## **OREGON HIGHER EDUCATION** COMMUNITY COLLEGES SNAPSHOT

## ENROLLMENT Race/Ethnicity **1st-Generation Status** Enrollment Level 0.9% Asian American/Asian 0.5% Black/African American 5% Latino/a/x/Hispanic 17% 21% 62% 2% 22% 71% 5% Full-time Part-time Non-High-1st Non-1st 1st-aen. 1% Native American/Alaska Native gen. gen. unknown Undergrad Undergrad credit school (1-45 cr.) 0.2% (45+ cr.) only Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 0 5% Multi-racial Primary Area of Age Gender Instruction (most credits) 43% White 13,520 62% 25+ 41% Female 49% Not reported 20% for-credit Lower Div. Collegiate 22% 18-24 33% Male **Total students** 26% Neither or ■ 12% <18 for-credit Career/Technical Students of color are increasingly 8% 3% Not reported not reported represented on campuses. Currently, Developmental Educ. 1% nearly **9%** of higher education students identify as students of color. 71% Non-Credit only AFFORDABILITY Unable to Meet College Expenses with Expected Resources **Students Receiving Financial Aid** FAFSA filers Federal Pell Oregon Promise suppressed of Asian American/Asian 1,151 315 suppressed of Black/African American OR Opportunity Grant Institutional Aid of Latino/a/x/Hispanic 34% 897 686 35% 39% 33% of Native American/Alaska Native of Non-1st **Students Seeking Financial Aid** of 1st suppressed of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander generation • generation 36% suppressed of Multi-racial **COA Components** 36% of White of students were 60% 13% Average Cost of Attendance (COA) unable to meet Applied and Applied and Degree-seeking Did Not who Did Received expenses with \$17,982 ÷ COA Aid Receive Aid Not Apply expected resources: \$13,155 COA after public student aid Average Debt Among Graduates family contributions, \$12,120 COA after institutional + public aid Inc. students with \$0 student earnings, \$8,543 debt Federal Loans and grant aid. 45% Room/board Loans fill the gap - **28%** of Longer Time to Completion Increases Cost 30% Tuition/fees undergraduates have federal loans. 3.0 Years 7% Personal exp. Associate degree Graduation rates rise with grants and fall 10% Books/supplies 4.0 Years Bachelor's degree 8% Transportation with loans. OUTCOMES Annual Earnings from Oregon Employment **Completion Rates** Credential-Seeking suppressed of Asian American/Asian ΔII Associate Bachelor's certificates degree degree suppressed of Black/African American (statewide) (statewide \$30,203 \$43,953 5 years \$29.471 66% of Latino/a/x/Hispanic 44%:60% of 1st of Non-1st generation generation suppressed of Native American/Alaska Native 10 years \$20,023 \$47,998 \$54,376 51% suppressed of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander

suppresseof Multi-racial

if continued to junior year

82% 1st-time Freshmen

61% Transfer Students

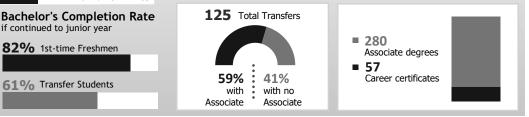
52% of White

2017-18 Academic Year

**Umpgua Community College** 

Median earnings 5 and 10 years after graduation.

## Number of Students Transferring and Completing





of new community

college students

complete an

associate degree or

certificate, or

transfer to a

university within

4 years

Retention

Rate

81%

Students

continuing

after 1st year

For institution snapshots, visit www.oregon.gov/highered/research/Pages/snapshots.aspx. See back of this document for data notes and definitions. Created by HECC Office of Research and Data in April 2018. Data in this version published 10/14/2022. Suggested citation: Oregon Higher Education Coordinating Commission. (2022). Statewide Higher Education Snapshots. Salem: Oregon.

## OREGON HIGHER EDUCATION STATEWIDE SHAPSHOTS: Definitions HECC Office of Research and Data (Data are from academic year 2017-18 except where noted)

ENROLLMENT	CC Office of Research and Data (Data are from academic year 2017-18 except where noted)
Total Students Enrolled	The count of Total Students on the statewide snapshot includes all students at all postsecondary institutions in Oregon: Oregon resident,
	nonresident, graduate, undergraduate, and nonadmitted (e.g., high school students) students. Institutions include all public community colleges universities, and most of the institutions in the Oregon Alliance of Independent Colleges and Universities. The number of Students in Public Institutions includes all students at 17 community colleges and 7 public universities. We estimate an unduplicated total count of students attending more than one public institution in 2017-18. The number of Oregon Undergraduates includes Oregon resident admitted and nonadmitted undergraduate students and those covered under the veteran/noncitizen tuition equity program at public universities and all students in community colleges who were enrolled at any point in the summer to spring academic year.
Other Enrollment Data	Except for Primary Area of Instruction, all other university enrollment data refer to Oregon resident admitted and nonadmitted undergraduate students. Community college enrollment data refer to all students, including those enrolled in non-credit courses. Both sectors include high school students enrolled in dual credit/accelerated learning.
Race/Ethnicity, Credit Load, Age, Gender	For universities, includes Oregon resident undergraduate students and high school students enrolled in dual-credit/accelerated learning courses. For community colleges, this includes all students. Race/ethnicity, age, and gender are self-reported. For gender, "not reported" includes other options available at some schools.
Primary Area of Instruction	For university students, shows Oregon resident, undergraduate and graduate students, whether admitted or nonadmitted, and includes high school students in dual-credit/accelerated learning; measure based on admission criteria. For community college students, shows the percentag of students whose primary area of instruction is Lower Division Collegiate (LDC), Career/Technical Education (CTE), Developmental Education (Dev. Ed.), or non-credit courses. This is the category in which the largest share of a student's credits lies. Students in the non-credit group are enrolled only in non-credit courses, including non-credit LDC, CTE, Dev. and Adult Continuing Education, Personal Enrichment, and other types.
1st-Generation Status	Includes only students who completed a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) or ORSAA. A 1st-generation student is one who reported no parents completed education beyond high school or its equivalent. If one parent in a two-parent household earned a certificate or associate degree/bachelor's degree, the student is not considered 1st-generation.
Non-1st-Generation Status Enrollment Level	A student who completed a FAFSA/ORSAA and reported at least one parent earned a certificate, associate degree, or bachelor's degree. Students attempting 45+ credits (minimum needed to complete an associate degree in 2 years or a bachelor's degree in 4 years), 1-44 credits, and 0 credits annually. High school students enrolled in college courses generally attempt 1-44 credits annually.
AFFORDABILITY	
Affordability Data	All data in this section (except for institutional aid) refer only to resident, undergraduate students who filed a complete FAFSA/ORSAA. Students who did not file a complete FAFSA/ORSAA may include those from high-income and those from low-income families.
Unable to Meet Expenses with Expected Resources Race/Ethnicity	Students for whom total cost of attendance exceeds the sum of their federal expected family contribution (EFC), public grant aid, and own earnings. Earnings estimated as 90% of minimum wage for 15 hours per week for 48 weeks (Oregon Opportunity Grant formula). The percentage unable to meet expenses with expected resources for those those not reporting a racial/ethnic group, <b>35%</b> .
Cost of Attendance (COA)	Institutional reports of standard student budgets for tuition/fees, books/supplies, room/board, personal expenses, transportation, and other costs. Cost of attendance data are based on enrollment of 15 crediets per term but part-time students are included by adjusting to full-time equivalent.
1st-Generation Status	Percentage of 1st-generation students unable to meet college expenses with expected resources and of non-1st-generation students unable to meet college expenses with expected resources. For definition of 1st-generation status, see Enrollment section above.
Students Receiving Financial Aid	Data on Pell grants, Oregon Opportunity grants (OOG), and Oregon Promise grants are available only for those who filed a FAFSA/ORSAA. Measure shows the number of students receiving a grant in 2017-18 Institutional aid data reflect all resident undergraduates, regardless of a FAFSA/ORSAA.
Students Seeking Financial Aid	Data include resident, undergraduate students at the universities and community college students attempting six or more credits, who were not accelerated learning students. Shows percentage of these students who filed a complete FAFSA/ORSAA and did or did not receive aid as well as the percentage of these students who did not file a complete FASFSA/ORSAA.
Federal Loan Debt	Federal loan debt for graduates includes those with \$0 of federal loans. Percentage of undergraduates with federal loans includes Oregon residents and nonresidents. Both measures from IPEDS at https://collegescorecard.ed.gov/data/.
COA after Public Student Aid	Shows average cost of attendance for students who receive public aid. Subtracts average public aid from the total cost of attenance.Max. Pell grant = \$5,920Max. OR Opportunity grant = \$2,250 (university)Max. OR Promise grant = \$1,000-\$3,398\$2,250 (community college)
COA after Inst./Public Aid	The cost of attendance after subtracting the average amount of public aid and institutional aid provided to students.
Time to Completion	For 2017-18 first-time graduates, shows median time between first for-credit community college enrollment in LDC/CTE/Dev.Ed. after high school and earning an associate degree or between university admission and earning a bachelor's degree. Excludes students who earn an associate degree during high school. Excludes summer term.
OUTCOMES	
Completion Rates	University completion rates show the percentage of resident, first-time, full-time freshmen in the fall 2012 cohort who earned a bachelor's degree within 6 years at any public university. Community college completion rates show the percentage of students who earned an associate degree or career certificate or who transferred to any 4-year university nationwide, among students who were new to the college in fall 2014, were not enrolled in dual credit/accelerated learning, and earned at least 18 credits over 2 years or earned an award of fewer than 18 credits.
Race/Ethnicity	The completion rate for those not reporting a racial/ethnic group, <b>39%.</b>
Bachelor's Completion if continued to junior year	This measure shows the graduation rate for students who are about half-way through a bachelor's degree. It compares first-time freshmen who continue into a third year and who graduate within 6 years of admission to the university with transfer students from any Oregon community college who transfer with at least 90 credits accepted and then graduate within 4 years of admission to the university as a transfer student.
Retention Rate	For university students, shows the percentage of first-time, full-time freshmen in fall 2016 who enrolled in fall 2017. For community college students, shows the percentage of new, credential-seeking students in fall 2016 who were enrolled in fall 2017 or received an award before or during fall 2017. This includes students who were new to the institution in summer or fall 2016, not enrolled in dual-credit courses after the spring of 2016 (a proxy for high school graduates), and earned at least 18 credits or earned an award by the end of 2 years (the VFA credential-seeking cohort).
1st-Generation Status	Shows the completion rate for 1st-generation students and the comparable completion rate for non-1st-generation students. For definition of 1st-generation status, see Enrollment section above.
Annual Earnings	Earnings outcomes come from the Oregon Employment Department and include students employed in Oregon in 2017-18, 10 and 5 years after completion in 2006-07 and 2011-12, respectively. Includes all certificate, associate and bachelor's degree recipients whether or not they completed additional degrees.
Number of Students Completing/Transferring	Shows all students completing a degree/certificate at an Oregon community college and resident students at public university during the 2017-18 academic year. Transfer students are those admitted to a public university as a transfer student from any Oregon community college and may also have earned an associate degree or certificate. In the degree and certificate totals, students earning more than one degree or certificate are counted once, in the highest award group.
General notes	Percentages may not sum to 100 due to rounding. For privacy, data are suppressed for measures containing fewer than 10 students.