

#### OFFICE OF STATE FIRE MARSHAL

INCIDENT MANAGEMENT TEAMS

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**Author:** Mariah Rawlins **Review/Revision Date:** 

#### STANDARD OPERATING GUIDELINES

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Date 4/5/21

**SUBJECT:** 

Safety tools and documentation

**OBJECTIVE:** 

Define tools utilized and documentation produced by Incident Safety Officers

#### I. **SCOPE**

This SOG provides guidance relevant to Incident Safety Officers (ISO) working as part of an Incident Management Team (IMT) mobilized by the Oregon Office of State Fire Marshal (OSFM).

#### II. **DEFINITIONS**

DRA: Deliberate Risk Analysis. The DRA is the process used to

identify hazards, assess risks, and implement controls to

reduce the risk associated with any operation

ISO: Incident Safety Officer. The ISO's function is to develop and

> recommend measures for assuring personnel safety, and to assess and/or anticipate hazardous and unsafe situations. The ISO may have Assistant Safety Officers as necessary and

supervises Line Safety Officers.

Tactics Meeting: The Tactics Meeting is facilitated by the Operations Section

> Chief and attended by Logistics, Safety, and the Resource Unit Leader. This meeting provides the opportunity to review the proposed tactics and assignments for the next operational

period.

#### III. **RISK ANALYSIS**

There are multiple methods by which to conduct an incident risk assessment, including the Deliberate Risk Analysis (DRA) process or the completion of the Incident Action Plan Safety Analysis (215A) in conjunction with the Tactics Meeting. In order to successfully identify incident risks, Operations and Safety must meet and have a dialogue. The ISO will determine the process by which to facilitate the conversation. The goal is to identify risks unique to the incident as well as mitigation measures. The Incident Commander and Agency

Administrator should be invited to attend and should make an effort to do so at least once during the initial planning periods for the incident.

Regardless of process, the risk assessment conversation will ultimately have a product, (e.g. the Incident Risk Assessment Worksheet or the 215A). The Incident Safety Officer will determine whether the risk assessment product will be included in the IAP and work with the Planning Section as necessary.

### IV. INCIDENT-WITHIN-AN-INCIDENT PLANNING

The ISO will create an IWI notification plan for each incident. The purpose of this plan is to expedite care, response, and the notification process of required personnel. The creation of a phone tree (see Attachment 1 for example) is advised. A GroupMe group for IWI notification may or may not be appropriate.

The ISO will populate, verify, and distribute the Incident Emergency Action Plan (Attachment 2) to appropriate team members.

The ISO will ensure the IAP includes the adopted Medical Incident Response Plan (Attachment 3).

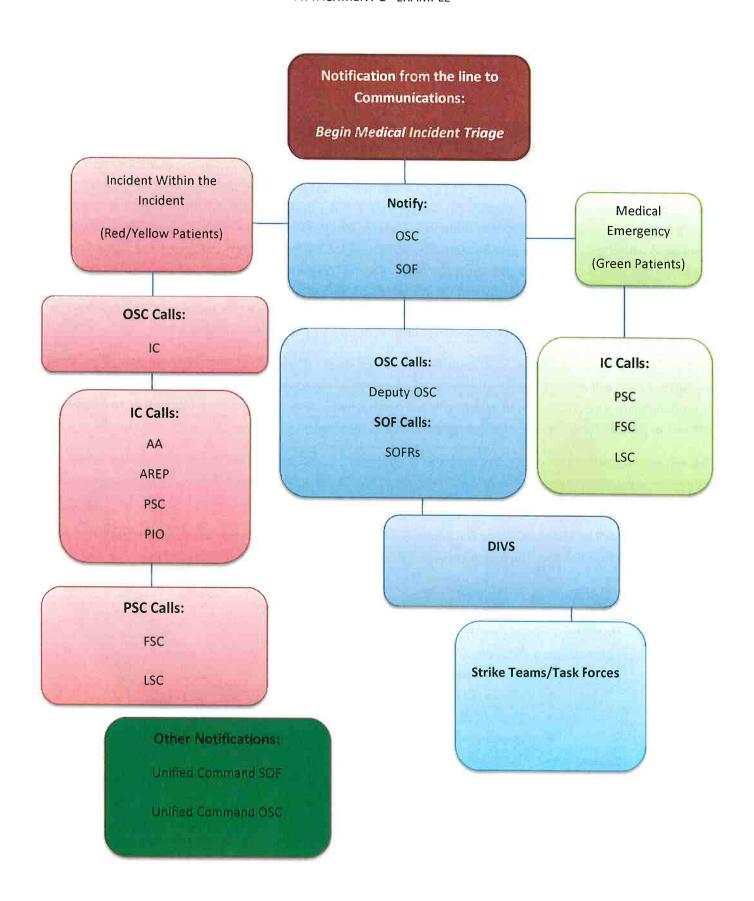
The ISO will ensure that travel timelines from the line to medical care are captured and documented. A map may serve this purpose but is not a required product.

The ISO will initiate the conversation about conducting an IWI drill if/when the incident allows after approval from the IC. For guidance in conducting a drill, see Attachment 4.

#### V. SAFETY OFFICER SUMMARY

The ISO will create a summary of the incident during the IMT's response at the incident (see Attachment 5 for example). The summary should include data about the number of injuries/illnesses that were reportable on the Incident Status Summary (ICS 209) broken down by category, transports from the incident, medical treatments at the incident or in camp, and other relevant information as appropriate.

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All Field Medical Incidents should call through the appropriate Command Channel to COMMUNICATIONS (To initiate Medical response) –

### Incident Name

## Team Information - Incident Commanders

# COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF INCIDENT EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND CHECK LIST

The primary goal of this Incident Emergency Plan (IEP) is to provide incident personnel the guidelines necessary to locate, triage, extricate, treat, and transport all medical patients in as quick and safe a manner as possible. The closest operationally qualified resource (DIVS, SOFR, TFLD, ENGB, CRWB, etc.) will initially oversee the emergency and activation of the IEP as the Incident Within an Incident (IWI) Incident Commander. Radio communications associated with the IWI will take priority over other radio traffic. Names and crew designators of injured or deceased individuals will not be given over the radio. Deceased individuals and their equipment are not to be moved, except to accomplish rescue work or to protect the health and safety of others. Local resource availability (i.e. local ambulance service, county Sheriff, etc.) should be established early in the assignment and activated as necessary during an IWI. This person may, under local authority, assume command of the IWI.

At the time of a reported incident, the Command and General Staff (C&G) will begin implementation of the IEP. Initially the C&G will assemble at (location here) a pre-identified meeting location or near the Communications Unit to communicate, share information, coordinate and begin developing a common operating picture to support the IWI and to provide for continuity of ongoing operations as required.

If a serious medical incident occurs at the Incident Command Post call 911 and contact Medical or the Safety Officer for assistance. Those routinely operating out of the ICP are encouraged to keep a logistics radio in their section for use in an emergency.

All Hazard IWI's will be addressed using this protocol as applicable. Specific information for potential All Hazard Incidents can be found in the attached document, All Hazard Incident Emergency Response Plans.

# Standards for Initial Response to IWI on the Fire

- ☐ The closest operationally qualified resource will become IC of the IWI.
  - Notify any Line EMT and request medical assistance.
  - Contact Communications:
    - Use ICS-206 WF Medical Plan
      - Declare the nature of the emergency (Size-Up)
      - Give the IWI a name and clearly identify who is in Command.
      - Use the Medical Incident Report section of the Medical Plan for initial notification.
  - Oversee medical emergency response
    - Use the Medical Incident Report found in the ICS-206 WF and the 2018 IRPG (page 118-119) to provide further information to Communications.
  - Transfer command to higher level qualification as needed.
    - If transfer of command occurs announce clearly to Communications and all resources.

PRIOR TO RESPONDING TO THE INCIDENT MEDICAL STAFF SHALL ENSURE THEY HAVE PROPER FREQUENCIES AND CELL PHONE NUMBERS FOR NON-INCIDENT AIRCRAFT AND GROUND RESOURCES THAT MAY BE UTILIZED DURING AN IWI. THIS INFORMATION SHOULD BE SHARED WITH OPERATIONS AND AIR OPERATIONS.

Green: Minor, non-life threatening.

Yellow: Potentially life-threatening needs transport.

Red: Life threatening.

Responsibility	Action	GREEN	YELLOW	RED	
Incident Commander/ Deputy Incident Commander  Primary: Name Number Secondary: Name Number	Ensures the Incident Emergency Plan is implemented.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Notifies Agency Administrator and Geographic Coordination Center. Concur on a course of action for follow up.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Maintains command and control and evaluates the continuity of operations and incident organization needs.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Determines and communicates the C&G roles and responsibilities in relation to jurisdictional responsibilities.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Coordinates Critical Incident Stress Debriefing for affected personnel.			Yes 🗆	
A	Assigns a Liaison Officer as a family liaison until transfer is made to a local agency.			Yes 🗆	
4	Notifies employee's home unit if requested by Agency Administrator.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
Safety Officer	Coordinates with and supports the Medical Incident and Operations Section Chief.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
Primary:	Assists Operations in communication with the hospital and ambulance service.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
Name Number Secondary: Name Number	Initiates the investigation of the incident and recommends the appropriate investigation resources/teams.		Yes 🗆	Yes □	
	Secures witnesses names and initial statements and all evidence relating to the accident.		Yes □	Yes 🗆	
	Obtains sketches and photographs of emergency scene/incident.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Coordinates investigation with Compensation/Claims Unit.		Yes □	Yes 🗆	
	Provide periodic update to Line Safety Officers.		Yes □	Yes □	
	Assist IC in Coordinating Critical Stress Debriefing		Yes □	Yes □	
	Develops and maintains Incident Emergency Action Plan.	Yes 🗆	Yes □	Yes □	
Primary: Name Secondary: Name	Coordinates with and supports the Medical Incident with the or as the On-Scene Incident Commander. (If used as the On-Scene Incident Commander use the Operations checklist.)		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	
	Supports the Division/Group Supervisor in response to the Medical Incident or IWI.	Yes 🗆	'es □ Yes □ Ye		
	Coordinates with and support the investigation of the incident with the Safety Officer.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆	

Responsibility	Action	GREEN	AETTOM	RED
Liaison Officer	Coordinates with Operations, Logistics, and Safety to secure		Yes □	Yes □
	scene (as requested).			
Primary:	Notifies agency having jurisdiction of IEAP activation.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Name	Coordinates security with Operations Section Chief and Safety		Yes □	Yes □
	Officer as necessary.		100 =	
Number	Locates and secures personal effects of injured personnel from	Yes □	Yes □	Yes □
Secondary:	the scene and/or camp if requested.			
Name	Contacts local Sheriff for assistance if requested.			
Number	Ensures Continuity of Operation within the function		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
A	Provides Public Safety Info to PIO (Evac, Roadblocks, Etc.)		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
47	Ensures that agency and local law enforcement entities and			
APA.	LOFR are notified so they ca implement appropriate security		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
ALC:	measures for the situation.			
Operations Section	Identifies nature of the incident (auto/aircraft accident, burn	1 2.3 10		W- 181
(including on-scene	over, etc.) and number of individual(s) crews, vehicles, or		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Incident	aircrafts involved.			100
Commander)	If needed, implements the incident Emergency Action Plan,	21.5	Yes 🗆	Yes □
AV as V	providing coordination between the Medical Incident and other IMT sections and units.	6 x 11 3	163	103 🗆
Primary:	The state of the s		W st	
Name	Identifies number of people involved and their medical condition (Triage).		Yes 🗆	Yes □
Number				
	Identifies location and (latitude/longitude, Degrees, Decimal		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Secondary:	Minutes, WGS84) of site.			
Name	Ensures immediate medical triage and extrication, treatment, and transportation is implemented. This includes Primary,		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗅
	Alternate, Contingent and Emergent Evacuation Plan (PACE).			dill
Number	Coordinates and oversees line EMT & Paramedic response to	31-7	I ASS	MEN
	the accident site (utilize closest EMT's including those imbedded	Yes □	Yes □	Yes □
WILL S	in crews, engines, etc.)		All PS	
William D. M.	Ensures appropriate incident organization to possibly include	17776	All Call	
	Triage, Extrication, Treatment and Transportation Units, Medical	2 1 5	Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
AR IN A	Group, etc.			7
Was - S	Maintains Continuity of Operations within the Operations	11,111,111	Yes □	Yes 🗆
	Section and organizes appropriately.	19191	163	162
100	a un a un a construction de la c			
300	Coordinates with Safety Officer for ground or Air ambulance		Yes □	Yes □
7	transport, medical supplies and other medical needs.			
	Coordinates with the Safety Officer, and Logistics Section for on		Yes □	Yes □
	scene support and location of receiving hospitals for patients.		163	103 🗆
	Identifies special needs, i.e. Law Enforcement, Heavy Rescue,		=	., _
	and Haz-Mat response.	128.0	Yes □	Yes 🗆
	Coordinates with and supports the Safety Officer's investigation	NAME OF		
	and Law Enforcement agencies involved.		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆

Responsibility	Action	GREEN	V	<b>YELLOW</b>	RED
Logistics Section Chief	Monitors support functions and assess additional needs.			Yes □	Yes 🗆
Primary:	Provides ground transportation as needed.		ii.	Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Name Secondary:	Coordinates removal of damaged vehicles or equipment.	Yes	0	Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Name	Provide periodic update to section.			Yes □	
Communications Unit	Notify Operations & Safety	Yes		Yes □	Yes □
Primary: Name Number	Upon initial notification the RADO will immediately notify the COML.  Clear the designated frequency for all emergency traffic until determined not to be critical or life-threatening or call 911 as appropriate based on location of injured party.			Yes □	Yes 🗆
477	Notify Deputy IC or Plans Section Chief.			Yes □	Yes □
Secondary:	Assign Medical Incident or IWI Name	Yes		Yes 🗆	Yes □
Name	Notify C&G there is an IWI.	01818		Yes 🗆	Yes □
Number	Use Medical Incident Report, (9 Line Form) located in ICS-206 WF and IRPG to gather initial information from Medical Incident	Yes		Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Communications Unit Leader	Summon ALL C&G to the pre-identified meeting location.  (Gold Beach ICP-COMMS Trailer)			Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Primary:	Coordinates radio traffic between Medical Incident, other incident needs and communications unit as needed.			Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Name	Coordinates with Operations Section Chief on continuity of operations.			Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Nu <b>mbe</b> r	Ensures radio traffic is accurately documented.	Yes	0	Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆
Secondary:	Prepares narrative package of radio summary for Planning Section (Documentation Unit.)			Yes 🗆	Yes □
Name	Ensure continuity of operation within unit.			Yes □	Yes 🗆
Number	Supports responding EMTs/Paramedics.	Yes	0	Yes 🗆	Yes □
160	Ensures documentation of patient conditions and receiving hospitals is coordinated with the finance section.	Yes		Yes □	Yes 🗆
Planning Section Chief	Completes the Wildland Entrapment/Fatality Initial Report (NFES 0869) as needed.			Yes □	Yes 🗆
Primary:	Evaluates and facilitates the implementation of the IEAP.			Yes □	Yes 🗆
Name Number	Facilitates the emergency meeting of C&G members at the designated location.			Yes □	Yes □
	Ensures continuity of operation within section.	(FA		Yes □	Yes □
Secondary: Name	Provides a Liaison to coordinate with supporting agencies (i.e. Home Unit, Red Cross, Chaplains, CISD groups)	p.			Yes 🗆
Number	Provide periodic update to section.			Yes 🗆	Yes 🗆

Responsibility Action			YELL	.OW	RED
Public Information	Designates an IWI PIO.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes □
Officer  Primary: Name Number	Coordinates information release with Incident Commander and Agency Public Affairs Officer.		Ye	s 🛘	Yes 🗆
	Coordinates with Operations to assign Information Officers to filed media inquiries at accident scene, medevac area, and liaise with hospital spokesperson.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
Secondary: Name Number	Coordinates with LOFR and Logistics regarding roadblocks, evacuations and emergency medical information needs.	rs to d liaise		Yes 🗆	
	Withholds release of personal information until approved by Incident Commander and/or Agency Administrator.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
	After approval from IC, coordinates with plans to arrange a briefing at Incident Command Post (ICP) for incident personnel.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
AL PIN	Provide periodic update to section.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
No.	Ensure continuity of operation within section.	18,11	Ye	s □	Yes 🗆
Finance Section	Contacts Incident Business Advisor.	Yes	□ Ye	s 🗆	Yes □
Chief	Arrange for off-incident support through agency channels.	Yes	□ Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
Primary: Name Number	Secure incident time records.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes □
	Determines Injured Persons Employment Type and Agency		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
	Provide home unit and emergency contact information to IC.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes □
Secondary:	Assures potential claims information is collected.		Ye	s 🛮	Yes 🗆
Name	Provide periodic update to section.		Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆
Number	Ensure continuity of operation within section.	13.11	Ye	s 🗆	Yes 🗆

Medical treatment and evacuation have TOP priority

Immediate and clear communication is <u>CRITICAL</u> for response, medical triage, treatment and transportation. If warranted other radio traffic will be restricted to that which involves emergency situations.

Victim(s) name, tail number, crew, engine number, etc. will NOT be transmitted over the radio.

No accident related information will be released to the public without the approval of the Incident Commander.

This checklist is designed to be used in conjunction with the ICS-206 Medical Plan and Medical Incident Report (8 Line Form).

Note: all information in red text should be replaced with incident-specific information.

This document is designed so specific functions only need to reference the page specific to their function on the incident.

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**Incident Commander** 

Date

# All Hazard Incident Emergency Action Plans

### **Aviation Mishap**

- · Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e.
  - "Communications -Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Describe the nature of mishap.
- Identify type of aircraft.
- If fire is involved, take appropriate action per training and qualifications.
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Secure and/or isolate the incident area.
- Off Site maintain contact with communications, give situational updates as needed.
- Request additional resources if needed.
- If possible, without causing injury to self or others AND situation dictates (fire is imminent, aircraft is going to move), rescue any victims following medical protocols and level of training.
- Reference 2014 Incident Response Pocket Guide "Aircraft Mishap Response Actions" (page 60).
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

### Hazardous Material (Haz Mat)

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications -Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Isolate, secure the area, and prohibit entry.
- Assess nature of release (i.e. gas, liquid or solid).
- Stay upwind/upgrade/upstream.
- Provide information as to possible type of material from:
  - DOT Placard number for vehicles; and/or
  - NFPA 704 (Diamond) Placard for fixed facilities.
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Reference 2014 Incident Response Pocket Guide "Haz Mat Incident Operations" (pages 34-36).
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

### High/Low Angle Rescue

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications -Division A, emergency traffic."
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Develop a primary plan and consider a contingency (the what if?) (i.e., cannot extricate by ladder, need to use aviation).
- Describe details of rescue and request resources and/or equipment needed.
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

#### Law Enforcement

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Nature of the situation.
- Request any needed assistance.
- Protect yourself and others from harm.
- Move away from the hazard if possible.
- Do not engage subject if possible.
- Do not disturb the scene.
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

#### Search and Rescue

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.

- Provide situational specifics (i.e. a crew member fell and is trapped on a ledge; a hiker lost within the incident area).
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Protect others from being a part of the problem.
- Assess possible rescue options based on training, experience, and available equipment.
- Reference 2014 Incident Response Pocket Guide "Missing Person Search Urgency" (page 40).
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

#### Vehicle Accident (Extrication, Haz Mat, and/or Medical)

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications -Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Declare and describe the "type" of incident (i.e. vehicle accident, number of victims, description of injuries, extrication needed, and/or fuel spill).
- Type and number of vehicles involved.
- Are these assigned incident resources (equipment/personnel)?
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Fire and or Haz Mat involved?
- Secure the scene.
- Reference 2014 Incident Response Pocket Guide "Vehicle Accident Operations" (page 33).
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

# Wildfire Entrapment, Shelter Deployment, and/or Burn over

- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications Division A, emergency traffic."
- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Declare the nature of the emergency.
  - o Burn over, mass casualty, number of injuries and number of those involved.
- Conduct a personnel accountability survey.
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Size-up situation to include nature of incident, number of injured, patient assessment(s) and location (geographic description and GPS coordinates if possible).
- Develop a primary plan and consider a contingency (the what if?).
- Request resources and/or equipment.
- Secure scene for investigation.
- Reference 2014 Incident Response Pocket Guide "Burn Injuries" (page 104) and/or "Multi-Casualty Triage System" (page 106).
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.

# **Incident Command Post Emergencies**

- Call 911 and Medical Unit Leader for serious injury and/or serious vehicle accident.
- Contact incident communications and declare nature of emergency, i.e. "Communications -Plans, emergency traffic."

BLIC SAFE

- Assume command and consider assigning tasks.
- Request the frequency be cleared.
- Injuries follow ICS-206 WF, Medical Plan.
- Resume unrestricted radio traffic when situation is mitigated.



# **OSFM Incident Management Teams**

### Incident Within an Incident (IWI) Drill Curriculum

While the Oregon State Fire Marshal IMT Program has SOG #IMT-I-1102 Medical/Accident Incident Within an Incident Plan which defines the roles of all Team members in supporting an incident within an incident (IWI), there are few opportunities to practice this plan. Each Team reviews the information annually but no hands-on practice is conducted to develop and maintain our 'muscle memory'. Only practice will prepare us for the real event.

This drill is intended to provide an opportunity for the Team to conduct an IWI Drill during a more realistic setting, during a wildfire or all-hazard deployment. It shall only be conducted after direct tactical actions have subsided and prior to the implementation of a more complete Demob plan. The drill shall be initiated only by the OSFM Incident Safety Officer after receiving clearance from each Section Chief that its timing is appropriate. The OSFM IC shall notify any partner team IC (or their Liaison) of this drill. A time shall be chosen so that normal operations can continue, in addition to the drill. Depending upon the geographic size of the incident and length of deployment, this drill may be completed multiple times over several shifts to include all Divisions, as desired.

The drill can be halted at any time by any participant for a safety reason or immediate incident operational need.

**Duration:** 30-45 minutes

#### **Objectives**

- IMT shall exercise its IWI plan, making the necessary notifications and discussing actions that each Section would take.
- Each team member shall understand their role and participate to ensure comprehension of the IWI SOG.
- All members shall participate in a drill critique by providing insight to their respective Supervisor, Section Chief, or IC. Discussion of these insights will occur collectively at the Team AAR prior to demobilization from the deployment.

#### **Drill Preparation**

- Once the pace of direct tactical operations has slowed, the OSFM Safety Officer shall confer with all Section Chiefs to determine a shift when the drill can be implemented.
- Prior to the shift, the Safety Officer shall provide a Line Safety Officer with the drill time and incident nature (see below).
- Upon approval and notification of the partner team the Safety Officer shall contact the Line Safety Officer to initiate the drill.

#### **IWI Drill**

- At the planned drill time and when notified to proceed, the Line Safety Officer will go to the Comms Unit and report an incident.
- All IMT members shall follow their position IWI roles and responsibilities when/if they are notified, per SOG #IMT-I-1102. Notifications must be done via cell phone or in person; the radio shall not be used for this drill.
- Any phone/text message transmitted by any Team member pertaining to the drill shall begin with the message, "This is a drill. This is only a drill."
- The IC and Safety Officer shall monitor progress of the drill, Section discussion, and dissemination of information up the chain of command.
- The IC, or their designee, shall be the one to determine when the drill is over and that normal operations shall resume without interruption.

#### **Example IWI Events**

The lowest involvement shall be the Task Force Leader (TFL). Their involvement shall be brief, allowing their attention to return to any tactical operations. All TFL firefighters will remain engaged in incident operations and not participate in the IWI Drill.

- TFL reports a responder engine vehicle accident enroute to their division assignment, one firefighter injury (injury-triaged Yellow).
- TFL reports a burn injury to two firefighters (injuries-triaged Red, Yellow).
- TFL reports exposure to unknown hazmat substance at a residence, difficulty breathing (injury-triaged Green).
- TFL reports burn-over of 1-2 firefighters in shelter, unknown injuries. Fire is still active in their area.

# **Oregon State Fire Marshal**

SAFETY OFFICER SUMMARY South Umpqua Complex Fire August 4 - 12, 2018

## **Safety Officers:**

14 Total

OSFM: SOF2-Gorsuch, SOFR-Carriger, SOFR-Schierman
ODF Team 1 SOF1: Kirk Ausland/Brett Weidmiller
NR SOF1 – Dan LeCrone, Stan Lovan, Joshua Harvey, Shannon Bowman,
Bruce Martinak, plus: 5 other SOFR's from NR team.

# **Medical Unit:**

16 Total

NWR MUL1: Ben Palm, Katie Hamilton
The incident was staffed with 4 - ambulances (1 EMT-P & 1 EMT-B), 4 - line medics (EMT-B) and 2 - REM units (2- EMT-P with Rope Rescue capability)

# 209 Reportable Injuries/Illnesses:

25 Total from 8/4-11/2018

- 8- Heat Related Illness
- 1- Leg Laceration
- 1- Twisted knee
- 1- Burn Injury to Kitchen Staff
- 1- Ankle Injury Sprain
- 7- Bee Stings
- 5- Poison Oak Exposures
- 1- General Respiratory Illness

# **INJURIES TRANSPORTED FROM THE INCIDENT BY MEDICAL:**

# Minor Injury: (Green)

- 1 Heat Related Illness: General Weakness, Taken from the line at Div D. via Supervisor to Medical. Ambulance transported to Providence Medical Center in Medford for treatment and blood work. Back on Duty within 1 day.
- 1 Leg Laceration: Tripped on rock landed on shovel, taken from the line at Div P. via Line Medics in POV to Rogue Medical Center for treatment. Back on Line within shift.

- 1- Bee Sting: Difficulty breathing with Epi-pen administration in field. Transported from Div. P to Providence Medical Center in Medford. Back to the line after a day of rest.
- 2 Bee Stings: Treated and released on the line. Able to return to normal duties after topical ointments.

# Moderate Injury: (Yellow)

1 – Heat Related Illness: Syncopal episode, assisted by crew down from the line to the line medics. Incident Ambulance transported the patient to Rogue Valley Medical Center in Medford. Patient demobed.

Severe Injury: (Red)

None

**Accidents:** 

None

# Miscellaneous:

Medical Incident procedures were posted and used well by Medical Unit and Safety. All
four incidents above were handled appropriately using the Medical Incident Reporting
206WF format. Continued training and drills are recommended as well as, training for
all OSFM resources in the off-season.

# Medical Unit Treatments to date:

525 Total from 8/4-12/2018 (27.7% of all personnel on fire)

- Cold/flu, headache/body ache, sore throat 209
- Poison Oak 168
- Heat Related Illness 23
- Eye Illness 5
- Knee Sprain − 1
- Musculoskeletal Injury 6
- Bee Stings 113

Mike Gorsuch – SOF2 (OSFM Red Team)