General Health Appraisal Hearing Screening

Regulations:

OAR 581-022-2220 Health Services (excerpted)

- (1) The school district shall maintain a prevention-oriented health services program for all students that provide:
- (f) Vision and hearing screening

Overview:

In order to be successful, especially academically and socially, children must learn how to communicate with others. The most significant effect of a hearing loss is the creation of a speech and language barrier that interferes with communication. The U.S. Department of Education reports that, during the 2003-04 school year, 71,903 students aged 6 to 21(or 1.2% of all students with disabilities) received special education services under the category of hearing impairment. However, the number of students with hearing loss and deafness is undoubtedly higher, since many of these students may have other disabilities as well, and may be served under other categories.

Background/Rationale:

Hearing screenings promote identification of hearing deficiencies in order to provide early intervention to prevent or minimize effects on educational progress. Hearing impairments can occur at any age and their effects can be subtle, making school an ideal site for screening programs. Without hearing screening programs, hearing losses may go undetected in students and consequently potentially impede academic success while also possibly creating speech and language delays, social and emotional problems, and additionally impacting general physical well-being and safety. The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) requires states to identify children from 3 to 21 years of age with disabilities, including hearing loss.

Guidance:

Roles and Responsibilities-

Reference the "Guidance" section of the "General Health Appraisal" chapter for commentary about the inclusion of the constituent domains of the coordinated school health program. It is important to provide appropriate health education for students and families about routine hearing examinations and associated health maintenance, hearing safety, the hearing screening process, and referral criteria. Likewise, it is important to involve pertinent community persons to assist in defining the screening population when resources do not allow all at-risk students to be routinely screened and to help in identifying resources for students needing medical referral. Ideally, hearing screening of preschool and school age children should be done annually.

Procedures-

- 1. Hearing screening shall be offered annually for all students in as many of the following categories as resources allow, starting with:
 - First entry into school.
 - Every year from pre-kindergarten through 3rd grade. 7th and 11th grades.
 - Upon entrance into special education. Upon grade repetition.
 - Parent or school staff referrals.
 - School-age children who already receive regular audiologic management need not participate in a screening program.
 - The frequency of screenings and the participating population should be determined in consultation with appropriate local health care providers.

- 2. Hearing screening programs should be conducted under the direction of a licensed audiologist, a speech language pathologist, or the school nurse. The supervising professional has the responsibility for training and monitoring screening activities.
 - An individual pure tone screening is recommended. (See Hearing Screening Appendix III, "Flow Chart of Recommended Procedures for Identification, Audiometry Program in the Schools," for recommended frequencies and screening levels.)
 - Conventional audiometry where students are instructed to raise their hand (or point to the appropriate ear) when they hear a tone is the commonly used procedure.
- 3. Proper handling of machines, daily equipment check, and yearly calibration should be the standard to assure accurate screening.
- 4. Parents should be informed of hearing screenings to have the option to decline the service. Communication mechanisms include a parent notice in a school publication, hand-carried notes to parents, or as part of the student handbook (see the sample form in Hearing Screening Appendix I).
- 5. Students should be informed of rationale and process to afford informed assent. Students shall not be screened against their will.
- 6. The school must provide adequate time, student supervision, and environmental space to ensure appropriate assessment and individual privacy. Screenings should be in the quietest area of the building. (It is best to avoid hallways, gymnasiums, cafeterias, or areas adjacent to playgrounds and continuous noise, such as running motors and blowers, etc.)
- 7. Students failing to respond to one or more frequencies in either ear should be reinstructed, have the earphones repositioned, and re-screened. Re- screening may occur in the same session, on the same day, or within two weeks of screening. When the student fails after re-instruction and re- screening, s/he should be referred to an audiologist for evaluation.
 - Students failing the follow-up audiological testing must be referred to appropriate medical and/or further audiological evaluation to occur within four to six weeks.
 - Follow-up should occur within one month and no longer than three months to ensure students' medical, educational, and rehabilitative needs are met.
- 8. Results of all screenings and testing should be shared with parents or guardians.
- 9. For students identified as hearing disabled, the speech-language pathologist, audiologist, or school nurse should work with the classroom teacher(s) to implement necessary adjustments (such as seating location) to maximize learning.
- 10. Documentation should reflect screening and testing results and parent or student declines.
- 11. Documentation should be filed according to guidelines in the section "Health Information and School Records."

Staff Development Needed-

- Establish policies and procedures about screenings to be offered.
- Provide training for staff about symptoms suggestive of hearing problems and actions to take for referral to the school's nurse and parent.

Resources:

American Society for Deaf Children P.O. Box 3355 Gettysburg, PA 17325

1-800-942-2732 (Voice/TTY); (717) 334-7922 (T/TTY)

Web: www.deafchildren.org

American Speech-Language Hearing Association (ASHA) 10801 Rockville Pike

Rockville, MD 20852

(301) 897-5700 (Voice/TTY); 1-800-638-8255 (Helpline)

Web: www.asha.org

National Institute on Deafness and Other Communication Disorders

P.O. Box 1492 Washington, DC 20013 1-800-695-0285

Web: www.nichcy.org

General Health Appraisal - Hearing Screening Appendix I Template for Parent Information Letter

Hearing screening for all 8th grade students will be held on (insert day and date).

You will be notified of the results of the screening by mail if your child needs further assessment by a specialist. Otherwise, your child will hand carry his/her report home. Expect results within 2-3 weeks after the screening.

Only __ graders will be screened on that day. However, should you have concerns regarding your child's hearing please feel free to call me. I would be happy to screen your child at any time upon request.

(Signature), School Nurse (Phone Number) (Email Address)

General Health Appraisal - Hearing Screening Appendix II Letter to Parents on Hearing Screening Results

To Parent/Guardia	an:			
(Student Name)	_Grade:	had a hearing screening on (da	<u>ate)</u> at_	school.
Hearing screening	g results:			
Your child p	assed the so	reening. You may disregard the re	st of this for	m.
	id not pass the hearing prol	he screening. (Colds, ear infectior blem.)	s, earwax, a	and allergies may cause
		n results today. The audiologist or s done later at school.	audiology a	issistant will try to obtain
mailed to yo	ou. If you do i	nerally be done at school within six not want, your child included in this ail this form to School Health Ser	s testing, ple	
weeks. If yo you do not v	ur child does vant follow-u	day, but will be included in screer onot pass the screening, follow-up p testing done at that time, please Health Services.	testing will	be done at that time. If
	•	's hearing tested, please mail this	form to:	
[List school's addre	essj			
I DO NOT GIVE PI school.	ERMISSION	for's hearing to be to	sted by the	hearing specialist at
Parent Signature	Date			

General Health Appraisal - Hearing Screening Appendix III Flow Chart Recommended Procedures for Identification and Referral

