PREVENTIVE CARE

HIV POST-EXPOSURE PROPHYLAXIS (PEP)

STATEWIDE DRUG THERAPY MANAGEMENT PROTOCOL for the OREGON PHARMACIST

AUTHORITY and PURPOSE:

- Per <u>ORS 689.645</u>, a pharmacist may provide patient care services pursuant to a statewide drug therapy management protocol.
- Following all elements outlined in <u>OAR 855-115-0330</u> and <u>OAR 855-115-0335</u>, a pharmacist licensed and located in Oregon may prescribe post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) drug regimen.
- The prescribing Pharmacist is responsible for all laboratory tests ordered, resulted and reporting as required.

STANDARDIZED PATIENT ASSESSMENT PROCESS ELEMENTS:

- Utilize the standardized PEP Patient Intake Form (pg. 2)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Assessment and Treatment Care Pathway (pg. 3-5)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Prescription Template optional (pg. 6)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Patient Informational Handout (pg. 7)
- Utilize the standardized PEP Provider Fax (pg. 8)

PHARMACIST TRAINING/EDUCATION:

Completion of a comprehensive training program related to the prescribing and dispensing of HIV prevention medications, to include related trauma-informed care

REFERENCES

- Updated Guidelines for Antiretroviral Postexposure Prophylaxis after Sexual, Injection drug use, or Other Non-occupational Exposure to HIV—United States, 2016. Accessed February 14, 2023. https://stacks.cdc.gov/view/cdc/38856
- Updated U.S. Public Health Service Guidelines for the Management of Occupational Exposures to HIV and Recommendations for Post-exposure Prophylaxis. Accessed February 14, 2023. https://stacks.cdc.gov/view/cdc/20711
- PEP | HIV Basics | HIV/AIDS | CDC. Published July 11, 2022. Accessed February 14, 2023. https://www.cdc.gov/hiv/basics/pep.html

ORAL Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Self-Screening Patient Intake Form

(CONFIDENTIAL-Protected Health Information)

Patient Information	
Date/	Date of Birth/ Age
Name on Documents	Name
Sex Assigned at Birth (circle) M / F / Intersex Gender:	
Pronouns: She/Her/Hers, He/Him/His, They/Them/Their, Ze/H	fir/Hirs,
Street Address	
Phone () En	nail Address
	none () Fax ()
	surance Provider Name
Any allergies to medications? Yes / No If y	yes, please list
Background Information: These questions are highly confiden	itial and help the pharmacist to determine if ORAL PrEP
may benefit you, be safe for you, and what lab screenings are	recommended before starting or continuing on PrEP.
Section 1: Reason for HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) an	nd Eligibility
You do not have to indicate reason; please review and answer	er the question at the bottom of this box:
■ I want to start PrEP	I have had sex with someone living with HIV
■ I want to keep taking PrEP	I have had sex with one or more partners and did not
■ I had sex in the past 6 months	know their HIV status
■ I do not always use condoms when I have sex	I injected drugs in the past 6 months
I had gonorrhea, chlamydia, or syphilis in the past 6 months	I shared injection equipment (any)
1a. Is your answer YES to one of the above statements?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unsure
1b. Are you UNDER 13 years old?	☐ Yes ☐ No
1c. Do you weigh LESS than 77 pounds (35 kg)?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Section 2: HIV Testing, PrEP, and HIV Post-Exposure Prophyla	axis (PEP) Histories; Acute HIV Symptom Review
2a. Have you ever had a positive, reactive, detected, or indet	
HIV?	
2b. Have you had any of the following in the last 4 weeks: few	
tired, muscle or joint aches or pain, rash, sore throat, headac	· · ·
swollen lymph nodes, diarrhea, or general flu-like symptoms	
2c. Are you taking PrEP now or in the past?	☐ Yes ☐ No
If now, which PrEP medicine? Skip of the sk	question 2d and
continue to question 2e.	
 If in the past, what was your reason for stopping? 	
2d. Are you currently finishing a course of PEP after a possible	le HIV exposure?
2e. When was your last sex, injection drug use, or other poss	ible exposure to Less than 72 hours (3 days) ago
HIV?	☐ More than 72 hours (3 days),
	but less than 4 weeks ago
	☐ More than 4 weeks ago

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Section 3: Brief Medical History to Determine Which PrEP Medication May Be Best for You

3a. Have you been told you have kidney disease (e.g. kidney failure, poor kidney function)?	☐ Yes ☐ No
3b. Have you been told you have a bone disease (e.g. osteoporosis, osteopenia, low bone mineral density, etc.?	☐ Yes ☐ No
3c. Have you ever had Hepatitis B infection?Have you been vaccinated for Hepatitis B? If Yes, Date(s): #1/ #2/ #3/ If No, do you want to start the Hepatitis B vaccination today?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unsure ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unsure ☐ Yes ☐ No
3d. Are you pregnant, breastfeeding or planning to become pregnant?If no, what are you using to prevent pregnancy?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Does not apply
3e. Please list the names of other prescriptions (medicines), over-the-counter, you take so that the pharmacist can check for drug interactions with PrEP. Pleasteroidal anti-inflammatory medicines (NSAIDS): ibuprofen (Advil/Motrin), nap diclofenac and any estradiol containing gender-affirming hormone medicines:	se note doses and use of any non-
3f. Please list any other questions or medical concerns you would like to the ph	narmacist to know:

Section 4: What to Expect on Oral PrEP

The biggest risks of PrEP are:

- 1. Starting PrEP when you do not know that HIV is already there and
- 2. Staying on PrEP after contracting HIV. PrEP medicines are also used to *treat* HIV, but it's not full treatment. If someone starts the PrEP medicine while living with HIV -or- contracts HIV while taking PrEP, then the medicines in PrEP might not work for treatment.

Please be aware that:

- 1. HIV testing must be done every 3 months while taking PrEP. The pharmacist must document a negative HIV test result within the last 7 days before prescribing PrEP. If that is the only lab result available, then the pharmacist can only prescribe up to a 30-day supply until other labs are done. When all needed lab results are given to the pharmacist, then the pharmacist may be able to prescribe up to a 90-day supply each time.
- 2. Screenings for gonorrhea, chlamydia, and syphilis must be done at least every 6 months while taking PrEP. Undiagnosed sexually transmitted infections (STIs) may increase the risk of contracting HIV, even while you are taking PrEP, and PrEP does NOT protect against other STIs. Screening for gonorrhea and chlamydia must be done at each possible site of exposure via urine (genital) and swab (throat and rectum) collections.
- 3. Missing doses of PrEP increases the risk of contracting HIV. PrEP works the best when taken AS DIRECTED by the pharmacist. Please talk to your pharmacist if you are having trouble taking your PrEP and/or getting labs done.

Patient Signature	:	Date:	
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ALGOR	ITHM A	: PrEP I	NITIAT	ION							
-		ON AND E									
				ions #1a, 1b 8	<u> </u>						
	tient < 13 tient < 77	B years old 7 lbs ⁱⁱ	u [.]								Refer
□ NO	tient ())	103				•	•	□ YES			
2a) CURI	RENT HIV	STATUS									
- Review	Patient I	ntake For	m #2a aı	nd HIV test re	sults						
	tory of H	IV						☐ YES has his	story	of HIV	Refer
2b) HIV		·ocultod*			□ roo	rtivo □ ind	otormina	ata □ nan ra	activ	10	
	Ab Test r Ab blood		t he RFS	ULTED within				ate □ non-rea		ve	
1117 / 6/	715 51000	i test mas	or be ries	OLIED WIGHIII	, adys pri	ior to prest	cribing a	ina aisperisin	'6		
	A test res								tect	ed 🗆 result pending 🗆 no	one
		IA at initia	al intake	(preferred) a	nd as appr	opriate the					
□ NO cui										ving with HIV	<u> </u>
_		on-reactiv						_		esult reactive or indeter sult detected or indetern	Referance Reno
IIIV KINA	rest not	detected								terminate HIV test either ir	
										result requiring specialist ir	nterpretation.
2) 40050	6 500 00					CT 4 14/55/		(See Communi	icatio	on Example A)	
-			-	SITION WITH I c, 2d, and 2e	N THE PA	SI 4 WEEK	(S				
			,	, ,	s, muscle o	r joint aches	s pain, ras	sh, sore throat	, hea	ndache, night sweats, swolle	en lymph nodes, diarrhea,
or genera	l flu-like sy	mptoms.				•					
			-	reening HIV Ag		£					
Time of		ne HIV W		(888) 448- 49	11 for gui	□ > 72 ho		1 wooks			□ > 4 weeks
potentia			iouis			□ //2 110	Juis 10 2	4 WEEKS			□ > 4 weeks
exposur											
Symptor		HIV Pos	t-Exposu	ire Prophylaxi	s (PEP)	□ NO syn	mptoms			☐ YES symptoms	
possible						_		a 30-day		(Communication	
HIV infe	ction:					supply of -Order H		oct now		Example B)	
		PE	P Proto	col				e retroviral		Refer	
						syndrom					
									—		•
-		MEDICAT			1.25						
				b, 3c, 3d, 3e					I _		I
- Review				Hepatitis B - Review Pa		o Form #2	26		Pr	egnancy Review Patient Intake	Medication - Review Patient Intake
Intake fo		Density - Review		Tenofovir di				citabine		rm #3d	form # 3e, 3f
meane re		Patient		200mg (Truva	ada®) and T	enofovir ala	afenamide	е			101111 11 30, 31
		form #3	3b	25mg/Emtric							
				Hepatitis B. Ir this may caus		-		Stop PIEP,			
				People with	Hep B infe	ction must l	have thei				
				managed by a	a gastroent	erologist or	infectiou	is disease			
☐ YES	□NO	☐ YES	□NO	specialist. Hepatitis	Hepatiti	s B Vaccine	2		Pr	egnancy and	Evaluate for additional
_ :=:				B History		ation of be		,		eastfeeding are not	medications that can
						ed for hep	atitis B v	/ia ALERT		ntraindications for	be nephrotoxic or
					IIS		ı		Pr	EP.	decrease bone mineral
					☐ YES		□ NO	Ham D			density. • Tenofovir use in
Refer		Refer		Refer			-Offer	нер в ie series.		Refer PRN	conjunction with NSAIDs
								Hep B		,	may increase the risk of
							I .	e Antigen			kidney damage.Concurrent use is not
							(see Ta	able 1)			contraindicated, but
											patient should be
											counseled on limiting NSAID use.
									1		

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5) LABORATORY RESULTS- See Appe	ndix A for detailed information on labs	
-Hepatitis B Vaccine series	□ completed	
or		
-Hepatitis B serologies resulted:	☐ resulted, ok for protocol ☐ resulted, need	ds referral □ no result yet
-Serum creatinine	☐ resulted, ok for protocol ☐ resulted, need	ds referral □ no result yet
-Syphilis/Treponemal antibody	☐ resulted, ok for protocol ☐ resulted, need	ds referral □ no result yet
-Gonorrhea/Chlamydia	☐ resulted, ok for protocol ☐ resulted, need	ds referral □ no result yet
Are all required Baseline labs resulted	d (Tables 2 and 3 below)? 🗆 YES 📉 🗆 NO	
6) DETERMINE DURATION OF PrEP P	RESCRIPTION	
-Required BASELINE labs resulted?		□ YES □ NO
-Was last possible exposure to HIV > 4	4 weeks ago (Patient intake Form #2e, Step 3	B above)? □ YES □ NO
If YES,		If NO,
- RPH may prescribe PrEP for up to a 9	90- day supply	- RPH may prescribe PrEP for up to a 30-day supply
		- Patient needs to complete all required labs within 30 days
		by the next refill

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ALGOI	RITHM	B: PrEP	CONTIN	IUATION				
1) HIV T				_				
HIV Ag/	Ab Test r					eterminate 🗆 non-read	ctive	
*HIV Ag	/Ab must	be RESU	LTED with	nin 7 days prio	or to prescribing and	d dispensing		
LUNZ DNIZ	\	ام مقار				-+:		
	test res	uited NA as app	ronriato			eterminate \square not dete	ected - result pending	g □ none
		on-reacti			HIV Ag/Ah Test re	esult reactive or indete	erminate	
		detected			_	ult detected or indete		Refer & Report
					· ·		indicates HIV infection	, a false positive, or a result requiring
					specialist interpreta			
a)					(See Communicat	<u>' '</u>		
		OSSIBLE A ntake forn			WITHIN THE PAST 4	1 WEEKS		
					s, muscle or joint ache	es pain, rash, sore throat	t, headache, night swea	ts, swollen lymph nodes, diarrhea, or
	lu-like syn		, inproms.	rever, encuries	s, muscle or joint dene	.s pain, rasii, sore tin oat	,, riedaderie, mgne swed	es, swonen lymph nodes, didiffica, of
			-	reening HIV Ag/				
		the HIV V	<u>Varmline</u>	(888) 448- 49	11 for guidance			
⊔ No sy	mptoms				☐ Symptoms	fa	- m.l	
						for up to a 30-day sup nd repeat HIV Ag/Ab		novt proscription
						retroviral syndrome		lext prescription
					-May refer	; retroviral syndrome	Refer PR	<mark>(N</mark>
					(See Communicat	ion Example C)		
3) MED	ICAL and	MEDICAT	TON HIST	ORY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
- Reviev	v Patient	Intake Fo	rm #3a, 3	3b, 3c, 3d, 3e	and 3f			
Kidney	Disease	Bone M	ineral	Hepatitis B	Status		Pregnancy	Medication
- Reviev	V	Density		Review Pati	ent Intake Form #30	c, 3d	Review Patient	Review Patient Intake form # 3f
Patient		- Reviev			out the risk of Hep		Intake form #3e	
form #3	а	Patient				previous or current		
		form #3	b	Hep B infect)		
					isoproxil fumarate 300 ada®) and Tenofovir al			
						yy®) are treatments for		
				-	n patients with Hepati	·		
				-	se a Hep B disease flar			
				-	n Hep B infection must a gastroenterologist o			
				specialist.	a gusti dentei diogist d	i iliteetious disease		
☐ YES	□ №	☐ YES	□NO	Hepatitis	Hepatitis B Vaccin	ne	Pregnancy and	Evaluate for additional
				B History	Confirmation of b	eing fully	breastfeeding are	medications that can be
				☐ YES	vaccinated for he	patitis B via ALERT	not	nephrotoxic or decrease bone
					IIS		contraindications	mineral density.
					☐ YES	□NO	for PrEP.	 Tenofovir use in conjunction with NSAIDs may increase the risk of
				Refer		-Offer Hep B		kidney damage.
Refer		Refer		Herer		Vaccine series.	Refer PRN	Concurrent use is not
		ľ						contraindicated, but patient
	1		1		1			should be counseled on limiting
4) I A B C	PATORY	DECLIFE	Soo Apr	ondiy B for d	etailed information	on labs		NSAID use.
		QUIRED P		eliuix b loi u	etaileu iiiioiiiiatioi	I UII IADS		
	creatinin		TET EUDS	□ resulted	l, ok for protocol □ i	resulted, needs referra	al □ no result vet	
		emal antil	oody			resulted, needs referr		
	hea/Chla		·			resulted, needs referr		
		Continuati			YES DNO			
-				PRESCRIPTIO				
	ed BASEL	INE labs r	esulted?		YES DNO			
If YES,					If NO,			
	ay presci	ibe PreP i	or up to	a 90- day		ibe PrEP for up to a 30 complete all required		butho pout rofill
supply					- Patient needs to	i complete all required	a labs within 30 days	by the next refill

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RECOMMENDED REGIMENS:

Dose: 200/300 mg once daily

Note: There are other FDA-Approved medications available and may be other dosing strategies for PrEP. Daily dosing of emtricitabine / tenofovir DF (Truvada®) and emtricitabine / tenofovir alafenamide (Descovy®) are the only regimens permitted for pharmacist prescribing at this time.

Emtricitabine/Tenofovir DF (F/TDF; Truvada®):

FDA-Approved for: all HIV exposure risk indications

Preferred if: pregnancy/breastfeeding, vaginal exposure risks, substance use risks

Not preferred if: concomitant nephrotoxic medications, or risks for/known renal insufficiency or osteopenia/osteoporosis

Cost: available as a generic, lower-cost option

Emtricitabine/Tenofovir alafenamide(F/TAF; Descovy®):

Dose: 200/25 mg once daily

FDA-Approved for: use by men and transgender women only Not recommended for: HIV risk via vaginal sex or if injection substance use is the only HIV risk.

substance use is the only HIV risk

Preferred if: renal insufficiency, risk of renal insufficiency (e.g. uncontrolled hypertension or uncontrolled blood glucose), and/or bone density concerns for men or transgender women ONLY

Cost: no generic, may require prior authorization, patient may be eligible for manufacturer assistance program -or- copay card

COMMUNICATION EXAMPLES:

Example A	Your HIV test is [reactive, positive, -or- indeterminate]. This is not a diagnosis of HIV infection,
Reactive, positive,	but you do need further testing to confirm if this is a true result. Do you want to go to your
indeterminate, -or- detected	Primary Care Provider, urgent care clinic, county health department, or an HIV specialist for
result for:	further evaluation? It is important that you STOP taking PrEP now as it is an incomplete
	treatment for HIV and can lead to drug resistance in the future. Until you know your HIV test
HIV Ag/Ab	results/status, please use condoms during sex and/or use sterile injection equipment, not share
-or-	with others. You may start PrEP again with a PrEP provider if it is determined that this was a
HIV RNA	false result and you do NOT have an HIV infection. I can help you make an appointment for
	further evaluation.
Example B	Based on the [symptoms AND last possible exposure to HIV] that you reported, there is a chance
Concerns for acute HIV	that this is a sign of a recent HIV infection. These symptoms are also general and could be
infection NOT on PrEP	related to the flu, COVID19, or another viral illness. I would like to recheck the regular HIV
	screening test and add another test that looks directly for the virus before we can START PrEP.
	These tests should be done at 2 to 4 weeks after your possible exposure. I cannot prescribe PrEP
	today, but we can get you started once we have these other lab results.
	You should also consider if you want to see your PCP, PrEP provider, or urgent care clinic for
	evaluation, possible other viral illness testing, and follow-up of your symptoms. They could also
	start you on PrEP if they decide it's appropriate to start now. Please let me know if you want a
	referral and/or would like me to refer you to a community organization ¹ that can help link you to care and evaluation.

Continued on next page →

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Example B Concerns for acute HIV infection ON PrEP	Based on the [symptoms AND last possible exposure to HIV] that you reported, there is a chance that this is a sign of recent HIV infection. These symptoms are also very general and could be related to the flu, COVID19, or another viral illness. I would like to screen for HIV and add another test that looks directly for the virus. These should be done at 2 to 4 weeks after your possible exposure. While we wait for those lab results, I can prescribe up to a 30-day supply for this refill. You should also consider if you want to see your PCP, PrEP provider, or urgent care clinic for evaluation, possible other viral illness testing, and follow-up of your symptoms. Please let me know if you want a referral and/or would like me to refer you to a community organization¹ that can help link you to care and evaluation.
Example D Reactive, positive, -or- indeterminate result for: Gonorrhea -or- Chlamydia -or- Syphilis	There were [reactive, positive, -or- indeterminate] results for [gonorrhea, chlamydia, and/or syphilis]. This is not a diagnosis of [gonorrhea, chlamydia, and/or syphilis], but you need further evaluation and possibly testing to confirm if this is a true result. Please keep taking your PrEP, do not stop PrEP. Please use condoms during sexual activity until you have been evaluated and/or treated by a clinical provider. I can help you make an appointment for further evaluation/treatment to a Primary Care Provider, urgent care clinic, or county health department.

Table 1: PrEP Laboratory Requirements REQUIRED:

Lab Data	BASELINE	In 1 month	Every 3 months	Every 6 months	Every 12 months
HIV Ag/Ab	X	X	X		
4 th generation test	Required within	If first	Within 7 days		
· ·	7 days before	prescription is	before each new		
	the start	for 30 days	prescription		
HIV RNA ¹	Х		X		
Hepatitis B	Х				
-Review vaccine Status and serologies					
Chlamydia Screening	Х		X MSM/TGW	Х	
Gonorrhea Screening	Х		Х	Х	
			MSM/TGW		
Syphilis Screening	X		X	X	
			MSM/TGW		
SCr and calculated	Х			X	Х
creatinine clearance				If ≥ 50 yrs old -or-	
				eCrCl < 90 ml/min	
				at PrEP start	
OPTIONAL:					
Hepatitis C Ab *	X		Х	X	Х
	MSM/TGW,		PWID	PWID	MSM/TGW,
	PWID				PWID
HCG pregnancy test*	Х				

MSM = men who have sex with men; TGW = transgender women; PWID = People who inject drugs

¹HIV RNA is highly recommended at baseline, especially in certain situations, and if symptoms of possible acute retroviral syndrome develop while taking PrEP. It is recommended every 3 months as part of PrEP monitoring however, it is not a required test and should not be a barrier to prescribing PrEP.

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APPENDIX A- ALGORIT	ΓΗΜ A: PrEP	INITIATION 4) LABORATORY	- Required Baseline Labs
Hepatitis B Status			neganieu zusenne zuse
-Confirm vaccination or o	order lab at int	ake only	
			nknown previous or current Hep B infection.
-Do not start PrEP if has o			
Please see: https://www.	.cdc.gov/hepa	titis/HBV/PDFs/serologicChartv8.	pdf for further information
Cton 1.Honotitic B.Voca		Confirmation of boing fully yes	prinated for honotitic Divis ALEDT
Step 1:Hepatitis B Vacc	ine		ccinated for hepatitis B via ALERT surface antibody result to confirm protection after completion of
		vaccine series or order to check	
			Negative Hep B Surface
□NO		Lack of vaccination is not a cor	ntraindication for PrEP
			patitis B and recommend vaccination. OAR 855-019-0280.
Step 2: Hepatitis B surf	ace antigen	☐ reactive or indeterminate surf	face AntiGEN or core AntiBODY
If no Hep B Vaccination	, order		
Hepatitis B serologies			
☐ non-reactive all OR or antiGEN and core antiB	•		Refer and Report
			,
Renal Function Status			
			ml/min at PrEP start, order every 6 months
☐ CrCl > 60 mL/min ☐ CrCl 30-60 mL/min		ml/min, do NOT use F/TDF	n and TGW with risk factors for kidney disease with a CrCl
□ CrCl < 30 mL/min		but less than 60mL/min.	Tallu 19W With risk factors for kluffey disease with a Ci Ci
-			F/TAF/: aa since a an 1111/ aa an 1111/ aa an 1111/ aa an 1111/
	or-	mi/min AND not a candidate for	F/TAF (i.e., vaginal sex is an HIV exposure risk) *
	☐ CrCL is < 30) ml/min*	Refer
			ated for patients who are under the care of a specialist for chronic
	kidney diseas	ie -	
Syphilis/Treponemal Ant			☐ reactive or indeterminate =
		-180 days depending on risk.	- Pharmacist may proceed in prescribing PrEP
ABS)	ich as RPR) -oi	r- treponemal test (such as FTA-	(see Communication Example D above)
□ non-reactive □ indeter	rminate 🗆 non	-reactive	Refer & Report ^{1,2}
Gonorrhea, and Chlamyo			☐ reactive or indeterminate =
		-180 days depending on risk.	- Pharmacist may proceed in prescribing PrEP
Patients can determine w			(see Communication Example D above)
		leterminate □ non-reactive	Defect 0 December 12
, -		eterminate □ non-reactive eterminate □ non-reactive	Refer & Report ^{1,2}
		eterminate a non reactive	
Hepatitis C AbOptional Recommended for:	aı		☐ reactive, positive, detected or indeterminate Pharmacist may proceed with prescribing PrEP
-MSM minimum annually	/		Thatmacise may proceed with presenting the
-TGW minimum annually			
-PWID every 3 to 6 mont	hs		Refer & Report ^{1,2}
□ reactive □ indetermina	ite 🗆 non-reac	tive	
HCG Pregnancy Test—Op			☐ Positive = Refer to PCP or OB
Recommended for: Perso			Pharmacist may proceed with prescribing PrEP
Frequency: Every 3 to 12		atient preference and	
pharmacist clinical judgm	nent		Refer to PCP or OB

MSM = men who have sex with men; TGW = transgender women; PWID = People who inject drugs

https://www.oregon.gov/oha/ph/providerpartnerresources/localhealthdepartmentresources/pages/lhd.aspx

¹Lab Reporting: The <u>disease reporting poster</u> for clinicians summarizes rules and lists the diagnoses for which lab-confirmed and clinically suspect cases <u>must be reported within one working day</u> to the Local Public Health Authority (LPHA). People reporting cases are encouraged to use the <u>online morbidity report system</u>, but a <u>fillable PDF</u> is also available to fax to <u>LPHA</u>.

² County Health Department Directory:

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APPENDIX B- ALGORI	THM B: PrEP CONTINUATION 4) LABORATO	DRY- Required Baseline Labs
Renal Function Status	;	
Order lab at intake and a	annually thereafter If ≥ 50 yrs old -or- eCrCl < 90	ml/min at PrEP start, order every 6 months
□ CrCl > 60 mL/min	☐ CrCl is < 60 ml/min, do NOT use F/TDF	
☐ CrCl 30-60 mL/min	• Consider F/TAF (Descovy®) in cis-gender mer	n and TGW with risk factors for kidney disease with a CrCl
□ CrCl < 30 mL/min	>30mL/min, but less than 60mL/min.	
	☐ CrCL is < 60 ml/min AND not a candidate for	F/TAF (i.e., vaginal sex is an HIV exposure risk) *
	-or-	
	☐ CrCL is < 30 ml/min*	
	- Pharmacist prescribing of PrEP is contrainding	cated for patients who are under the care of a
	specialist for chronic kidney disease	Refer
Syphilis/Treponemal Ar	itibody	☐ reactive or indeterminate =
Order lab at initial intake	e and every 90-180 days depending on risk.	-Pharmacist may proceed in prescribing PrEP
⁵ Non-treponemal test (s	such as RPR) -or- treponemal test (such as FTA-	(see Communication Example D above)
ABS)		Refer & Reort ^{1,2}
□ non-reactive □ indete		
Gonorrhea, and Chlamy	•	□ reactive or indeterminate =
	e and every 90-180 days depending on risk.	-Pharmacist may proceed in prescribing PrEP
	which sites need to be screened.	(see Communication Example D above)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	□ reactive □ indeterminate □ non-reactive	
, 0	reactive indeterminate in non-reactive	Refer & Report ^{1,2}
Rectal test result:	□ reactive □ indeterminate □ non-reactive	
Hepatitis C AbOption	ıal	☐ reactive, positive, detected or indeterminate
Recommended for:		Pharmacist may proceed with prescribing PrEP
-MSM minimum annuall	•	
-TGW minimum annuall	•	Refer & Report 1,2
-PWID every 3 to 6 mon		Refer & Report
□ reactive □ indetermina	ate □ non-reactive	
HCG Pregnancy Test—O	ptional	☐ Positive = Refer to PCP or OB
Recommended for: Pers	ons who may become pregnant	Pharmacist may proceed with prescribing PrEP
Frequency: Every 3 to 12	2 months per patient preference and	
pharmacist clinical judgr	nent	Refer to PCP or OB

MSM = men who have sex with men; TGW = transgender women; PWID = People who inject drugs

 $\underline{https://www.oregon.gov/oha/ph/providerpartnerresources/localhealthdepartmentresources/pages/lhd.aspx}$

¹ Lab Reporting: The <u>disease reporting poster</u> for clinicians summarizes rules and lists the diagnoses for which lab-confirmed and clinically suspect cases <u>must be reported within one working day</u> to the Local Public Health Authority (LPHA). People reporting cases are encouraged to use the <u>online morbidity report system</u>, but a <u>fillable PDF</u> is also available to fax to <u>LPHA</u>.

² County Health Department Directory:

PrEP Prescription

Optional-May be used by pharmacy if desired

ISSUER:

Patient Name:		Date of birth:	
Address:			
City/State/Zip Code:		Phone number:	
lote: RPh may not prescribe and m	nust refer patient if	HIV test reactive or indeterminate	
Rx			
Truvada® (emtricitabine/tenor Take one tablet by mouth of Take one tablet by mouth of	daily for 30 days, #3	0, 0 refills	
	-or-		
 □ Descovy® (emtricitabine/teno □ Take one tablet by mouth of □ Take one tablet by mouth of 	daily for 30 days, #3 daily for 90 days, #9	0, 0 refills	
Written Date:			
		n the written date)	
		Prescriber Signature:	
Pharmacy Address:		Pharmacy Phone:	
	-or-		
☐ Patient Referred ☐ Hepatitis B Vaccination administe ☐ Lot: Expiration Date:_ Notes:	Dose:	_ of 2 or 3 (circle one)	
cturer Copay Card Information:			

Oregon Board of Pharmacy v. 6/2023

ID:

Provider Notification

Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

Pharmacy Name:		
Pharmacy Address:		
Pharmacy Phone: Pharm		-
Dear Provider	(name) () (FAX)	
Your patient	(name)/(DOB) h	as been
prescribed HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) by $_$	ارا	RPH. This regimen
was filled on/(Date) for a		
approximately days/([
This regimen consists of the following (check one):		
	narate) Descovy (emtricitabine/tenofovir alaf	enamide)
200/300mg tablets	200/25mg tablets	•
 Take one tablet by mouth daily 	Take one tablet by mouth dai	ly
Your patient has been tested for and/or indicated the	ne following:	
Test Name Date of Test	Result	Needs referral
 HIV ag/ab (4th gen):/	□ reactive □ indeterminate □ non-reactive	□ Yes
• HIV RNA://	□ <i>detected</i> □ <i>indeterminate</i> □ not detected	□ Yes
Hepatitis B surface antigen://	□ <i>reactive</i> □ non-reactive	□ Yes
Hepatitis C antibody: //	□ <i>reactive</i> □ non-reactive	□ Yes
 Syphilis/Treponemal antibody:/// 	□ <i>reactive</i> □ <i>indeterminate</i> □ non-reactive	□ Yes
Gonorrhea/Chlamydia: //	_	□ Yes
Urinalysis result: Pharyngeal test	result: Rectal test result:	
\square reactive \square indeterminate \square reactive \square inde		
□ non-reactive □ non-reactive	□ non-reactive	
Renal function (CrCl): /		□ Yes
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n - 60mL/min □ <i>CrCl</i> <30mL/min	
• HCG://	,	□ Yes
 Signs/symptoms of acute retroviral syndrome (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	□ Yes
 (□ Yes □ No) in the last 4 weeks and not on PrEP (I Exposure risk less than 72 hours ago? □ Yes □ No 	⊔ res ⊔ nuj.	□ Yes
LAPOSULE HISK IESS CHAIT /2 HOURS ago: 1 183 1 NO		□ 1C3

We recommend evaluating the patient, confirming the results, and treating as necessary. Listed below are some key points to know about PrEP.

Provider pearls for HIV PrEP:

- PrEP is prescribed for up to a 90 day supply for each prescription to align with appropriate lab monitoring guidelines.
- Truvada® is not recommended for CrCl less than 60 mL/min. Please contact the pharmacy if this applies to your patient and/or there is a decline in renal function. Descovy may be a better option.
- Truvada® and Descovy® are both safe in pregnancy. If your patient is pregnant or becomes pregnant, they may continue PrEP.
- NSAIDs should be avoided while patients are taking HIV PrEP to avoid drug-drug interactions with Truvada.
- Truvada® is a first line option for Hepatitis B treatment. This is not a contraindication to PrEP use, but we recommended you refer Hepatitis B positive patients to an infectious disease or gastroenterology specialist.
- A positive STI test is not a contraindication for PrEP.

Pharmacist monitoring of HIV PrEP and transition of care:

- The pharmacist prescribing and dispensing PrEP conducts and/or reviews results of HIV testing, STI testing, and other baseline and treatment monitoring lab results as part of their patient assessment.
- Patients who test reactive or indeterminate for HIV, gonorrhea/chlamydia, syphilis, or Hepatitis B will be referred to your office for evaluation, diagnosis, and treatment.
- Your office may take over management of this patient's HIV PrEP from the pharmacy at any time.

If you have additional questions, please contact the prescribing pharmacy, or call the HIV Warmline. The HIV Warmline offers consultations for providers from HIV specialists and is available every day at: (855) 448-7737. For information about PrEP, please visit the CDC website.