PREVENTIVE CARE

HIV POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS (PEP)

STATEWIDE DRUG THERAPY MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL for the OREGON PHARMACIST

AUTHORITY and PURPOSE: Per ORS 689.645, a pharmacist may provide patient care services pursuant to a statewide drug therapy management protocol.

Following all elements outlined in <u>OAR 855-020-0110</u>, a pharmacist licensed and located in Oregon may prescribe post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) drug regimen.

> STANDARDIZED PATIENT ASSESSMENT PROCESS ELEMENTS:

- Utilize the standardized PEP Patient Intake Form (pg. 2)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway (pg. 3-5)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Patient Informational Handout (pg. 7)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Provider Fax (pg. 8)

PHARMACIST TRAINING/EDUCATION:

 Completion of a comprehensive training program related to the prescribing and dispensing of HIV prevention medications, to include related trauma-informed care

Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) Self-Screening Patient Intake Form

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

Date		Date of Birth/	
_	Name	Preferred Name	
Sex A	ssigned at Birth (circle) M / F	Gender Identification (d	circle) M / F / Other
	rred Pronouns (circle) She/Her/Hers, He/Him/His, Tl	hey/Them/Their, Ze/Hir/Hirs, Other_	
Stree	t Address		
Phon	,	Email Address Fa	
Healthcare Provider Name Phone ()		Phone () Fa	x ()
	ou have health insurance? Yes / No	Insurance Provider Name	
Any a	allergies to medications? Yes / No	If yes, please list	
Back	ground Information:		
1.	Do you think you were exposed to Human Immunoo	deficiency Virus (HIV)?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
2.	What was the date of the exposure?		
3.	What was the approximate time of the exposure?		:AM/PM
4.	Was your exposure due to unwanted physical conta	ict or a sexual assault?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
5.	Was the exposure through contact with any of the f		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	that apply:	,	
	☐ Blood ☐ Tissue fluids ☐ Semen ☐ Vaginal secretion	ns □ Saliva □ Tears □ Sweat □ Other	
	(please specify):		
6.	Did you have vaginal or anal sexual intercourse with	nout a condom?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
7.	Did you have oral sex without a condom with visible	e blood in or on the genitals or	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	mouth of your partner?		
8.	Did you have oral sex without a condom with broke	n skin or mucous membrane of the	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	genitals or oral cavity of your partner?		
9.	Were you exposed to body fluids via injury to the sk	kin, a needle, or another instrument	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	or object that broke the skin?		
10.	Did you come into contact with blood, semen, vagir	nal secretions, or other body fluids of	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	one of the following individuals?		
	□persons with known HIV infection		
	men who have sex with men with unknown HIV st	atus	
	□persons who inject drugs		
	□sex workers		
11.	Did you have another encounter that is not included	d above that could have exposed	Yes □ No □ Not sure
	you to high risk body fluids? Please specify:		
Medi	cal History:		
12.	Have you ever been diagnosed with Human Immuno	odeficiency Virus (HIV)?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
13.	Are you seeing a provider for management of Hepar		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
14.	Have you ever received immunization for Hepatitis		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	If no, would you like a vaccine today? Yes/No		
15.	Are you seeing a kidney specialist?		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
16.	Are you currently pregnant?		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
17.	Are you currently breast-feeding?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure	
18.	Do you take any of the following over-the-counter r	medications or herbal supplements?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure
	□ Orlistat (Alli®) □ aspirin ≥ 325 mg □ naproxen (Ale	• •	
	(Tums® or Rolaids®), □ vitamins or multivitamins co		
	zinc, or aluminum	,	
19.	Do you have any other medical problems or take an	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not sure	
	supplements? If yes, list them here:		
Signa	ture		Date

Post-exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

Name:	Date of Birth:/Today's	Date:/				
1. Is the patient less than 13 years old? Notes:						
☐ Yes: Do not prescribe PEP. Refer						
patient to local primary care	□ No: Go to #2					
provider (PCP), emergency						
department (ED), urgent care,						
infectious disease specialist, or						
public health clinic						
2. Was the patient a survivor of sexu	al assault?	Notes:				
Yes: If the patient experienced a	□ No: Go to #3	110103.				
sexual assault, continue on with the	□ 10. 30 to #3					
algorithm (Go to #3) and then refer						
the patient to the emergency						
department for a sexual assault						
workup.**						
workup.						
3. Is the patient known to be HIV-po	sitivo?	Notes: PEP is a time				
Yes: Do not prescribe PEP. Refer	☐ No: Go to #4. Conduct 4 th generation HIV	sensitive treatment with				
•		evidence supporting use				
patient to local primary care provider, infectious disease	fingerstick test if available (optional).	<72 hours from time of				
		exposure.				
specialist or public health clinic.		exposure.				
4. What time did the exposure occur	2	Notes:				
·		Notes.				
□ >72 hours ago: PEP not	☐ ≤72 hours ago: go to #5					
recommended. Do not prescribe						
PEP. Refer patient to local primary						
care provider, infectious disease						
specialist, or public health department.						
5. Was the exposure from a source p	arcan known to be HIV positive?					
☐ Yes: Go to #6	□ No: Go to #7					
		Nickey The fluide listed on				
	's vagina, rectum, eye, mouth, other mucous	Notes: The fluids listed on				
	percutaneous contact with the following body	the far left column are				
fluids:	Diagraphy of the state of the s	considered high risk while				
Please check any/all that apply:	Please check any/all that apply (<i>Note: only</i>	the fluids on the right				
□Blood	applicable if not visibly contaminated with	column are only considered high risk if contaminated				
□Semen	blood):	with blood.				
☐ Vaginal secretions	□Urine	with blood.				
Rectal secretions	□ Nasal Secretions					
☐ Breast milk	□Saliva					
☐ Any body fluid that is visibly	□Sweat					
contaminated with blood	□Tears					
	☐ None of the above					
If any boxes are checked, go to #9. Go to #7						
7. Did the patient have receptive/insertive anal/vaginal intercourse without a Notes: This type of exposure						
condom with a partner of known of		puts the patient at a high				
☐ Yes: Go to #9	□ No: Go to #8	risk for HIV acquisition				

Post-exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

8. Did the patient have receptive/ins to vagina, anus, or penis (with or v known or unknown HIV status?	Notes: Consider calling the HIV Warmline (888) 448-4911 for guidance.		
 Yes: Please check all that apply and Was the source person known to be Were there cuts/openings/sores/ull Was blood present? Has this happened more than once None of the above 			
 Does the patient have an establish up? –OR- Can the pharmacist direct public health department for appr 	Notes: Connection to care is critical for future recommended follow-up.		
☐ Yes: Go to #10			
10. Does the patient have history of kn ☐ Yes: Do not prescribe PEP. Refer patient to local primary care provider (PCP), emergency department (ED), urgent care, infectious disease specialist, or public health dept.	nown Hepatitis B infection (latent or active)? □ No. Go to #11		Notes: Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate treats HBV, therefore once stopped and/or completed, the patient could experience an acute Hepatitis B flare.
11. Has the patient received the full H Verify vaccine records or Alert-IIS.	•	□Yes □No	
☐ Yes: Go to #13	☐ No: Go to #12		
12. Review the risks of hepatitis B example vaccine if appropriate and go to #1 ☐ Vaccine administered Lot: Exp: Si			
13. Does the patient have known chro	nic kidney disease or reduced	renal function?	Notes: Truvada® requires
☐ Yes: Do not prescribe PEP. Refer patient to local primary care provider (PCP), emergency department (ED), urgent care, infectious disease specialist, or public health dept.	□ No: PEP prescription recorbelow for recommended regions. Patient mureferred to appropriate proviprescription of PEP for requirfollow-up testing. Pharmacist the provider and patient.	men(s) and ust be warm der following red baseline and	renal dose adjustment when the CrCl <50 mL/min

Post-exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

RECOMMENDED REGIMEN:

Truvada® (emtricitabine 200 mg/tenofovir disoproxil fumurate 300 mg) one tablet by mouth daily for 30 days

PLUS

Isentress® (raltegravir 400 mg) one tablet by mouth twice daily for 30 days

Notes:

- There may be other FDA-approved regimens available for treatment of PEP.

 Truvada® plus Isentress® is the only regimen permitted for pharmacist prescribing at this time.
- Although labeling is for 28 day supply, 30 days is recommended for prescribing due
 to the products being available only in 30-day packaging and high cost of the
 medications which could provide a barrier to availability and care. If able, 28-day
 regimens are appropriate if the pharmacist/pharmacy is willing to dispense as such.
- Pregnancy is not a contraindication to receive PEP treatment as Truvada® and Isentress® are preferred medications during pregnancy. If the patient is pregnant, please report their demographics to the Antiretroviral Pregnancy Registry: http://www.apregistry.com
- If the patient is breastfeeding, the benefit of prescribing PEP outweigh the risk of
 the infant acquiring HIV. Package inserts recommend against breastfeeding.
 "Pumping and dumping" may be considered. Consider consulting with an infectious
 disease provider, obstetrician, or pediatrician for further guidance.

COUNSELING POINTS:

- Truvada®:
 - Take the tablet every day as prescribed with or without food. Taking it with food may decrease stomach upset.
 - Common side effects include nausea/vomiting, diarrhea for the first 1-2 weeks.
- Isentress[®]:
 - o Take the tablet twice daily as prescribed with or without food. Taking it with food might decrease any stomach upset.
 - o If you take vitamins or supplements with calcium or magnesium, take the supplements 2 hours before or 6 hours after the Isentress®.
- Do not take one of these medications without the other. Both medications must be taken together to be effective and to prevent possible resistance. You must follow up with appropriate provider for lab work.
- Discuss side-effects of "start-up syndrome" such as nausea, diarrhea, and/or headache which generally resolve within a few days to weeks of starting the medications.
- Discuss signs and symptoms of seroconversion such as flu-like symptoms (e.g. fatigue, fever, sore throat, body aches, rash, swollen lymph nodes).

PHARMACIST MANDATORY FOLLOW-UP:

- The pharmacist will contact the patient's primary care provider or other appropriate provider to provide written notification of PEP prescription and to facilitate establishing care for baseline testing such as SCr, 4th generation HIV Antigen/Antibody, AST/ALT, and Hepatitis B serology. (sample info sheet available)
- The pharmacist will provide a written individualized care plan to each patient. (sample info sheet available)
- The pharmacist will contact the patient approximately 1 month after initial prescription to advocate for appropriate provider follow-up after completion of regimen.

Pharmacist Signature	Date / /

^{*}Oregon licensed pharmacists are mandatory reporters of child abuse, per ORS Chapter 419B. Reports shall be made to Oregon Department of Human Services @ 1-855-503-SAFE (7233).

PEP Prescription

Optional-May be used by pharmacy if desired

atient Name:	Date of birth:
ddress:	
City/State/Zip Code:	Phone number:
Verified DOB with valid photo ID	I
ote: RPh must refer patient if expo	sure occurred >72 hours prior to initiation of medication
.	
XX	
Drug: emtricitabine 200 mg/	/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300 mg (Truvada)
Sig: Take one tablet by mout	th once daily in combination with Isentress for 30 days
Quantity: #30 Refills: none	
iverilis. Hone	AND
Drug: raltegravir 400mg (Ise	·
Sig: Take one tablet by mout Quantity: #60	th twice daily in combination with Truvada for 30 days.
Refills: none	
ritten Date:	
escriber Name:	Prescriber Signature:
armacy Address:	Pharmacy Phone:
armacy Address:	Pharmacy Phone: -or-
armacy Address:atient Referred	
atient Referred epatitis B Vaccination administer	-or- red:
atient Referred epatitis B Vaccination administer	-or- red: Dose: of 2 or 3 (circle one)

Patient Information Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Pharmacy Name:		
Pharmacy Address:		
Pharmacy Phone Number:		

This page contains important information for you; please read it carefully.

You have been prescribed Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) to help prevent Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). Listed below are the medications and directions you have been prescribed, some key points to remember about these medications, and a list of next steps that will need to be done in order to confirm the PEP worked for you.

Medications: You must start these within 72 hours of your exposure

- Truvada (emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil) 200 mg/300 mg take 1 tablet by mouth daily for 30 days, AND
- Isentress (raltegravir) 400 mg take 1 tablet by mouth twice daily for 30 days

Key Points

- Take every dose. If you miss a dose, take it as soon as you remember.
 - o If it is close to the time of your next dose, just take that dose. Do not double up on doses to make up for the missed dose.
- Do not stop taking either medication without first asking your doctor or pharmacist.
- Truvada and Isentress don't have side effects most of the time. The most common side effects (if they do happen) are stomach upset. Taking Truvada and Isentress with food can help with stomach upset. Over-the-counter nausea and diarrhea medications are okay to use with PEP if needed.
- Avoid over-the-counter pain medications like ibuprofen or naproxen while taking PEP.

Follow-up and Next Steps

- 1. Contact your primary care provider to let them know you have been prescribed PEP because they will need to order lab tests and see you.
- 2. Our pharmacist will contact your doctor (or public health office if you do not have a primary doctor) to let them know what labs they need to order for you.
- 3. The tests we will be recommending to check at 6 weeks and at 3 months are listed below. The listed labs will involve a blood draw. Your provider may choose to do more tests as needed.

HIV antigen/antibody 4 th generation
Hepatitis B surface antigen and surface antibody
Hepatitis C antibody
Treponema pallidum antibody
Comprehensive metabolic panel

4. If you think that you might still be at risk of HIV infection after you finish the 30-day PEP treatment, talk to your doctor about starting Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) after finishing PEP.

Provider Notification Post-Exposure Prophylaxis (PEP) for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Pharn	nacy Name:						
Pharn	nacy Address:						
Pharn	nacy Phone:	_ Pharmacy Fa	ax:				
Dear	Provider			_ (name), (_)		(FAX)
Your	patient	(name)	J		(DOB) has	been pres	cribed HIV Post-
Expo	sure Prophylaxis (PEP) at			Pharmad	cy.		
This	regimen consists of:						
• Tr	uvada (emtricitabine/tenofovir disor	oroxil) 200/30	00mg ta	blets - one	tab by m	nouth daily	for 30 days AND
• Ise	entress (raltegravir) 400mg tablets -	one tab by m	outh tw	rice daily fo	or 30 day	s	, <u>——</u>
This r	regimen was initiated on		(Dat	e).			
Wρ r	ecommend an in-clinic office visit wi	th you or an	other or	ovider on v	ınır tean	n within 1.	2 weeks of starting
	PEP. Listed below are some key point	=	-	-			_
	<u>vider pearls for HIV PEP:</u>						
	uvada needs renal dose adjustments plies to your patient.	for CrCl less	than 50) mL/min. F	Please co	ntact the p	oharmacy if this
•	uvada and Isentress are both safe in	nregnancy I	f vour n	ationt is nr	egnant o	r hacamas	nregnant they
	ay continue PEP for the full 30 days.	pregnancy. i	i youi p	atient is pi	egnant o	i becomes	s pregnant, they
	SAIDs should be avoided while patier	nts are taking	HIV PE	P to avoid	drug-drug	g interaction	ons with Truvada.
	uvada is a first line option for Hepati	_	=		_	_	
	commended you refer Hepatitis B po						
	your patient continues to have risk for		-		er startin	g Pre-expo	osure prophylaxis
(Pi	rEP) after the completion of the 30-c	lay PEP treat	ment co	ourse.			
We r	recommend ordering the follow	ving labs at	6 wee	ks after t	he initia	ation date	e for HIV PEP:
□ Н	IV antigen/antibody (4th gen) test						
□ Н	epatitis B surface antigen and surface	e antibody					
□ Н	epatitis C antibody						
	omprehensive metabolic panel						
	reponema pallidum antibody as app	ropriate					
	regnancy test as appropriate						
	TI screening as appropriate (chlamyo	lia, gonorrhe	ea at affe	ected sites)			
We r	recommend ordering the follow	ving labs at	3 mon	ths after	the init	iation da	te for HIV PEP:
	IV antigen/antibody (4th gen) test						
	epatitis C antibody						
If vou	ı have further questions, please con	tact the pres	cribing p	harmacy c	or call the	e HIV Warr	nline. The HIV

Warmline offers consultations for providers from HIV specialists and is available every day at: (888) 448-4911. For more information about PEP, please visit the CDC website at cdc.gov/hiv/basics/pep.html.