### **PREVENTIVE CARE**

# **CONTRACEPTION – Oral, Transdermal Patch, Vaginal Ring and Injectable**

### STATEWIDE DRUG THERAPY MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL for the OREGON PHARMACIST

#### **AUTHORITY and PURPOSE:**

- Per ORS 689.689, a pharmacist may prescribe and administer injectable hormonal contraceptives and prescribe and dispense self-administered hormonal contraceptives.
- Per ORS 689.645, a pharmacist may provide patient care services pursuant to a statewide drug therapy management protocol.
- Following all elements outlined in <u>OAR 855-115-0330</u>, a pharmacist licensed and located in Oregon may prescribe oral, vaginal ring, transdermal patch or injectable hormonal contraceptives for the prevention of pregnancy.

#### STANDARDIZED PATIENT ASSESSMENT PROCESS ELEMENTS:

- Utilize the standardized Contraception Patient Intake Form (pg. 2-3)
- Utilize the standardized Contraception Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway Form (pg. 4-8)
- Utilize the standardized Contraception Prescription Template optional (pg. 9)
- Utilize the standardized Contraception Provider Notification Form (pg. 10)
- Utilize the standardized Contraception Patient Visit Summary Form (pg. 11)

#### PHARMACIST TRAINING/EDUCATION:

 Completed a Board-approved and Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE) accredited educational training program related to the prescribing of contraceptives by a pharmacist.

#### **REFERENCES:**

- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024). US Medical Eligibility Criteria (US MEC) for Contraceptive Use, 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7304a1-H.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7304a1-H.pdf</a>
- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024). Summary Chart of US Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use (US MEC), 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/contraception/media/pdfs/2024/07/us-mec-summary-chart-color-508.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/contraception/media/pdfs/2024/07/us-mec-summary-chart-color-508.pdf</a>
- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024). US Selected Practice Recommendations (US SPR) for Contraceptive Use, 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7303a1-H.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7303a1-H.pdf</a>

#### **RESOURCES:**

- CDC US MEC & US SPR Application Available for Apple™ and Android™ devices.
- National Family Planning and Reproductive Health Association. (2020). Self-Administration of Injectable Contraception Retrieved from <a href="https://www.nationalfamilyplanning.org/file/documents---service-delivery-tools/NFPRHA----Depo-SQ-Resource-guide---FINAL-FOR-DISTRIBUTION.pdf">https://www.nationalfamilyplanning.org/file/documents---service-delivery-tools/NFPRHA----Depo-SQ-Resource-guide---FINAL-FOR-DISTRIBUTION.pdf</a>

# **Contraception Self-Screening Patient Intake Form**

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

Legal I Sex As	Name/	Date of Birth//		
	•	/ Men, Ze/ Hil/ Hirs, Other		
	Address ( )	Email Address		
	care Provider Name	Email Address Fax ( )		
	u have health insurance? Yes / No	Insurance Provider Name		
-	lergies to medications? Yes / No			
	lergies to fredications. Tesy, No	If yes, please list		
•	round Information:	yes, piease list		
1.	Have you previously had a contraceptive prescribe	d to you by a pharmacist?	□ Yes □ No	
1.	If yes, when was the last time a pharmacist prescribe			
2.	What was the date of your last reproductive or sex			
۷.	pharmacist?	with a non-	/	
Contra	aception History:			
3.	Have you ever been told by a healthcare professional results. If yes, what was the reason?	nal not to take hormones?	□ Yes □ No	
4.	Have you ever taken birth control pills, or used a b	irth control patch, ring, or shot/injection?	□ Yes □ No	
5.	Did you ever experience a bad reaction to using ho	<u> </u>	□ Yes □ No	
	- If yes, what kind of reaction occurred?			
6.	Are you currently using any method of birth control	ol including pills, patch, ring or	□ Yes □ No	
	shot/injection?			
	- If yes, which one do you use?			
7.	Do you have a preferred method of birth control the	•	□ Yes □ No	
	- If yes, please check one: □ Oral pill □ Skin patch □ Vaginal ring			
	☐ Injection ☐ Other (IUD, implant)			
regna	ncy Screen:			
8.	Did you have a baby less than 6 months ago, are y		□ Yes □ No	
	have you had no menstrual period since the delive	ery?		
9.	Have you had a baby in the last 4 weeks?		□ Yes □ No	
10.	Did you have a miscarriage or abortion in the last	7 days?	□ Yes □ No	
11.	Did your last menstrual period start within the pas	·	□ Yes □ No	
12.	Have you abstained from sexual intercourse since your last menstrual period or delivery?			
13.	Have you been using a reliable contraceptive meth	nod consistently and correctly?	□ Yes □ No	
Medic	al Health & History:			
14.	What was the first day of your last menstrual period	od?	/	
15.	Have you had a recent change in vaginal bleeding t		□ Yes □ No	
16.	Have you given birth within the past 21 days? If ye	·	□ Yes □ No	
17.	Are you currently breastfeeding?		□ Yes □ No	
18.	Do you smoke cigarettes?			
19.	Do you have diabetes?			
20.	Do you have chronic kidney disease?		□ Yes □ No	
21.	Do you get migraine headaches?		□ Yes □ No	
	If yes, have you ever had the kind of headaches that	at start with warning signs or symptoms,	□ Yes □ No	
	such as flashes of light, blind spots, or tingling in your hand or face that comes and goes    N/A			
	completely away before the headache starts?			
22.	Are you being treated for inflammatory bowel dise	ease?	□ Yes □ No	
23/	Do you have high blood pressure, hypertension, or	high cholesterol? (Please indicate yes, even	□ Yes □ No	
	if it is controlled by medication)			

# **Contraception Self-Screening Patient Intake Form**

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

24.	Have you ever had a heart attack or stroke, or been told you had any heart disease? □ Yes □ No				
25.					
26.	Have you ever been told by a healthcare professional that you are at risk of developing a blood clot?				
27.					
28	Will you be immobile for a long period? (e.g. flying on a long airplane trip, etc.)	□ Yes □ No			
29.	Have you had bariatric surgery or stomach reduction surgery?	□ Yes □ No			
30.	Do you have or have you ever had breast cancer?	□ Yes □ No			
31.	Have you had an organ transplant?	□ Yes □ No			
32.	Do you have or have you ever had hepatitis, liver disease, liver cancer, or gall bladder disease,	□ Yes □ No			
	or do you have jaundice (yellow skin or eyes)?				
33.	Do you have lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, or sickle cell disease.	□ Yes □ No			
34.					
35.	Do you have any other medical problems or take any medications, including herbs or supplements?  - If yes, list them here:	□ Yes □ No			
Patie	nt SignatureDate				
To Be Completed by a Pharmacist:  1. Blood Pressure Reading/ mmHg					
	contraception was <u>prescribed/dispensed</u> , please complete the following:				
יוט	Ug:				
	Directions: Quantity:				
	Refills:				
He	althcare Provider (if known) contacted/notified of therapy  Date/				
2b. If contraception was <u>administered</u> , please complete the following:					
51	ug: Directions:				
	Quantity:				
Pro	Product/Lot: Expiration://				
	Injection Sites:				
	□ Depot Medroxyprogesterone Acetate (DMPA) - <b>IM</b> in □ R deltoid or □ L deltoid				
	Depot Medroxyprogesterone Acetate (DMPA) - $\mathbf{SQ}$ in $\square$ R anterior thigh or $\square$ L anterior thigh or	abdomen			
Ad	ministration Time:: AM/PM				
3. He	. Healthcare Provider (if known) contacted/notified of therapy Date/				
f contraception was not prescribed/dispensed/administered, please indicate reason(s) for referral:					

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Date\_

RPH Signature\_

Algorithm A: Oral, Vaginal and Transdermal Contraception with Combined Hormonal Contraceptives (CHC) and Progestin Only Pills (POP). RPH must utilize Summary <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024) & Full <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024) to make determinations below. In Full US MEC, Appendix D contains classifications for CHCs and Appendix C contains classifications for POPs.

1) Background Information – Each patient must complete a new Patient Intake Form a minimum of every twelve months. Review Patient Intake Form Questions #1-2 and use the answers to determine: **Exclusion Criteria:** -Previously prescribed contraception by RPh -and--Has not had a clinical visit with a healthcare provider, other than a pharmacist, for reproductive or sexual health within the 3 years immediately following the initial contraceptive prescription by RPh. Meets Exclusion Criteria Does NOT meet Exclusion Criteria 2) Pregnancy Screen- Review Patient Intake Form #8-13 - If YES to AT LEAST ONE question and is free of pregnancy - If NO to ALL of these questions, pregnancy can NOT be symptoms ruled out Refer Patient is not pregnant Patient is possibly pregnant 3) Medical and Medication History - Review Patient Intake Form #15-35 (and med list in pharmacy record). Evaluate medical health & history utilizing the US MEC. Evaluate medications utilizing the US MEC and any current references for drug-drug interactions with contraceptives. - If ALL boxes are labeled 1 or 2 (green) on the US MEC for -If ANY boxes are labeled 3 or 4 (pink/red) on the US MEC the type of contraception that RPH plans to prescribe or a significant drug-drug or drug-disease interaction exists for the type of contraception that RPH plans to prescribe Refer No Contraindicated Condition(s) or Medication(s) Any Contraindicated Condition(s) or Medication(s) 4) Blood Pressure Screen: Assess the patient's self-reported blood pressure or document the pharmacist's measurement of the patient's current blood POP or DMPA pressure. Note: RPH may choose to take a second reading if initial report or measurement is ≥ 140/90 mmHg CHC + BP < 140/90 mmHg -or-CHC + BP ≥ 140/90 mmHg POP + Any BP 5) Evaluate patient contraception history, preference, and current therapy for selection of treatment Not currently on birth control Currently on birth control 6a) Choose Contraception **6b) Choose Contraception** Initiate contraception based on patient preferences, Continue current form of pills, ring or patch, if no adherence, and history for new therapy change is necessary -or-Alter therapy based on patient concerns, such as side effects patient may be experiencing; or refer, if appropriate **Prescribe and dispense** up to 12 months of desired contraception product. This must be done as soon as practicable after the pharmacist issues the prescription and must include any relevant educational materials. ORS 743A.066 requires prescription drug benefit programs to reimburse for 3 months for the first dispensing and 12 months for subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive. 7) Provide Counseling Address any unexplained vaginal bleeding that worries patient (Patient Intake Form #15) - Refer for further evaluation Address any high blood pressure - Refer for further evaluation Discuss the management and expectations of side effects (bleeding irregularities, etc.) Discuss initiation strategy for initial treatment/change in treatment (as applicable). For quick start - instruct patient they can begin contraceptive today; use backup method for 7 days unless patient is within 5 days of last menstrual period (Patient Intake Form #14) Discuss adherence and opportunities for follow-up visits Encourage routine health screenings and STI prevention 8) Discuss and provide visit summary to patient and advise the patient to consult with a primary care practitioner or

consider

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women's health care practitioner per ORS 689.689(2)(b)(D).

Algorithm B: Injectable Contraception- Depot Medroxyprogesterone Acetate (DMPA). RPh must utilize Summary <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024) & Full <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024) to make determinations below. In Full US MEC, Appendix C contains classifications for DMPA.

1) Background Information - Review Patient Intake Form (Questionnaire) #1-2. Each patient must complete a new Patient Intake Form a minimum of every twelve months. **Exclusion Criteria:** -Previously prescribed contraception by RPh -and--Has not had a clinical visit with a healthcare provider, other than a pharmacist, for reproductive or sexual health within the 3 years immediately following the initial contraceptive prescription by RPh. Refer Does NOT meet Exclusion Criteria Meets Exclusion Criteria 2) Pregnancy Screen- Review questionnaire #8-13 - If YES to AT LEAST ONE and is free of pregnancy - If NO to ALL of these questions, pregnancy can NOT be symptoms ruled out Refer Patient is not pregnant Patient is possibly pregnant 3) Medical and Medication History - Review Patient Intake Form #15-35 (and med list in pharmacy record). Evaluate medical health & history utilizing the US MEC. Any unexplained vaginal bleeding that worries patient (Patient Intake Form #15) - requires a referral. Evaluate medications utilizing the US MEC and any current references for drug-drug interactions with contraceptives. - If ALL boxes are labeled 1 or 2 (green) on the US MEC for -If ANY boxes are labeled 3 or 4 (pink/red) on the US MEC the type of contraception that RPh plans to prescribe and or a significant drug-drug or drug-disease interaction exists administer (e.g., DMPA). for the type of contraception that RPh plans to prescribe (e.g., DMPA). Refer No Contraindicated Condition(s) or Medication(s) Any Contraindicated Condition(s) or Medication(s) 4) Blood Pressure Screen: Assess the patient's self-reported blood pressure or document the pharmacist's measurement of the patient's current blood pressure. Note: RPh may choose to take a second reading if initial report or measurement is ≥ 160/100 mmHg. consider BP < 160/100 mmHg BP ≥ 160/100 mmHg 5) Discuss DMPA therapy and provide counseling Discuss the management and expectations of side effects (bleeding irregularities, etc.) Discuss plans for follow-up injections of DMPA that should happen every 3-months. If getting IM: stress importance of returning for next injection within 11-13 weeks of previous injection. Provide patient with specific calendar date range for next injection. Caution with use of DMPA > 2 years (due to loss of bone mineral density). For therapy > 2 years, consultation with healthcare provider is advised. Encourage routine health screenings and STI prevention. Initial dose of DMPA IM or SQ Follow-up (every) 3-month dose of DMPA IM or SQ 6a) Prescribe and administer (IM or SQ) DMPA or 6b) Continue current form of contraception, DMPA, if no dispense (SQ) DMPA to the patient. change is necessary. Instruct patient that if this injection is not within 7 Confirm that date of last injection or dispensing was days of start of their period, then abstain or use within 11-15 weeks. backup method for 7 days. If > 15 weeks ago, then pharmacist must rule out pregnancy (repeat Step 2, and document), and If administering DMPA IM or SQ, observe, monitor, report, and otherwise take appropriate action instruct patient to abstain or use backup method regarding desired effect, side effect, interaction, and for 7 days. contraindication associated with administering the If between 11-15 weeks ago, administer or dispense the medication. drug or device. -or-Do not administer or dispense if < 11 weeks ago. If dispensing DMPA SQ for self-administration, the first self-administration must be observed by RPh or Alter therapy based on patient concerns (see by an appropriately trained and authorized HCP after Algorithm A), such as side effects patient may be providing the patient with educational materials that

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include step-by-step instructions for self-injection, as

experiencing; or refer, if appropriate.

**SEE NEXT PAGE ->** 

well as guidance on the proper disposal of needles.

The patient may complete subsequent self-

administration doses at home after the initial

observation. SEE NEXT PAGE ->

**Prescribe and administer** a 3 month dose **and/or dispense** up to 12 months of desired contraception product. This must be done as soon as practicable after the pharmacist issues the prescription and must include any relevant educational materials.

ORS 743A.066 requires prescription drug benefit programs to reimburse for 3 months for the first dispensing and 12 months for subsequent dispensing of the same contraceptive.

7) *Discuss* and *provide* visit summary to patient and *refer* the patient to the patient's primary care practitioner or women's health care practitioner per ORS 689.689(2)(b)(C).

#### Summary Chart of U.S. Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use

This summary sheet only contains a subset of the recommendations from the USMEC. It is color coded in the left column to match the corresponding questions of the Contraception Patient Intake Form For complete guidance, see: Summary <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024) & Full <u>US MEC</u> (v. 2024)

Note: Most contraceptive methods do not protect against sexually transmitted diseases (STDs). Consistent and correct use of male and female latex condoms reduces the risk of STDs and HIV.

Key:		
1	No restriction (method can be used)	
2	Advantages generally outweigh theoretical or proven risks	
3	Theoretical or proven risks usually outweigh the advantages	
4	Unacceptable health risk (method not to be used)	

## Corresponding to the Contraception Patient Intake Form:

Condition	Sub-condition	Combined pill, patch or ring (CHC)	Progestin-Only Pill (POP)	DMPA (Inj)	Other Contraception Options Indicated for Patient
		Initiating Continuing	,	Initiating Continuing	.,
_		Menarche to <40=1	Menarche to <18=1	Menarche to <18=2	Yes
Age		<u>&gt;</u> 40=2	18-45=1	18-45=1	Yes
			>45=1	>45=2	Yes
	a) Age < 35	2	1	1	Yes
Smoking	b) Age ≥ 35, < 15 cigarettes/day	3	1	1	Yes
B	c) Age ≥ 35, ≥15 cigarettes/day	4	1	1	Yes
Pregnancy	(Not Eligible for contraception)	NA*	NA*	NA .	NA*
Vaginal Bleeding	Unexplained or worrisome vaginal bleeding	2	2	3	Yes
Do atmostant /	a) < 21 days b) 21 days to 42 days:	4	1	2	Yes
Postpartum/ Non-breastfeeding	(i) with other risk factors for VTE	3*	1	2	Yes
(see also Breastfeeding)	(ii) without other risk factors for VTE		1	1	
(See also breastreeding)	` '	2			Yes Yes
	c) > 42 days a) < 21 days postpartum	4*	1 2*	1 	Yes
	a) < 21 days postpartum b) 21 to 30 days postpartum	4	Σ'	Σ'	165
		3*	2*	2*	Voc
Dropotfo adina	(i) with other risk factors for VTE	3*	2* 2*	2*	Yes
Breastfeeding	(ii) without other risk factors for VTE	3 <sup></sup>	Ζ*	Ζ*	Yes
(see also Postpartum)	c) 30 to 42 days postpartum	2*	4.*	2*	
	(i) with other risk factors for VTE	3*	1*	2*	Yes
	(ii) without other risk factors for VTE	2* 2*	1*	1* 1*	Yes
	c)> 42 days postpartum	1	1* 1	1* 1	Yes
	a) History of gestational DM only     b) Non-vascular disease	1	1	1	Yes
	,	2	2	2	Ves
Diabatas mallitus (DM)	(i) non-insulin dependent (ii) insulin dependent‡	2	2	2 2	Yes Yes
Diabetes mellitus (DM)		3/4*	2	3	Yes
	c) Nephropathy/ retinopathy/ neuropathy‡	3/4	2	3	res
	d) Other vascular disease or diabetes of >20 years' duration‡	3/4*	2	3	Yes
	a) Current nephrotic syndrome	4	2/4*	3	Yes
Chronic Kidney disease‡	b) Hemodialysis	4	2/4*	3	Yes
Cinonic Ridicy discuser	c) Peritoneal dialysis	4	2/4*	3	Yes
	a) Non-migraine	1*	1	1	Yes
	b) Migraine:	-	-	<u> </u>	163
Headaches	i) without aura (includes menstrual migraines)	2*	1	1	Yes
	iii) with aura	4*	1	1	Yes
	a) Mild; no risk factors	2			163
Inflammatory Bowel Disease	b) IBD with increased risk for VTE	3	2	2	Yes
	a) Adequately controlled hypertension	3*	1*	2*	Yes
	b) Elevated blood pressure levels (properly taken				
	measurements):				
Hypertension	(i) systolic 140-159 or diastolic 90-99	3*	1*	2*	Yes
	(ii) systolic ≥160 or diastolic ≥100‡	4*	2*	3*	Yes
	c) Vascular disease	4*	2*	3*	Yes
History of high					
blood pressure		2	1	1	Yes
during pregnancy					
	a) Normal or mildly impaired cardiac function:				
Peripartum cardiomyopathy‡	(i) < 6 months	4	1	2	Yes
r empartum cardiomyopatny+	(ii) ≥ 6 months	3	1	2	Yes
	b) Moderately or severely impaired cardiac function	4	2	3	Yes
Multiple risk factors for	(e.g. older age, smoking, diabetes, hypertension, low	3/4*	2*	3*	Yes
ASCVD	HDL, high LDL, or high triglyceride levels)	3/4	Ζ'	5"	res
Ischemic heart disease‡	Current and history of	4	2 3	3	Yes
Valvular heart disease	a) Uncomplicated	2	1	1	Yes
valvulai ilealt uisease	b) Complicated‡	4	1	2	Yes
Stroke‡	History of cerebrovascular accident	4	2 3	3	Yes
Thrombophilia‡		4*	2*	3*	Yes
I = initiation of contracentive method: (	= continuation of contraceptive method; NA = Not applicable	·	·	·	·

I = initiation of contraceptive method; C = continuation of contraceptive method; NA = Not applicable

CONTINUES NEXT PAGE →

<sup>\*</sup> Please see the complete guidance for a clarification to this classification: Full US MEC (v. 2024)

 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ddagger}$  Condition that exposes a woman to increased risk as a result of unintended pregnancy.

Condition	Sub-condition	Combined pill, patch or ring (CHC)	Progestin-Only Pill (POP)	DMPA (Inj)	Other Contraceptio Options Indicated for Patient
		Initiating Continuing	Initiating Continuing	Initiating Continuing	
	a) Current or history of DVT/PE, receiving anticoagulant	3*	2*	2*	Yes
	therapy (therapeutic dose) b) History of DVT/PE, receiving anticoagulant therapy				
Deep venous thrombosis	(prophylactic dose)				
(DVT)	i) higher risk for recurrent DVT/PE	4*	2*	3*	Yes
& Pulmonary embolism (PE)	ii) lower risk for recurrent DVT/PE	3*	2*	2*	Yes
Pullionary embolism (PE)	c) History of DVT/PE, not on anticoag therapy i) higher risk for recurrent DVT/PE	4	2	3	Yes
	ii) lower risk for recurrent DVT/PE	3	2	2	Yes
	d) Family history (first-degree relatives)	2	1	1	Yes
	a) Minor surgery without immobilization	1	1	1	Yes
Surgery	b) Major surgery (i) without prolonged immobilization	2	1	1	Yes
	(ii) with prolonged immobilization	4	1	2	Yes
C	a) Varicose veins	1	1	1	Yes
Superficial venous disorders	b) Superficial venous thrombosis (acute or history)	3*	1	2	Yes
Multiple Sclerosis	a) With prolonged immobility	3	1	2	Yes
	b)Without prolonged immobility a) Restrictive procedures	1	1	2 1	Yes
History of bariatric surgery‡	a) Restrictive procedures b) Malabsorptive procedures	COCs: 3 P/R: 1	<u>1</u>	1	Yes Yes
	a) Undiagnosed mass	2*	2*	2*	Yes
	b) Benign breast disease	1	1	1	Yes
Breast Disease &	c) Family history of cancer	1	1	1	Yes
& Breast Cancer	d) Breast cancer:‡			-	
	i) current	4	4	4	Yes
	ii) past/no evidence current disease x 5yr	3 2*	3	3	Yes
Solid Organ Transplant‡	a) No graft failure b) Graft failure	4	2	2/3* 2/3*	Yes Yes
	a) Acute or flare	3/4* 2 C	1	1	Yes
Viral hepatitis	b) Carrier/Chronic	1 1	1	1	Yes
Cirrhosis	a) Compensated (normal liver function)	1	1	1	Yes
Cirriosis	b) Decompensated‡ (impaired liver function)	4	2	3	Yes
	a) Benign:	2	2	2	Vac
Liver tumors	i) Focal nodular hyperplasia ii) Hepatocellular adenoma‡	4	2	3	Yes Yes
	b) Malignant‡ (hepatoma)	4	3	3	Yes
	a) Symptomatic:				
	(i) treated by cholecystectomy	2	2	2	Yes
Gallbladder disease	(ii) medically treated	3	2	2	Yes
	(iii) current b) Asymptomatic	2	2	2	Yes Yes
	a) Pregnancy-related	2	1	1	Yes
History of Cholestasis	b) Past COC-related	3	2	2	Yes
	a) Positive (or unknown) antiphospholipid antibodies	4*	2*	3* 3*	Yes
Systemic lupus	b) Severe thrombocytopenia	2*	2*	3* 2*	Yes
erythematosus‡	c) Immunosuppressive treatment d) None of the above	2* 2*	2* 2*	2* 2* 2* 2*	Yes Yes
	a) On immunosuppressive therapy	2	1	2*	Yes
Rheumatoid arthritis	(i) Long-term corticosteroid therapy	_		3	Yes
	b) Not on immunosuppressive therapy	2	1	2	Yes
Sickle Cell Disease‡		4	1	2/3*	Yes
Epilepsy‡	(see also Drug Interactions)	1*	1* 1*	1* 1*	Yes
Tuberculosis‡ (see also Drug Interactions)	a) Non-pelvic b) Pelvic	1* 1*	1* 1*	1*	Yes Yes
HIV	a) High risk for HIV	1	1	1*	Yes
see also Drug Interactions)	b) HIV infection	1*	1*	1*	Yes
	(i) On ARV therapy		reatment, see Drug Intera		Yes
Antiretroviral therapy	a) Fosamprenavir (FPV)	3	2	2	Yes
All other ARVs are a 1 or 2)	(i) Fosamprenavir + Ritonavir (FPV/r) a) Certain anticonvulsants (phenytoin, carbamazepine,	2	2	1	Yes
Anticonvulsant therapy	barbiturates, primidone, topiramate, oxcarbazepine)	3*	3*	1*	Yes
	b) Lamotrigine	3*	1	1	Yes
	a) Broad spectrum antibiotics	1	1	1	Yes
Antimicrobial	b) Antifungals	1	1	1	Yes
therapy	c) Antiparasitics	1	1 3*	1 1*	Yes
	d) Rifampin or rifabutin therapy	3* 2	3* 2		Yes Yes
Supplements	a) St. John's Wort	,		1	

<sup>‡</sup> Condition that exposes a woman to increased risk as a result of unintended pregnancy.

# **Contraception Prescription**

Optional-May be used by pharmacy if desired

Patient Name:	Date of birth:	
Address:	<u> </u>	
City/State/Zip Code:	Phone number:	
Dv		
Rx		
Drug:		
Directions:		
<ul><li>Quantity:</li><li>Refills:</li></ul>		
Written Date:		
	Prescriber Signature:	
Pharmacy Address:	Pharmacy Phone:	

# Provider Notification Contraception

	Pharmacist Name:
	: Pharmacy Fax:
	(name), () (FAX)
Dear Frovider	(name), () (i, v)
Your patient	(name)/ (DOB) was:
	dispensed contraception at our Pharmacy on/ noted above. The prescription
issued and dispens	
	Direction of
•	Directions:
	Quantity: Refills:
	NCINIS
issued and adminis	administered contraception at our Pharmacy on/ noted above. The prescription stered consisted of:
	Directions
	Directions: Quantity:
	Refills:
☐ NOT prescribed	, dispensed or administered contraception at our Pharmacy noted above, because:
□ Pregnancy ca	nnot be ruled out.
Notes:	
□ The patient in	ndicated they have a health condition that requires further evaluation.
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ndicated they take medication(s) or supplements that may interfere with contraception.
·	
Notes:	
□ Their blood p	ressure reading was:
□ ≥140/90	mmHg and I am unable to prescribe any combined hormonal contraceptive (estrogen +
progestero	one) pill, patch, or ring
□ ≥160/10	0 mmHg and I am unable to prescribe any injectable (progesterone only)
· ·	id not have a clinical visit with a healthcare provider, other than a pharmacist, for reproductive or in past 3 years.

The prescription was issued pursuant to the Board of Pharmacy <u>protocol</u> authorized under <u>OAR 855-115-0330</u>.

- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024). US Medical Eligibility Criteria (US MEC) for Contraceptive Use, 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7304a1-H.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7304a1-H.pdf</a>
- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024).
   Summary Chart of US Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use (US MEC), 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/contraception/media/pdfs/2024/07/us-mec-summary-chart-color-508.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/contraception/media/pdfs/2024/07/us-mec-summary-chart-color-508.pdf</a>
- Division of Reproductive Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. (2024). US Selected Practice Recommendations (US SPR) for Contraceptive Use, 2024. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7303a1-H.pdf">https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/73/rr/pdfs/rr7303a1-H.pdf</a>

# Pharmacist Referral and Visit Summary CONTRACEPTION – Oral, Transdermal Patch, Vaginal Ring or Injectable

Pharmacy Name:	Pharmacist Name:		
Pharmacy Address:			
Pharmacy Phone:	Pharmacy Fax:		
$\ \square$ Today you were prescribed (and $\ \square$ admir	nistered) the following hormonal contraception:		
Notes:			
If you have a question, my name is	•		
Please review this information with your	healthcare provider.		
	or		
☐ I am not able to prescribe hormonal cont	raception to you today, because:		
□ Pregnancy cannot be ruled out.			
Notes:			
☐ You have a health condition that requi	res further evaluation.		
Notes:			
☐ You take medication(s) or supplements	s that may interfere with contraception.		
Notes:			
☐ Your blood pressure reading is/			
□ ≥140/90 mmHg and I am unable to	o prescribe any combined hormonal contraceptive (estrogen +		
progesterone) pill, patch, or ring			
□ ≥160/100 mmHg and I am unable	to prescribe any injectable (progesterone only)		
Each checked box requires additiona	al evaluation by another healthcare provider. Please share this		
information with your provider.			
□ You have not had a clinical visit with a sexual health in past 3 years.	healthcare provider, other than a pharmacist, for reproductive or		