TABLE 6-56. Highest and lowest age-adjusted death rates<sup>1</sup> by state, 2015<sup>2</sup>

Cause	Lowest		Highest	
	State	Rate	State	Rate
All causes	Hawaii	588.2	Mississippi	963.7
Heart disease	Minnesota	116.6	Mississippi	240.5
Malignant neoplasms	Utah	125.2	Kentucky	195.9
Unintended injuries	Maryland	29.7	West Virginia	77.9
Chronic lower respiratory disease	Hawaii	17.3	Oklahoma	65.8
Cerebrovascular disease	New York	26.0	Mississippi	52.7
Alzheimer's disease	New York	12.6	South Carolina	46.2
Diabetes mellitus	Nevada	13.4	Oklahoma	32.4
Influenza & pneumonia	Alaska	8.4	Hawaii	27.4
Nephritis & nephrosis	Vermont	4.5	Louisiana	23.2
Suicide	District of Columbia	4.9	Wyoming	28.0
Septicemia	California	3.5	Mississippi	20.2
Alcohol-induced deaths	Maryland	4.4	New Mexico	30.8
Hypertension	Hawaii	4.2	Mississippi	15.3
Parkinson's disease	New York	5.3	Utah	10.2
Homicide	Maine	1.7	District of Columbia	17.5
Perinatal conditions	lowa	2.3	Delaware	8.4
Congenital anomalies	Connecticut	2.0	North Dakota	4.9
Aortic aneurysm & dissection	New Hampshire	2.1	Wyoming	4.8
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	Nevada	1.3	Montana	3.5
HIV/AIDS	Wisconsin	0.4	District of Columbia	10.3
Viral hepatitis	Minnesota	0.9	District of Columbia	5.9
Arteriosclerosis	Minnesota	0.5	Kansas	12.3

Rates are adjusted to the U.S. standard million population and are per 100,000. Age-adjusted death rates allow the comparison of Oregon and the U.S. as if the population structure of each were identical (Oregon's population is older than the U.S. as a whole). All rates in this table were calculated using the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention WONDER (Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiological Research) system (http://wonder.cdc.gov). These rates may vary slightly from rates published by the National Center for Health Statistics and the Oregon Center for Health Statistics due to different file closure dates and different population estimate methodologies.

<sup>2</sup> Most recent year for which final data are available.