

Criteria for Approval Cultural Competence Continuing Education Training (May 2019)

	Cultural Competence Continuing Education Training (May 2019)		
	Culturally competent practice requires self-awareness and self-assessment of providers' beliefs, attitudes,		
Domain I	emotio	ons and values.	
	✓	Training opportunity teaches about cultural factors that may influence provider and patient's behaviors	
	✓	Training opportunity helps to foster a non-judgmental and respectful environment during health	
		encounters between provider and patient	
	✓	Training opportunity teaches relationship between cultural competence and ethics	
	✓	Training opportunity explores concepts of power, privilege and oppression across personal identities and	
		the intersections among these identities (e.g. racial, ethnic, culturally-based, LGBTQ, people with	
		disabilities, limited English proficient, etc.)	
Domain II	Cultur	rally competent practice requires the acquisition of knowledge by providers.	
	✓ ✓	Training opportunity demonstrates understanding of cultural competence as a developmental, life long,	
		participatory process, not an endpoint	
		Training opportunity provides a broad and inclusive definition of diversity, even if it focuses on a specific	
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		population Control of the Control of	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates knowledge of legal, regulatory (i.e. patient rights & responsibilities, risks	
		to practice-civil rights act, ADA, CLAS, Joint Commission requirements, etc.) and accreditation issues of	
		diversity and linguistic issues and providers' professional standards regarding cultural competence	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates knowledge of health disparities and social determinants of health	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates knowledge of culturally-based information and related resources specific	
		to Oregon	
Domain III	Culturally competent practice requires the acquisition of skills by providers.		
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates how to collaborate with patients and/or stakeholders in making health	
		care decisions.	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates how to develop and/or utilize communication tools/multiple patient	
		education formats (including translated, audio and visual materials) and patient assessment strategies (e.g.	
		patient- and family-centered communication, patient's perception of his/her health, patient preferences,	
		etc.)	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates how to collect and utilize data to inform clinical practice related to	
		health equity, (including recognition of institutional cultural issues)	
	✓	Training opportunity demonstrates how to collaborate effectively with community resources, stakeholders,	
		traditional health workers (THWs), qualified/certified health care interpreters (HCIs), providers, and other	
		types of healers	
	Cultur	cally competent training requires specific educational approaches for acquisition of knowledge and	
Domain IV	skills	any competent training requires specific educational approaches for acquisition of knowledge and	
	SKIIIS	Theiring against which is delivered through facilitated learning are access (a.g. interestive twining involving	
		Training opportunity is delivered through facilitated learning processes (e.g. interactive training involving	
		case review; homework; discussion group/blog; interactive test with trainer/facilitator; post-training to	
		demonstrate what was learned; etc.)	
	 	Training opportunity uses a variety of collaborative, inclusive and accessible teaching methodologies	
		consistent with adult learning principles (self-directed, goal oriented activities based on participant	
		experiences in order to gain new forms of knowledge, skills, attitudes, or values)	
	✓	Training opportunity is evaluated to assess impact on participants and efficacy of trainers, with clear	
		description of criteria for participant completion	
	✓	Training opportunity incorporates the principles of privilege, power, oppression, bias, and the guiding	
		principles of cultural competency	
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For simplification, the terms "provider" and "patient" represent the broadest spectrum of roles in health care, including but not limited to: physician, social worker, medical technician, etc.; and patient representative, client, resident, consumer, patient's family and community, etc., respectively.