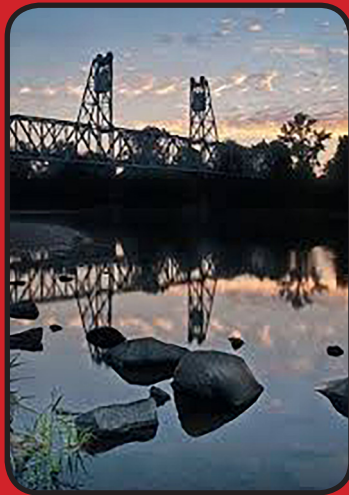


Chlorine Gas

Sulfuric Acid

Anhydrous Ammonia

Ammonium Nitrate



Propane

Gasoline & Diesel



**Oregon State Police
OFFICE OF STATE FIRE MARSHAL
3565 Trelstad Avenue SE
Salem, Oregon 97317-9614**

Website:

<https://www.oregon.gov/osp/programs/sfm/Pages/Community-Right-To-Know.aspx>

Email:

sfm.cr2k@state.or.us

Additional Resources:

Oregon Hazardous Substance Incident Searchable Database

<https://www.oregon.gov/osp/programs/sfm/Pages/Hazardous-Incident-Database.aspx>

CR2K Information Access

<https://www.oregon.gov/osp/programs/sfm/Pages/OSFM-Reports.aspx>

EPA List of Lists

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2015-03/documents/list_of_lists.pdf

EPA Tools

<http://www.epa.gov/emergencies/tools.htm#lol>

EPCRA

<http://www.epa.gov/epcra>

Oregon LEPC

<https://www.oregon.gov/osp/programs/sfm/Pages/Local-Emergency-Planning-Committee.aspx>

Sara Title III

<http://www.msdonline.com/resources/regulatory-information/sara-reporting.aspx>

Oregon Laws

<http://www.oregonlaws.org/ors/453.307>

Oregon DEQ

<http://www.oregon.gov/deq/Hazards-and-Cleanup/hw/Pages/HW-Reporting.aspx>



**OREGON OFFICE OF
STATE FIRE MARSHAL**

**COMMUNITY
RIGHT TO KNOW**



**What is a
Hazardous
Substance**

**and What is in
My Community?**

Oregon Community Right To Know

1. What is a reportable substance?

As it relates to the Oregon Community Right to Know and Protection Act, a hazardous substance is any substance that is required to have a Safety Data Sheet (SDS), any hazardous waste substance as defined by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), or any substance that presents a physical or health hazard to employees, first responders, or the public.

2. Who is required to report?

Any company or government agency with reportable quantities (RQs) of a hazardous substance, or companies and government agencies identified by the Office of State Fire Marshal (OSFM) as having the potential of using, storing, manufacturing, or otherwise possessing hazardous substances in a reportable quantity.

3. What do we do with the information collected?

The information collected is provided to emergency planners and responders within your local community to assist them with preparing for and responding to hazardous substance incidents. The information is also available to the public to inform and familiarize surrounding communities about hazardous substances in their area.

Did You Know?

In 1985, Oregon passed the Community Right to Know (CR2K) and Protection Act (ORS 453.307 to 453.414). One year later, similar federal mandates took effect, known as the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986, or SARA Title III.

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) directs OSFM to survey companies and government agencies for hazardous substances stored at their location.

Each year facilities must complete a Hazardous Substance Inventory Report by March 1st for the previous calendar year.

How Can You Find Out What Hazardous Substances Are In Your Community?

The OSFM CR2K program provides an on-line tool called CHS Manager through our website located at:

http://www.oregon.gov/osp/SFM/Pages/CR2K_InformationAvailable.aspx

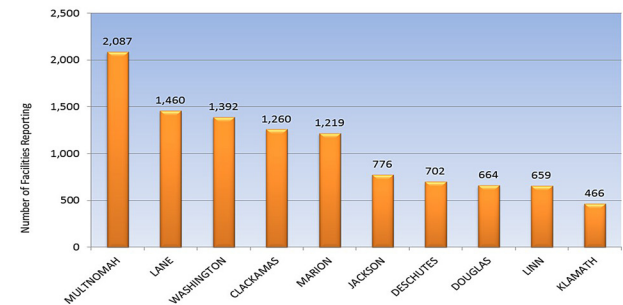
We also have a searchable database for hazardous substance incidents located at:

http://www.oregon.gov/osp/SFM/pages/cr2k_incident_database.aspx

If you are unable to find the information you are looking for, an information request can be submitted in writing by completing the Request Form located at:

<http://www.oregon.gov/osp/SFM/docs/CR2K/CR2KInfoRequestForm.pdf>

Oregon Counties with the Most Reporting Facilities



Knowledge Is Power

The OSFM CR2K Program's duty is to provide the general public with hazardous material information provided by Oregon facilities. We work with facilities to assist them with reporting current and accurate data, and provide this information to emergency responders, emergency planners, and health officials.

Without up-to-date information, emergency responders, and health officials are unable to fully prepare for potential hazardous substance incidents. Likewise, the general public can use information about what hazardous substances are present within local communities so they can prepare for a potential incident involving those hazardous substances.

