilities)												
There are not enough nearby	20.8	20.1	22.2	16 1	10.7							
places to go (travel distance)	20.8	20.1	32.3	16.1	10.7							
There is a lack of walking routes	10.2	25.1	22.5	140	9.2							
to parks and recreation areas	19.3	25.1	32.5	14.9	8.2							
I avoid places where dogs are off-	22.0	17.7	10.0	12.2	17.2							
leash	33.8	17.7	18.0	13.2	17.3							
Transportation to recreation	24.0	22.7	29.4	142	0.7							
settings is difficult	24.9	22.7	28.4	14.3	9.7							
I do not have enough time due to	25.2	22.6	20.2	160	7.0							
family commitments	25.2	22.6	28.3	16.0	7.9							
I do not have the gear, equipment,	20.6	21.4	27.2	140	6.0							
or appropriate clothing	29.6	21.4	27.2	14.9	6.9							
I visit less because there is a lack	22.0	10.6	21.6	0.2	7.0							
of accessible features	32.8	19.6	31.6	8.2	7.8							

Table 4.4 General Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Table 4.4 General Co.		T		, · · · ·	T			1				
General Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
It is difficult to find available sites on the reservation system (everything is booked)	3.38	3.16	2.65	3.32	3.44	3.17	3.17	3.36	3.49	3.31	3.44	3.37
There is limited or unsecure parking	3.27	3.46	2.75	3.33	3.24	3.40	3.21	3.33	3.40	3.23	3.31	3.27
There are too many people/it is crowded	3.20	3.04	3.15	3.11	3.21	3.16	3.20	3.18	3.12	3.12	3.25	3.26
Requiring a permit restricts my participation	3.07	2.98	2.97	3.08	3.10	2.89	3.23	3.17	3.16	2.97	3.06	3.28
Use/entrance fees are too high	2.90	2.83	3.03	3.30	2.82	3.06	3.08	3.09	2.92	2.85	2.84	3.11
The overall cost of trips to visit natural areas is too high	2.88	2.75	3.18	3.17	2.79	3.17	3.17	3.20	2.79	2.79	2.82	3.19
There is a lack of information about opportunities and places to go	2.88	2.83	2.75	2.79	2.83	3.16	3.15	3.12	2.90	2.77	2.88	3.08
I choose to do other things during my free time	2.83	2.96	3.06	3.04	2.79	2.92	3.07	2.87	2.77	2.86	2.83	2.74

Table 4.4 Continued...

General Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I do not have enough time due to work	2.81	2.94	2.51	3.04	2.71	3.23	2.69	2.58	1.92	2.90	2.80	2.65
There are not enough facilities (picnic tables, shelters, playground equipment, group)	2.80	2.99	3.00	2.93	2.72	3.06	2.92	2.90	2.81	2.67	2.87	2.91
There is a lack of information about which locations have accessible features (for those with disabilities)	2.78	3.07	2.54	3.08	2.70	2.95	3.14	3.15	2.89	2.72	2.79	2.87
There are not enough nearby places to go (travel distance)	2.76	3.06	2.54	2.89	2.70	2.94	3.05	2.91	2.70	2.68	2.75	2.93
There is a lack of walking routes to parks and recreation areas	2.68	2.72	2.42	2.67	2.63	2.86	2.82	2.73	2.75	2.62	2.65	2.85
I avoid places where dogs are off-leash	2.63	2.72	2.93	2.50	2.63	2.52	2.64	2.62	2.92	2.64	2.56	2.75

Table 4.4 Continued...

General Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Transportation to recreation settings is difficult	2.61	2.82	2.74	2.81	2.53	2.82	3.18	2.94	2.57	2.75	2.49	2.64
I do not have enough time due to family commitments	2.59	2.41	2.40	2.81	2.53	2.89	2.60	2.73	2.18	2.58	2.60	2.58
I do not have the gear, equipment, or appropriate clothing	2.48	2.56	2.89	2.79	2.42	2.54	2.94	2.68	2.34	2.50	2.44	2.56
I visit less because there is a lack of accessible features	2.39	2.59	2.31	2.59	2.29	2.71	2.73	2.82	2.44	2.31	2.39	2.52

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly disagree" to 5 = "Strongly agree")

**Table 4.5 Social Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Social Constraints	1: Strongly Disagree	2	3: Neither Agree nor Disagree	4	5: Strongly Agree
The presence of unsheltered/homeless persons on-site	19.4	11.7	23.5	22.4	22.9
I have no one to go with/lack of support	39.4	17.7	22.4	12.6	7.9
Lack of personal security (from others)	38.1	18.7	24.2	12.7	6.3
There is a lack of group or club activities I could join	36.7	18.7	29.1	10.3	5.2
There is a lack of cultural events	38.6	17.7	29.5	9.6	4.6
The presence of (or extra attention from) officers/law enforcement in uniform	39.3	18.0	29.4	6.8	6.5
There is a lack of traffic safety at recreation areas	39.3	20.7	25.9	9.7	4.4
My personal health is a limiting factor for me	47.3	14.5	18.6	11.7	8.0
The lack of service from area employees	41.8	22.0	26.3	6.7	3.2
Discrimination of any kind	48.9	15.9	23.4	5.7	6.1
My concern about getting injured	45.7	20.9	21.7	8.2	3.6
Not having the appropriate skills or experience to feel comfortable	47.9	18.7	20.1	10.0	3.3
I don't see people like me in their advertising or working there	50.5	14.8	23.7	6.8	4.2
I do not feel welcome or comfortable	47.3	21.0	21.5	6.8	3.5
I am not really that interested in outdoor recreation	59.4	17.3	14.8	4.6	3.9
There are language barriers for me (signs, website, staff)	70.6	10.7	13.6	3.3	1.8

Table 4.6 Social Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Table 4.0 Social Colls	1		, 0 - 18	011 1 0 P 4110			1	P=, ====				
Social Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
The presence of unsheltered/homeles s persons on-site	3.18	3.24	2.66	3.29	3.19	3.11	3.08	3.16	3.40	3.12	3.24	3.14
I have no one to go with/lack of support	2.32	2.23	2.44	2.36	2.29	2.36	2.89	2.71	2.34	2.34	2.26	2.41
Lack of personal security (from others)	2.30	2.67	2.36	2.58	2.25	2.30	2.54	2.54	2.29	2.29	2.30	2.35
There is a lack of group or club activities I could join	2.29	2.35	2.75	2.66	2.21	2.41	2.64	2.55	2.20	2.29	2.19	2.50
There is a lack of cultural events	2.24	2.49	2.74	2.58	2.15	2.43	2.53	2.47	2.23	2.20	2.19	2.41
The presence of (or extra attention from) officers/law enforcement in uniform	2.23	2.46	2.54	2.32	2.15	2.47	2.64	2.41	2.21	2.28	2.18	2.24
There is a lack of traffic safety at recreation areas	2.19	2.55	2.33	2.46	2.13	2.25	2.43	2.40	2.24	2.21	2.14	2.27
My personal health is a limiting factor for me	2.18	2.10	2.50	2.34	2.19	1.99	2.78	3.03	2.51	2.17	2.13	2.34

Table 4.6 Continued...

Social Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
The lack of service from area employees	2.07	2.25	1.91	2.24	2.04	2.13	2.37	2.38	2.26	2.09	2.04	2.13
Discrimination of any kind	2.04	2.40	2.86	2.49	1.93	2.16	2.44	2.42	1.98	2.11	1.96	2.09
My concern about getting injured	2.03	2.13	2.24	2.09	2.01	2.00	2.28	2.41	2.10	1.97	2.01	2.18
Not having the appropriate skills or experience to feel comfortable	2.02	2.15	2.17	2.18	1.92	2.39	2.35	2.23	1.91	2.12	1.95	2.01
I don't see people like me in their advertising or working there	1.99	2.38	2.76	2.48	1.87	2.18	2.40	2.33	1.97	2.08	1.90	2.04
I do not feel welcome or comfortable	1.98	1.97	2.32	2.39	1.90	2.13	2.45	2.31	1.91	1.92	1.94	2.21
I am not really that interested in outdoor recreation	1.76	1.94	1.96	1.80	1.73	1.77	2.17	1.92	1.82	1.77	1.77	1.73
There are language barriers for me (signs, website, staff)	1.55	1.75	2.06	1.63	1.45	1.88	1.83	1.66	1.44	1.63	1.46	1.60

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly disagree" to 5 = "Strongly agree")

**Table 4.7 Natural Setting Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Natural Setting Constraints	1: Strongly Disagree	2	3: Neither Agree nor Disagree	4	5: Strongly Agree
The sanitation issue of encountering human waste influences my visitation	25.4	15.7	24.0	20.9	14.0
I am concerned about excessive heat	26.0	17.0	25.4	20.8	10.9
A wildfire that destroyed, impacted, or closed sites kept me from visiting	27.7	16.6	24.2	17.6	13.9
Health issues related to smoke from forest fires meant I visited less	30.7	17.8	23.0	18.4	10.0
I am concerned about the potential of fire danger while out recreating	32.4	19.6	24.4	15.7	8.0
Low water levels (e.g., dry docks, stream and bank damage, no access) meant I visited less	35.3	20.3	25.8	12.2	6.4
I am concerned about cold or snow	41.3	18.9	22.1	11.7	5.9
I am concerned about rain or flooding	44.2	22.0	22.4	7.2	4.2
I am afraid of getting hurt by wildlife	50.6	20.8	17.9	7.0	3.6

Table 4.8 Natural Setting Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Table 4.0 Natural Setting		I	cci cation,		F	<del></del>			-,	1		1
Natural Setting Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
The sanitation issue of encountering human waste influences my visitation	2.82	2.99	2.79	2.96	2.77	2.92	2.97	3.06	2.94	2.75	2.88	2.84
I am concerned about excessive heat	2.74	2.62	2.64	2.88	2.74	2.63	2.80	2.98	2.80	2.76	2.68	2.82
A wildfire that destroyed, impacted, or closed sites kept me from visiting	2.73	2.60	2.23	2.86	2.73	2.74	2.67	2.73	2.65	2.76	2.72	2.74
Health issues related to smoke from forest fires meant I visited less	2.59	2.51	2.55	2.79	2.61	2.37	2.70	2.74	2.70	2.64	2.53	2.63
I am concerned about the potential of fire danger while out recreating	2.47	2.37	2.61	2.60	2.46	2.40	2.57	2.52	2.47	2.55	2.40	2.49
Low water levels (e.g., dry docks, stream and bank damage, no access) meant I visited less	2.34	2.72	2.27	2.33	2.35	2.18	2.37	2.44	2.41	2.28	2.31	2.52
I am concerned about cold or snow	2.22	2.54	2.29	2.41	2.14	2.40	2.61	2.42	2.18	2.31	2.14	2.21
I am concerned about rain or flooding	2.05	2.54	2.25	2.32	1.98	2.13	2.31	2.25	2.03	2.13	2.01	1.99

Table 4.8 Continued...

Natural Setting Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I am afraid of getting hurt by wildlife	1.92	2.33	2.78	2.13	1.82	2.08	2.16	2.06	1.77	2.03	1.84	1.91

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly disagree" to 5 = "Strongly agree")

**Table 4.9 Overcoming Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Overcoming Constraints	1: Strongly Disagree	2	3: Neither Agree nor Disagree	4	5: Strongly Agree
I have found recreation areas where I feel comfortable	5.4	6.6	21.6	33.5	32.8
I get the latest information on natural hazards/conditions before I go on a trip	11.2	11.6	25.1	28.2	23.9
I actively try to learn new skills	7.7	11.5	34.1	27.9	18.8
In the past, I have been successful getting around the constraints to my outdoor recreation	10.0	9.3	32.2	29.9	18.6
I try to budget money for recreation	10.6	13.7	33.6	24.5	17.6
I make time for recreation, trading off time spent on other leisure activities	13.5	14.8	32.7	23.9	15.0
I already recreate as much as I want	13.2	18.6	31.5	20.7	16.0
I bring other people to make me feel safer	19.0	12.2	29.0	22.3	17.6
I found others with my same interests	16.9	17.6	29.2	22.7	13.6
I spend less money on other free- time activities	14.8	19.1	40.0	15.9	10.2
I joined a recreation club or go with a guide	52.6	18.2	18.3	6.1	4.9

 Table 4.10 Overcoming Constraints to Recreation, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Overcoming Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I have found recreation areas where I feel comfortable	3.82	3.64	3.33	3.66	3.88	3.74	3.50	3.68	3.83	3.81	3.82	3.82
I get the latest information on natural hazards/conditions before I go on a trip	3.42	3.23	3.37	3.48	3.48	3.22	3.11	3.40	3.47	3.47	3.43	3.30
I actively try to learn new skills	3.39	3.20	3.67	3.69	3.33	3.54	3.23	3.30	3.13	3.48	3.33	3.34
In the past, I have been successful getting around the constraints to my outdoor recreation	3.38	3.15	3.45	3.36	3.40	3.35	3.08	3.32	3.44	3.51	3.27	3.39
I try to budget money for recreation	3.25	2.99	3.18	3.26	3.24	3.38	3.14	3.31	3.31	3.28	3.19	3.30
I make time for recreation, trading off time spent on other leisure activities	3.12	3.19	2.75	3.23	3.12	3.13	2.68	2.92	3.00	3.31	3.01	3.00
I already recreate as much as I want	3.08	3.16	3.50	2.82	3.12	2.85	2.98	2.82	3.20	3.15	3.00	3.10
I bring other people to make me feel safer	3.07	3.07	3.21	3.21	3.09	2.96	2.93	3.14	2.74	3.16	3.10	2.86
I found others with my same interests	2.98	2.92	3.41	3.07	3.01	2.83	2.69	2.83	2.89	3.11	2.92	2.88

Table 4.10 Continued...

Overcoming Constraints	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I spend less money on other free-time activities	2.87	2.82	3.33	2.94	2.81	3.11	2.98	3.04	2.82	2.87	2.84	2.96
I joined a recreation club or go with a guide	1.93	2.21	2.45	2.06	1.82	2.17	2.11	1.89	1.72	2.08	1.85	1.79

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly disagree" to 5 = "Strongly agree")

#### 4.3 Crowding & Responding to Crowding (Version 1)

Respondents were asked to report if and/or how frequently they felt there were too many people while recreating outdoors in their community and outside of their community (Table 4.11), as well as to rate their agreement with a few statements regarding crowding (Table 4.12). Generally, the population indicated they encountered crowding more frequently outside their community than inside it, and that many of them selected new areas or timed their visits to avoid crowds.

Tables 4.13 and 4.14 express differences in perceptions and agreement about crowding while recreating for different demographic groups. Low-income individuals and individuals over 60 indicated lower levels of perceived crowding than the rest of the population both inside and outside their community and had lower levels of agreement with statements about crowding. White individuals identified lower levels of perceived crowding only inside their communities and indicated lower levels of agreement on statements about perceived crowding. Meanwhile, Hispanic/Latino/a and urban individuals found higher levels of perceived crowding only inside their communities and showed higher levels of agreement on statements about crowding, suggesting that these populations may be most affected by this phenomenon.

Table 4.11 Frequency of Crowding Inside and Outside Community, Oregon Population, 2022

Areas of Crowding	1: Very Rarely	2	3: Sometimes	4	5: Very Frequently
In Your Community	16.1	19.8	39.4	13.8	11.0
Outside Your Community	11.4	16.2	33.4	24.0	14.9

**Table 4.12 Agreement with Statements about Crowding, Oregon Population, 2022** 

O					
Crowding Statement	1: Strongly Disagree	2	3: Neither Agree nor Disagree	4	5: Strongly Agree
I go to different areas and use crowded sites less often	6.3	9.2	27.7	33.7	23.0
I go to crowded areas different times of the day or week or off- season to avoid crowds	8.0	10.9	25.3	31.0	24.8
Crowding reduced my overall satisfaction with outdoor recreation this year	12.4	14.0	31.8	22.6	19.2
I like to have some people around me as it makes me feel safer	11.5	16.4	36.4	26.4	9.3
I recreate less overall due to crowding	19.1	19.3	31.8	17.3	12.4
The best places are always crowded but that doesn't stop me	16.2	25.6	37.4	15.1	5.7
I enjoy crowds and the social atmosphere	31.5	28.8	26.1	9.2	4.4

Table 4.13 Frequency of Crowding Inside and Outside Community, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Area of Crowding	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
In Your Community	2.84	2.81	*	2.93	2.79	3.09	2.68	2.90	2.57	3.01	2.76	2.74
Outside Your Community	3.15	3.05	*	3.31	3.14	3.22	2.87	3.14	2.99	3.14	3.12	3.25

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Very rarely" to 5 = "Very frequently")

Table 4.14 Agreement with Statements about Crowding, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Crowding Statement	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I go to different areas and use crowded sites less often	3.58	3.48	*	3.78	3.57	3.61	3.32	3.60	3.43	3.56	3.55	3.69
I go to crowded areas different times of the day or week or off- season to avoid crowds	3.54	3.48	*	3.45	3.55	3.59	3.29	3.45	3.34	3.56	3.56	3.43
Crowding reduced my overall satisfaction with outdoor recreation this year	3.22	3.12	*	3.31	3.20	3.38	2.97	3.20	2.97	3.25	3.19	3.24
I like to have some people around me as it makes me feel safer	3.06	3.60	*	2.98	2.96	3.45	3.21	3.08	2.95	3.17	3.10	2.74
I recreate less overall due to crowding	2.85	2.83	*	3.07	2.82	2.91	2.89	2.89	2.71	2.85	2.83	2.87
The best places are always crowded but that doesn't stop me	2.68	2.94	*	2.42	2.62	3.08	2.70	2.66	2.55	2.86	2.63	2.48
I enjoy crowds and the social atmosphere	2.26	2.54	*	2.09	2.14	2.84	2.47	2.24	2.07	2.51	2.17	2.07

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly agree" to 5 = "Strongly disagree")

# **4.4** Support for Management Actions – Crowding, Natural Resource Impacts, and Electronic Transportation (Version 1)

After responding to questions regarding crowding impacts, respondents reported on their level of support for management actions intended to reduce the effects of crowding. As seen in Table 4.15, the most popular management actions included promoting low-impact recreation/"Leave No Trace" programs, securing new areas for outdoor recreation, and making walking/biking between parks safer. The least popular actions were requiring a reservation, encouraging/allowing more guided opportunities with for-profit guides, and charging or increasing the fee for use. The group who showed the most differences from the rest of the population in favor of management actions was urban individuals, while low-income and rural respondents showed significantly less support for the highest number of actions. Individuals 60 and over showed significantly different levels of support for several actions as well, although it varied whether support was higher or lower than that of the rest of the population's (see Table 4.16).

Respondents also indicated the level of priority that they felt recreation managers should put on different natural resource impacts. Table 4.17 shows the highest levels of priority were placed on trash, fire risk, and water pollution, and the lowest levels of priority on soil erosion/compaction, new trail damage, and light pollution. Most demographic groups showed relative agreement on most of these natural resource priorities, as seen in Table 4.18, although urban individuals and those 60 or older rated more impacts as significantly higher priority than the rest of the population rated them, and low-income individuals rated many as significantly lower.

Finally, respondents rated their support for management actions regarding electronic transportation and recreation equipment (i.e., e-bikes, e-scooters, drones). In general, agreement was well above neutral for most management actions, with the highest level of agreement for the statement, "Guidelines should be developed as to where electronic transportation equipment is allowed in outdoor recreation settings" as indicated in Table 4.19. Only two statements fell below a neutral rating, which were statements indicating that the respondent had experienced conflict between users of e-transportation or drones. Indicated in Table 4.20, low-income individuals showed statistically significantly lower levels of support for many actions than the rest of the population, while urban respondents and those 60 and older showed significantly higher levels of support for many actions. White respondents also showed significant differences in their responses from the rest of the population, although the direction of the differences was inconsistent.

Although the subjects of these management actions differ greatly, some patterns emerge among demographic groups when identifying appropriate interventions. Low-income individuals, in general, tend to prioritize these actions lower than the rest of the population, and urban respondents tend to rate their support for actions significantly higher. Individuals 60 and older also differ from the rest of the population, although the direction of their support (for or against) can vary.

**Table 4.15 Support for Crowding Management Actions, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Table 4.15 Support for Crowdin	1:			Горини	5:
Crowding Management Action	Strongly Oppose	2	3: Neutral	4	Strongly Support
Promote low-impact	2.8	4.3	20.2	29.1	43.6
recreation/ Leave No Trace	2.0	1.5	20.2	27.1	13.0
Secure new areas for outdoor recreation	2.8	5.3	25.2	30.9	35.8
Make walking/biking between different parks safer	2.7	5.0	27.2	29.2	35.8
Expansion of recreation opportunities in existing areas	3.5	4.0	29.6	31.5	31.4
Reduce illegal activities through increased enforcement	6.7	8.4	21.2	24.2	39.4
Provide online information on crowding	4.5	6.4	25.9	32.7	30.5
Increased enforcement of existing rules	7.7	9.1	26.7	27.9	28.5
Add parking lots in dispersed areas	8.7	13.4	37.0	26.7	14.1
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by management agency park interpreters	8.3	13.7	39.2	24.8	13.9
Zoning to restrict what recreation activities can be done where	11.5	13.8	34.5	23.8	16.4
Marketing/communicating about 'hidden gems' or less busy areas	13.1	14.3	33.6	25.1	13.8
Seasonal site and facility closure	11.5	17.2	41.5	19.8	10.0
Limit the number of visitors	17.2	18.5	32.2	20.3	11.8
Establish 1-way directional trails to reduce contact with other visitors	18.9	17.7	30.5	21.1	11.7
Require a reservation (instead of first-come, first-serve)	18.1	18.8	33.4	16.6	13.2
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by forprofit guides	15.6	19.6	38.8	15.5	10.5
Charge or increase fees	27.4	21.9	30.2	13.1	7.4

Table 4.16 Support for Crowding Management Actions, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Crowding Management Action	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Promote low-impact recreation/ Leave No Trace	4.06	3.89	*	4.06	4.11	3.96	3.87	4.14	3.87	4.16	4.03	3.97
Secure new areas for outdoor recreation	3.92	4.03	*	3.68	3.92	4.05	3.70	3.94	3.70	3.97	3.94	3.76
Make walking/biking between different parks safer	3.90	3.96	*	4.01	3.90	3.95	3.82	3.88	3.82	3.89	3.96	3.79
Expansion of recreation opportunities in existing areas	3.83	3.67	*	3.69	3.87	3.70	3.66	3.87	3.66	3.93	3.82	3.68
Reduce illegal activities through increased enforcement	3.81	3.88	*	3.78	3.84	3.71	3.51	3.77	3.51	3.73	3.90	3.74
Provide online information on crowding	3.78	3.83	*	3.83	3.77	3.88	3.65	3.78	3.65	3.87	3.77	3.67
Increased enforcement of existing rules	3.61	3.52	*	3.59	3.65	3.48	3.35	3.57	3.35	3.65	3.61	3.50
Add parking lots in dispersed areas	3.24	3.40	*	3.05	3.19	3.54	3.25	3.26	3.25	3.27	3.24	3.19
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by management agency park interpreters	3.22	3.54	*	2.95	3.22	3.25	3.03	3.19	3.03	3.30	3.21	3.13

Table 4.16 Continued...

Crowding Management Action	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Zoning to restrict what recreation activities can be done where	3.20	3.37	*	3.14	3.19	3.21	3.08	3.13	3.08	3.30	3.18	3.06
Marketing/communicatin g about 'hidden gems' or less busy areas	3.12	3.13	*	3.04	3.10	3.28	3.17	3.23	3.17	3.09	3.18	3.04
Seasonal site and facility closure	3.00	3.21	*	2.82	2.96	3.20	2.99	3.00	2.99	3.05	2.95	3.01
Limit the number of visitors	2.91	3.03	*	2.80	2.91	2.98	2.74	2.94	2.74	3.01	2.90	2.76
Establish 1-way directional trails to reduce contact with other visitors	2.89	3.05	*	2.78	2.87	2.94	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.98	2.83	2.90
Require a reservation (instead of first-come, first-serve)	2.88	3.06	*	2.67	2.87	3.03	2.74	2.86	2.74	3.04	2.82	2.72
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by forprofit guides	2.86	3.16	*	2.54	2.80	3.18	2.95	2.80	2.95	2.94	2.81	2.81
Charge or increase fees	2.51	2.58	*	2.34	2.48	2.68	2.39	2.32	2.39	2.65	2.48	2.35

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly oppose" to 5 = "Strongly support")

**Table 4.17 Priority of Natural Resource Impacts, Oregon Population, 2022** 

Notural Descriptor Impact	Lowest F	Priority		Highes	t Priority
Natural Resource Impact	1	2	3	4	5
Trash	1.7	2.4	8.3	21.2	66.3
Fire risk (causing fires)	2.7	3.7	9.8	19.6	64.2
Water pollution	3.1	3.2	12.9	23.8	57.1
Wildlife disturbance	3.4	7.0	17.9	25.9	45.9
Spread of invasive weeds	3.5	6.2	21.3	25.9	43.1
Air pollution	4.1	8.4	17.5	24.6	45.3
Vegetation damage (e.g., trampling in campsites, visitor/viewing areas, tree vandalism)	2.9	7.9	22.3	32.0	34.7
Noise pollution	5.2	7.2	22.0	26.7	38.9
Soil erosion/compaction (e.g., on trails, campsites, water access areas, visitor centers)	3.2	7.5	27.1	29.7	32.5
New trail damage (short cuts, user created trails)	4.3	9.5	28.0	30.0	28.2
Light pollution	6.2	10.7	25.3	25.1	32.8

Table 4.18 Priority of Natural Resource Impacts, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Natural Resource Impact	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Trash	4.48	4.59	*	4.47	4.49	4.45	4.34	4.57	4.58	4.49	4.47	4.48
Fire risk (causing fires)	4.39	4.48	*	4.30	4.40	4.38	4.12	4.46	4.57	4.42	4.37	4.37
Water pollution	4.29	4.27	*	4.32	4.29	4.31	4.10	4.34	4.27	4.38	4.27	4.15
Wildlife disturbance	4.04	3.94	*	4.07	4.04	4.10	3.84	4.12	4.10	4.12	4.04	3.89
Spread of invasive weeds	3.99	3.90	*	4.03	4.01	3.95	3.75	4.05	4.17	4.04	3.93	4.03
Air pollution	3.98	4.26	*	4.02	3.95	4.19	3.84	4.01	3.92	4.09	3.98	3.81
Vegetation damage (e.g., trampling in campsites, visitor/viewing areas, tree vandalism)	3.88	3.96	*	3.75	3.89	3.88	3.68	4.01	4.08	3.92	3.88	3.79
Noise pollution	3.87	3.81	*	3.70	3.85	4.07	3.72	3.93	3.97	3.95	3.84	3.81
Soil erosion/compaction (e.g., on trails, campsites, water access areas, visitor centers)	3.81	3.79	*	3.84	3.81	3.83	3.60	3.92	4.05	3.86	3.80	3.73
New trail damage (short cuts, user created trails)	3.68	3.64	*	3.48	3.69	3.73	3.57	3.76	3.92	3.75	3.65	3.63
Light pollution	3.68	3.60	*	3.63	3.64	3.93	3.54	3.66	3.73	3.84	3.59	3.59

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Lowest priority" to 5 = "Highest priority")

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table 4.19 & Support for Management Actions - Electronic Recreation Equipment, Oregon Population, 2022 \end{tabular}$ 

Electronic Equipment Management Action	1: Strongly Oppose	2	3: Neutral	4	5: Strongly Support
Guidelines should be developed as to where electronic transportation equipment is allowed in outdoor recreation settings	4.4	5.0	21.2	23.1	46.4
Electronic transportation equipment should not be allowed on non-motorized trails	7.6	6.7	21.2	19.2	45.3
Guidelines should be developed as to where drones are allowed in outdoor recreation settings	6.9	6.2	23.6	21.4	41.8
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be regulated similarly to other motorized equipment	7.5	6.7	21.6	24.9	39.3
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be limited to paved trails	7.8	8.9	26.6	20.7	35.9
I have had a conflict with someone flying a drone in a natural area	44.0	11.9	24.8	8.7	10.7
I have had conflict with someone using electronic transportation equipment	44.4	11.8	26.5	9.0	8.2

Table 4.20 Support for Management Actions – Electronic Recreation Equipment, Oregon Population & Demographic Groups, 2022\*

Electronic Equipment Management Action	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
Guidelines should be developed as to where electronic transportation equipment is allowed in outdoor recreation settings	4.02	3.90	*	3.84	4.09	3.84	3.66	4.05	4.26	4.09	4.01	3.90
Electronic transportation equipment should not be allowed on non- motorized trails	3.88	3.90	*	3.80	3.92	3.80	3.59	3.87	4.15	3.93	3.85	3.87
Guidelines should be developed as to where drones are allowed in outdoor recreation settings	3.85	3.47	*	3.65	3.94	3.55	3.59	3.82	4.12	3.95	3.83	3.72
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be regulated similarly to other motorized equipment	3.82	3.67	*	3.53	3.86	3.75	3.30	3.87	4.06	3.86	3.82	3.74
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be limited to paved trails	3.68	3.68	*	3.51	3.73	3.54	3.30	3.71	3.93	3.81	3.64	3.54

Table 4.20 Continued...

Electronic Equipment Management Action	Statewide	Asian	Black/ African American	Mixed Race	White	Hispanic/ Latino/a	Low Income	Household with Disability	60+ Years Old	Urban	Suburban	Rural
I have had a conflict with someone flying a drone in a natural area	2.30	2.42	*	2.13	2.25	2.61	2.32	2.33	2.10	2.55	2.17	2.19
I have had conflict with someone using electronic transportation equipment	2.25	2.45	*	2.06	2.17	2.68	2.28	2.31	2.11	2.42	2.17	2.13

<sup>\*</sup>Means for 5-point Likert Scale (1 = "Strongly oppose" to 5 = "Strongly support")

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# Appendix A – Resident Survey, Version 1 (English)

# Outdoor Recreation in Oregon











An Evaluation Conducted by:



### Introduction

Outdoor recreation includes a wide variety of things you may do outdoors in your free time. Activities such as walking your dog, cycling on sidewalks, trails, and roads, relaxing at your local park, picnicking with family and friends, fishing and hunting, boating, camping, bird watching, sightseeing, playing outdoor sports like golf and tennis, attending outdoor concerts, are some of the many examples of outdoor recreation.

In this survey we are interested in your outdoor recreation preferences and the activities **YOU** have done near your home or anywhere in Oregon.

,	,	
	n did you participate in <u>any</u> outdoor rec for the category that fits best.	reation activity in Oregon in the last 12 months?
	Once a week or more	
	A few times a month	
	A few times a year	
	At least once per year	
	Never	
03 No 1 - 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	and the Constant of the Health Constant
		created in Oregon during the last 12 months.
Check all that o		
	Local/city parks	
	County parks	
	State parks, forest, or game lands	
	National parks, forests, and recreation	areas
	Private/commercial recreation areas	
	Other (Please specify:	)

# **Recreation Availability In Your Community**

The following sections are about recreation activities that are generally done around your home, in your neighborhood, or locally *In Your Community*. These are activities you could do daily or weekly relatively close to your home in parks, on trails, and other outdoor recreation spaces. City and municipal park agencies usually manage these locations.

<b>*</b>	We ask you questions about activities	es Outside Your Community later in the survey.
Q3	. Have you been to a local park, trail, o  ☐ Yes ☐ No (Please skip to Q6)	open space, or recreation center in the last 12 months?
	. When you go to a local park, trail, օր ase check all that apply.	pen space, or recreation center, who do you usually go with?
	<ul> <li>□ Alone</li> <li>□ Just family</li> <li>□ Just friends</li> <li>□ Both family and friends at the san</li> </ul>	<ul><li>□ Organized group</li><li>□ Dog(s)</li><li>□ Other (please specify):</li><li>ne time</li></ul>
	. How many people will typically be in reation center? Please check one box.	n your group when you go to a local park, trail, open space, o
06	<ul> <li>□ 1 person (alone)</li> <li>□ 2 people</li> <li>□ 3 to 5 people</li> </ul> How important is it for you to have a	<ul> <li>□ 6 to 10 people</li> <li>□ 11 to 20 people</li> <li>□ More than 20 people</li> <li>a local park, trail, open space, or recreation center within a</li> </ul>
		me (e.g., a 10-minute walk or less)? Please check one box.
	<ul><li>Not at all important</li><li>Somewhat important</li><li>Important</li><li>Very important</li></ul>	
	. Is there a local park, trail, open spac your home (e.g., within a 10-minute w	ce, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance valk or less)? Please check one box.
	<ul> <li>Multiple parks/recreation facilities</li> <li>A single park/recreational facility</li> <li>No parks/recreation facilities</li> </ul>	25
		ome to the place you most often visit for your outdoor
rec	reation? Please check one box.	
	□ Walk	☐ Bus or other public transit
	☐ Bicycle	☐ Taxi/rideshare (i.e., Uber, Lyft)
	☐ Car — driven by friend /family	☐ Other (please specify):
	□ Car – driven by friend/family	

### **Recreation Activities In Your Community**

For the following questions, we are interested in how many <u>different times</u> you participated in different outdoor recreation activities *In Your Community* over the last 12 months. For example, if you walked (with or without a dog) twice in one day, that counts as two times.

Q9. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> non-motorized and electric trail or related activities *In Your Community* during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

	If NO,	please	check here	and skip	to	question <b>Q10.</b>	
--	--------	--------	------------	----------	----	----------------------	--

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the last 12 months.

Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Walking on streets or sidewalks			
Walking on paved paths or natural trails			
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks			
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails			
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks			
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks			
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)			
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks			
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails			
Riding E-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel /other on streets or sidewalks			
Riding E-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel /other on paved paths or natural trails			
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces			

Q10. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following outdoor leisure and sporting activities *In Your Community* during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

П	If NO	nlease	check h	ere and	skin to	question	O11.
	11 140,	picasc	CHCCK H	CI C alla	SKIP LO	question	QII.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in during</u> the past 12 months.

Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Picnicking			
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground			
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)			
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas			
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals			
Golfing			
Tennis (played outdoors)			
Pickleball (played outdoors)			
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)			
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)			
Visiting historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)			

Q11. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following n past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed	-		ommunity during the
$\Box$ If <b>NO</b> , please check here and skip to question	n <b>Q12.</b>		
If <b>YES</b> , please fill out the following table <u>only</u> the past 12 months.	y for the activit	ies that YOU part	<u>icipated in</u> during
Nature study activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)			
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)			
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature			
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing			
<b>Q12.</b> The total area that someone feels is <i>In Your Co</i> the setting (e.g., urban, suburban, or rural commun car, amount of free time, job).	•		•
For the questions you answered above, approximal FURTHEST you considered to still be <i>In Your Comm</i> answer, we are interested in your view on the size of	unity for outdo	oor recreation? (7	There is no 'correct'
<ul><li>□ 0-5 minute drive</li><li>□ 5-10 minute drive</li><li>□ 10-15 minute drive</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 15-20 minu</li><li>□ 20-30 minu</li><li>□ Other: up t</li></ul>		e drive

Q13. Now please tell us about your priorities for the future. What are the outdoor recreation and related programs and equipment you believe <u>city and municipal agencies</u> In Your Community should prioritize for future investments? Please indicate your level of priority with the following investments.

Recreation program investment  In Your Community	Low priority		Medium priority		High priority
Outdoor sports (youth and adult)	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor exercise equipment (e.g. elliptical trainer, stationary bike, rower)	1	2	3	4	5
Fitness classes (e.g., yoga, Tai Chi, Zumba, aerobics, Pilates, water exercise, cross-fit, adult dancing, organized walks)	1	2	3	4	5
Functional strength training (training the body for activities performed in daily life)	1	2	3	4	5
Educational activities (e.g., environmental, health, computer, orientiering and geocaching, historical tours)	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor concerts and movies	1	2	3	4	5
Community gardens	1	2	3	4	5
Farmers' markets	1	2	3	4	5
Seniors' activity centers	1	2	3	4	5
Quiet zones for reading, meditating, or games (e.g., chess, cards)	1	2	3	4	5
Arts and crafts (e.g., ceramics, painting)	1	2	3	4	5
Other community programs (please describe):	1	2	3	4	5

# **Recreation Activities Outside Your Community**

The following sections are about recreation activities that are usually conducted away from your home and *Outside Your Community*, but still in Oregon. These are places you visit to do activities where some travel is involved and that would be difficult to do daily. These places include national and state parks and forests and other recreation lands that are usually managed by state and federal agencies. (Some activities are done both *In Your Community* and *Outside Your Community* – this section applies only to those outside.)

For the following questions, we are interested in how many <u>different days</u> you participated in different outdoor recreation activities *Outside Your Community* over the last 12 months. For example, a 30-minute walk on a non-local nature trail would equal 1-day while a 3-day (2-night) camping trip would equal 3 different days.

Q14. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

☐ If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q15**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Long-distance hiking (back packing)		
Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)		
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-skateboards/ monowheel/ other on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Horseback riding		

Q15. Did you participate in ANY of the following outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside You
Community but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the
table below.

 $\ \square$  If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q16**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to picnic		
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog		
Traveling to golf		
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure		
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals		
Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)		
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)		
Traveling for tennis or pickleball		
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)		

Q16. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following nature-study activities <i>Outside Your Community</i> bu
till in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

If NO.	please	check	here	and	skip	to	question	017
11 110,	picasc	CIICCK	11010	ana	JILID	w	question	QI,

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Nature study activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to go bird watching		
Whale watching		
Exploring tidepools		
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)		
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature		
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)		
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing		
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)		

Q17.	Did you participate in AN	of the following motorized activities Outside Your Community but
still in	Oregon during the past 1	2 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

☐ If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q18**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Motorized activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3 & 4 wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)		
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)		
Class III – Off-road motorcycling		
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by-side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)		
Snowmobiling		
Using personal water craft, such as jet ski		
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)		

Q18. Did you participate in ANY of Community but still in Oregon dur table below.					
☐ If <b>NO</b> , please check here ar	nd skip t	to question <b>Q19.</b>			
If <b>YES</b> , please fill out the fo past 12 months.	llowing	table <u>only for the</u>	activ	vities that YOU participated in	ı during the
Vehicle-based camping activitien Outside Your Community	es	Column A  Number of  different days  you participated in the last 12 months		Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time	
RV/motorhome/trailer camping					
Car camping with a tent					
Yurts or camper cabins					
Q19. Did you participate in ANY of Community but still in Oregon dur table below.   If NO, please check here are still a table for the content of the conten	ing the	past 12 months? Function Q20.	Pleas	se look at all the activities list	ed in the
the past 12 months.	llowing	table <u>only for the</u>	activ	vities that YOU participated in	<u>ı</u> during
Hunting and fishing activities Outside Your Community	<b>d</b> yo	Column A Number of ifferent days u participated e last 12 months	o	Column B Average number of sther household members that participated with you each time	
Hunting – Big game					
Hunting – Small game					
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater					

Fishing - Freshwater

Shellfishing/clamming

Crabbing

Q20. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community but in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

Beach activities include swimming,	, tanning, playing volleyba	ll, and walking or running	on the beach
for exercise.			

☐ If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q21**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting		
Flat-water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating		
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing		
Beach activities – Ocean		
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers		

Q21. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized, snow activities *Outside Your Community* but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Non-motorized, snow activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding		
Cross-country/nordic skiing/skijoring		
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play		
Snowshoeing		

	o camping or have an interest to RV camping in deve						
Q23. For each	Yes, I am interested and Yes, I am interested in a 12 months.  No – If no, please move of the following types of	campin e on to	g, but	t have not ca	amped	d in Ore	egon in the last
this type of ca	of camping/site	•	est ity	Medium priority	Hi <sub>g</sub>	ghest iority need	
DV sites		1		2	4	-	
RV sites	s with heat and lights	1 1	2	3	4	5	
•	s with heat, lights,	1	2	3	4	5	
Drive-in tent s	ite	1	2	3	4	5	
Hike-in tent si	te	1	2	3	4	5	
Hiker-biker sit	es	1	2	3	4	5	
Remote backp	acking sites	1	2	3	4	5	
Drive-in group	site	1	2	3	4	5	
Your Communi Rank (1 Most in Distance	nk how important the foity recreation setting. Ple mportant – 4 Least impor from my home the activity I want to do	ase do	-	_		-	_

# Q25. Now please tell us about your priorities for the future. What are the outdoor recreation facilities and amenities that managers should invest in for the future both *In Your Community* (city/municipal parks, trails, recreation centers) and *Outside Your Community* (state/national parks, forests, rivers)?

For example, if you feel that more paved or hard surface walking paths are a highest priority need In Your Community but only a slight priority Outside Your Community, you indicate 5 in the first column and 2 in the second column for that row.

Need for MORE investment	Priority for outdoor recreation amenities in Oregon 1 = Lowest priority need, 5 = Highest priority need										
in the following items:	In '	Your	Comn	nunit	у		Outside Your				
	Low			Н	igh		Low		nmui	•	ligh
Paved or hard surface walking paths	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Parks and recreation areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Multi-use sports fields	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Picnic areas and shelters for <u>large</u> groups	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Dog parks and off-leash areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Restrooms	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Clean and well-maintained facilities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Free wifi	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Separate areas for older adults to be with others their age	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Public pools and/or waterparks	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5

**❖** Recreation in General: Please answer the remainder of the survey considering recreation both *In Your Community* and *Outside Your Community together.* 

#### **Motivations to Recreate**

Q26: How important were the following motivations for you to participate in your outdoor recreation activities in the last 12 months in Oregon? Please indicate the level of importance associated with the following motivations.

Motivations to recreate	Not at al importar	-	Important		Very important
To improve my physical health	1	2	3	4	5
To improve my mental health	1	2	3	4	5
To do something with my family and/or friends	1	2	3	4	5
To be with others who enjoy the same things I do	1	2	3	4	5
To view the scenic beauty	1	2	3	4	5
To be close to nature	1	2	3	4	5
To get away from the usual demands of life	1	2	3	4	5
To escape noise and crowds	1	2	3	4	5
To relax and recharge	1	2	3	4	5
To experience calm, peace	1	2	3	4	5
To experience adventure/excitement	1	2	3	4	5
For the thrill of it all	1	2	3	4	5
To develop my skills and abilities	1	2	3	4	5
To be challenged	1	2	3	4	5
To develop my personal/spiritual values	1	2	3	4	5
To reflect on who I am	1	2	3	4	5
To learn about the history/culture of an area	1	2	3	4	5
To explore the area and learn about nature	1	2	3	4	5
To gain self-confidence	1	2	3	4	5
To be free and feel independance	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Natural Resource Impacts**

Q29: Outdoor recreation can impact the natural environment. Please indicate the level of priority you believe managers should place on preventing these potential recreation use impacts.

Type of resource impact due to outdoor recreation	Lowest priority				Highest priority
outdoor recreation	<del></del>				<b>&gt;</b>
Soil erosion/compaction (e.g., on trails, campsites, water access areas, visitor centers)	1	2	3	4	5
New trail damage (short cuts, user created trails)	1	2	3	4	5
Vegetation damage (e.g., trampling in campsites, visitor/viewing areas, tree vandalism)	1	2	3	4	5
Spread of invasive weeds	1	2	3	4	5
Wildlife disturbance	1	2	3	4	5
Air pollution	1	2	3	4	5
Water pollution	1	2	3	4	5
Noise pollution	1	2	3	4	5
Light pollution	1	2	3	4	5
Fire risk (causing fires)	1	2	3	4	5
Trash	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Number of Other Visitors**

Q30. Please indicate if and/or how frequently you felt there were too many people (crowding) in the following outdoor recreation locations while recreating in Oregon in the last 12 months.

Crowding both  In and Outside Your Community	Very rarely		Sometimes		Very frequently
How frequently do you feel there are too many people (crowding) <i>In Your Community</i> ? (e.g., local parks, trails, and other outdoor recreation spaces)	1	2	3	4	5
How frequently do you feel there are too many people (crowding) <i>Outside Your Community?</i> (e.g., national and state parks and forests and other recreation lands)	1	2	3	4	5

Q31: Please let us know if you agree or disagree with the following statements about your response to the number of people at outdoor recreation sites in Oregon in the last 12 months? Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Your response to the number of other visitors Both <i>In</i> and <i>Outside Your Community</i>	Strongly disagree		Neither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
	•				<b>→</b>
Crowding reduced my overall satisfaction with outdoor recreation this year	1	2	3	4	5
I like to have some people around as it makes me feel safer	1	2	3	4	5
I go to crowded areas different times of the day or week or off-season to avoid crowds	1	2	3	4	5
I go to different areas and use crowded sites less often	1	2	3	4	5
I enjoy crowds and the social atmosphere	1	2	3	4	5
The best places are always crowded but that doesn't stop me	1	2	3	4	5
I recreate less overall due to crowding	1	2	3	4	5
Other:	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Management Actions**

There are a number of management strategies that can reduce natural resource impacts and perceived crowding.

Q32. How likely are you to <u>support or oppose</u> the following management actions? Please indicate if you support or oppose the following management actions.

❖ This is a broad listing of management options to collect feedback and not a statement of intent to implement any specific strategy.

Management actions	Strongly oppose		Neutral		Strongly support
Expansion of recreation opportunities in existing areas (e.g., new campgrounds, trails, facilities in current parks)	1	2	3	4	5
Secure new areas for outdoor recreation	1	2	3	4	5
Make walking/biking between different parks safer	1	2	3	4	5
Promote low-impact recreation/Leave No Trace	1	2	3	4	5
Require a reservation (instead of first-come, first-served)	1	2	3	4	5
Provide online information on crowding (e.g., real-time parking information, 'best times' to visit)	1	2	3	4	5
Charge a fee or increase the fee	1	2	3	4	5
Zoning to restrict what recreation activities can be done where (e.g., single use trails/areas)	1	2	3	4	5
Limit the number of visitors (e.g., group size limits, establish timed-entry permits)	1	2	3	4	5
Establish 1-way directional trails to reduce contact with other visitors	1	2	3	4	5
Marketing/communicating about 'hidden gems' or less busy areas	1	2	3	4	5
Add parking lots in dispersed areas	1	2	3	4	5
Seasonal site and facility closure	1	2	3	4	5
Increase enforcement of existing rules (e.g., motorized vehicles, campfires, shooting)	1	2	3	4	5
Reduce illegal activities through increased enforcement (e.g., unsanctioned camping, drug/alcohol use)	1	2	3	4	5
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by for-profit guides	1	2	3	4	5
Encourage/allow more guided recreation opportunities by management agency park interpreters	1	2	3	4	5

Q33. Recreation using electronic transportation equipment like e-bikes, e-scooters, e-skateboards, and monowheels are becoming more popular. Additionally, drones are more frequently being flown in natural areas. Please indicate your agreement or disagreement with the following potential management actions.

This is a broad listing of management options to collect feedback and not a statement of intent to implement any specific strategy.

Management actions	Strongly disagree		Neither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be regulated similarly to other motorized equipment (e.g., motorcycles, ATVs)	1	2	3	4	5
Electronic transportation equipment trail use should be limited to paved trails	1	2	3	4	5
Electronic transportation equipment should not be allowed on non-motorized trails	1	2	3	4	5
Guidelines should be developed as to where electronic transportation equipment is allowed in outdoor recreation settings	1	2	3	4	5
I have had conflict with someone using electronic transportation equipment	1	2	3	4	5
Guidelines should be developed as to where drones are allowed in outdoor recreation settings	1	2	3	4	5
I have had a conflict with someone flying a drone in a natural area	1	2	3	4	5
Other	1	2	3	4	5

#### **COVID-19 and Outdoor Recreation**

Q34. How has the COVID-19 pandemic impacted your outdoor recreation participation in the past 12 months in Oregon? Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Outdoor recreation participation	Strongly disagree		Agree		Strongly agree
I do more outdoor recreation overall now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do more outdoor recreation <i>In My Community</i> now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do more outdoor recreation <i>Outside My Community</i> now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do different outdoor recreation activities now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor recreation has helped my mental health during the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor recreation has helped my physical health during the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Other:	1	2	3	4	5

Q34a: If you do any new outdoor recreation activities that you did not do prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, please list them below. (List up to 3 new activities)

1.	
2.	
3.	

#### Where You Get Your Recreation Information

Q35. How important are the following sources when you are seeking outdoor recreation information in Oregon? Please indicate how important the following information sources are to you.

Information Sources	Not at a importa		Important		xtremely
Friends/relatives/word of mouth	1	2	3	4	5
Websites	1	2	3	4	5
Pinterest	1	2	3	4	5
Facebook	1	2	3	4	5
Instagram	1	2	3	4	5
Twitter	1	2	3	4	5
Snapchat	1	2	3	4	5
Mobile/smart phone applications (e.g., Strava, MapMyRun)	1	2	3	4	5
Video sharing platforms (e.g., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	1	2	3	4	5
Community organizations like school or church	1	2	3	4	5
Television/radio	1	2	3	4	5
Travel guide/tour book/newspaper/magazine article	1	2	3	4	5
Maps/brochures	1	2	3	4	5
Visitor or welcome centers	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Recreation Activity Intensity**

In this section, please tell us a little about your recreation intensity. All responses to these questions, and others in the survey, are completely confidential. Only average scores will be reported.

Q36. We would like to understand your recreation-related physical activity level during a typical week. Please check all of the activity levels below that apply to you and record how often and how long (on average) for each. Or check "I am not physically active" if none of them apply to you.

<b>Vigorous</b> -intensity aerobic activity, such as jogging, running, mountain or road biking, aerobic dancing (Zumba), jumping rope, etc.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
<b>Moderate</b> -intensity aerobic activity, such as brisk walking, water aerobics, golf, biking, kayaking, etc.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
<b>Leisure-walking activity</b> of at least 10 minutes for the purpose of getting someplace, walking the dog, and for fun and relaxation.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
I am <b>not physically active</b> .

#### Demographics

Q37. W	hat is your current employment status?	
	Full-time paid Part-time paid Volunteer, unpaid Retired and not looking for paid or volunte Retired and looking for paid or volunteer e Unemployed and not looking for paid or volunteer paid paid paid paid paid paid paid paid	mployment llunteer employment
Q38. W	hat year were you born?	
Q39. W	hat is your gender?	
Q40. In	Male Female Non-binary Self describe  cluding yourself, how many people regular (write 0 for children if there are no childre	ly live in your household? Please write in the numbe
Adults, i	ncluding yourself C	hildren, 17 years old and younger
	ould you describe the area where you live a Urban Suburban Rural That is the highest educational degree you h	
П	Did not complete high school	☐ Associate degree
	High school diploma (or equivalency)	☐ Bachelor degree
	Some college, but no degree	☐ Graduate or professional degree
Q43. W	hat language is spoken most in your home	?
	English Spanish Other (please specify):	
Q44. Aı	re you of Spanish / Hispanic / Latino heritag	ge?
	Yes No	
Q45. Pl	ease select one or more of the following ca	tegories that best describe your race.
	Black / African American American Indian or Alaska Native	<ul><li>□ Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander</li><li>□ White / European American</li></ul>

☐ Asian	☐ Mixed race☐ Other		
Q46. What is your household's tota regularly live in your household and other sources.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$15,000 to \$24,999	<ul><li>□ \$25,000 to \$34,999</li><li>□ \$35,000 to \$49,999</li><li>□ \$50,000 to \$74,999</li></ul>		□ \$75,000 to \$99,999 □ \$100,000 to \$149,999 □ \$150,000 or more
Q47. Do you, or anyone in your hou	sehold, have a disability?		
<ul> <li>□ No – please skip the remainin</li> <li>□ Yes → if yes, what type of distribution</li> </ul>		☐ Sight	below.
Q48. Does the disability hamper yo outdoors in Oregon?	ur ability, or the ability of other	rs in your hou	sehold, to recreate
<ul><li>☐ Yes</li><li>☐ No – please skip the remain</li></ul>	ing question and write any gene	eral comment	s below.
improve your recreational experient  No Yes – please describe what o			
Q50. Are there things that park and outdoor recreation experiences in C would like mangers to do.  1	Pregon? If so, please list in order		
Thank you for completing this surve recreation in Oregon below.	y. Please write any other comn	nents you ha	ve about outdoor

#### **Appendix B – Resident Survey, Version 2 (English)**

# Outdoor Recreation in Oregon











An Evaluation Conducted by:



#### Introduction

Outdoor recreation includes a wide variety of things you may do outdoors in your free time. Activities such as walking your dog, cycling on sidewalks, trails, and roads, relaxing at your local park, picnicking with family and friends, fishing and hunting, boating, camping, bird watching, sightseeing, playing outdoor sports like golf and tennis, attending outdoor concerts, are some of the many examples of outdoor recreation.

In this survey we are interested in your outdoor recreation preferences and the activities **YOU** have done near your home or anywhere in Oregon.

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	n did you participate in <u>any</u> outdoor rec for the category that fits best.	reation activity in Oregon in the last 12 months?
	Once a week or more	
	A few times a month	
	A few times a year	
	At least once per year	
	Never	
<b>Q2. Please ind</b> Check all that o		created in Oregon during the last 12 months.
	Local/city parks	
	County parks	
	State parks, forest, or game lands	
	National parks, forests, and recreation	areas
	Private/commercial recreation areas	
	Other (Please specify:	)

#### **Recreation Availability In Your Community**

The following sections are about recreation activities that are generally done around your home, in your neighborhood, or locally *In Your Community*. These are activities you could do daily or weekly relatively close to your home in parks, on trails, and other outdoor recreation spaces. City and municipal park agencies usually manage these locations.

<b>*</b>	We ask you questions about activiti	es Outside Your Community later in the survey.
Q3	. Have you been to a local park, trail,	open space, or recreation center in the last 12 months?
	□ Yes	
	$\square$ No (Please skip to Q6)	
	. When you go to a local park, trail, o ase check all that apply.	pen space, or recreation center, who do you usually go with?
	□ Alone	☐ Organized group
	☐ Just family	□ Dog(s)
	☐ Just friends	Other (please specify):
	☐ Both family and friends at the sai	
	. How many people will typically be i reation center? Please check one box.	in your group when you go to a local park, trail, open space, o
	☐ 1 person (alone)	☐ 6 to 10 people
	☐ 2 people	☐ 11 to 20 people
	☐ 3 to 5 people	☐ More than 20 people
cor	mfortable walking distance of your ho  ☐ Not at all important ☐ Somewhat important ☐ Important ☐ Very important	ome (e.g., a 10-minute walk or less)? Please check one box.
	. Is there a local park, trail, open spa your home (e.g., within a 10-minute v	ce, or recreation center within a comfortable walking distance walk or less)? Please check one box.
	<ul><li>☐ Multiple parks/recreation facilitie</li><li>☐ A single park/recreational facility</li><li>☐ No parks/recreation facilities</li></ul>	
		ome to the place you most often visit for your outdoor
rec	reation? Please check one box.	
	□ Walk	☐ Bus or other public transit
	☐ Bicycle	☐ Taxi/rideshare (i.e., Uber, Lyft)
	☐ Car — drive myself	☐ Other (please specify):
	□ Car – driven by friend/family	

#### **Recreation Activities In Your Community**

For the following questions, we are interested in how many <u>different times</u> you participated in different outdoor recreation activities *In Your Community* over the last 12 months. For example, if you walked (with or without a dog) twice in one day, that counts as two times.

Q9. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> non-motorized and electric trail or related activities *In Your Community* during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

	If NO,	please check here and skip to question <b>Q10</b> .	
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If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the last 12 months.

Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Walking on streets or sidewalks			
Walking on paved paths or natural trails			
Jogging or running on streets or sidewalks			
Jogging or running on paved paths or natural trails			
Riding non-powered scooters/skateboards on streets or sidewalks			
Pedaling bicycles on streets or sidewalks			
Pedaling bicycles on paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)			
Riding E-bikes on streets or sidewalks			
Riding E-bikes on paved paths or natural trails			
Riding E-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel /other on streets or sidewalks			
Riding E-scooters/e-skateboards/monowheel /other on paved paths or natural trails			
Flying drones in local parks or open spaces			

Q10. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following outdoor leisure and sporting activities *In Your Community* during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

If NO, please check here and skip to question Q11.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in during</u> the past 12 months.

Outdoor leisure and sporting activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Picnicking			
Taking children or grandchildren to a playground			
Nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)			
Going to dog parks or off-leash areas			
Attending outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals			
Golfing			
Tennis (played outdoors)			
Pickleball (played outdoors)			
Outdoor court games other than tennis/pickleball (e.g., basketball, badminton, futsal, beach volleyball)			
Field sports (e.g., soccer, softball, baseball, football, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)			
Visiting historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)			

Q11. Did you participate in ANY of the following n past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed	-		ommunity during the			
$\Box$ If <b>NO</b> , please check here and skip to questio	n <b>Q12.</b>					
If <b>YES</b> , please fill out the following table <u>only</u> the past 12 months.	y for the activit	ies that YOU part	<u>icipated in</u> during			
Nature study activities In Your Community	Column A Number of times you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of minutes you participated during a typical occasion	Column C Average number of other household members that participated with you each time			
Nature observation (e.g., birds, other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)						
Visiting nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)						
Taking children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature						
Outdoor photography, painting, or drawing						
Q12. The total area that someone feels is <i>In Your Community</i> for outdoor recreation may be based on the setting (e.g., urban, suburban, or rural community) and on individual circumstances (e.g., access to a car, amount of free time, job).						
For the questions you answered above, approxima FURTHEST you considered to still be <i>In Your Commanswer</i> , we are interested in your view on the size of	unity for outdo	oor recreation? (7	There is no 'correct'			
<ul><li>□ 0-5 minute drive</li><li>□ 5-10 minute drive</li><li>□ 10-15 minute drive</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 15-20 minu</li><li>□ 20-30 minu</li><li>□ Other: up t</li></ul>		e drive			

Q13. Now please tell us about your priorities for the future. What are the outdoor recreation and related programs and equipment you believe <u>city and municipal agencies</u> In Your Community should prioritize for future investments? Please indicate your level of priority with the following investments.

Recreation program investment  In Your Community	Low priority		Medium priority		High priority
Outdoor sports (youth and adult)	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor exercise equipment (e.g. elliptical trainer, stationary bike, rower)	1	2	3	4	5
Fitness classes (e.g., yoga, Tai Chi, Zumba, aerobics, Pilates, water exercise, cross-fit, adult dancing, organized walks)	1	2	3	4	5
Functional strength training (training the body for activities performed in daily life)	1	2	3	4	5
Educational activities (e.g., environmental, health, computer, orientiering and geocaching, historical tours)	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor concerts and movies	1	2	3	4	5
Community gardens	1	2	3	4	5
Farmers' markets	1	2	3	4	5
Seniors' activity centers	1	2	3	4	5
Quiet zones for reading, meditating, or games (e.g., chess, cards)	1	2	3	4	5
Arts and crafts (e.g., ceramics, painting)	1	2	3	4	5
Other community programs (please describe):	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Recreation Activities Outside Your Community**

The following sections are about recreation activities that are usually conducted away from your home and *Outside Your Community*, but still in Oregon. These are places you visit to do activities where some travel is involved and that would be difficult to do daily. These places include national and state parks and forests and other recreation lands that are usually managed by state and federal agencies. (Some activities are done both *In Your Community* and *Outside Your Community* – this section applies only to those outside.)

For the following questions, we are interested in how many <u>different days</u> you participated in different outdoor recreation activities *Outside Your Community* over the last 12 months. For example, a 30-minute walk on a non-local nature trail would equal 1-day while a 3-day (2-night) camping trip would equal 3 different days.

Q14. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

☐ If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q15**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Non-motorized and electric trail or related activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to walk/hike on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Long-distance hiking (back packing)		
Traveling to jog or run on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Traveling to pedal bicycles on non-local paved paths or natural trails (including mountain biking)		
Traveling to ride e-bikes on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Traveling to ride e-scooters/e-skateboards/ monowheel/ other on non-local paved paths or natural trails		
Horseback riding		

Q15. Did you participate in ANY of the following outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside You
Community but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the
table below.

 $\ \square$  If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q16**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Outdoor leisure and sporting activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to picnic		
Traveling to off-leash areas/hike with your dog		
Traveling to golf		
Sightseeing/driving or motorcycling for pleasure		
Traveling to attend outdoor concerts, fairs, or festivals		
Traveling to historic sites or history-themed parks (e.g., history-oriented museums, outdoor displays, visitor centers)		
Traveling for nature immersion (e.g., relaxing, hanging out, escaping heat or noise)		
Traveling for tennis or pickleball		
Traveling for other outdoor sports (e.g., basketball, soccer, baseball, disc-golf, badminton, beach volleyball)		

Q16. Did you participate in ANY of the following nature-study activities Outside Your Community bu	t
still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.	

 $\hfill \square$  If NO, please check here and skip to question Q17.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Nature study activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Traveling to go bird watching		
Whale watching		
Exploring tidepools		
Traveling for nature observation (e.g., other wildlife, forests, wildflowers)		
Traveling with children or grandchildren to nature settings to explore and/or learn about nature		
Traveling to nature centers (e.g., zoo, botanical garden, arboretum)		
Traveling to do outdoor photography, painting, or drawing		
Traveling for collecting/foraging (e.g., rocks, plants, mushrooms, or berries)		

Q17.	id you participate in ANY of the following motorized activities Outside Your Com	<i>munity</i> but
still in	Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the tak	ole below.

☐ If **NO**, please check here and skip to question **Q18**.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Motorized activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Class I – All-terrain vehicle riding (3 & 4 wheel ATVs, straddle seat and handle-bars)		
Class II – Off-road 4-wheel driving (jeeps, pick-ups, dune buggies, SUVs)		
Class III – Off-road motorcycling		
Class IV – Riding UTVs or side-by-side ATVs (non-straddle seat, driver and passenger sit side-by-side in the vehicle, steering wheel for steering control)		
Snowmobiling		
Using personal water craft, such as jet ski		
Power-boating (cruising or water skiing)	_	

Q18. Did you participate in ANY o Community but still in Oregon dur table below.		-			
☐ If <b>NO</b> , please check here a	nd skip t	to question <b>Q19.</b>			
If <b>YES</b> , please fill out the for past 12 months.	llowing	table <u>only for the</u>	<u>activ</u>	vities that YOU participated in	n during the
Vehicle-based camping activiti Outside Your Community	es	Column A  Number of  different days  you participated in the last 12 mon	d	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time	
RV/motorhome/trailer camping					
Car camping with a tent					
Yurts or camper cabins					
Q19. Did you participate in ANY of Community but still in Oregon dure table below.   If NO, please check here and If YES, please fill out the for the past 12 months.	r <b>ing the</b>	past 12 months?	Plea	_	ed in the
Hunting and fishing activities Outside Your Community  Column A  Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months  Column B  Average number of other household members that participated with you each time					
Hunting – Big game					
Hunting – Small game					
Fishing – Ocean/saltwater					
Fishing - Freshwater					
Crabbing					

Shellfishing/clamming

Q20. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized water-based and beach activities *Outside Your Community* but in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

Beach activities include swimming,	, tanning, playing volleyba	ll, and walking or running	on the beach
for exercise.			

If NO.	please che	ck here a	nd skin to	question (	021.
11 110,	picase circ	CK HELE a	HU SKIP LO	question	QZI.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the past 12 months.

Non-motorized, water-based and beach activities Outside Your Community	Column A  Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
White-water canoeing, kayaking, or rafting		
Flat-water canoeing, sea kayaking, rowing, stand-up paddling, tubing, floating		
Wind-surfing/kiteboarding/sailing		
Beach activities – Ocean		
Beach activities – Lakes, reservoirs, rivers		

## Q21. Did you participate in <u>ANY</u> of the following non-motorized, snow activities *Outside Your Community* but still in Oregon during the past 12 months? Please look at all the activities listed in the table below.

If **YES**, please fill out the following table <u>only for the activities that YOU participated in</u> during the 12 months.

Non-motorized, snow activities Outside Your Community	Column A Number of different days you participated in the last 12 months	Column B Average number of other household members that participated with you each time
Downhill (alpine) skiing or snowboarding		
Cross-country/nordic skiing/skijoring		
Sledding, tubing, or general snow play		
Snowshoeing		

<b>Q22.</b> Do you go camping or have an interior in the wilderness to RV camping in devel						
<ul> <li>Yes, I am interested and</li> <li>Yes, I am interested in one</li> <li>12 months.</li> <li>No − If no, please move</li> </ul> Q23. For each of the following types of one	ampin	g, but quest	have not ca	imped	d in Or	egon in the last
this type of camping <i>Outside Your Comm</i>	•	•	ease muicat	e wiie	etner t	iere is a fleed for more of
Type of camping/site	Lowe priori need		Medium priority	pri	ghest iority need	
	<b>—</b>			<b>→</b>	•	
RV sites	1	2	3	4	5	
Cabins or yurts with heat and lights	1	2	3	4	5	
Cabins or yurts with heat, lights, bathroom, and kitchen	1	2	3	4	5	
Drive-in tent site	1	2	3	4	5	
Hike-in tent site	1	2	3	4	5	
Hiker-biker sites	1	2	3	4	5	
Remote backpacking sites	1	2	3	4	5	
Drive-in group site	1	2	3	4	5	
Q24. Please rank how important the fol Your Community recreation setting. Please Rank (1 Most important – 4 Least importate—— Distance from my home —— Based on the activity I want to do —— The natural environment —— Built facilities and trails	ase do		_		-	

# Q25. Now please tell us about your priorities for the future. What are the outdoor recreation facilities and amenities that managers should invest in for the future both *In Your Community* (city/municipal parks, trails, recreation centers) and *Outside Your Community* (state/national parks, forests, rivers)?

For example, if you feel that more paved or hard surface walking paths are a highest priority need In Your Community but only a slight priority Outside Your Community, you indicate 5 in the first column and 2 in the second column for that row.

Need for MORE investment		Priority for outdoor recreation amenities in Oregon 1 = Lowest priority need, 5 = Highest priority need										
in the following items:	In Your Community						Outside Your Community					
	Low			н	igh				High			
Paved or hard surface walking paths	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Natural/dirt or other soft surface walking trails	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Off-street bicycle paved paths or natural trails	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Parks and recreation areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Children's playgrounds and family-friendly areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Accessibility and opportunities for people with disabilities (e.g., trails for hand cycles or trail chairs)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Multi-use sports fields	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Picnic areas and shelters for small groups	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Picnic areas and shelters for <u>large</u> groups	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Nature and wildlife viewing areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Designated paddling routes for canoes, kayaks, rafts, and drift boats with public access sites to waterways	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Dog parks and off-leash areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Off-highway vehicle trails/areas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Information on parks and recreation opportunities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Officers/law enforcement in uniform	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Lighting and/or security cameras in key places	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Restrooms	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Clean and well-maintained facilities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Free wifi	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Directional signs and details about trails (e.g., distance, difficulty, elevation gain) at the trailhead	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Separate areas for older adults to be with others their age	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Free-of-charge recreation opportunities	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Public pools and/or waterparks	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	
Beautification projects (e.g., fountains, ponds, landscaping, waterfalls)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5	

**❖** Recreation in General: Please answer the remainder of the survey considering recreation both *In Your Community* and *Outside Your Community together.* 

#### **Things that Potentially Limit Recreation**

Q27. Constraints are those factors that potentially restrict or limit our participation in outdoor recreation.

Please indicate the extent to which you <u>agree or disagree</u> with the following statements on general constraints that may limit your participation.

General constraints that may limit your participation	Strongly disagree		Neither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
There are not enough nearby places to go (travel distance)	1	2	3	4	5
I do not have enough time due to family commitments	1	2	3	4	5
I do not have enough time due to work	1	2	3	4	5
I choose to do other things during my free time	1	2	3	4	5
Use/entrance fees are too high	1	2	3	4	5
The overall cost of trips to visit natural areas is too high	1	2	3	4	5
I do not have the gear, equipment, or appropriate clothing	1	2	3	4	5
There are too many people/it is too crowded	1	2	3	4	5
There are not enough facilities (picnic tables, shelters, playground equipment, group)	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of walking routes to parks and recreation areas	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of information about opportunities and places to go	1	2	3	4	5
Transportation to recreation settings is difficult	1	2	3	4	5
I avoid places where dogs are off-leash	1	2	3	4	5
Requiring a permit restricts my participation	1	2	3	4	5
There is limited or unsecure parking	1	2	3	4	5
It is difficult to find available sites on the reservation system (everything is booked)	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of information about which locations have accessible features (for those with disabilities)	1	2	3	4	5
I visit less because there is a lack of accessible features	1	2	3	4	5

## Please indicate the extent to which you <u>agree or disagree</u> with the following statements on social constraints that may limit your participation.

Personal or social constraints that may limit your participation	Strongly disagree		Neither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
I have no one to go with/lack of support	1	2	3	4	5
I do not feel welcome or comfortable	1	2	3	4	5
My concern about getting injured	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of cultural events	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of group or club activities I could join	1	2	3	4	5
Discrimination of any kind	1	2	3	4	5
I don't see people like me in their advertising or working there	1	2	3	4	5
I am not really that interested in outdoor recreation	1	2	3	4	5
There are language barriers for me (signs, website, staff)	1	2	3	4	5
Not having the appropriate skills or experience to feel comfortable.	1	2	3	4	5
Lack of personal security (from others)	1	2	3	4	5
There is a lack of traffic safety at recreation areas	1	2	3	4	5
My personal health is a limiting factor for me	1	2	3	4	5
The lack of service from area employees	1	2	3	4	5
The presence of unsheltered/homeless persons on-site	1	2	3	4	5
The presence of (or extra attention from) officers/law enforcement in uniform	1	2	3	4	5

### Please indicate the extent to which you <u>agree or disagree</u> with the following statements on natural setting constraints that may limit your participation.

Natural setting constraints that may limit your participation	Strongly disagree		Neither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
I am concerned about the potential of fire danger while out recreating	1	2	3	4	5
Health issues related to smoke from forest fires meant I visited less	1	2	3	4	5
A wildfire that destroyed, impacted, or closed sites kept me from visiting	1	2	3	4	5
I am concerned about excessive heat	1	2	3	4	5
The sanitation issue of encountering human waste influences my visitation	1	2	3	4	5
I am afraid of getting hurt by wildlife	1	2	3	4	5
Low water levels (e.g., dry docks, stream and bank damage, no access) meant I visited less	1	2	3	4	5
I am concerned about rain or flooding	1	2	3	4	5
I am concerned about cold or snow	1	2	3	4	5

#### **Overcoming Constraints**

Q28. When feeling constrained, we sometimes develop ways to overcome them and recreate anyway. Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Overcoming constraints that limit your participation	Strongly disagree		leither agree nor disagree		Strongly agree
I try to budget money for recreation	1	2	3	4	5
I spend less money on other free-time activities	1	2	3	4	5
I have found recreation areas where I feel comfortable	1	2	3	4	5
I bring other people to make me feel safer	1	2	3	4	5
I get the latest information on natural hazards/conditions before I go on a trip	1	2	3	4	5
I actively try to learn new skills	1	2	3	4	5
I joined a recreation club or go with a guide	1	2	3	4	5
I make time for recreation, trading off time spent on other leisure activities	1	2	3	4	5
I found others with my same interests	1	2	3	4	5
In the past, I have been successful getting around the constraints to my outdoor recreation	1	2	3	4	5
I already recreate as much as I want	1	2	3	4	5

### **COVID-19 and Outdoor Recreation**

Q34. How has the COVID-19 pandemic impacted your outdoor recreation participation in the past 12 months in Oregon? Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Outdoor recreation participation	Strongly disagree		Agree		Strongly agree
I do more outdoor recreation overall now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do more outdoor recreation <i>In My Community</i> now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do more outdoor recreation <i>Outside My Community</i> now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
I do different outdoor recreation activities now than I did prior to the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor recreation has helped my mental health during the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Outdoor recreation has helped my physical health during the pandemic	1	2	3	4	5
Other:	1	2	3	4	5

Q34a: If you do any new outdoor recreation activities that you did not do prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, please list them below. (List up to 3 new activities)

4.	
5.	
6.	

### Where You Get Your Recreation Information

Q35. How important are the following sources when you are seeking outdoor recreation information in Oregon? Please indicate how important the following information sources are to you.

Information Sources	Not at a importa		Important		xtremely
Friends/relatives/word of mouth	1	2	3	4	5
Websites	1	2	3	4	5
Pinterest	1	2	3	4	5
Facebook	1	2	3	4	5
Instagram	1	2	3	4	5
Twitter	1	2	3	4	5
Snapchat	1	2	3	4	5
Mobile/smart phone applications (e.g., Strava, MapMyRun)	1	2	3	4	5
Video sharing platforms (e.g., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	1	2	3	4	5
Community organizations like school or church	1	2	3	4	5
Television/radio	1	2	3	4	5
Travel guide/tour book/newspaper/magazine article	1	2	3	4	5
Maps/brochures	1	2	3	4	5
Visitor or welcome centers	1	2	3	4	5

### **Recreation Activity Intensity**

In this section, please tell us a little about your recreation intensity. All responses to these questions, and others in the survey, are completely confidential. Only average scores will be reported.

Q36. We would like to understand your recreation-related physical activity level during a typical week. Please check all of the activity levels below that apply to you and record how often and how long (on average) for each. Or check "I am not physically active" if none of them apply to you.

<b>Vigorous</b> -intensity aerobic activity, such as jogging, running, mountain or road biking, aerobic dancing (Zumba), jumping rope, etc.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
<b>Moderate</b> -intensity aerobic activity, such as brisk walking, water aerobics, golf, biking kayaking, etc.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
<b>Leisure-walking activity</b> of at least 10 minutes for the purpose of getting someplace, walking the dog, and for fun and relaxation.
Average number of <b>times</b> per week.
Average number of <b>minutes</b> you participated during a typical occasion.
I am <b>not physically active</b> .

## Demographics

Q37. W	hat is your current employment status?	
	Full-time paid Part-time paid Volunteer, unpaid Retired and not looking for paid or volunte Retired and looking for paid or volunteer e Unemployed and not looking for paid or volunteer paid paid paid paid paid paid paid paid	mployment llunteer employment
Q38. W	hat year were you born?	
Q39. W	hat is your gender?	
Q40. In	Male Female Non-binary Self describe  cluding yourself, how many people regular (write 0 for children if there are no childre	ly live in your household? Please write in the numbe
Adults, i	ncluding yourself C	hildren, 17 years old and younger
	ould you describe the area where you live a Urban Suburban Rural That is the highest educational degree you h	
П	Did not complete high school	☐ Associate degree
	High school diploma (or equivalency)	☐ Bachelor degree
	Some college, but no degree	☐ Graduate or professional degree
Q43. W	hat language is spoken most in your home	?
	English Spanish Other (please specify):	
Q44. Aı	re you of Spanish / Hispanic / Latino heritag	ge?
	Yes No	
Q45. Pl	ease select one or more of the following ca	tegories that best describe your race.
	Black / African American American Indian or Alaska Native	<ul><li>□ Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander</li><li>□ White / European American</li></ul>

☐ Asian	☐ Mixed race☐ Other		
Q46. What is your household's tota regularly live in your household and other sources.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
☐ Less than \$10,000 ☐ \$10,000 to \$14,999 ☐ \$15,000 to \$24,999	<ul><li>□ \$25,000 to \$34,999</li><li>□ \$35,000 to \$49,999</li><li>□ \$50,000 to \$74,999</li></ul>		□ \$75,000 to \$99,999 □ \$100,000 to \$149,999 □ \$150,000 or more
Q47. Do you, or anyone in your hou	sehold, have a disability?		
<ul> <li>□ No – please skip the remainin</li> <li>□ Yes → if yes, what type of dis</li> </ul>		☐ Sight	below.
Q48. Does the disability hamper yo outdoors in Oregon?	ur ability, or the ability of other	rs in your hou	sehold, to recreate
<ul><li>☐ Yes</li><li>☐ No – please skip the remain</li></ul>	ing question and write any gene	eral comment	s below.
improve your recreational experient  No Yes – please describe what o			
Q50. Are there things that park and outdoor recreation experiences in C would like mangers to do.  1	Pregon? If so, please list in order		
Thank you for completing this surve recreation in Oregon below.	y. Please write any other comn	nents you ha	ve about outdoor

# **Appendix C – Resident Survey, All Questions (Spanish)**

# Actividades Recreativas al Aire Libre en Oregón











Evaluación realizada por:



### Introducción

Las actividades recreativas al aire libre incluyen una gran variedad de cosas que puede hacer en su tiempo libre. Actividades como pasear su perro, ir en bicicleta por las aceras, senderos y carreteras, relajarse en el parque local, hacer un pícnic con la familia y los amigos, pescar y cazar, navegar, acampar, observar aves, hacer turismo, practicar deportes al aire libre, como el golf y el tenis y asistir a conciertos al aire libre son algunos de los muchos ejemplos de actividades recreativas al aire libre.

En esta encuesta estamos interesados en sus preferencias de recreación al aire libre y en las actividades que <u>USTED</u> ha realizado cerca de su casa o en cualquier lugar de Oregón.

•	frecuencia participó en <u>alguna</u> actividad recreativa al aire libre en Oregón en los últimos rque la casilla de la categoría que mejor se ajuste.
	Una vez a la semana o más
	Unas cuantas veces al mes
	Unas cuantas veces al año
	Al menos una vez al año
	Nunca
•	dos los tipos de lugares en los que se ha recreado en Oregón durante los últimos 12
meses. Marque	e todas las que correspondan.
	Parques locales/de la ciudad
	Parques del condado
	Parques estatales, bosques o terrenos de caza
	Parques nacionales, bosques y áreas de recreación
	Áreas recreativas privadas/comerciales
	Otros (especifique:

## Disponibilidad de actividades recreativas en su comunidad

Las siguientes secciones se refieren a las actividades recreativas que generalmente se realizan en los alrededores de su casa, en su vecindario o *en su comunidad*. Se trata de actividades que puede realizar a diario o semanalmente relativamente cerca de su casa en parques, senderos y otros espacios recreativos al aire libre. Las agencias municipales de parques suelen administrar estos lugares.

<b>*</b>	Más adelante en la encuesta le pregunta	remos sobre las actividades fuera de su comunidad.
P3.	. ¿Ha estado en un parque, sendero, espacio	abierto o centro recreativo local en los últimos 12 meses?
	□ Sí	
	□ No (Pase a la P6)	
	• • •	bierto o centro recreativo local, ¿con quién suele ir? Marque
τοα	das las opciones que correspondan.	
	☐ Solo(a)	☐ Grupo organizado
	☐ Solo con la familia	□ Perro(s)
	□ Solo amigos	☐ Otros (especifique):
	☐ Familia y amigos a la vez	
P5.	. ¿Cuántas personas suele haber en su grupo	o cuando acude a un parque, sendero, espacio abierto o
cen	ntro recreativo local? Marque una casilla.	
	☐ 1 persona (sola)	☐ De 6 a 10 personas
	□ 2 personas	☐ De 11 a 20 personas
	☐ De 3 a 5 personas	☐ Más de 20 personas
	·	•
		n parque local, un sendero, un espacio abierto o un centro o. ej., 10 minutos a pie o menos)? <i>Marque una casilla</i> .
	☐ Nada importante	
	☐ Algo importante	
	☐ Importante	
	☐ Muy importante	
	<ul> <li>¿Hay algún parque local, un sendero, un es su casa (p. ej., 10 minutos a pie o menos)? /</li> </ul>	pacio abierto o un centro recreativo a una distancia cómoda Marque una casilla.
	☐ Múltiples parques/instalaciones recreat	ivas
	☐ Un solo parque/instalación recreativa	ivas
	☐ Ningún parque/instalación recreativa	
	- Timbur parque, instalución recreativa	
	<u>-</u>	ta el lugar que visita con más frecuencia para realizar sus
act	tividades recreativas al aire libre? Marque un	na casilla.
	☐ A pie	<ul> <li>Autobús u otro transporte público</li> </ul>
	☐ Bicicleta	☐ Taxi/compartido (p. ej., Uber, Lyft)
	☐ Coche - conducir yo mismo(a)	Otro (especifique):
	☐ Coche (conducido por un amigo/familia	r)

#### Actividades recreativas en su comunidad

Para las siguientes preguntas, nos interesa saber cuántas veces ha participado <u>en diferentes</u> actividades recreativas al aire libre *en su comunidad* durante los últimos 12 meses. Por ejemplo, si ha caminado (con o sin su perro) dos veces en un día, eso cuenta como dos veces.

P9. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> actividad relacionada con los senderos no motorizados y eléctricos en *su comunidad* durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí y pase a la pregunta <b>P10</b> .
Si la respuesta es <b>SÍ</b> , llene la siguiente tabla <u>solo para las actividades en las que USTED participó</u>
durante los últimos 12 meses.

Actividades relacionadas con los senderos no motorizados y eléctricos <i>en su comunidad</i>	Columna A Cantidad de veces que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de minutos que participó en una ocasión típica	Columna C Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Caminar por calles o aceras			
Caminar por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales			
Correr por calles o aceras			
Correr por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales			
Montar en patinetas/patines sin motor en calles o aceras			
Pedalear en bicicleta en las calles o aceras			
Pedalear en bicicleta en caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales (incluyendo el ciclismo de montaña)			
Andar en bicicletas eléctricas en calles o aceras			
Andar en bicicletas eléctricas por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales			
Montar en patinetas electrónicas/patines electrónicos/monopatines/otros en calles o aceras			
Montar en motocicletas eléctricas/patines/monopatines/otros en caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales			
Volar drones en parques locales o espacios abiertos			

P10. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades de recreación o deportivas al aire libre *en su comunidad* durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

	Si la respuesta	es NO, n	narque aq	ιμί y pase a	la	pregunta <b>P11.</b>
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Actividades deportivas y de recreación al aire libre <i>en su comunidad</i>	Columna A Cantidad de veces que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de minutos que participó en una ocasión típica	Columna C Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Hacer un pícnic			
Llevar a los hijos o a los nietos a un parque infantil			
Exploración de la naturaleza (p. ej., relajarse, pasar el rato, escapar del calor o del ruido)			
Ir a parques para perros o a zonas de mascotas sin correa			
Asistir a conciertos, ferias o festivales al aire libre			
Jugar golf			
Tenis (al aire libre)			
Pickleball (al aire libre)			
Juegos en pista al aire libre distintos del tenis/pickleball (p. ej., baloncesto, bádminton, fútbol sala, voleibol de playa)			
Deportes de campo (p. ej., fútbol, sóftbol, béisbol, fútbol americano, ultimate frisbee, disc-golf, lacrosse)			
Visitar lugares históricos o parques con temática histórica (p. ej., museos de historia, exposiciones al aire libre, centros de visitantes)			

P11. ¿Participó en <u>alguna</u> de las siguientes actividades de estudio de la naturaleza <i>en su comunidad</i> durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.						
☐ Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí y pase a la pregunta <b>P12.</b>						
Si la respuesta es <b>SÍ</b> , llene la siguiente tabla <u>solo para las actividades en las que USTED participó</u> durante los últimos 12 meses.						
Actividades de estudio de la naturaleza <i>en su</i> comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de veces que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de minutos que participó en una ocasión típica	Columna C Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez			
Observación de la naturaleza (p. ej., aves, otros animales salvajes, bosques, flores silvestres)						
Visitar centros naturales (p. ej., zoológico, jardín botánico, arboreto)						
Llevar a los hijos o nietos a entornos naturales para explorar y/o aprender sobre la naturaleza						
Fotografiar, pintar o dibujar al aire libre						
<b>P12.</b> La superficie total que alguien considera que está <i>en su comunidad</i> para la recreación al aire libre puede depender del entorno (p. ej., comunidad urbana, suburbana o rural) y de las circunstancias individuales (p. ej., acceso a un coche, cantidad de tiempo libre, trabajo).						
Para las preguntas que ha respondido anteriormente, ¿aproximadamente a cuántos minutos en coche consideraría que está todavía <i>en su comunidad</i> para realizar actividades recreativas al aire libre? (No hay una respuesta "correcta"; nos interesa <b>su visión</b> sobre el tamaño de su comunidad para la recreación al aire libre).						
☐ De 0 a 5 minutos de viaje ☐ De 15 a 20 minutos de viaje						
<ul><li>□ De 5 a 10 minutos de viaje</li><li>□ De 10 a 15 minutos de viaje</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ De 20 a 30 minutos de viaje</li><li>□ Otro: hasta minutos de viaje</li></ul>					

P13. Ahora, díganos cuáles son sus prioridades para el futuro. ¿Cuáles son los programas y equipamientos de recreación al aire libre que cree que los <u>organismos municipales y de la ciudad</u> en su comunidad deberían priorizar para futuras inversiones? Indique su nivel de prioridad con las siguientes inversiones.

Inversión en programas de recreación en su comunidad	Prioridad baja		Prioridad media		Prioridad alta
	<del>-</del>				$\longrightarrow$
Deportes al aire libre (jóvenes y adultos)	1	2	3	4	5
Equipos de ejercicio al aire libre (p. ej., bicicleta elíptica, bicicleta fija, remo)	1	2	3	4	5
Clases de entrenamiento físico (p. ej., yoga, tai chi, zumba, aeróbic, pilates, ejercicios acuáticos, cross-fit, baile para adultos, caminatas organizadas)	1	2	3	4	5
Entrenamiento funcional de fuerza (entrenamiento del cuerpo para las actividades realizadas en la vida diaria)	1	2	3	4	5
Actividades educativas (p. ej., medio ambiente, salud, informática, orientación y geoescondite, visitas históricas)	1	2	3	4	5
Conciertos y películas al aire libre	1	2	3	4	5
Jardines comunitarios	1	2	3	4	5
Mercados agrícolas	1	2	3	4	5
Centros de actividades para personas de la tercera edad	1	2	3	4	5
Zonas tranquilas para leer, meditar o jugar (p. ej., ajedrez, cartas)	1	2	3	4	5
Artes y oficios (p. ej., cerámica, pintura)	1	2	3	4	5
Otros programas comunitarios (describir):	1	2	3	4	5

### Actividades recreativas fuera de su comunidad

Las siguientes secciones tratan sobre las actividades recreativas que normalmente se realizan fuera de su casa y *fuera de su comunidad*, dentro de Oregón. <u>Se trata de lugares que se visitan para realizar actividades que implican algún desplazamiento y que serían difíciles para realizar a diario</u>. Estos lugares incluyen parques y bosques nacionales y estatales y demás terrenos de para la recreación que suelen estar administrados por agencias estatales y federales. (Algunas actividades se realizan tanto *en su comunidad* como *fuera de su comunidad*; esta sección se aplica solo a las que están fuera).

Para las siguientes preguntas, nos interesa saber durante cuántos <u>días</u> ha participado en distintas actividades recreativas al aire libre *fuera de su comunidad* en los últimos 12 meses. Por ejemplo, un paseo de 30 minutos por un sendero natural no local equivaldría a 1 día, mientras que acampar 3 días (2 noches) equivaldría a 3 días diferentes.

P14. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades no motorizadas y eléctricas en senderos o relacionadas con ellos *fuera de su comunidad* dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

☐ Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí	v pase a la pregunta <b>P1</b>	5.
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Actividades relacionadas con los senderos no motorizados y eléctricos fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Viajar para caminar/hacer excursiones por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales fuera de la localidad		
Senderismo de larga distancia (con mochila)		
Viajar para trotar o correr por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales fuera de la localidad		
Viajar para pedalear en bicicleta por caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales fuera de la localidad (incluido el ciclismo de montaña)		
Viajar para montar en bicicletas eléctricas en caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales fuera de la localidad		
Viajar para montar en patinetas electrónicas/patines electrónicos/monopatines/otros en caminos pavimentados o senderos naturales fuera de la localidad		
Montar a caballo		

P15. ¿Participó en ALGUNA de las siguientes actividades de recreación o deportivas al aire libre fuera
de su comunidad dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que
aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

☐ Si la respuesta es **NO**, marque aquí y pase a la pregunta **P16.** 

Actividades deportivas y de recreación al aire libre fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Viajar para hacer un pícnic		
Viajar a zonas con su perro sin correa/senderismo con su perro		
Viajar para jugar golf		
Hacer turismo/conducción o motocicleta por placer		
Viajar para asistir a conciertos, ferias o festivales al aire libre		
Viajar a lugares históricos o parques con temática histórica (p. ej., museos de historia, exposiciones al aire libre, centros de visitantes)		
Viajar para explorar la naturaleza (p. ej., para relajarse, pasar el rato, escapar del calor o del ruido)		
Viajar para jugar tenis o pickleball		
Viajar para practicar otros deportes al aire libre (p. ej., baloncesto, fútbol, béisbol, disc-golf, bádminton, voleibol de playa)		

P16. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades de estudio de la naturaleza <i>fuera de su</i>
comunidad dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en
la siguiente tabla.

Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí y pase a la pregunta <b>P17.</b>	
Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí y pase a la pregunta <b>P17.</b>	

Actividades de estudio de la naturaleza fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Viajar para observar las aves		
Observación de ballenas		
Exploración de pozos de marea		
Viajar para observar la naturaleza (p. ej., otros animales salvajes, bosques, flores silvestres)		
Viajar con los hijos o nietos a entornos naturales para explorar y/o aprender sobre la naturaleza		
Viajar a centros naturales (p. ej., zoológico, jardín botánico, arboreto)		
Viajar para tomar fotografías, pintar o dibujar al aire libre		
Viajar para recolectar/forrajear (p. ej., rocas, plantas, setas o bayas)		

P17. ¿Participó en ALGUNA de las siguientes actividades motorizadas fuera de su comunidad dentr
de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla

☐ Si la respuesta es **NO**, marque aquí y pase a la pregunta **P18.** 

Actividades motorizadas fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Clase I: Conducción de vehículos todoterreno (vehículos todoterreno de 3 y 4 ruedas, con asiento y manillar a horcajadas)		
Clase II: Conducción de vehículos todoterreno de 4 ruedas (jeeps, pick-ups, buggies, vehículos deportivos utilitarios)		
Clase III: Conducción de motos todoterreno		
Clase IV: Conducción de vehículos todoterreno o utilitarios uno al lado del otro (asiento no a horcajadas, conductor y pasajero sentados uno al lado del otro en el vehículo, volante para controlar la dirección)		
Motos de nieve		
Utilización de embarcaciones personales de agua, como las motos acuáticas		
Navegación a motor (crucero o esquí acuático)		

P18. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguient comunidad dentro de Oregón durante los la siguiente tabla.						
☐ Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aqui	í y pase a la pregunta I	P19.				
Si la respuesta es <b>Sí</b> , llene la siguiente tabla <u>solo para las actividades en las que USTED participó</u> durante los últimos 12 meses.						
	Columna A	Columna B				

Actividades en vehículo para acampar fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Acampar en casa rodante/remolque		
Acampar en coche con tienda de campaña		
Yurtas o cabañas para casas rodantes		

P19. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades de caza y pesca *fuera de su comunidad* dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

☐ Si la respuesta es <b>NO</b> , marque aquí y pase a la pregunta <b>P</b>	nta <b>P20</b>	a pregun	e a la	pase a	ue aquí v	, marq	NO.	puesta es	Si la res	
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Actividades de caza y pesca fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Caza: caza mayor		
Caza: caza menor		
Pesca: océano/agua salada		
Pesca: agua dulce		
Pesca de cangrejos		
Marisqueo/búsqueda de almejas		

P20. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades acuáticas no motorizadas y de playa *fuera de su comunidad* dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

Las actividades de playa incluyen nadar, broncearse, jugar al voleibol y caminar o correr por la playa para hacer ejercicio.

☐ Si la respuesta es **NO**, marque aquí y pase a la pregunta **P21**.

Si la respuesta es **SÍ**, llene la siguiente tabla <u>solo para las actividades en las que USTED participó</u> durante los últimos 12 meses.

Actividades acuáticas y de playa no motorizadas fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Canotaje, piragüismo (kayaking) o rápidos (rafting) en aguas bravas		
Canotaje en aguas tranquilas, piragüismo (kayaking) de mar, remo, remo de pie, tubing, flotación		
Windsurf/kiteboard/vela		
Actividades de playa: océano		
Actividades de playa: lagos, embalses, ríos		

P21. ¿Participó en <u>ALGUNA</u> de las siguientes actividades no motorizadas en la nieve *fuera de su comunidad* dentro de Oregón durante los últimos 12 meses? Observe las actividades que aparecen en la siguiente tabla.

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VI Ia r	achiiacta ac	: NI/ 1	maralla	adili v na	ב ספ	la pregunta	יניט נ
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Actividades no motorizadas en la nieve fuera de su comunidad	Columna A Cantidad de días en los que participó en los últimos 12 meses	Columna B Cantidad promedio de otros miembros de su hogar que participaron con usted cada vez
Esquí alpino o snowboard		
Esquí de fondo/esquí nórdico/esquí de nieve con tracción animal/motorizada		
Trineo, tubing o juegos de nieve en general		
Caminata con raquetas de nieve		

P22. ¿Va a acampar o tiene interés en i campaña en la naturaleza hasta acampa forma alternativa en cabañas o yurtas.		•	•			•
<ul> <li>Sí, estoy interesado y he</li> <li>Sí, estoy interesado en a últimos 12 meses.</li> <li>No: en caso negativo, p</li> </ul>	acampa	ar, per	o no he acam			
P23. Para cada uno de los siguientes tip de acampada <i>fuera de su comunidad</i> .				si hay	necesio	lad de más de este tipo
Tipo de acampada/sitio	Nece meno prior		Prioridad media		sidad más itaria	
	<b>—</b>			<b>→</b>		
Sitios para casas rodantes	1	2	3	4	5	
Cabinas o yurtas con calefacción y luz	1	2	3	4	5	
Cabinas o yurtas con calefacción, luz, baño y cocina	1	2	3	4	5	
Sitios de tiendas de campaña para vehículos	1	2	3	4	5	
Tiendas de campaña en los sitios de caminata	1	2	3	4	5	
Sitios para excursionistas y ciclistas	1	2	3	4	5	
Sitios remotos para mochileros	1	2	3	4	5	
Sitio para grupos en vehículos	1	2	3	4	5	
P24. Clasifique la importancia que tiene elegir un entorno recreativo fuera de su Clasificación (1 más importante - 4 meno Distancia desde mi casa En función de la actividad que quie El entorno natural	i <b>comu</b> los impo	<b>nidad.</b> ortante	No utilice la			
Instalaciones y senderos						

P25. Ahora, díganos cuáles son sus prioridades para el futuro. ¿Cuáles son las instalaciones y servicios recreativos al aire libre en los que los administradores deberían invertir en el futuro, tanto *en su comunidad* (parques municipales, senderos, centros recreativos) como fuera de su comunidad (parques estatales/nacionales, bosques, ríos)?

Por ejemplo, si considera que más senderos pavimentados o de superficie dura son una necesidad de máxima prioridad en su comunidad pero solo una ligera prioridad fuera de ella, indique 5 en la primera columna y 2 en la segunda para esa fila.

Necesidad de MÁS inversión en los siguientes elementos:	Prioridad para los servicios recreativos al aire libre en Oregón 1 = Necesidad menos prioritaria, 5 = Necesidad más prioritaria										
	En su comunidad						era de				
	Baja			Α	lta		Baja		numc		Alta
Senderos pavimentados o de superficie dura	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Senderos naturales/de tierra u otros de superficie blanda	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Caminos pavimentados para bicicletas fuera de la carretera o senderos naturales	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Parques y zonas para la recreación	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Parques infantiles y zonas familiares	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Accesibilidad y oportunidades para personas con discapacidad (p. ej., senderos para bicicletas de mano o sillas de paseo)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Campos deportivos de uso múltiple	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Zonas para pícnic y refugios para grupos pequeños	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Zonas para pícnic y refugios para grupos grandes	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Zonas de observación de la naturaleza y la fauna	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Rutas de remo designadas para canoas, kayaks, balsas y botes a la deriva con sitios de acceso público a las vías fluviales	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Parques para perros y zonas sin correa	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Senderos/zonas para vehículos todoterreno	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Información sobre parques y oportunidades de recreación	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Funcionarios y agentes de la ley uniformados	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Iluminación y/o cámaras de seguridad en lugares clave	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Baños	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Instalaciones limpias y bien mantenidas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Wifi gratuito	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Señales de orientación y detalles sobre los senderos (p. ej., distancia, dificultad, desnivel) en el inicio del sendero	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Áreas separadas para que los adultos mayores estén con otros de su edad	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Oportunidades de recreación gratuitas	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
Piscinas públicas y/o parques acuáticos	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5

Proyectos de embellecimiento (p. ej., fuentes, estanques, jardines, cascadas)	1	2	3	4	5		1	2	3	4	5
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# **Recreación en general: Responda al resto de la encuesta considerando la recreación tanto en su comunidad como fuera de su comunidad.**

### Motivaciones para la recreación

P26: ¿Qué importancia tuvieron las siguientes motivaciones para que usted participara en sus actividades recreativas al aire libre en los últimos 12 meses en Oregón? Indique el nivel de importancia asociado a las siguientes motivaciones.

Motivaciones para la recreación	Nada Importa		Importante	im	Muy
Para mejorar mi salud física	1	2	3	4	5
Para mejorar mi salud mental	1	2	3	4	5
Para salir con mi familia y/o amigos	1	2	3	4	5
Para estar con otras personas que disfruten de las mismas cosas que yo	1	2	3	4	5
Para ver la belleza del paisaje	1	2	3	4	5
Para estar cerca de la naturaleza	1	2	3	4	5
Para alejarme de las exigencias habituales de la vida	1	2	3	4	5
Para escapar del ruido y las multitudes	1	2	3	4	5
Para relajarme y recargar las baterías	1	2	3	4	5
Para experimentar la calma, la paz	1	2	3	4	5
Para experimentar la aventura/excitación	1	2	3	4	5
Por la emoción de todo ello	1	2	3	4	5
Para desarrollar mis habilidades y capacidades	1	2	3	4	5
Para sentirme desafiado	1	2	3	4	5
Para desarrollar mis valores personales/espirituales	1	2	3	4	5
Para reflexionar sobre quién soy	1	2	3	4	5
Para conocer la historia/cultura de una zona	1	2	3	4	5
Explorar la zona y conocer la naturaleza	1	2	3	4	5
Para ganar confianza en mí mismo	1	2	3	4	5
Para ser libre y sentirme independiente	1	2	3	4	5

### Impactos sobre los recursos naturales

P29: Las actividades recreativas al aire libre pueden afectar al entorno natural. Indique el nivel de prioridad que cree que los administradores deberían dar a la prevención de estos impactos potenciales del uso recreativo.

Tipo de impacto sobre los recursos debido a las actividades recreativas al aire libre	La más baja prioridad				La más alta prioridad				
	◀			<u> </u>					
Erosión/compactación del suelo (p. ej., en senderos, campamentos, zonas de acceso al agua, centros de visitantes)	1	2	3	4	5				
Daños en nuevos senderos (atajos, senderos creados por los usuarios)	1	2	3	4	5				
Daños a la vegetación (p. ej., pisoteo en campamentos, zonas de visitantes/vistas, vandalismo en árboles)	1	2	3	4	5				
Propagación de malezas invasoras	1	2	3	4	5				
Alteración de la vida silvestre	1	2	3	4	5				
Contaminación del aire	1	2	3	4	5				
Contaminación del agua	1	2	3	4	5				
Contaminación acústica	1	2	3	4	5				
Contaminación lumínica	1	2	3	4	5				
Riesgo de incendio (incendios provocados)	1	2	3	4	5				
Basura	1	2	3	4	5				

### Cantidad de visitantes

P30. Indique si y/o con qué frecuencia sintió que había demasiada gente (aglomeración) en los siguientes lugares de recreación al aire libre mientras estaba en Oregón en los últimos 12 meses.

Hacinamiento dentro y fuera de su comunidad	Muy poo	cas	A veces		n mucha ecuencia
¿Con qué frecuencia cree que hay demasiada gente (aglomeración) <i>en su comunidad</i> ? (p. ej., parques locales, senderos y otros espacios recreativos al aire libre)	1	2	3	4	5
¿Con qué frecuencia cree que hay demasiada gente (aglomeración) <i>fuera de su comunidad</i> ? (p. ej., parques y bosques nacionales y estatales y otros terrenos de recreación)	1	2	3	4	5

P31: Indíquenos si está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo con las siguientes afirmaciones sobre su respuesta a la cantidad de personas en los espacios recreativos al aire libre en Oregón en los últimos 12 meses. Indíque si está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo con las siguientes afirmaciones.

Su respuesta a la cantidad de visitantes tanto dentro como fuera de su comunidad	Totalmente en desacuerdo		Ni de acuerdo ni en desacuerdo	de acuerdo	
La aglomeración de gente redujo mi satisfacción general con las actividades recreativas al aire libre este año	1	2	3	4	5
Me gusta que haya gente alrededor porque me hace sentir más seguro	1	2	3	4	5
Voy a zonas abarrotadas a diferentes horas del día o de la semana o fuera de temporada para evitar las multitudes	1	2	3	4	5
Voy a zonas diferentes y utilizo menos los lugares con mucha gente	1	2	3	4	5
Me gustan las multitudes y el ambiente social	1	2	3	4	5
Los mejores lugares siempre están abarrotados, pero eso no me detiene	1	2	3	4	5
Me recreo menos en general debido a las aglomeraciones	1	2	3	4	5
Otros:	1	2	3	4	5

### **Acciones administrativas**

Hay una serie de estrategias administrativas que pueden reducir el impacto sobre los recursos naturales y la percepción de aglomeración.

# P32. ¿Qué probabilidad hay de que <u>apoye o se oponga</u> a las siguientes acciones administrativas? Indique si apoya o se opone a las siguientes acciones administrativas.

Se trata de una lista amplia de opciones administrativas para recabar opiniones y no de una declaración de intención de aplicar ninguna estrategia específica.

Acciones administrativas	Muy en contra		Neutral	Mu	y a favor
	•				$\longrightarrow$
Ampliación de las oportunidades de recreación en las zonas existentes (p. ej., nuevas zonas para acampar, senderos, instalaciones	1	2	3	4	5
en los parques actuales)					
Asegurar nuevas áreas para la recreación al aire libre	1	2	3	4	5
Hacer más seguros los desplazamientos a pie o en bicicleta entre los distintos parques	1	2	3	4	5
Promover las actividades recreativas de bajo impacto/no dejar rastro	1	2	3	4	5
Exigir una reserva (en lugar de por orden de llegada)	1	2	3	4	5
Proporcionar información en línea sobre la afluencia de público (p. ej., información sobre el aparcamiento en tiempo real, las "mejores horas" para visitarlo)	1	2	3	4	5
Cobrar una tarifa o aumentar la tarifa existente	1	2	3	4	5
Zonificar para restringir qué actividades recreativas se pueden realizar en cada lugar (p. ej., senderos/áreas de uso único)	1	2	3	4	5
Limitar la cantidad de visitantes (p. ej., limitar el tamaño de los grupos, establecer permisos de entrada por lapsos)	1	2	3	4	5
Establecer senderos de un solo sentido para reducir el contacto con otros visitantes	1	2	3	4	5
Comercializar/comunicar las "joyas ocultas" o las zonas menos concurridas	1	2	3	4	5
Añadir aparcamientos en zonas dispersas	1	2	3	4	5
Cierre estacional de lugares e instalaciones	1	2	3	4	5
Aumentar la aplicación de las normas existentes (p. ej., vehículos motorizados, fogatas, disparos)	1	2	3	4	5
Reducir las actividades ilegales mediante una mayor aplicación de las normas (p. ej., acampada no autorizada, consumo de drogas/alcohol)	1	2	3	4	5
Fomentar/permitir más oportunidades de recreación guiada por parte de guías con fines de lucro	1	2	3	4	5

Fomentar/permitir más oportunidades de recreación guiada por parte de los intérpretes de la agencia administrativas del parque	1	2	3	4	5
parque					

- P33. Cada vez son más populares las actividades recreativas que utilizan equipos de transporte electrónico, como bicicletas, patinetas y monopatines electrónicos. Además, cada vez es más frecuente el vuelo de drones en los espacios naturales. Indique su acuerdo o desacuerdo con las siguientes acciones administrativas potenciales.
  - Se trata de una lista amplia de opciones administrativas para recabar opiniones y no de una declaración de intención de aplicar ninguna estrategia específica.

Acciones administrativas	Totalme en desacue		Ni de acuerdo ni en desacuerdo		Imente
El uso de los equipos de transporte electrónico en los senderos debería estar regulado de forma similar a otros equipos motorizados (p. ej., motocicletas, vehículos todoterreno)	1	2	3	4	5
El uso de los equipos de transporte electrónico en los senderos debe limitarse a los senderos pavimentados	1	2	3	4	5
Los equipos de transporte electrónico no deberían estar permitidos en los senderos no motorizados	1	2	3	4	5
Deberían elaborarse directrices sobre los lugares en los que se permite el uso de equipos de transporte electrónico en entornos recreativos al aire libre	1	2	3	4	5
He tenido un conflicto con alguien que utilizaba equipos de transporte electrónico	1	2	3	4	5
Deberían elaborarse directrices sobre los lugares en los que se permite el uso de drones en entornos recreativos al aire libre	1	2	3	4	5
He tenido un conflicto con alguien que volaba un dron en un área natural	1	2	3	4	5
Otra	1	2	3	4	5

### COVID-19 y las actividades recreativas al aire libre

P34. ¿Cómo ha afectado la pandemia de COVID-19 su participación en actividades recreativas al aire libre en los últimos 12 meses en Oregón? Indique si está de acuerdo o en desacuerdo con las siguientes afirmaciones.

Participación en la recreación al aire libre	Totalme en desacue		De acuerdo		talmente acuerdo
Tengo más actividades recreativas al aire libre en general ahora que antes de la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Tengo más actividades recreativas al aire libre <i>en mi</i> comunidad ahora que antes de la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Tengo más actividades recreativas al aire libre fuera de mi comunidad ahora que antes de la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Tengo más actividades recreativas al aire libre ahora que antes de la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Las actividades recreativas al aire libre han ayudado a mi salud mental durante la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Las actividades recreativas al aire libre han ayudado a mi salud física durante la pandemia	1	2	3	4	5
Otra:	1	2	3	4	5

P34a: Si realiza alguna actividad recreativa nueva al aire libre que no hacía antes de la pandemia COVID-19, indíquela a continuación. (Mencione hasta 3 actividades nuevas)

7.	
8.	
9.	

### Dónde obtiene su información sobre actividades recreativas

P35. ¿Qué importancia tienen las siguientes fuentes cuando busca información sobre actividades recreativas al aire libre en Oregón? Indique la importancia que tienen para usted las siguientes fuentes de información.

Fuentes de información	Nada importa	nte	Importante		emadam ente portante
Amigos/familiares/de boca en boca	1	2	3	4	5
Páginas web	1	2	3	4	5
Pinterest	1	2	3	4	5
Facebook	1	2	3	4	5
Instagram	1	2	3	4	5
Twitter	1	2	3	4	5
Snapchat	1	2	3	4	5
Aplicaciones para móviles/teléfonos inteligentes (p. ej., Strava, MapMyRun)	1	2	3	4	5
Plataformas para compartir vídeos (p. ej., YouTube, TikTok, Vimeo)	1	2	3	4	5
Organizaciones comunitarias como la escuela o la iglesia	1	2	3	4	5
Televisión/radio	1	2	3	4	5
Guía de viajes/libro de excursiones/artículo de periódico/revista	1	2	3	4	5
Mapas/folletos	1	2	3	4	5
Centros de visitantes o de bienvenida	1	2	3	4	5

### Intensidad de la actividad recreativa

En esta sección, cuéntenos un poco sobre la intensidad de su actividad recreativa. Todas las respuestas a estas preguntas y a otras de la encuesta son completamente confidenciales. Solo se informará sobre las puntuaciones promedio.

P36. Nos gustaría conocer su nivel de actividad física relacionada con la recreación durante una semana normal. Marque todos los niveles de actividad que se aplican a usted y registre la frecuencia y la duración (en promedio) de cada uno. O marque "No soy físicamente activo" si ninguna de ellas se aplica a usted.

Actividad aeróbica de intensidad <b>vigorosa</b> , como trotar, correr, montar en bicicleta de montaña o de carretera, baile aeróbico (Zumba), saltar a la cuerda, etc.
Cantidad promedio de <b>veces</b> por semana.
Cantidad promedio de <b>minutos</b> en los que ha participado durante una ocasión típica.
Actividad aeróbica de intensidad <b>moderada</b> , como caminar a paso ligero, aeróbicos acuáticos, golf, ciclismo, kayak, etc.
Cantidad promedio de <b>veces</b> por semana.
Cantidad promedio de <b>minutos</b> en los que ha participado durante una ocasión típica.
<b>Actividad de recreación-caminata</b> de al menos 10 minutos con el propósito de llegar a algún sitio, pasear al perro y por diversión y relajación.
Cantidad promedio de <b>veces</b> por semana.
Cantidad promedio de <b>minutos</b> en los que ha participado durante una ocasión típica.
No soy <b>físicamente activo</b> .

# **Datos demográficos**

P37. ¿Cuál es su situación laboral actual?	
☐ A tiempo completo, remunerado	
☐ A tiempo parcial, remunerado	
☐ Voluntario, no remunerado	
☐ Jubilado y sin buscar empleo remunerado o	voluntario
<ul> <li>Jubilado y buscando un empleo remunerad</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Desempleado y sin buscar empleo remuner</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Desempleado y buscando empleo remuner</li> </ul>	
P38. ¿En qué año nació?	
P39. ¿Cuál es su sexo?	
☐ Masculino	
☐ Femenino	
☐ No binario	
☐ Descríbase a sí mismo(a)	
P40. Incluido usted, ¿cuántas personas viven habit (escriba 0 para los niños si no hay niños en su hoga	ualmente en su hogar? Escriba la cantidad de cada uno
Adultos, incluido usted mismo N	liños, de 17 años o menos
P41. ¿Describiría la zona donde vive como urbana,	suburbana o rural?
☐ Urbana	
☐ Suburbana	
□ Rural	
P42. ¿Cuál es el grado de estudios más alto que ha	obtenido? Marque una casilla.
☐ No completó la escuela secundaria	☐ Título de asociado
☐ Título de bachillerato (o equivalente)	☐ Licenciatura
<ul> <li>Algunos estudios universitarios, pero sin títu</li> </ul>	ulo
P43. ¿Qué idioma se habla más en su casa?	
☐ Inglés	
☐ Español	
☐ Otro (especifique):	
P44. ¿Es usted de origen español / hispano / latino	?
□ Sí	
□ No	
P45. Seleccione una o más de las siguientes catego	rías que mejor describan su raza.
☐ Negro/afroestadounidense	☐ Nativo de Hawái u otras islas del Pacífico
□ Indio estadounidense o nativo de Alaska	U Blanco / ourongo ostadounidonso

☐ Asiático	☐ Mestizo	
	□ Otra	
	<u>es</u> totales de su hogar antes de impue rmente en su hogar, así como las fue	
pensiones, intereses o dividendos y	_	intes de ingresos. Salario,
☐ Menos de \$10,000	□ De \$25,000 a \$34,999	□ De \$75,000 a \$99,999
□ De \$10,000 a \$14,999		□ \$100,000 a \$149,999
□ \$15,000 a \$24,999	□ \$50,000 a \$74,999	□ \$150,000 o más
P47. ¿Tiene usted, o alguien de su fa	amilia, alguna discapacidad?	
☐ No: omita las preguntas resta	ntes y escriba cualquier comentario ge	eneral a continuación.
□ Sí → En caso afirmativo, ¿qu	é tipo de discapacidad? <i>(marque toda</i>	s las que correspondan)
	☐ Audición ☐	Vista   Caminar
	☐ Aprendizaje ☐	Otro
P48. ¿La discapacidad dificulta su ca actividades al aire libre en Oregón?	apacidad, o la de otros miembros de s	su hogar, para practicar
□ c:		
☐ Sí ☐ No: salte las preguntas resta	ntes y escriba cualquier comentario g	reneral a continuación
_ No. saite las pregantas reste	mices y escriba caarquier comemano g	eneral a continuación.
P49. ¿Podría ofrecerse alguna adap	tación o asistencia para ayudarle a us	sted o a otras personas de su
hogar a mejorar su experiencia recre	eativa?	
□ No		
Sí: describa lo que se podría	hacer:	
P50. ¿Hay cosas que los administrac	lores de parques y bosques puedan h	acer para ayudarle a participar y
disfrutar de las experiencias de recr	eación al aire libre en Oregón? En cas	so afirmativo, mencione por orden
de prioridad hasta tres cosas que le	gustaría que hicieran los administrad	lores.
1		
1 2		
3		
	<del></del>	
•	ba a continuación cualquier otro com	nentario que tenga sobre las
actividades recreativas al aire libre	en Oregón.	