

SUPPORT NEEDS ASSESSMENT PROFILE SNAP

GENERAL INFORMATION

- The SNAP is intended to generate a support summary and a foster care payment rate through a process that is:
 - Transparent
 - Predictable
 - Defensible
 - Standardized statewide

- The SNAP assesses supports across a 24-hour period.

- The rate generated by the SNAP is not negotiated or negotiable.

- The SNAP meets federal expectations for a rate-setting method based on individual needs.

- Each initial foster care payment is built on a uniform expectation to provide the following supports for all individuals with disabilities:
 - Typical physical and medical care,
 - Supervision and monitoring,
 - Transportation to and from typical appointments and social activities.
 - General supports and guidance.

- The SNAP assesses the support needs in the following areas:
 - Activities of Daily Living (ADL)
 - Communication
 - Safety
 - Fire evacuation
 - Medical
 - Nighttime
 - Behavioral
 - 1:1 and 2:1 supports
 - Consultant supports

- The support summary generated by the SNAP ties to the ISP and BSP and describes the supports the foster provider is responsible to provide for the adult or child in their foster home.

DEFINITIONS as used in the SNAP

- N/A means an activity or task that is not applicable to the individual.
- Partial assist means the individual, for some aspect of the task or activity, requires supports or monitoring.
- Full assist means the individual requires supports and/or supervision for a specific activity, but the person does not require exclusive focus of a caregiver.
- 1:1 Supports means the individual requires supports and/or supervision which cannot be interrupted by or postponed by routine activities &/or supervision of other individuals. The person providing the supports or supervision must have exclusive focus on the individual.
 - In some sections 1:1 schedules of “caregiver” hours and activities will be required to be submitted to as part of the rate approval process.
- 2:1 Supports means the individual requires 2 caregivers to provide supports and/or supervision, which cannot be interrupted by, postponed by routine activities and/or supervision of other individuals and requires exclusive focus of a caregiver.
 - 2:1 schedules of “caregiver” hours and activities will be required to be submitted as part of the rate approval process.
- "Client-Directed Care" means that a person requiring care
 - Fully self-directs or manages his/her own care even though he/she is not physically able to perform the care.
 - Care that may be client directed includes activities of daily living, administration of non-injectable medications and tasks of nursing care.
- "Nursing Process" means a systematic problem solving method that licensed nurses use when they provide nursing care.
 - The Nursing Process includes the steps of
 - Assessing,
 - Making a nursing diagnosis,
 - Establishing a plan of care,
 - Carrying out the plan of care;
- "Tasks of Nursing Care" means procedures that require nursing education and a license as a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse.
- "Stable/Predictable Condition" means a situation where the client's clinical is known, not characterized by rapid changes, and does not require frequent reassessment and evaluation. This includes clients whose deteriorating condition is predictable.
- "Unstable Condition" means a situation where the client's clinical status is of a serious nature, critical, fluctuating, expected to rapidly change, and in need of the continuous reassessment and evaluation by a licensed nurse.
- “Nursing interventions” are defined as a single nursing action – treatment, procedure or activity – designed to achieve an outcome to a diagnosis, nursing or medical, for which the nurse is accountable.
- “Treatment modalities” are a series of treatments related to a body system.