Your OPSRP Pension Program and Individual Account Program (IAP) Pre-Retirement Guide
For PERS members hired after August 28, 2003
How to contact us

Telephone numbers
Member Services .......................... 888-320-7377
PERS headquarters TTY ..................... 503-603-7766
PERS Salem .................................. 888-320-7377
Oregon Savings Growth Plan .......... 888-320-7377
PERS Health Insurance Program ......... 503-224-7377 (Portland)
PERS Health Insurance Program toll free ... 800-768-7377
PERS long term care insurance (UNUM) .... 800-227-4165

Fax numbers
Tigard headquarters ....................... 503-598-0561
Oregon Savings Growth Plan ............ 503-603-7655
PERS Salem ............................... 503-603-7655

Website
PERS website .............................. www.oregon.gov/pers
PERS Health Insurance Program ....... www.pershealth.com
Social Security Administration .......... www.ssa.gov
Oregon Department of Revenue ........ www.oregon.gov/dor
Internal Revenue Service ................ www.irs.gov

Mailing addresses
PERS Headquarters Oregon Savings Growth Plan
PO Box 23700 800 Summer St. NE, Suite 200
Tigard OR 97281-3700 Salem, OR 97301-1248

PERS Health Insurance
PO Box 40187
Portland OR 97240-0187

Office addresses
PERS Headquarters PERS Salem/OSGP
11410 SW 68th Parkway 800 Summer St. NE, Suite 200
Tigard, OR 97223 Salem, OR 97301

This Pre-Retirement Guide is for general informational purposes only and is not intended to provide legal advice. If there is any conflict between this publication and federal law, Oregon law, or administrative rules, the law and administrative rules shall prevail.
# Table of Contents

**Introduction: Getting Ready to Retire**

Thinking about retirement?........................................................................................................................5
Pre-retirement resources..................................................................................................................................5
Important information .....................................................................................................................................5
Are you eligible to retire?................................................................................................................................6
Vesting .......................................................................................................................................................6
Retirement age ...........................................................................................................................................6
Normal retirement age with full benefits.....................................................................................................6
Early retirement age with reduced benefits..................................................................................................6
Withdrawing account ..................................................................................................................................7
Work after retirement information for OPSRP Pension Program retirees ................................................ 7
Information for registered domestic partners ............................................................................................8

**Section A: OPSRP Pension Program**

Part One: Retirement Options....................................................................................................................9
General retirement option information........................................................................................................9
Non-survivorship option ................................................................................................................................9
Survivorship options ....................................................................................................................................9
Benefit options at a glance (table) .............................................................................................................10
Beneficiary information ............................................................................................................................11
Important tax information ..........................................................................................................................11

Part Two: Other Things to Know...............................................................................................................12
First retirement payment ............................................................................................................................12
Time limits on certain benefit decisions ....................................................................................................12
When should I turn in my application?........................................................................................................12
Important retirement date information ....................................................................................................12

**Section B: IAP Retirement**

Part One: IAP Retirement Options ...........................................................................................................13
General IAP retirement information ...........................................................................................................13
Distribution election ......................................................................................................................................13
Anticipated life span option .......................................................................................................................14
Rollover elections .........................................................................................................................................14
One-time rollover-eligible lump-sum distribution .....................................................................................15
Installment options ......................................................................................................................................15
Cashing out ..................................................................................................................................................15
Direct deposit ...............................................................................................................................................16
Installment minimum account balances (table) ........................................................................................16
Anticipated life span option (table) ..........................................................................................................17
Part Two: IAP Tax Information

Required minimum distribution (RMD) ................................................................. 18
Tax withholding on rollover-eligible distributions .................................................. 18
Tax withholding on non-rollover-eligible distributions .......................................... 19

Part Three: Additional Forms for IAP Retirement

Supplemental forms you may need depending on your personal situation ............... 19
Important notice regarding the W-4P for IAP installments of 10 years or more .......... 19

Appendices

Appendix A: Age verification .................................................................................. 20
Appendix B: Order of standard beneficiaries for IAP ................................................ 21
Appendix C: Examples for specific retiree designation of beneficiary ....................... 21
Appendix D: Blank check ......................................................................................... 22
Introduction: Getting Ready to Retire

What you need to know before completing your
Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) Retirement Application

Thinking about retirement?
All retiring members need to answer the following questions:
• Am I eligible to retire from the OPSRP Pension Program? (See page 6.)
• When should I retire?
• What payment option shall I choose?
• Is my beneficiary designation correct?
• Do I want my payment deposited directly to my financial institution?
• How much federal or Oregon state tax shall I have withheld?

Pre-retirement resources
Many informational services are available to help you plan your retirement. We recommend you:
• visit Online Member Services (OMS) to create a benefit estimate;
• request a benefit estimate when you are within two years of the date you want to retire;
• attend an OPSRP group education session;
• attend a Retirement Application Assistance Session;
• visit the PERS website (www.oregon.gov/pers/) for up-to-date information and online forms; and
• if you still have questions, call Member Services at 888-320-7377, TTY: 503-603-7766 or email PERS at PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us.

Important information
As an OPSRP Pension Program member, you also have an Individual Account Program (IAP) account. The retirement application includes forms for both programs.

For retirement dates beginning January 1, 2011, when you retire from the OPSRP Pension Program, you must also retire from the IAP, and you must be separated from all PERS employers to do so.

Turn in your retirement application within the 90 days before your effective retirement date.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits
If a member passes away prior to retirement, a pre-retirement death benefit may be available to a surviving spouse, registered domestic partner of the same sex, or a former spouse if directed by a court order. This benefit is equal to half of the retirement benefit that would have been available to the member on the later of the date of death or date of earliest service retirement eligibility.
**Are you eligible to retire?**
You are an OPSRP Pension Program member if you were hired by an employer covered by the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) after August 28, 2003.

To be eligible to retire, you must be vested and have reached retirement age.

*Police officer or firefighter*: To retire at the early or normal retirement age for a police officer or firefighter, you must have worked continuously as a P&F member for at least 60 months (five years) immediately preceding your retirement, and your effective retirement date **must be the first of the month following your separation from P&F employment**.

**Vesting**
You vest on the earliest of the following dates:

a) The date on which you have completed at least 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years. The years do not have to be consecutive; however, if you are not vested and you perform service for less than 600 hours for five consecutive years, hours of service performed before the first year of the five consecutive years will be disregarded for purposes of vesting.

b) The date on which an active (working) member reaches normal retirement age.

c) The date at which a person of normal retirement age becomes a member.

d) If the Pension Program is terminated, the date on which the termination becomes effective, but only to the extent the Pension Program is funded.

**Retirement age**
If you retire at normal retirement age, you will receive full benefits. If you retire earlier, you will receive a reduced benefit.

**Normal retirement age with full benefits**

*General service*: Age 65 or age 58 with 30 years or more of retirement credit.

*Police officer or firefighter*: Age 60 or age 53 with 25 or more years of retirement credit.

**Early retirement age with reduced benefits**

*General service*: Age 55 or if you have 25 or more years of retirement credit as a telecommunicator (911 Operator), you can retire at any age; however, you are not eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) until you reach age 55.

*Police officer or firefighter*: Age 50. (See *Are You Eligible to Retire* above for specific requirements.)
OPSRP Pension Program and IAP Pre-Retirement Guide

**Withdrawing account**

If you do not meet eligibility requirements to retire from the OPSRP Pension Program but are inactive, you can withdraw your IAP account. However, by doing so, you will completely cancel your OPSRP/PERS membership, including forfeiting your rights to any future benefits, including any potential pension benefit. You will not receive any payment of the net actuarial value of the pension account. You will have no rights to restore your PERS account(s) or other membership rights. For additional information about withdrawal, visit the Withdrawal/Inactive Member page on the PERS website.

**Work After Retirement**

**Information for OPSRP Pension Program Retirees**

If you return to employment with a private or non-PERS-covered employer, your OPSRP Pension Program retirement benefits will continue unchanged. PERS does not limit the hours you may be employed or the amount of money you can earn from a private employer or a non-participating public employer.

If you return to employment with a PERS-participating public employer after retirement, Oregon statutes impose certain limitations on that employment. Compliance with the statutory limitations is your responsibility. If you exceed the work-hour limitations, you will be accountable. Exceeding the limitations may lead to your retirement benefits being canceled and you being invoiced for any overpaid benefits.

Notice: Senate Bill 1049, passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2019, lifted most restrictions on working after retirement for calendar years 2020 through 2024. During these years, most PERS retirees who retire at “normal” retirement age may return to work for a PERS-participating employer and still collect their PERS retirement benefits with no limitations imposed by PERS. Your employer may have other limitations on your work hours.

If you retire early, make sure you have a complete break from any PERS-participating employment for at least six full months after your retirement date, before returning to work, if you want to work unlimited hours.

Refer to Working After Retirement for OPSRP Members for additional information. You can find this on the PERS website. You can also call Member Services to request a copy.
Information for registered domestic partners

A registered domestic partnership is a civil contract entered into between two individuals of the same sex who are at least 18 years of age, who are otherwise capable and at least one of whom is a resident of Oregon. The law requires PERS to provide benefits to a registered domestic partner to the same extent that a spouse would be entitled to PERS benefits under the plan unless it would conflict with the plan’s federal tax qualification. Registered domestic partners should complete PERS forms as a “spouse” wherever that’s indicated and are considered “married” whenever spousal consent is required.

Registered domestic partners will be required to provide the necessary paperwork to establish their status, just as PERS requires of married couples. For example, in the event of a member’s death, a registered domestic partner must submit the Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership to apply for PERS benefits as that member’s spouse or, in the event a registered domestic partnership is dissolved, a certified copy of a Judgment of Dissolution of Domestic Partnership must be received by PERS and approved as administrable before an alternate payee award can be established.

There are several exceptions when tax qualification requirements mean that PERS will provide benefits to registered domestic partners differently than spouses:

- If you choose either the Full Survivorship or the Full Survivorship Increase Option with your registered partner as the beneficiary and your registered partner is more than 10 years younger than you, the benefit paid will be adjusted.

- If you choose the Full Survivor Increase Option or the Half Survivorship Increase Option, choose your registered partner as the beneficiary and later legally dissolve your domestic partnership, your benefit will not be increased. If you named your registered partner as your beneficiary, your benefit will only increase if your registered partner dies before you.

- If your death benefit distribution is eligible to be rolled over, your registered domestic partner may be able to roll over only to a particular IRA. Please see the note below about consulting a qualified tax professional for more information.

Federal income tax law may apply differently to a registered domestic partner who receives any PERS benefit. Please consult with a qualified tax professional if you have questions about the federal income tax aspects of a PERS benefit.
Section A: OPSRP Pension Program
Part One: Retirement Options

General retirement option information
You can select from five different options. There is a non-survivorship option and four survivorship options.

Retirement options cannot be changed after your effective retirement date.
You cannot change your beneficiary after your effective retirement date.

You may also want to consult a qualified financial advisor or a tax consultant.

If your monthly pension benefit is less than $200 before any reductions for early retirement or payment option selection, you will receive a one-time lump-sum payment that represents the actuarial equivalent of the present value of the pension. You must still apply for benefits. PERS will contact you with more information if this happens.

Non-survivorship option
Single Life Option – This benefit is paid monthly for your lifetime. No benefit of any kind is paid to anyone after you die.

Survivorship options
Full-Survivorship Option* – This benefit is paid monthly for your lifetime. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, the monthly benefit you were receiving at the time of your death. Payments are actuarially reduced to provide the same monthly benefit amount to you for life and to your beneficiary for his or her lifetime. If you outlive your beneficiary, your benefit is not changed, and all benefits stop when you die.

Full-Survivorship Increase Option* – This benefit is paid monthly for your lifetime. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, the monthly benefit you were receiving at the time of your death. If your beneficiary dies before you or your beneficiary is your spouse on your effective retirement date and you are divorced after you retire, you will then receive the higher paying Single Life Option benefit for the remainder of your lifetime. You will need to provide proof of death or divorce and submit a signed written request for the increase.

A change to the Single Life Option benefit is effective the first of the month following the date your beneficiary dies or your divorce is final.
Half-Survivorship Option – This benefit is paid monthly for your

*Special rules may apply if your beneficiary is a non-spouse and is 10 or more years younger than you.
OPSRP Pension Program and IAP Pre-Retirement Guide

Survivorship options (continued) lifetime and is actuarially reduced to provide one-half the same monthly benefit amount to your beneficiary. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, one-half the monthly benefit you were receiving before you died. If you outlive your beneficiary, your benefit is not changed, and all benefits stop when you die.

**Half-Survivorship Increase Option** – This benefit is paid monthly for your lifetime. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, one-half the monthly benefit you were receiving at the time of your death. If your beneficiary dies before you or your beneficiary is your spouse on your effective retirement date and you are divorced after you retire, you will then receive the higher paying Single Life Option benefit for the rest of your lifetime. You will need to provide proof of death or divorce and submit a signed written request for the increase. A change to the Single Life Option benefit is effective the first of the month following the date your beneficiary dies or your divorce is final.

NOTE: Because of their additional flexibility, the Full-Survivorship Increase Option and the Half-Survivorship Increase Option pay somewhat lower benefits than the Full-Survivorship Option and the Half-Survivorship Option.

### Benefit options at a glance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Do monthly payments continue while I am alive?</th>
<th>Do monthly payments continue after I die?</th>
<th>What kind of payment is due to my beneficiary after I die?</th>
<th>Can my beneficiary be an estate, trustee, or charity?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single Life*</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-Survivorship**</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Monthly (same amount that was paid to you)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half-Survivorship **</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Monthly (1/2 amount that was paid to you)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full-Survivorship Increase Option***</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Monthly (same amount that was paid to you)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Half-Survivorship Increase Option***</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Monthly (1/2 amount that was paid to you)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* No benefit of any kind is paid to anyone after you die.

** No benefit of any kind is paid to anyone after you and your beneficiary die.

*** You can change your monthly benefit to Single Life if your beneficiary dies or your beneficiary is your spouse and you divorce after retirement. You must notify PERS in writing to change to Single Life, and you must provide proof of death or divorce.
Beneficiary information

If you are married, or have a Registered Domestic Partner (RDP), on your effective retirement date, the pension payable will be as provided under the Half-Survivorship option with your spouse or RDP as the beneficiary unless you have submitted a notarized application signed by your spouse or RPD consenting to a different option or beneficiary.

Important tax information

PERS benefits are subject to federal taxes, regardless of where you live, and to Oregon state income taxes if you are an Oregon resident. A surviving beneficiary may owe state inheritance and federal estate taxes.

Federal and Oregon state income taxes will be withheld at the standard rates unless you complete and submit a W-4P. The standard federal rate is married with three exemptions, and the Oregon state standard rate is single with zero exemptions.

Oregon nonresidents MUST complete a W-4P to elect out of Oregon state income tax withholding. By January 31, PERS mails retired members one or more Form 1099-R(s) for benefits paid the previous year.

Consult your local Internal Revenue Service office, your state’s Department of Revenue, or a professional tax advisor for help computing tax liability and preparing tax returns. For more information, see IRS Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income, which is available from the IRS.
Section A: OPSRP Pension Program
Part Two: Other Things to Know

First retirement payment
You can expect to receive your first retirement payment within 92 days after your effective retirement date. PERS needs information from you and your employer to process your retirement. Make sure your employer provides PERS the necessary information to expedite your retirement.

When you receive your first payment, you will receive payments retroactive to your effective retirement date. If PERS cannot calculate your benefit within 92 days, we will send you an estimated benefit payment.

Once we calculate your actual benefit, you will receive the difference between your estimated payment and your actual payment. If the estimated payment is $10 or more per month under what your actual payment turns out to be, you will receive interest on the balance of the underpaid amount.

Time limits on certain benefit decisions
You can change your option or beneficiary only if you submit a new retirement application before your effective retirement date. You can change your retirement date or cancel your retirement application by providing a written and signed request to PERS before the issue date of your first benefit payment.

When should I turn in my retirement application?
Turn in your retirement application to PERS within 90 days prior to your effective retirement date.

Important retirement date information
Your effective retirement date can be no sooner than either the first day of the month following the last day you worked (or were on qualifying paid leave) or the first of the month following the month you file your application for benefits, whichever is later.

Example: If your last day of work was December 5, 2014, your retirement date could be no earlier than January 1, 2015; if your last day worked was May 5, 2008, but you did not file your application until August 6, 2014, your retirement date could be no earlier than September 1, 2014.

The OPSRP retirement application must be received by PERS before your effective retirement date. The effective retirement date is always the first of the month.
Section B: IAP
Part One: IAP Eligibility and Retirement Options

General IAP retirement information

There are several important factors to consider when you retire from the IAP:

• Your IAP disbursement is based on the account balance on the date of distribution, not the date you select to retire or withdraw from the IAP.
• IAP accounts are credited with investment earnings or losses annually and are subject to loss exposure until you remove the funds.
• IAP accounts have no guaranteed rate of return.

Also, if you retire from or withdraw your IAP account before age 59½, the distribution may be subject to a 10% IRS penalty. You can find additional information regarding this in the Federal Tax Information Disclosure document on the PERS website or enclosed in this packet. You may want to contact a qualified tax professional regarding your individual situation. When you retire as a PERS Tier One, Tier Two, or OPSRP member, you must also apply for IAP retirement.

Please make sure you fill out all required sections as well as sections that may apply to you based on your selections. We will return an incomplete retirement application to you, which could delay your payment. Additionally, any changes you want to make to your IAP choices must be made before your effective retirement date. Contact PERS Member Services if you have any questions.

Distribution election

You can receive your distribution as a one-time lump-sum payment or installment payments over 5, 10, 15, or 20 years or as an Anticipated Life Span Option distribution.

5, 10, 15, 20-years: All installment distributions require you to select a distribution frequency. You may select monthly, quarterly, or annual distributions provided your account balance at the time of your IAP retirement supports the payment minimums. Each distribution must be at least $200. The minimum is based on the number of payments you will receive, determined by your option and frequency. The chart on page 17 shows the minimum account balances required at the time of your IAP retirement for each payment option and frequency.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distribution election (continued)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If your account balance at the time you retire from the IAP does not meet the minimum required for the option and frequency you select, your frequency and option will be reduced until your account balance meets the minimum, up to and including a one-time payment. This new option and/or frequency cannot be changed. However, at any time after installments have begun, you can request a one-time lump-sum payout.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anticipated life span option</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Payment of the Anticipated Life Span Option is based on the current market value of your account and an estimate of your life expectancy based on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) life expectancy tables. This distribution must also meet the $200 per payment minimum standard to qualify, and the payment will vary each year based on the current market value of your account. (See page 17 for a table with minimum account balance needed so each installment is at least $200 based on anticipated life expectancy.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If your account balance at the time of IAP retirement does not meet the minimum required for the Anticipated Life Span Option frequency you select, your frequency will be reduced until your account balance meets the minimum. If your account balance does not meet the minimum, your distribution option will default to the option that meets the $200 per payment requirement. This new option and/or frequency cannot be changed. However, at any time, you can request a one-time lump-sum payout.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rollover elections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Only one-time lump-sum or 5-year distributions are rollover eligible. The other options, the 10-, 15-, 20-year installments and the Anticipated Life Span Option, are not eligible for rollover and must be taken as a check sent directly to you or as a direct deposit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you are rolling to a qualified plan rather than an IRA or Oregon Savings Growth Plan (OSGP), a representative of the plan must complete the enclosed IAP Direct Transfer Rollover Acceptance form (#459-388). You must establish an OSGP account before retiring or withdrawing to be able to roll over to OSGP.

Contributions on which you have already paid taxes (after-tax contributions) may not be eligible to be rolled over. If not eligible to be rolled over, these funds will be mailed directly to you.

The Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions is not necessary for the portion of your distribution that you elect to roll over because rollover distributions are tax-exempt.

If you select a one-time lump-sum or 5-year distribution, you may elect to receive your distribution as a combination payment, which would split your payment in an amount specified by you. In this split/roll situation, two checks would be sent directly to you, one made out to you and the second check (the rollover portion) made out to the financial institution you specify. Your account balance must meet minimum requirements to qualify for combination split/roll payments. That minimum is $500 for the rollover portion.
One-time rollover-eligible lump-sum distribution

This option is a one-time lump-sum distribution of your entire IAP account. A one-time lump-sum payment can either be paid directly to you or rolled over into an IRA, eligible employer plan, or deferred compensation plan.

It can also be split as a combination payment, including an amount rolled over and the remainder in a payment issued directly to you. The minimum is $500 for the rollover portion.

Installment options

You can receive installment payments by direct deposit into your bank account or by check mailed directly to you.

In the case of 5-year installment payments, you may elect to have all or a portion of the payment rolled over. This option and/or frequency cannot be changed. However, at any time after installments have begun, you can request a one-time lump-sum payout.

Once your distribution has begun, the amount your payment is based on will be equal to the current account balance divided by the number of payments left for the balance of the distribution. Because earnings or losses are applied monthly, each distribution will be different based on the current market value of your account. If your account reaches a zero balance, your distribution stops regardless of the number of payments left for the option chosen.

If you elect an installment option, you must designate a beneficiary by completing Section H: of the retirement application. You can change your beneficiary at any time as long as you have a remaining balance. If you have a complex beneficiary situation, you may want to consult an estate-planning attorney.

Cashing out

If you decide that you no longer wish to receive an installment distribution, you can make a one-time decision to “cash out” your IAP account. Once the account is distributed in this fashion, it is not reversible and will close your IAP account with PERS. As this is not a withdrawal, you will retain membership with PERS and, should you decide to return to qualifying employment, you will not need to serve a six-month waiting time.

If you decide to cash out and your remaining account balance is greater than $200, the distribution is rollover eligible and will be taxed accordingly.

If you decide to cash out, are under the age of 59½, and are not rolling these funds, the IRS may assess a 10% early withdrawal penalty.

If you have any questions regarding tax laws, you may wish to consult with a qualified tax professional or the IRS.
Direct deposit

All IAP distributions that are not rolled over are eligible for direct deposit. If you wish to receive your distribution as a direct deposit to your domestic bank account, please complete the enclosed Authorization Agreement for Automatic Deposits (ACH Credits) form (#459-001). Direct deposits cannot be made to foreign banks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Installment Option</th>
<th>Monthly Distribution</th>
<th>Quarterly Distribution</th>
<th>Annual Distribution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5-year installments</td>
<td>$12,000 (60 payments)</td>
<td>$4,000 (20 payments)</td>
<td>$1,000 (5 payments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-year installments</td>
<td>$24,000 (120 payments)</td>
<td>$8,000 (40 payments)</td>
<td>$2,000 (10 payments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-year installments</td>
<td>$36,000 (180 payments)</td>
<td>$12,000 (60 payments)</td>
<td>$3,000 (15 payments)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-year installments</td>
<td>$48,000 (240 payments)</td>
<td>$16,000 (80 payments)</td>
<td>$4,000 (20 payments)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* The number of payments are not guaranteed. Your account could reach a zero balance before you receive the number of payments specified.
## IAP anticipated life span option

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age at Retirement</th>
<th>Minimum account balance needed so the first installment is at least $200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>82,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>80,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>77,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>75,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>73,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>71,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>68,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>67,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>65,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>62,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>60,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>58,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>56,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>54,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>52,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>50,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>48,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>46,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>44,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>42,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>40,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>39,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>37,350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>35,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td>33,850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>32,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Section B
Part Two: IAP Tax Information

Required minimum distribution (RMD)

If you are age 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or older, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9) requires you to begin receiving your minimum PERS benefits (i.e., required minimum distribution) before April 1 of the year following the calendar year in which you reach 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or when you leave PERS employment, whichever is later.

If you are not working for a PERS-covered employer and are 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or older, you must submit a retirement application to PERS. We will then calculate your required minimum distribution so you can begin to receive your retirement benefits.

Tax withholding on rollover-eligible distributions

PERS is required by federal law to withhold 20% of the taxable amount of any rollover-eligible distributions that are not rolled over. If you want additional taxes withheld, please enter the additional dollar amount in Section B of the Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions.

The state of Oregon requires PERS to withhold 8% Oregon tax from the taxable amount of any rollover-eligible distributions you do not roll over unless we receive a valid Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions.

If you do not want Oregon state income taxes withheld, please check the box in Section C. If you would like additional taxes withheld, please enter the additional dollar amount in Section C on the Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions.

NOTE: Oregon nonresidents must complete the Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions to be exempt from Oregon state income tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are not a U.S. citizen or resident alien, please contact PERS for additional information regarding special withholding rules.
OPSRP Pension Program and IAP Pre-Retirement Guide

Tax withholding on non-rollover-eligible distributions

Installment distributions for the 10-, 15-, or 20-year and Anticipated Life Span options are not rollover eligible. These installment options are considered periodic distributions and, as such, are not taxed in the same manner as rollover-eligible distributions.

If you elect the 10-, 15-, 20-year, or Anticipated Life Span Option, you must complete a W-4P federal tax form. If you do not complete a W-4P, by law, federal withholding will be based on a filing status of married with three exemptions, and Oregon withholding will be based on a filing status of single with zero exemptions.

NOTE: Non-Oregon residents must complete a valid W-4P to be exempt from Oregon state income tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are a U.S. citizen living outside the United States, you cannot exempt yourself from federal tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are not a U.S. citizen or resident alien, please contact PERS for additional information regarding special withholding rules.

Section B: IAP
Part Three: Additional Forms for IAP

Supplementary forms you may need depending on your personal situation

Depending on the choices you have made, you will have to complete additional forms for your IAP retirement.

The following forms may or may not apply to you, depending on the choices you have made.

- **IAP Direct Transfer Rollover Acceptance**
  You must fill this out if you are rolling over any portion of your IAP benefit to another eligible employer plan or deferred compensation plan other than the Oregon Savings Growth Plan.

- **Authorization Agreement for Automatic Deposits**
  You must fill this out if you want us to deposit your benefit directly into a bank account.

- **Tax Withholding Form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions**
  For rollover-eligible elections one-time and five-year options.

Important notice regarding the W-4P for IAP installments of 10 years or more

If you would like a withholding different from the one you choose for your OPSRP account, you must fill out a separate W-4P for your IAP.
Appendix A: Age verification

PERS can accept the following documents as verification of age. Since the documents you submit cannot be returned, please submit photocopies. Be sure to put your PERS ID on all documents so they are properly recorded. If you cannot furnish the proof required in Group 1 or 2, send PERS a written explanation.

If you are unable to copy a document, bring it into the PERS headquarters, and PERS will verify the birth information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group 1</th>
<th>Group 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If one item in this group is furnished showing birth dates, no further evidence of age is needed. Any ONE of these:</td>
<td>Two items in this group from different sources are sufficient if age or birth date is shown. Any TWO of these:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Copy of Oregon driver’s license or ID card if issued on or after February 4, 2008</td>
<td>Example: One child’s birth certificate and one driver’s license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Copy of current REAL ID driver’s license, driver’s permit, or ID card issued by any state*</td>
<td>• A notarized affidavit by an older, immediate family member in a position to know the birth date (e.g., father, mother, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Birth verification issued by state, county, or country (documents issued by foreign governments in a language other than English need to include a translation into English certified by a notary public, public agency, or other public official)</td>
<td>• Certificate of military record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• American Indian Reservation Age Verification</td>
<td>• Marriage record (record must show your age or date of birth at time of marriage)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Infant baptism certificate</td>
<td>• Copy of Oregon driver’s license or ID card if issued before February 4, 2008, or any other state’s license or ID card issued at any time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Hospital birth certificate (if signed by attending physician or issued by state)</td>
<td>• County voter registration (must show your age or date of birth; do not send in your precinct card)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Passport (current or expired)</td>
<td>• Copy of child’s birth certificate if it shows age of parents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• School-age record</td>
<td>• Social Security record (record must be displayed on an estimate of benefits or screen print from the Social Security office; document must be dated within last 12 months)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Naturalization or citizenship papers</td>
<td>• Military ID (military record DD214)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Family Bible record (if this record is furnished, include the following information certified by a notary public or other public official: copy of all family record entries in the Bible referring to applicant and parents, brothers, and sisters; Bible publication date or apparent age of Bible; when birth date was entered and by whom)</td>
<td>• Concealed weapons permit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* A compliant REAL ID will have a picture of a star, or a star cutout in the upper right-hand corner of the card. In lieu of REAL IDs, some states also have issued “enhanced” driver’s licenses, driver’s permits, or ID cards. Enhanced cards are REAL ID compliant and will bear an American flag emblem and the word “enhanced” on the front of the card.
Appendix B: Order of standard beneficiaries for IAP

If you elect standard beneficiaries, they will be awarded any benefits due to them in the following order:

(a) To my **spouse**; and if he or she does not survive me, then to:

(b) my **child** or **children** in equal shares, and the share of any child who does not survive me to his or her children living at my death in equal shares; but, if none of my children survive me, then to the children of my children living at my death in equal shares; and if neither my children nor any of their children survive me, then to:

(c) my **mother** and **father** in equal shares, or to the survivor; and if neither survives me, then to:

(d) my **brothers** and **sisters** in equal shares, and the share of any brother and sister who does not survive me to his or her children living at my death in equal shares; but, if none of my brothers and sisters survive me, then to the children of my brothers and sisters living at my death in equal shares, then to

(e) my estate.

No payment shall be made to persons included in any of the above groups should there be living at the date of my death persons in any groups preceding it as listed. Except as designated above, no dependents of any beneficiary who does not survive me will take any interest or benefit in property subject to this designation.

*Natural born and adopted children are considered “children” even if you selected the standard designation before or after their adoption or birth. If your children are adopted by someone else, they are not considered your “children” under the standard designation. If you wish to name the adopted-out children as your beneficiary, use the specific designation part of this form. If you wish to name the adopted-out children as your beneficiary, use the specific designation part of this form.

Appendix C: Examples for specific retiree designation of beneficiary

In the event of a divorce, the designation of beneficiary may be subject to court order(s) filed with PERS.

Always show full given names of person(s): for example, Mary R. Doe (not Mrs. Robert Doe).

You must also allocate a percentage of your benefit to each beneficiary.

1. **To name co-beneficiaries:**
   - Mary J. Doe  Mother  1/30/1901  50%
   - John R. Doe  Father  11/10/1900  50%

2. **To name a contingent beneficiary:**
   - Mary J. Doe  Mother  1/30/1901 if living, otherwise to
   - Betty A. Jones  Sister  8/12/1935

3. **To designate your estate as beneficiary:**
   - The personal representative, executor, or administrator of my estate. (Do not show anyone’s name.)

4. **To designate an organization as beneficiary:**
   - Do not show anyone’s name. Include the legal name of the organization and mailing address. (Please use legal name for organization.)

5. **To designate a trustee as beneficiary:**
   - Name a trustee and a successor trustee rather than the trust itself, e.g., “To John Doe (name) trustee or Jane Doe (name) successor trustee of the (name of trust,) dated, held by (trustee name and address).”
Appendix D: Blank check guide